



МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ
Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования
«Дальневосточный федеральный университет»
(ДВФУ)
ИНСТИТУТ МИРОВОГО ОКЕАНА (ШКОЛА)

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ
по дисциплине «Иностранный язык в специальной сфере»

Владивосток
2023

Для дисциплины «Иностранный язык в специальной сфере» используются следующие оценочные средства:

Устные:

1. Собеседование (УО-1)
2. Деловая (ролевая) игра (ПР-10)
3. Кейс-задача (ПР-11)
4. Круглый стол (УО-4)

Письменные работы:

1. Тест (ПР-1)
2. Эссе (ПР-3)
3. Доклад (УО-3)

УО-1 Вопросы для собеседования

№ 1.

- How often do you take part in international conferences?
- Is it important to participate in such conferences? Why do you think so?
- Have you ever given presentation at one?
- If yes, in what language did you present?
- Where do you usually get information about conferences?
- When you read a conference announcement, what information do you look for first?
- What are you to know about to be successful at conferences?

№ 2.

- How do you greet people in formal and informal situations?
- How do you usually introduce yourself and others?
- What responses do you usually expect?
- What situations seem inappropriate to you?
- Have you ever done something like this?
- How can such situations be avoided?

№ 3. A:

- Do you agree with the quotation “A man who cannot speak well will never make a career”? Why/Why not?
- Who does it seem relevant to?
- Think of a good lecture or presentation you have seen? What was it about?
- Why was it successful/not successful?
- Make a list of what makes a successful lecture/presentation.

B:

Reflect your experience and answer the questions: Did you ...

- prepare thoroughly your presentation: check the meaning and pronunciation of new words?
- start the talk in an interesting way to get the attention of the audience?
- speak from notes rather than read a whole text?
- give an overview of your talk at the beginning?
- use phrases to help the audience follow your ideas?
- provide examples to illustrate complex and/or original ideas?
- provide visual support?
- invite the audience to ask questions?
- emphasize the main points by slowing down and leaving pauses?
- make eye contact with your audience?
- avoid repetitive use of “pet” words or phrases (e.g. *so, well, OK, like*)?
- use effective gestures?

№ 4.

- Do you agree with the idea “politeness is an international concept”? Why/Why not?
- How can you start a conversation at a professional event with a person you don’t know?
- What things can help you to decide if an article or a book is worth reading?
- What are the advantages and disadvantages of distance-learning courses?
- Give the explanation of “virtual learning environment”.
- Does your chair, department or faculty have a website focusing on academic work done by its members? If yes, what does it contain?
- Have you visited such websites of other universities?
- What research institutes of your region do you know?
- What can you say about their activities?
- How do you usually search for publications you need?
- What types of published materials do you find most helpful in your research?

№ 5.

- Do you read popular science articles?
- Why? On what occasions?
- Can you define “research” and “report”?
- Have you ever worked on an international project? (When? Who with?)
- What was the project?
- What other forms of international academic cooperation do you know?

- What rules of etiquette do you know?
- Why is it important to follow these rules?
- What is e-mail etiquette, in your opinion?
- What rules are relevant to your professional life?
- What rules can you add from your own experience?
- What partnership your department/university have?
- What is the purpose of a partnership proposal?

№ 6.

- Which of the following activities may be supported by a grant of some kind (a research project, a visit to a university abroad to meet fellow researchers, writing a textbook in your subject, organizing an international seminar)?
- Have you ever applied for a grant for any of these activities?
- Were you successful or not? Why?
- Have you ever written a summary?
- Why is it necessary to write them?
- How long should a summary be?
- What kind of misunderstanding may take place?
- What is a topic sentence?
- Where do you find it in the paragraph?
- How often do you write articles?
- What else do you have to write when you submit an article?
- Have you ever had to write a grant application or proposal in English?
- What do you think help to get funding for an academic project?

Критерии оценки собеседования:

✓ 100-86 баллов выставляется магистранту, если магистрант демонстрирует отличные навыки говорения (знание лексики, грамматических структур, правильность, беглость, связность и интерактивность речи); имеет творческий подход к развитию и иллюстрации идеи. Отмечается не более 2 лексико-грамматических ошибок и 1 смысловой ошибки.

✓ 85-76 балла выставляется магистранту, если магистрант демонстрирует хорошие навыки говорения с использованием творческих идей, но с некоторыми недочетами (небольшие паузы для подбора слов, пропуск некоторых связок, незначительное количество лексико-грамматических и смысловых ошибок). Отмечается не более 4 лексико-грамматических и 2 смысловых ошибок.

✓ 75-61 балла выставляется магистранту, если у магистранта отсутствует творческий подход к развитию идеи, выбранные для выражения мысли

языковые средства просто и однообразны, темп речи замедленный.
Присутствуют более 5 лексико-грамматических и 3 смысловых ошибок.

ПР-1 Тесты (типовые задания)

Тест №1.

- Look at the man standing over there. ... you ... him?
a) Do ... remember c) Are ... remembering
b) Did ... remember d) Were ... remembering
- We ... our supper an hour ago
a) finish c) have finished
b) finished d) had finished
- I heard the news last night, but I ... it today
a) heard c) have heard
b) didn't hear d) haven't heard
- When I had a dog, I always ... him out for a walk
a) take c) have taken
b) took d) was taking
- I'll come and see you before I ... for England
a) leave c) shall leave
b) will leave d) have left
- When I ... to the radio last night, I heard a loud scream
a) listened c) was listening
b) have listened d) have been listening
- By the end of the year he will ... more than a million miles
a) fly c) have flown
b) be flying d) have been flying
- He ... English for three years, but he can't read even yet
a) learnt c) has been learning
b) is learning d) had been learning
- I can't have a car until I ... older
a) am c) shall be
b) am not d) shall not be
- He took the money after I ... him not to do so
a) asked c) had asked
b) have asked d) Had been asked
- What's the matter? Why ... the boy ...?
a) does...cry c) has...cried
b) did... cry d) is...crying
- While she was cooking dinner, Ann ... the table

- a) laid c) had been laying
b) had laid d) was laying
13. When did you visit her? - I ... her since September
a) didn't visit c) hadn't visited
b) haven't visited d) was not visited
14. Mary ... looking for a job in December
a) begin c) has begun
b) began d) had begun
15. I ... for you at the theatre at 7 o'clock
a) will wait c) shall be waiting
b) shall wait d) shall have waited
16. Look, a man is running after bus. He ... to catch it
a) want c) is wanting
b) wants d) was wanting
17. You won't speak English well unless you ... to England
a) go c) will go
b) goes d) won't go
18. By the end of summer he ... us to speak English
a) will teach c) will be taught
b) will be teaching d) will have taught
19. When I arrived at his house, he ... to the latest news
a) listened c) was listening
b) was listened d) has been listening
20. I ... at this picture for 5 minutes, but I can't see you in it
a) look c) have looked
b) am looking d) have been looking
21. No, he is not here. He... just... .
a) is... going c) has... gone
b) was... going d) has... been going
22. I shall not move from here until he ... back.
a) get c) will get
b) gets d) won't get
23. Before you go to see them, they... the country.
a) leave c) will leave
b) shall leave d) will have left
24. Have you seen my bag? I ... it.
a) lose c) have lost
b) lost d) had lost
25. The boy ... across the bridge when his hat blew off.

- a) walked c) was walking
b) has walked d) has been walking
26. I shall be able to go swimming when it ... warmer.
a) is c) will be
b) was d) will have been
27. My small brother ... all the pie before we got back.
a) ate c) had eaten
b) has eaten d) had been eaten
28. Don't disturb her, she ... at her essay.
a) work c) is working
b) works d) was working
29. ... you... anything? - I am listening hard but I can't hear anything.
a) do... hear c) is... hearing
b) did... hear d) are... hearing
30. We... still...tea in the garden when you came.
a) have c) have had
b) had d) were having
31. Nobody ... to me since my birthday.
a) writes c) was written
b) was writing d) has written
32. If you ever ... to China, you will see some queer things there.
a) go c) will go
b) goes d) shall go
33. She ought to stop working; she has a headache because she ... too long
a) reads c) has been read
b) is reading d) has been reading
34. By next June he will ... his second novel.
a) write c) be written
b) be writing d) have written
35. I always ... a hat when it snowed.
a) wear c) wore
b) was wearing d) had worn
36. It is the third English novel he ... this year.
a) read c) had read
b) has read d) had been read
37. I don't think he will have phoned before he
a) arrive c) will arrive
b) arrives d) has arrived

38. I see that you ... a new hat.
a) bought c) had bought
b) have bought d) had been bought
39. We ... coffee every day when we were in France
a) drink c) have drunk
b) drank d) had drunk
40. Where are the children? They ... computer games.
a) play c) are playing
b) plays d) have been playing
41. This is the best film I have ... seen
a) still c) never
b) ever d) so far
42. This shoe ... to Mr. Brown, I think.
a) belong c) belongs
b) is belonging d) are belonging
43. Plants die if you ... water them.
a) won't c) wouldn't
b) don't d) haven't
44. This time tomorrow they ... in the train on their way to Chicago.
a) will sit c) will be sitting
b) are sitting d) have been sitting
45. I ... hardly... speaking with a porter when the phone rang again.
a) finished c) had... finished
b) have... finished d) was... finished
46. That morning she went out after she ... somebody.
a) have phoned c) has phoned
b) had phoned d) was phoned
47. I saw the light in your window as I ... by.
a) passed c) am passing
b) have passed d) was passing
48. ... it ... raining yet?
a) did... stop c) has... stopped
b) is... stopped d) had... stopped
49. I can't find my umbrella. I think somebody ... it by mistake.
a) took c) was taking
b) takes d) has taken
50. If you ... late, I can walk with your dog.
a) will be c) is

- b) shall be d) are
51. We are going to Antalya as soon as we ... taking our final exams.
a) are finish c) 'll finish
b) had finish d) finish
52. He ... rich.
a) is not c) has no
b) does not d) has not
53. My dad has not read the newspaper yet, ...?
a) isn't he c) did he
b) has he d) hasn't he
54. Where is Jane? - She ... to the shops. She'll be back soon.
a) went c) has been
b) has gone d) had gone
55. Your sister used to visit your parents quite often, ...?
a) didn't she c) doesn't she

Тест №2.

1. You ... when you see the view.
a) amaze c) were amazed
b) amazes d) will be amazed
2. The day before yesterday we ... to the restaurant by Tom Jenkins.
a) are invited c) invite
b) were invited d) invited
3. Look! The bridge ... repaired.
a) is being c) has being
b) is been d) has been
4. Are you married? Yes, I
a) do c) was
b) am d) are
5. Will these clothes ... on Saturday?
a) make c) be make
b) made d) be made
6. What ... the tourist ... when you passed them?
a) was... shown c) was... being shown
b) were... shown d) were... being shown
7. Ann ... such strange shoes lately.
a) bought c) has been bought

- b) was bought d) had been bought
8. Jane didn't know about the change of plans. She
a) didn't tell c) wasn't tell
b) hadn't tell d) hadn't been told
9. What ... in the Art Museum when you visited it?
a) displayed c) was displayed
b) had displayed d) was being displayed
10. She ... hardly ... the news when she ran out of the room.
a) has... told c) has... been told
b) had... told d) had... been told
11. We couldn't use the Xerox this morning. It
a) repaired c) has been repaired
b) has repaired d) was being repaired
12. Why didn't you go to the doctor after you
a) told c) had told
b) have told d) had been told
13. The visitors... by us at the station tomorrow.
a) meet c) are met
b) are meeting d) will be met
14. The thief ... a fair trial and sent to prison.
a) gave c) is given
b) was given d) gives
15. The house ... up for summer and the old gardener will look after it.
a) locks c) is locked
b) locked d) will be locked
16. All the dinner ... before they finished the conversation.
a) was eaten c) has been eaten
b) was being eaten d) had been eaten
17. The box ... for the last hundred years.
a) didn't open c) has been eaten
b) wasn't opened d) had been eaten
18. I ... for something I didn't do.
a) am punished c) has been punished
b) was punished d) had been punished
19. He saw that the table ... into the corner.
a) is pushed c) has been pushed
b) was pushed d) had been pushed
20. I can't bear it. The piano ... far too loudly.

- a) is played c) is being played
 b) was played d) has been played
21. The chickens ... today.
 a) was not eaten c) has not been eaten
 b) were not eaten d) have not been eaten
22. She said that some ink ... on her carpet.
 a) was spilled c) has been spilled
 b) were spilled d) had been spilled
23. a) The door has been already shut
 b) The door already has been shut
 c) The door has already been shut
 d) The door has been shut already
24. a) The article beautifully has been written
 b) The article has beautifully been written
 c) The article has been beautifully written
 d) The article has been written beautifully
25. a) Will be finished the book next month?
 b) Will be the book finished next month?
 c) Will the book be finished next month?
 d) Will the book next month be finished?

Тест № 3.

1. She had to get up at half past six, ...?
 a) had she c) did she
 b) hadn't she d) didn't she
2. The line is busy. Someone ... the telephone now.
 a) must use c) must be using
 b) must have used d) must have been using
3. You ... go out in the rain now, you have a headache.
 a) must c) don't need
 b) needn't d) haven't need
4. My feet are wet. I'll ... to change my stockings.
 a) must c) be
 b) have d) should
5. He had to tell the truth, ...?
 a) had he c) did he
 b) hadn't he d) didn't he

6. I don't see Martha anywhere; she ... very early.
 a) must be left c) must have left
 b) must be leaving d) must have been leaving
7. The weather was bad, and we ... walk in the park.
 a) could c) were not able
 b) couldn't d) were allowed to
8. I'm afraid you'll ... go there alone, darling. I have such a headache.
 a) have c) be to
 b) have to d) be allowed
9. Ann ... work hard to master the language, didn't she?
 a) must c) had to
 b) have to d) could
10. Where is Tom? - He ... in the library now.
 a) must study c) must be studying
 b) must have studied d) must have been studying
11. This carpet was priced at & 500, but I ... get a discount (скидка) because of this small mark in the corner.
 a) could c) was able
 b) couldn't d) was able to
12. We'll ... run if we don't want to be wet.
 a) have c) be to
 b) have to d) be allowed to
13. I ... go swimming when it is warmer.
 a) could c) shall be able to
 b) was able to d) will be able to
14. You will ... speak Spanish in another few month.
 a) can c) be able to
 b) may d) be allowed
15. Little children like books with large print. They ... read them more easily.
 a) must c) can
 b) have to d) should
16. ... I speak to Jane , please?
 a) should c) must
 b) may d) ought
17. It will be dark soon. I think I ... take a taxi.
 a) must c) 'll have to

- b) am to d) 'll need
18. Everybody will ... work hard if they want to pass exams.
a) must c) have
b) must to d) have to
19. Ann ... eat less, she is too fat.
a) must to c) mustn't to
b) should d) shouldn't to
20. He ... play chess when he was young.
a) can c) was able
b) could d) was allowed
21. She ... play the piano when she is better.
a) can c) will be able to
b) will be able d) will be allowed
22. He needn't do that, need he? - Yes, I'm afraid he ...
a) need c) does
b) must d) is
23. I don't ... tell my husband such things; he's a born gentleman.
a) allowed to c) have to
b) ought to d) able to
24. My doctor says I ... eat meat, but I needn't take his advice if I don't want to.
a) have not c) didn't have to
b) don't have d) mustn't
25. When I decided to come back to the hotel, I ... ask a citizen to show.
a) had to c) was allowed
b) was able d) was allowed to

Тест № 4

1. If you ... come too, it would be very nice.
a) can c) was able to
b) could d) were able to
2. If she ... the telephone, she would never have heard the good news
a) answered c) had answered
b) didn't answered d) hadn't answered
3. We ... the play better if it had not been so long.
a) enjoyed c) have enjoyed
b) should enjoy d) should have enjoyed
4. You ... speak English better if you study harder.

- a) had to c) would be able to
b) will be able to d) would be able
5. If I ... a ghost, I should try to frighten all the people I dislike.
a) am c) were
b) was d) shall be
6. If you had done as I told you, you
a) succeeded c) would succeed
b) had succeeded d) would have
succeeded
7. If I had lost the spectacles yesterday, I ... read the letter now.
a) could not c) were not able to
b) was not able to d) should not have been
able to
8. If men ... only more reasonable, there would be no more war.
a) was c) will be
b) were d) would be
9. I ... to meet you at the station if I had known you wanted me to.
a) should go c) should have gone
b) would go d) would have gone
10. I should never have known the answer if you ... it to me.
a) do not whisper c) have not whispered
b) did not whisper d) had not whispered
11. If I had one million dollars, I ... a yacht.
a) shall buy c) should buy
b) bought d) would buy
12. I'm sure she will do well if she ... to the University.
a) go c) went
b) goes d) would go
13. If the dog ... us, we should have never heard the burglar.
a) would not wake c) has not woken
b) didn't wake d) had not woken
14. Blackpool ... ideal for a holiday, if there were not so many people there.
a) were c) would be
b) will be d) would have been
15. The child would have been killed if the train ... quickly.
a) didn't stop c) wouldn't stop
b) hadn't stop d) wouldn't have
stopped

16. If we had some bread , we ... some bread and cheese if we had some cheese!
a) could have c) could have had
b) were able to have d) had had
17. We are going to play tennis this afternoon if it ... raining.
a) stop c) stopped
b) stops d) will stop
18. If you could type, you ... a job easily.
a) get c) should get
b) got d) would get
19. I ... sooner if I had known you were here.
a) came c) should come
b) would come d) should have come.
20. Tell him he must visit the Tower if he ever ... to London.
a) go c) will go
b) goes d) would go
21. My uncle could help us if he ... here
a) is c) were
b) was d) would be
22. If they hadn't told us, we ... the way.
a) didn't find c) shouldn't find
b) hadn't found d) shouldn't have found
23. I shall have to buy a thick coat if the weather ... colder.
a) get c) will get
b) gets d) have got
24. If the weather were nice, we ... go to the country.
a) could c) were able
b) was able to d) should be able to
25. If he buys a house for \$8,000 and sells it for \$11,000, he ... a good profit.
a) make c) will make
b) makes d) would make

Критерии оценки, тестирования

"Отлично": содержание курса освоено полностью, без пробелов, необходимые практические навыки работы с освоенным материалом сформированы, все предусмотренные программой обучения учебные задания выполнены.

"Хорошо": содержание курса освоено полностью, однако, некоторые практические навыки работы с освоенным материалом сформированы недостаточно, некоторые виды заданий выполнены с ошибками.

"Удовлетворительно": содержание курса освоено частично, некоторые практические навыки работы не сформированы, многие предусмотренные учебные задания не выполнены.

"Неудовлетворительно": содержание курса не освоено. Необходимые практические навыки работы не сформированы, все выполненные учебные задания содержат грубые ошибки.

ПР-10 Деловая (ролевая) игра № 1

по дисциплине «Английский язык для академических целей» (English for Academic Purposes)

1. Тема (проблема) A Scientific Conference at your University

2. Концепция игры Your University is organizing an International Conference "Biodiversity of the Pacific". A lot of guests have come to take part in the conference. Role-play the procedure of welcoming guests, say the entering and final words, listen to the fragments of some presentations, and ask questions.

3. Роли:

- Conference Working Committee Chair
- Organizing Committee
- Presenters
- Guests
- Press

4. Ожидаемый (е) результат (ы)

- умение лексически и грамматически правильно оформлять свою речь;
- овладение технологиями оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно-образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке;
- овладение различными методами, технологиями и типами коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках.

✓ 60-50 балла выставляется магистранту, если его ответ не отвечает вышеуказанным требованиям.

ПР-10 Деловая (ролевая) игра № 2

по дисциплине «Английский язык для академических целей» (English for Academic Purposes)

1. Тема (проблема) Showing interest

2. Концепция игры а) At a conference dinner, a woman is placed next to a man she doesn't know. He is trying to make a conversation with her but some of his questions annoy her. **б)** Two people are waiting to get on a plane.

3. Роли:

- person 1
- person 2

4. Ожидаемый (е) результат (ы)

- умение лексически и грамматически правильно оформлять свою речь;
- овладение технологиями оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно-образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке;
- овладение различными методами, технологиями и типами коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках.

Критерии оценки деловой (ролевой игры):

✓ 100-86 баллов выставляется магистранту, если магистрант демонстрирует отличные навыки говорения (языковой диапазон, правильность, беглость, связность и интерактивность речи); имеется творческий подход к развитию и иллюстрации идеи. Отмечается не более 2 лексико-грамматических ошибок и 1 смысловой ошибки.

✓ 85-76 балла выставляется магистранту, если магистрант демонстрирует хорошие навыки говорения с использованием творческих идей, но с некоторыми недочетами (небольшие паузы для подбора слов, пропуск некоторых связок, незначительное количество лексико-грамматических и смысловых ошибок). Отмечается не более 4 лексико-грамматических и 2 смысловых ошибок.

✓ 75-61 балла выставляется магистранту, если у магистранта отсутствует творческий подход к развитию идеи, выбранные для выражения мысли языковые средства просто и однообразны, темп речи замедленный. Присутствуют более 5 лексико-грамматических и 3 смысловых ошибок.

✓ 60-50 балла выставляется магистранту, если его ответ не отвечает вышеуказанным требованиям.

ПР-11 Кейс-задача

по дисциплине «Английский язык для академических целей» (English for Academic Purposes)

Задание (я):

1. Search online for a conference related to your subject or research area. Present details of the conference to the class and explain your choice. Why does conference or call for papers appeal to you (e.g. the topic, research or publication opportunities, keynote speakers);

2. You are going to give a short talk to the class about an event in your field. Your goal is to inform your colleagues about the coming event and encourage them to take part in it. Do the tasks below:

- Search online for an online course/webinar in your field of study.
- Choose an event that you would like to participate in. Make notes, using the questions: What is the topic?, When is the course/webinar?, Who is giving the course/webinar?, What should you do to take part in it?, Why should people in your field take this course or join the webinar?
- Use your notes to plan a three-minute briefing in English. Use the phrases to explain the goal of your talk.
- Choose phrases for giving recommendations.
- Think of ways to improve your talk.
- Give your three-minute briefing to the class, using your notes.

3. You are going to give a three-minute presentation. To get ready, do the tasks below:

1) Choose one of the following options.

- Imagine that you are talking at the meeting of your research board, making a case for continued funding for your research. Talk about your research.
- Imagine that you are talking to foreign guests who have come to visit your university. You give them information necessary for a collaborative project between the institutions. Prepare a mini-presentation about your university.
- Practice a short presentation of your own choice.

2) Think of what you can include in your presentation. Write a plan.

3) Prepare language you need and make notes.

4) Write the text of your presentation. To structure your presentation, use phrases of ordering points, moving on, giving examples, putting it in other words, and emphasizing.

Критерии оценки кейс-задачи:

✓ 100-86 баллов выставляется магистранту, если задача выполнена полностью, при этом магистрант демонстрирует отличные навыки говорения (языковой диапазон, правильность, беглость, связность и интерактивность речи); имеется творческий подход к развитию и иллюстрации идеи. Отмечается не более 2 лексико-грамматических ошибок и 1 смысловой ошибки.

✓ 85-76 балла выставляется магистранту, если задача выполнена, магистрант демонстрирует хорошие навыки говорения с использованием творческих идей, но с некоторыми недочетами (небольшие паузы для подбора слов, пропуск некоторых связок, незначительное количество

лексико-грамматических и смысловых ошибок). Отмечается не более 4 лексико-грамматических и 2 смысловых ошибок.

✓ 75-61 балла выставляется магистранту, если задача выполнена частично, у магистранта отсутствует творческий подход к развитию идеи, выбранные для выражения мысли языковые средства просто и однообразны, темп речи замедленный. Присутствуют более 5 лексико-грамматических и 3 смысловых ошибок.

✓ 60-50 балла выставляется магистранту, если задача не выполнена и его ответ не отвечает вышеуказанным требованиям.

УО-4 Перечень дискуссионных тем для круглого стола (дискуссии, полемики, диспута, дебатов)

1. Interactivity and New Technologies.

2. What science is.

Критерии оценки дискуссии, полемики, диспута, дебатов

✓ 100-86 баллов выставляется магистранту, если задача выполнена полностью, при этом магистрант демонстрирует отличные навыки говорения (языковой диапазон, правильность, беглость, связность и интерактивность речи); имеется творческий подход к развитию и иллюстрации идеи. Отмечается не более 2 лексико-грамматических ошибок и 1 смысловой ошибки.

✓ 85-76 балла выставляется магистранту, если задача выполнена, магистрант демонстрирует хорошие навыки говорения с использованием творческих идей, но с некоторыми недочетами (небольшие паузы для подбора слов, пропуск некоторых связок, незначительное количество лексико-грамматических и смысловых ошибок). Отмечается не более 4 лексико-грамматических и 2 смысловых ошибок.

✓ 75-61 балла выставляется магистранту, если задача выполнена частично, у магистранта отсутствует творческий подход к развитию идеи, выбранные для выражения мысли языковые средства просто и однообразны, темп речи замедленный. Присутствуют более 5 лексико-грамматических и 3 смысловых ошибок.

✓ 60-50 балла выставляется магистранту, если задача не выполнена и его ответ не отвечает вышеуказанным требованиям.

ПР-3 Темы эссе

1. Distance-learning course makes a world of difference.

2. Education for the real world.

3. You have come across an advertisement about a grant for attending a workshop for researchers. Write a short formal e-mail to the organizing committee (100-200

words). Describe your achievements and ask if you fit the criteria to be selected. Use the expressions you have learned.

4. Imagine one of your students/colleagues asked you to provide a reference for him/her. Think about their main characteristics. Write a reference letter.

5. Write a proposal for partnership on behalf of your institution or department.

Критерии оценки эссе:

Оценивание защиты эссе проводится при представлении эссе в электронном виде, по двухбалльной шкале: «зачтено», «не зачтено».

Оценка «зачтено» выставляется магистранту, если он представляет к защите эссе, удовлетворяющее поставленным к эссе требованиям (использование данных отечественной и зарубежной литературы, источников Интернет, информации нормативно-правового характера и передовой практики, представление краткого терминологического словаря по теме). Если правильно изложена информация на английском языке, с учетом грамматических, лексических и стилистических правил изучаемого языка. Если магистрант не допускает фактических ошибок, связанных с пониманием проблемы.

Оценка «не зачтено» выставляется магистранту, если он допускает существенные ошибки в изложении материала на английском языке, связанные, в том числе, и с пониманием проблемы, представляет эссе с существенными отклонениями от правил оформления письменных работ.

УО-3 Темы докладов

1. Choosing a career.
2. Small and complicated problems before and during a presentation.
3. Socializing at the conference. What is it?
4. Working with visuals.
5. An ethical dilemma in research.

Критерии оценки доклада

Оценка	Раскрытие проблемы	Представление	Оформление	Ответы на вопросы
Отлично				
	Проблема раскрыта полностью. Проведен анализ проблемы с привлечением дополнительной литературы.	Представляемая информация систематизирована, последовательна и логически связана. Использовано более 5	Широко использованы технологии (Power Point и др.). Отсутствуют ошибки в представляемой информации.	Ответы на вопросы полные, с приведением примеров и/или пояснений.

	Выводы обоснованы.	профессиональн ых терминов.		
Хорошо				
	Проблема раскрыта. Проведен анализ проблемы без привлечения дополнительно й литературы. Не все выводы сделаны.	Представляемая информация не систематизирована и последовательна . Использовано более 2 профессиональн ых терминов	Использованы технологии Power Point. Не более 2 ошибок в представляемой информации.	Ответы на вопросы полные и/или частично полные.
Удовлетворительно				
	Проблема раскрыта не полностью. Выводы не сделаны и/или выводы не обоснованы.	Представляемая информация не систематизирована и/или не последовательна , использовано 1-2 профессиональн ых термина.	Использованы технологии Power Point частично. 3-4 ошибки в представляемой информации.	Только ответы на элементарные вопросы.
Неудовлетворительно				
	Проблема не раскрыта. Отсутствуют Выводы.	Представляемая информация логически не связана. Не использованы профессиональн ые термины.	Не использованы технологии Power Point. Больше 4 ошибок в представляемо й информации.	Нет ответов на вопросы.