

МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования

«Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

ИНЖЕНЕРНАЯ ШКОЛА

«СОГЛАСОВАНО»	«УТВЕРЖДАЮ»
Руководитель ОП	Заведующий кафедрой
	сварочного производства
rawl-	
B.H. Стаценко	А.В. Гридасов
(подпись)	(подпись)
«12»05 2018 г.	«12 <u></u> » _052018 г.

РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ Иностранный язык

Направление подготовки 15.03.01 Машиностроение

профиль «Оборудование и технология сварочного производства» **Форма подготовки очная**

курс1-2 семестр _1-4
лекции <u>0</u> час.
практические занятия144час.
лабораторные работычас.
в том числе с использованием МАО лек. 0 /пр. /лаб. час.
всего часов аудиторной нагрузки72 час.
в том числе с использованием МАО час.
самостоятельная работа90 час.
в том числе на подготовку к экзамену час.
контрольные работы (количество)
курсовая работа / курсовой проект семестр
зачет1-3 семестр
экзамен семестр

Рабочая программа составлена в соответствии с требованиями образовательного стандарта, самостоятельно устанавливаемого ДВФУ, утвержденного приказом ректора от 19.04.2016 № 12-13-718.

Рабочая программа обсуждена на кафедре профессионально-ориентированных иностранных языков № от « 10 » февраля 2018 г.

Заведующий кафедрой профессионально-ориентированных иностранных языков д.пед. н., проф. Бочарова Е.П.

Составитель (ли): доцент Тараненко О.И., доцент Свиридюк Н.А., старший преподаватель Роговая Н.А, старший преподаватель Михайленко Е.А., старший преподаватель Лебедева Т.В.

І. Рабочая программа пе	ересмотрена на заседани	и кафедры:
Протокол от «»	20 г.	№
Заведующий кафедрой		
Заведующий кафедрой	(подпись)	(И.О. Фамилия)
II. Рабочая программа п	ересмотрена на заседан	ии кафедры:
Протокол от «»	20 г	. №
Заведующий кафедрой		
	(подпись)	(И.О. Фамилия)

АННОТАЦИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык» разработана для студентов, обучающихся по направлению подготовки 15.03.01 «Машиностроение» и является обязательной дисциплиной базовой части Блока 1 учебного плана (Б1.Б.03.01).

Трудоемкость дисциплины составляет 8 зачетных единиц (288 часов). Обучение осуществляется на 1 и 2 курсах в 1-4 семестрах и включает в себя: практические работы 144 часов, самостоятельная работа студентов 90 час., в том числе подготовка к экзамену 54 час. Дисциплина реализуется на 1-2 курсах, в 1-4 семестрах. Формы промежуточной аттестации — зачет в 1,3 семестрах, экзамен — 2,4 семестры.

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык» логически связана с дисциплиной «Русский язык и культура речи».

Цель изучения дисциплины заключается в формировании у студентов навыков по межкультурному и межличностному общению на английском языке, которые включают в себя лексико-грамматические аспекты, основы межкультурной коммуникации, фоновые знания, стратегии общения на английском языке в устной и письменной формах.

Задачи дисциплины «Иностранный язык» направлены на:

- системное развитие у обучающихся всех видов речевой деятельности на английском языке, которые обеспечивают языковую грамотность;
- формирование средствами иностранного языка межкультурной компетенции как важного условия межличностного, межнационального и международного общения;
- содействие развитию личностных качеств у обучающихся, способствующие выбору релевантных форм и средств коммуникации, которые позволяют выбрать конструктивный формат межкультурного и межличностного взаимодействия;

Для успешного изучения дисциплины «Иностранный язык» у обучающихся должны быть сформированы следующие предварительные компетенции:

- уровень владения английским языком на уровне не ниже A1 международного стандарта;
 - -владение нормами родного языка;
 - -навыками самостоятельного обучения.

В результате изучения данной дисциплины у обучающихся формируются элементы следующей общекультурной компетенции:

Код и		
формулировка компетенций	Этапы формирования компетенции	
ОК-7 - владением иностранным языком в устной и	Знает	- слова и выражения в объеме достаточном для ежедневной коммуникации в устной и письменной формах
письменной форме для осуществления межкультурной и	Умеет	- пользоваться иностранным языком в основных видах речевой деятельности; - воспринимать иноязычную речь;
иноязычной коммуникации	Владеет	- навыками осуществления речевой деятельности; - навыками осуществления иноязычной коммуникации в письменной форме
OK-12 -	Знает	- слова и выражения в объеме достаточном для ежедневной коммуникации в устной и письменной формах; - стратегии речевой деятельности; - грамматический строй английского языка
способностью к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на русском и иностранном языках для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия	Умеет	 уверенно пользоваться языковыми средствами в основных видах речевой деятельности: говорении, восприятии на слух (аудировании), чтении, переводе и письме; воспринимать иноязычную речь на слух в рамках обыденной коммуникации; выражать свои мысли грамотно, употребляя соответствующие грамматические и лексические формы, как устно, так и письменно
	Владеет	- навыком восприятия информации на слух; - навыками употребления соответствующих языковых средств в осуществлении речевой деятельности; - навыками осуществления иноязычной коммуникации в письменной форме;

	- навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического
	чтения

Для формирования вышеуказанных компетенций в рамках дисциплины «Иностранный язык» на каждом занятии применяются методы активного обучения и интерактивные формы работы, которые включают в себя дебаты, дискуссии, «мозговой» штурм (brainstorming), метод «круглого стола», блицопрос, ролевая игра, парные и командные формы работы.

І. СТРУКТУРА И СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ТЕОРЕТИЧЕСКОЙ ЧАСТИ КУРСА

Лекции учебным планом не предусмотрены.

ІІ. СТРУКТУРА И СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ПРАКТИЧЕСКОЙ ЧАСТИ КУРСА

Практические занятия (144 час.)

Тема 1. Знакомство. Занятие 1-3. September. Unit I. Making Friends (lessonA, LessonB, LessonC, LessonD) – 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about getting to know you

Talk about your favorite things

Conversations with people you don't know

Making small talk

Лексика:

Using responses with "too" and "either" to show what you have in common Using "actually" to give new or surprising information

Грамматика:

Present of Be and Simple Present

Чтение:

Read the article "Improve your skills in a Small Talk" and the introduction.

Письмо:

Write an article on one of the topics you brainstormed (Improve your friendship, Improve your social life, Improve your English) and give three tips.

Тема 2. Свободное время. Занятие 4-6. October. Unit II. Interests (Lesson A, lesson B, Lesson C Lesson D)- 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about your leisure time

Talk about music

Pair work about interesting hobbies

Лексика:

Conversation strategy: Saying "no" in friendly way

Using "really" to make statements stronger and to make negative statements

Грамматика:

Can/ can't +verb (I can play the piano)

Verb+ to+verb (I love to swim)

Verb+verb+ing (I love swimming)

Preposition+ verb+ing (I' m good at drawing people)

Object pronouns; everybody, nobody

Чтение:

Read the online forum. What problem dose each person have?

Письмо:

Write a question about hobbies to post on a message board

Тема 3. Здоровье. Занятие 7-9. October. Unit III. Health (lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about exercise and how to stay healthy

Discuss common health problem

Commenting and asking follow-up questions to encourage people to say more

Лексика:

Using "Really?" "How come?"

Грамматика:

Simple Present and present continuous (Use the simple present to talk about "all the time" (usually or generally) and routines; use the present continuous to talk about "now" (these days, this month) and temporary events.

Чтение:

Read the article "Rethink Your Way to Great Health"

Письмо:

Write your own suggestion how to cope with stress

Тема 4. Праздники. Занятие 10-12. November. Unit IV. Celebrations (lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about gift giving and birthdays

Talk about how you celebrate special days

Talk about plans

Лексика:

Using "be going to" and indirect objects

Using" vague" expressions like and everything

Using "vague" responses like "It depends"

Грамматика:

The present continuous or "to be going to"

Чтение:

Read an article about traditions around the world

Письмо:

Write an invitation to a special event

Тема 5. Моя семья и я. Занятие 13-15. November. Unit V. Growing Up(Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about growing up and one' childhood and your family background Talk about school subjects people studied

Лексика:

Using most (of), a few (of), I mean; well, actually; no, wait

Грамматика:

Using Simple Past

Чтение:

Read an interview with someone about his teenage years

Письмо:

Write answers to interview questions

Тема 6. Путешествие по городу. Занятие 16-18. December. Unit VI. Around Town (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Ask about neighborhood places

Ask for and give directions

Offer and Ask for help

Лексика:

Expressions like "next to"," between", etc.

Help with Can and Could

"Echo" questions like "It's where?" To check information

Грамматика:

Is there, are there

Offers and requests with Can and Could

Чтение:

Exploring the city

3 Days in Istanbul

Письмо:

Write a guide for a walking tour in your city or town.

Write about three different places and explain why they are worth visiting.

Checkpoint Units 4-6

II Семестр:

Тема 7. Отъезд в отпуск. Занятие 1-3. February. Unit VII. Going Away (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about getting ready for a trip

Talk about things to take on a trip

Лексика:

Give opinions using "It's + adjective + to"

Use "I guess" when you're not sure

That's a great idea; That sounds great; I'd love to

Грамматика:

Give advice and suggestions with "should", "could"," need to", etc.

Чтение:

Read an article about unique hotels experiences

Письмо:

Write a message about trip

Write notes about the travelling

Тема 8. Дома. Занятие 4-6. March. Unit VIII. At home. (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about where you keep things at home

Talk about items in the home

Say who owns things with mine, yours, ets. And whose

Лексика:

Use Do you mind...? Would you mind...?

Agree to requests with expressions like "Go right ahead", "No problem"

Грамматика:

Identify things using adjectives and one and ones

Чтение:

Read comments on a website about unusual habits

Письмо:

Write an article about your evening routine. Use the expressions in the Help note that order events

Тема 9. Всегда что-то происходит. Занятие 7-9. March. Unit IX. Things Happen (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)-12час

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Tell anecdotes about things that went wrong

Talk about accidents

Лексика:

Use I bet to show you' re sure or that you understand

Грамматика:

Using the past continuous and simple past

Using the past continuous and myself, yourself, etc.

Чтение:

Read an article "Every cloud has a silver lining"

Письмо:

Write 10 to 12 sentences about the things that went wrong

Checkpoint Units 7-9

Tema 10. Коммуникация. Занятие 10-12 . April. Unit X. Communication (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about how keeping in touch

Talk about kinds of things that can interrupt phone conversations

Лексика:

Compare communication habits using "more", "less", and "fewer"

Use "just" to soften what you say

Грамматика:

Using comparative adjectives

Чтение:

Read the article "Why all the interest in texting?"

Письмо:

Write a list of advantages and disadvantages of video calling, social

Networking, email and texting

Tema 11. Внешность. Занятие 13-15. April. Unit XI. Appearances (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about family traits and features

Talk about people's appearance

Лексика:

Using adjectives and have, have got

Using expressions like "What do you call...?"

Using expressions like "You mean...?"

Грамматика:

Using verb+ -ing and prepositions

Чтение:

Read an article about fashion "Fashion Statements"

Письмо:

Describe new trends in fashion

Write true sentences about yourself and people on how you look like

Тема 12. Планируем все заранее. Занятие 16-18. May. Unit XII. Looking ahead(Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about making predictions

Discussing future plans

Talk about jobs

Лексика:

Discussing future plans with will, may, and might

Agree to something using "All right" and "OK"

Грамматика:

Using the simple present in "if" and "time" clauses

Making promises with "will"

Чтение:

Read the article "What will life be like in the future?"

Письмо:

Write an article about a future invention. Will it make life better or worse?

Why? Give four reasons

Checkpoint Units 10-12.

III. УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ САМОСТОЯТЕЛЬНОЙ РАБОТЫ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ

Учебно-методическое обеспечение самостоятельной работы обучающихся по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» представлено в Приложении 1 и включает в себя:

план-график выполнения самостоятельной работы по дисциплине, в том числе примерные нормы времени на выполнение по каждому заданию;

характеристика заданий для самостоятельной работы обучающихся и методические рекомендации по их выполнению;

требования к представлению и оформлению результатов самостоятельной работы;

критерии оценки выполнения самостоятельной работы

IV. КОНТРОЛЬ ДОСТИЖЕНИЯ ЦЕЛЕЙ КУРСА

$\mathcal{N}_{\underline{\mathbf{o}}}$	Контролируемые	Коды и этапы	Оценочные средства
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п/п	разделы / темы дисциплины		рмирования мпетенций	текущий контроль	промежуточная аттестация
1	Практическое занятие 1-36	OK-5	Знает особенности делового и научного стилей общения; основы публичной речи; культуру и традиции стран изучаемого языка Умеет использовать различные формы, виды устной и письменной коммуникации на родном и иностранном языках в учебной и профессиональ ной деятельности Владеет различными способами вербальной и невербальной и невербальной коммуникации; навыками коммуникации; навыками коммуникации в родной и иноязычной среде	Устные опросы, ПР 1 Тесты ПР-12 Рабочая тетрадь	Зачет: Quiz 1- 4; 5-9; 10-12. (Приложение 2) Экзамен: Test 1, 2. (Приложение 2)

Типовые контрольные задания, методические материалы, процедуры оценивания знаний, умений и навыков, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы, представлены в Приложении 2.

Контрольные и методические материалы, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы представлены в Приложении 2.

Типовые контрольные задания, методические материалы, процедуры оценивания знаний, умений и навыков, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы, представлены в Приложении 2.

V. СПИСОК УЧЕБНОЙ ЛИТЕРАТУРЫ И ИНФОРМАЦИОННО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Основная литература

(электронные и печатные издания)

- McCarthy M.J., McCarten J., Sandiford H. Touchstone 2: Student's Book.
 Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2014. 151 p.
 - 2. http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:793916&theme=FEFU
- 3. McCarthy M.J., McCarten J., Sandiford H. Touchstone 2: Teacher's Edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2014. 197 p.
 - 4. http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:794324&theme=FEFU
- 5. Rivers S., Farnoaga G. Touchstone 2: Workbook. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2010. 97 p.
 - 6. http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:734209&theme=FEFU
- 7. Комаров A.C. A Practical Grammar of English for Students. М.: Флинта, 2012. 248 с.
 - 8. http://znanium.com/catalog.php?bookinfo=455224

Дополнительная литература

(печатные и электронные издания)

- 1. Hashemi, Louise. English grammar in use. : Supplementary exercises. With answers / Louise Hashemi with Raymond Murphy. Cambridge University Press, 1995. 126 p. https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:318881&theme=FEFU
- 2. Janet Gokay, Marcia Fisk Ong. Touchstone Level 2 Video Resource Book. Cambridge University Press, 2008
- 3. McCarthy, M. English idioms in use / M. McCarthy, F. O' Dell. Cambridge University Press, 2002. 190 p. https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:340332&theme=FEFU
- 4. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use. A reference and practice book for intermediate learners of English: with answers and CD-ROM / Raymond Murphy. 4th ed. Cambridge University Press, 1992. 328 p. https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:708964&theme=FEFU
- 5. Murphy, Raymond. Essential Grammar in USE. A self-study reference and practice book for elementary students of English. With answers / Murphy. 2-е изд. Cambridge University Press, 2003. 300 с. https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:3134&theme=FEFU
- 6. Барышников, Н.В. Основы профессиональной межкультурной коммуникации: Учебник / Н.В. Барышников. М.: Вузовский учебник: НИЦ ИНФРА-М, 2013. 368 с. http://znanium.com/catalog.php?bookinfo=408974
- 7. Бузаров В.В. Грамматика разговорного английского языка (с упражнениями) = Essentials of Conversational English Grammar (with Exercises) : учебное пособие для вузов / В. В. Бузаров. М. : Академия, 2003. 413 с. https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:3636&theme=FEFU
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Перечень ресурсов информационно-телекоммуникационной сети «Интернет»

- 1. CNN World News http://www.cnn.com/WORLD (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)
- 2. Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English http://www.ldoceonline.com/
 - 3. Merriam-Webster Dictionary http://www.merriam-webster.com/
 - 4. Oxford Dictionaries http://www.oxforddictionaries.com/
- 5. TED Talks http://www.ted.com/ частный некоммерческий фонд в США, известный прежде всего своими ежегодными конференциями. Миссия конференции состоит в распространении уникальных идей («ideas worth spreading»), избранные лекции доступны на веб-сайте конференции.
- 6. The Guardian http://www.guardian.co.uk/ (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)...

- 7. The New York Times http://www.nytimes.com (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)
- 8. The Washington Times http://www.washtimes.com/ (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)

Перечень информационных технологий и программного обеспечения

1. Cambridge Learning Management System. On-line рабочая тетрадь для курса Touchstone 2. http://www.cambridgelms.org/main/ Идентификаторы курсов: Touchstone2SL(1-14)

VI. МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ПО ОСВОЕНИЮ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Учебная деятельность студента в процессе изучения дисциплины «Иностранный язык» строится из контактных форм работы с преподавателем (аудиторные занятия, индивидуальные консультации, консультации перед экзаменом, зачет, экзамен) и самостоятельной работы.

Для успешного освоения дисциплины является обязательным посещение всех занятий, выполнение домашнего задания и иных форм самостоятельной работы, которые назначаются преподавателем. Для оказания помощи студентам при подготовке к занятиям и другим видам учебной и научной деятельности, в случае возникновения проблем или вопросов при усвоении материала организуется индивидуальная консультация с преподавателем (назначается в фиксированное время раз в неделю).

В ходе занятия и при подготовке к нему рекомендуется вести специальную тетрадь, где фиксируется полученная информация, рекомендуемые схемы, таблицы, диаграммы, выполняемые упражнения; а также отдельную тетрадь-глоссарий для записи лексических единиц.

Самостоятельная работа является средством организации и управления самостоятельной деятельности студентов, которая обеспечивается умением осуществлять планирование деятельности, искать решение проблемы или вопроса, рационально организовывать свое рабочее время и использовать необходимые для этого инструменты. Самостоятельная работа студента служит получению новых знаний, упорядочению и углублению имеющихся знаний, формированию профессиональных навыков и умений. Для проведения самостоятельной работы определены следующие рекомендации:

- · систематическое выполнение заданий для самостоятельной работы обеспечивает эффективное освоения данной дисциплины и выявление проблемных точек;
- · задания для самостоятельной работы могут содержать две части: обязательную и дополнительную (факультативную), выполнение вторых дополнительно учитывается при итоговом контроле;
- · целесообразно проконсультироваться с преподавателем с целью получения методических указаний по выполнению задания, сроков и вида контроля.

Рекомендации по эффективной работе над отдельными аспектами в рамках дисциплины «Иностранный язык»

Работа над техникой чтения

Под техникой чтения понимается «совокупность навыков и механизмов звукового и интонационного оформления графических символов языка». Техника чтения образует значимый критерий оценки степени владения языком, поэтому разумно работать над ней постоянно и доводить до совершенства. Для этого рекомендуется систематическое чтение англоязычных текстов вслух, прослушивание и просмотр аутентичных англоязычных аудио- и видеоматериалов, участие в устных формах работы

на занятии и общение с носителями языка (например, посредством Интернетресурсов).

Работа с текстом

При работе с текстом следует учитывать, что существуют различные виды чтения, которые определяются в зависимости от цели чтения и поставленных задач. Определение вида чтения позволит наиболее эффективно организовать время и работу с текстом.

Ознакомительное чтение. Задачей ознакомительного чтения является понимание основной линии содержания читаемого текста и создание комплексных образов прочитанного.

Изучающее чтение. Изучающее чтение направлено на точное и полное понимание прочитанного и его критическое осмысление. Оно предполагает умение пользоваться разными словарями (толковыми, страноведческими, словарями синонимов, двуязычными). Этот вид чтения обычно используется газетными, журнальными статьями специальности. Работая над таким текстом, следует вдумчиво и внимательно прочитать его, отмечая незнакомые вам слова, найти их значения в словаре, выбрать значение слова, подходящее по контексту и выучить его. Закончив чтение текста, нужно проверить свое понимание по вопросам и другим заданиям, которые находятся после текста. По мере чтения текстов рекомендуется выполнять упражнения на закрепление лексических единиц, особое словообразованию. обращая внимание на упражнения ПО Целесообразно составить свои примеры с новыми словами.

Просмотровое чтение. Просмотровое чтение - беглое, выборочное чтение текста по блокам для более подробного ознакомления с его деталями и частями. Оно направленно на принятие решения о его дальнейшем использовании, то есть выяснение области, к которой относится данный текст, освещаемой в нем тематике, установление круга основных вопросов. Насколько полно понят текст при просмотровом чтении определяется тем,

может ли читающий ответить на вопрос, интересен ли ему текст, какие части текста могут оказаться наиболее информативными.

Поисковое чтение. Поисковое чтение предполагает овладение умением находить в тексте те элементы информации, которые являются значимыми для выполнения той или иной задачи, и ориентировано, прежде всего, на чтение прессы и специальной литературы.

Аналитическое чтение. Аналитическое чтение - более сложный вид чтения, ориентированный на глубокое раскрытие содержания текста и его структуры. Внимание должно быть направлено на детальное восприятие текста с анализом языковой формы, который позволяет осознать структурные компоненты речи, устанавливать их структурно-семантические и функциональные соответствия.

Следует не забывать, что чтение художественной, специальной литературы и источников СМИ на изучаемом языке способствует развитию устной речи, обогащает словарный запас, знакомит с культурой и литературой страны изучаемого языка, расширяет кругозор и повышает профессиональную компетентность.

Работа с лексическим материалом

Для эффективного усвоения лексического материала и расширения словарного запаса предлагаются следующие формы работы:

- · многократное чтение вслух текста, содержащего лексику, которую нужно усвоить, а также чтение ранее проработанных материалов с целью повторения слов;
- · составление несложных предложений на английском языке с использованием новых слов (устно и письменно);
- · постановка вопросов на английском языке по содержанию прочитанного текста с использованием в них тренируемых слов, ответы на эти вопросы (устно и письменно);
- · составление на русском языке несложных предложений, включающих закрепляемые слова, устный или письменный перевод этих предложений на

английский язык в утвердительной, отрицательной или вопросительной форме (при условии, если это возможно по содержанию);

- · составление несложного связного текста-ситуации на определенную тему с максимальным использованием слов, изученных в рамках данной темы;
- · общение с носителями языка (например, посредством Интернетресурсов) или другими студентами на английском языке;
- при составлении списка слов и словосочетаний по какой-либо теме (тексту), при оформлении индивидуальной личной тетради-глоссария выписывание из словаря лексических единиц в их начальной форме, то есть: оформлять имена существительные в единственном числе (целесообразно также указать форму множественного числа); глаголы в инфинитиве (целесообразно указать и другие основные формы глагола);
- работа над лексикой с помощью двустороннего перевода (с английского языка на русский, с русского языка на английский) с использованием разных способов оформления лексики (списка слов, тетрадиглоссария);
- · использование словообразовательных и семантических связей заучиваемых слов (однокоренных слов, синонимов, антонимов);
- · анализ и фиксирование словообразовательных моделей (префиксы, суффиксы, сокращение, словосложение и др.) и заимствований в английском языке;
 - · ежедневное чтение и просмотр источников СМИ на английском языке. Работа с грамматическими формами и конструкциями

Для эффективного усвоения грамматической формы или конструкции рекомендуется внимательное чтение записей, таблиц или правил в учебнике (часто и заучивание конкретных грамматических форм), изучение и анализ примеров и выполнение упражнений на конкретную грамматическую модель, т. е. упражнений, которые иллюстрирует данное правило. Первые упражнения по работе над определенной грамматической моделью содержат,

в основном, примеры на употребление данной конструкции. Их можно использовать в качестве образцов при выполнении остальных упражнений. Каждая грамматическая форма или конструкция является неотъемлемой частью коммуникативного высказывания. Поэтому необходимо обращать внимание на употребление грамматической формы или конструкции в определенном контексте, находить примеры их использования в аутентичных источниках и максимально часто применять изучаемую модель при построении собственного устного ИЛИ письменного высказывания. Обязательной частью работы и над лексикой, и над грамматикой является работа над ошибками, которую надо выполнять сразу после проверки задания.

Работа над устным высказыванием

Успешная устная речь предполагает логичное и последовательное изложение определенной позиции, в том числе личной; умение делать доклады, сообщения, вести беседу и дискуссию, включая деловую с использованием формул речевого этикета (для выражения собственного мнения, согласия/несогласия с собеседником, вступления в разговор и т. д.), понимать на слух собеседника не только на уровне общего смысла и деталей, но и подтекста.

При построении устного высказывания необходимо:

- · систематически продумывать и проговаривать свои выступления;
- · при подготовке ответа в группе/ парной работе сформулировать ответ на мысленный вопрос ваших слушателей/собеседников;
- · помнить то, о чем выступающий говорит должно быть ему интересно, только в этом случае можно заинтересовать своих слушателей, а интерес слушателей является залогом успеха выступления; поэтому при подготовке выступления нужно тщательно отбирать материал, выстраивать его в определенной последовательности, продумывать примеры, наглядный материал и приемы общения с аудиторией;

записать свое выступление и прослушать себя.

- Для оценки предлагается использовать вопросы такие вопросы, как:
- соответствует ли то, что я говорю коммуникативной задаче (теме выступления/беседы; тому, что я стараюсь доказать и др.)?
- логично и последовательно ли изложена точка зрения?
- иллюстрируют ли мои примеры или аргументы то, что я хочу доказать? есть ли в моей речи грамматические или лексические ошибки?
- как воспринимается моя речь на слух (интонация, темп, паузы и др.)?
- использую ли я прием перефразирования (изложения той же мысли другими словами)?
- использую ли я фразы, помогающие следить за моей мыслью?
- · учитывать, что лучшее импровизированное выступление это домашняя заготовка, поэтому, если предстоит парная работа, дискуссия, ролевая игра, «круглый стол», рекомендуется продумать, что и как сказать собеседнику, какие вопросы ему задать;
- · помнить: устное выступление это не чтение написанного материала вслух!

Работа над письменным высказыванием

Успешное письменное высказывание должно логично и последовательно развивать мысль автора. При построении высказывания в письменной форме рекомендуется:

- · четко определять содержание (какой тезис соответствует теме, какие положения доказывают этот тезис, раскрывая тему, какие выводы надо сделать из всего написанного);
- · соблюдать структуру, принятую для данного типа письменного высказывания (эссе, письмо, резюме и др.);
- · правильно выбирать грамматические структуры и лексические единицы, в том числе связующие слова, которые обеспечивают логичный и плавный переход от одной части к другой, а также внутри частей; использовать разные варианты построения предложения, прием перефразирования;

• избегать плагиата.

Важно планировать работу так, чтобы была возможность проверить свое письменное высказывание через определенное время после написания, что позволит увидеть недочеты и ошибки, незамеченные во время работы.

Следует помнить, что письменное высказывание — это раскрытие и аргументирование своей позиций либо структура, наполненная личным содержанием, а не «украденные мысли».

Работа со словарем

Для того чтобы правильно пользоваться словарем (печатным или электронным) и быстро находить нужное слово и его формы, предлагается учесть следующие моменты:

- · Производить поиск слова необходимо в исходной форме. Если глагол/существительное включает приставку, то возможно наличие в словаре его варианта без приставки. Сложные слова при их отсутствии следует искать в словаре по составным элементам слова.
- · Грамматические характеристики слова, его произношение, транскрипция и сферы употребления указываются в словаре условными обозначениями.
- Если искомая лексическая единица или подходящее значение/эквивалент отсутствует в двуязычном словаре, следует обратиться к толковому словарю. Если искомое понятие не приведено в толковом словаре, необходимо определить контекстное употребление данной лексической единицы (найти несколько текстов/ситуаций употребления и попытаться установить русский эквивалент).
- · Значение фразеологической комбинации всегда нужно отыскивать по главному (в смысловом отношении) слову. Если же неясно, какое именно слово в данной комбинации является главным, то нужно перепробовать все составные части фразеологического сочетания.

Письменный перевод текста

При выполнении письменного перевода текста рекомендуется:

- 1. Ознакомиться с оригиналом текста и понять его общее содержание, пользуясь по мере надобности рабочими источниками информации: словарями, справочниками, специальной литературой, Интернетисточниками и т. д.
- 2. Учитывать, что не все в оригинале передается в переводе, но все должно учитываться переводчиком. Однако для того, чтобы решить, какуюто деталь содержания можно или нужно не передавать в переводе, необходимо видеть эту деталь и понимать ее роль в общем смысле текста.
- 3. Приступая непосредственно к переводу, выделить законченную по смыслу часть текста (предложение, абзац, период) и усвоить ее содержание.
- 4. Найти при работе со словарями и другими источниками нужный, соответствующий содержанию текста эквивалент слова.
- 5. При возникновении трудностей перевода лексической единицы определить контекстное употребление данной лексической единицы (найти несколько текстов/ситуаций употребления и попытаться установить русский эквивалент).
- 6. Использовать при переводе для понимания стилистических нюансов значений слов, их эмоциональной составляющей английские толковые словари.
- 7. Не допускать фраз, не имеющих смысла или явно противоречащих смыслу всего текста. Смысловая цельность значимое свойство текста.
- 8. Закончив перевод текста, отложить его в сторону, спустя некоторое время перечитать, обращая особое внимание на то, насколько естественно звучит переведенный текст на русском языке.
 - 9. Переводить заголовок после перевода всего текста.
- 10. Использовать в качестве рабочих инструментов при переводе словари (электронные (например, ABBYY Lingvo) или печатные, двуязычные и толковые), специальную литературу, Интернет-источники. Электронные онлайн-переводчики (как, Google и др.) часто выдают ошибочные варианты

перевода, вводят переводчика в заблуждение и препятствуют успешному овладению иностранным языком.

Работа над мультимедийной презентацией

Основными принципами при составлении мультимедийной презентации являются лаконичность, ясность, уместность, сдержанность, наглядность, запоминаемость.

При разработке мультимедийной презентации следует учесть следующие рекомендации:

- · Необходимо начинать презентацию с заголовочного слайда и завершить итоговым. В заголовке приводится название и автор. В итоговом слайде следует поблагодарить слушателей.
- · Каждый слайд должен иметь заголовок и быть логически связан с предыдущим и последующим.
- · Слайды должны содержать минимум текста (не более 10 строк, не более 40 слов); текст на слайдах должен быть простым, содержать ключевую информацию и соответствовать тексту выступления, иллюстрировать его.
- Во всей презентации следует использовать одинаковое оформление: для фона и цвета применять контрастные цвета (не более трех цветов на слайде: 1 фон, 2 заголовок, 3 текст); рекомендуемый шрифт для заголовка не менее 24 пт., для основного текста не менее 20 пт.
- · Рекомендуется использовать графический, аудио- или видеоматериал, сопровождающий текст.
- · Компьютерная презентация может сопровождаться анимацией, что эффект позволит повысить OT представления доклада (однако злоупотребление ей может привести к потере зрительного и смыслового контакта со слушателями). Динамическая анимация эффективна тогда, когда В процессе выступления происходит логическая трансформация существующей структуры в новую структуру.
- · В автоматическом режиме следует проконтролировать временной интервал доклада.

· Время выступления должно быть соотнесено с количеством слайдов из расчета, что компьютерная презентация, включающая 10-15 слайдов, требует для выступления около 7-10 минут.

Подготовленные для представления доклады отвечают следующим требованиям:

- цель доклада должна быть сформулирована в начале выступления;
- · выступающий должен хорошо знать материал по теме своего выступления, быстро и свободно ориентироваться в нем;
- · недопустимо читать текст со слайдов или повторять наизусть то, что показано на слайде;
- · речь докладчика должна быть четкой, умеренного темпа; важно четко следовать содержанию презентации.
 - желательно подготовить к каждому слайду заметки по докладу;
 - · докладчик должен иметь зрительный контакт с аудиторией;
- · после выступления докладчик должен оперативно и по существу отвечать на все вопросы аудитории.

При оценивании презентации учитываются следующие параметры:

Языковое оформление: правильность языковых параметров в письменной презентации и устном докладе (макс. 6 баллов).

Содержание: полнота информации и ее соответствие коммуникативной задаче, отсутствие ненужных подробных деталей, аргументирование собственной точки зрения (макс. 8 баллов).

Оформление: презентации: соответствие картинок и текста, структура начальный слайд, презентации (заголовки, итоговый слайд, структурирование информации слайде), зрительное восприятие на (соответствие шрифта, качество картинок, целесообразность анимации, использование аудио-и видеоматериалов), указание источников информации; доклада: четкость и структурирование высказывания, контакт с аудиторией (макс. 6 баллов).

Оценивание презентации можно производиться преподавателем либо всей группой.

VII. МАТЕРИАЛЬНО-ТЕХНИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Мультимедийные аудитории для лабораторных занятий: Проектор Mitsubishi EW330U, Экран проекционный Screen Line Trim White Ice, подсистема видеоисточников документ-камера CP355AF Avervision; подсистемы: видеокоммутации, аудиокоммутации и звукоусиления; подсистема интерактивного управления. 690922, Приморский край,

г. Владивосток, о. Русский, п. Аякс, 10, Корпус 20 (С, Е)



МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ШКОЛА РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ САМОСТОЯТЕЛЬНОЙ РАБОТЫ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ

15.03.01 Машиностроение Форма подготовки очная

Владивосток 2018

План-график выполнения самостоятельной работы по дисциплине

№ п/п	Дата/сроки выполнения	Вид самостоятельной работы	Примерные нормы времени на выполнение	Форма контроля
1.	первый семестр			
	1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. выполнение теста		тест
		3. подготовка устного сообщения "Making Friends"		устный опрос
2.	7 -12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Interests"		перевод
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка презентации на тему "Various Interests of People"		доклад
3.	13 – 18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме		перевод

		"Health"		
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. написание эссе на тему "Healthy Lifestyle"		эссе
	Итого 1 семестр		36 часов	
	второй семестр			
4.	1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме " Celebrations"		перевод
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка устного сообщения "Му Favourite Holiday"		устный опрос
5	7-12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме " Growing up"		перевод
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. написание эссе на тему "Problems of Youth"		эссе

6.	13-18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме " Around Town" 3. Написание итогового теста	12 часов	устный опрос перевод
	Итого 2 семестр		36 часов	
7.	Третий семестр 1-6неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Going away" 3. выполнение теста 4. подготовка устного сообщения "Place of Interest"	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест устный опрос
8.	7-12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных	12 часов	устный опрос

		текстов по теме		перевод
		"At Home"		
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка		
		устного сообщения "My Home Habits"		устный опрос
0	12.10	1	10	v
9.	13-18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме " Things happen"		перевод
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка устного сообщения "An accident from my life"		устный опрос
	Итого 3 семестр		36 часов	
	Четвертый			
	семестр			
10	1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Communication"		перевод
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка		

		презентации на тему " Modern Ways of Communication"		доклад
11	7-12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Appearances" 3. выполнение теста	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест
12.	13-18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Looking ahead" 3. выполнение итогового теста	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест
	Итого 4 семестр		36 часов	
	Всего		144 часа	

Рекомендации по самостоятельной работе студентов

Самостоятельная работа студентов является неотъемлемой частью образовательного процесса и рассматривается как организационная форма обучения. Целями СРС являются овладение фундаментальными знаниями, общекультурными, общепрофессиональными, профессиональными и

специальными компетенциями, формирование у студентов способности и навыков непрерывного самообразования и профессионального совершенствования.

Самостоятельная работа по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» осуществляется в виде аудиторных и внеаудиторных форм познавательной деятельности. Самостоятельная работа студентов включает в себя:

- Подготовку к аудиторным практическим занятиям;
- Чтение дополнительной литературы;
- Составление плана и тезисов ответа;
- Выполнение переводов;
- Выполнение тестов;
- Компьютерное и Интернет тестирование;
- Подготовка устного сообщения;
- Подготовка докладов;
- Подготовка презентаций;
- Написание эссе;
- Подготовка к участию в деловой игре, конкурсе, творческом соревновании и многое другое.

Далее представлены некоторые задания для самостоятельной работы обучающихся и методические рекомендации по их выполнению.

Методические указания к выполнению тестов

Тесты воспринимаются студентами как своеобразная игра. Тем самым снимается целый ряд психологических проблем — страхов, стрессов, которые, к сожалению, характерны для обычных форм контроля знаний студентов.

Основное достоинство тестовой формы контроля — это простота и скорость, с которой осуществляется первая оценка уровня обученности по конкретной теме, позволяющая, к тому же, реально оценить готовность к

итоговому контролю в иных формах и, в случае необходимости, откорректировать те или иные элементы темы.

Программой по дисциплине «Иностранный язык». Данные тесты могут использоваться:

- студентами при подготовке к зачету в форме самопроверки знаний;
- преподавателями для проверки знаний в качестве формы промежуточного контроля;
- для проверки остаточных знаний студентов, изучивших данный курс.

Тестовые задания рассчитаны на самостоятельную работу без использования вспомогательных материалов. То есть при их выполнении не следует пользоваться текстами законов, учебниками, литературой и т.д.

Для выполнения тестового задания, прежде всего, следует внимательно прочитать поставленный вопрос. После ознакомления с вопросом следует приступать к прочтению предлагаемых вариантов ответа. Необходимо прочитать все варианты и в качестве ответа следует выбрать лишь один индекс (цифровое обозначение), соответствующий правильному ответу. Тесты составлены таким образом, что в каждом из них правильным является лишь один из вариантов. Выбор должен быть сделан в пользу наиболее правильного ответа.

На выполнение теста отводится ограниченное время. Оно может варьироваться в зависимости от уровня тестируемых, сложности и объема теста. Как правило, время выполнения тестового задания определяется из расчета 30-45 секунд на один вопрос.

Init 1 Quiz	Name;	Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:	accuen
▲	sations between strangers. Check (🗸) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1: At a bus stop	Conversation 2: At a friend's apartment	(2 points each)
I. The man works		1 3:
part-time	are at a birthday party	
as a teacher	work together	
in a bookstore	are in high school together	
2. The woman's job is		2 4
at school an hour from school	and the same of th	
nearby	□ chocolate □ ice cream	
_ manay	E in cream	
B Put the words in the correct	order to make questions. Then complete the answers.	B # points
	leck ? (name / your / is / Jack)	(1 point each)
B No , it's not	. It's lake.	
I. A	? (student / you / a / are / part-time)	1.4
B	. I only go to class twice a week.	B
2. A	? (your / go out / sister / does / a lot)	2.A
В		0
3. Л	? (here / do / parents / live / your / near)	3.A
B	. They live nearby.	B
I. A	? (have / do / sisters / any / you)	4.4
В,	But I have a brother.	8
C Write the questions for the	answers. Use the words in parentheses.	C 12 points
	iddle name ? (middle name)	(2 points each)
B It's James.	· (mane mine)	
I. A	7 (your parents)	1
B They're from Greece,	. , , ,	
2, A	? (get to school)	2
B I take the bus.		
1. A	? (do your homework)	3
B In the evenings.		
	? (do for fun)	4
B 1 play sports.		
5. A	? (favorite food)	5
B 1 love pizza.		
5. A	? (do on Saturdays)	6
B My brother? He usually w	orks.	

D Circle the correct responses.		D 4 points (1 point each
1. A I love baseball. B I do too. / Me either.	3. A I don't like to shop. B Me either, / I'm not either.	L 3
2. A I can't speak Russian. B I can too. / I can't either.	4. A I'm from a big family. B Me too. / I do too.	2 4
E Read the situations. Check (✓) the bes	t conversation starter for each one.	E 8 points (2 points each
1. You're in your English class. A new student is sitting next to you. Are you a teacher? Do you have a lot of friends? Hi. What's your name?	3. You're in the school cafeteria. Someone sits down at your table. The food's not bad here, huh? Nice to meet you. I'm really tired today.	J 3,
2. You're waiting in a line in front of a jazz club. It's a nice evening. Where do your parents live? Do you like this warm weather? How old are you?	4. You're at your friend Susan's party. You meet someone new. Do you come here a lot? Do you make a lot of money? So, do you know Susan well?	2 4_
F Read the e-mail message, and circle th	ne correct answers.	F 10 points (2 points each
We see asset varies and see asset Lorentz		
in Brazil. Let me tell you a little about myself. I'm it live with my mother and brother. Unfort because my mother is allergic to dogs a love animals. I like to swim, but I'm not a on TV. But I watch a lot of sitcoms and g	tunately, we don't have any pets nd cats. It's too bad because I really a big sports fan. I never watch sports game shows,	
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In Brazil. Let me tell you a little about myself. I'm it live with my mother and brother. Unfort because my mother is allergic to dogs a love animals. I like to swim, but I'm not a on TV. But I watch a lot of sitcoms and go Oh! And I love to cook! Sometimes on with dinner. I make spaghetti or hamburgers I also make a great chocolate cake, ever make it for my brother. He loves cakes a So, Paulo, what about you? What do you write soon! Sincerely, Maria 1. Maria / Paulo lives in Brazil. 2. Maria lives with her mother and brother.	a 16-year-old high school student. tunately, we don't have any pets and cats. It's too bad because I really a big sports fan. I never watch sports game shows, beekends, I invite a few friends over for things like that. We all eat too much! and ice cream — anything sweet. I like to do? What's your school like?	2 3 4
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In Brazil. Let me tell you a little about myself. I'm it live with my mother and brother. Unfort because my mother is allergic to dogs a love animals. I like to swim, but I'm not a on TV. But I watch a lot of sitcoms and go Oh! And I love to cook! Sometimes on with dinner. I make spaghetti or hamburgers it also make a great chocolate cake, ever make it for my brother. He loves cakes a So, Paulo, what about you? What do you Write soon! Sincerely, Maria Maria / Paulo lives in Brazil. Maria lives with her mother and broth Maria isn't an animal lover / a sports if	a 16-year-old high school student. tunately, we don't have any pets nd cats. It's too bad because I really a big sports fan. I never watch sports game shows, veekends, I invite a few friends over for - things like that. We all eat too much! in though I don't actually eat dessert. I and ice cream – anything sweet. u like to do? What's your school like?	2 3 4

Unit 2 Oniz	Name:	Teacher Scoring
Unit 2 Quiz	Date:	Section
A Listen to the conversa	ations about hobbies. Check (🗸) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1	Conversation 3	(2 points each)
Jack with his friends goes to the gym goes jogging eats lunch	s on weekends. 3. Adam is good at things. ☐ fixing ☐ learning ☐ making	1 3
Conversation 2	Conversation 4	
2. Berh listens to jazz CDs on the radio to relax	4. Alice doesn't jewelry. □ collect □ wear □ buy	2 4
B Circle the correct words.		B 4 points (1 point each)
	ner like to watch football, right? ne / no one in my family is a football fan.	1
 A Do you and your frien B Not really. Everybody 	ds like country music? / Nobody in my class listens to country.	2
A Connie's a wonderful of B That's true, Everyone	fancer. No one can dance like she does.	3
 A I love to swim in the st B Yeah, me too. Almost e 	nmmer. everybody / nobody enjoys swimming in hot weather.	4
	ons with the correct verb forms.	C 10 points
There is more than one corr		(1 point each)
I. A Can you B No, but I like	(play) a musical instrument?	I.A
	(do) in your free time?	8
B Well, I love		2.A B
	(take) a carpentry class?	3.4
B Yes, I'm good at	(make) things.	B
4. A I hate	(shop) at the mall,	4. A
B Me too. I prefer	(buy) things online.	B
 A Are you interested in B Not really. I can't 	(join) the swim team? (swim) at all,	5, A
D Circle the correct words.		D 4 points (1 point each)
	no / tennis really well. He's in a jazz band.	I
	g / gardening, so he knows a lot about plants and flowers.	2.

0000

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3. Tina's good at writing / fixing / baking things. She's very mechanical.

4. Kate likes knitting / carpentry / drawing. She can make sweaters and things.

Example: 11		think of her 7	(2 points each)
	ike Mrs. Roberts, What do you		
1. I listen to o	classical music a lot. Do you lis	sten to, too?	1
My wife do	es photography. Look, I'm in t	his next photo. That's on the right.	2
Robbie Wil	liams is a singer from England	I. Do you know?	3
4. Bill and Jer	an are in your meditation class	s. Do you ever see there?	4
F Read the o	uestions. Check (🗸) the best a	nswer to make the response sound friendly,	F & points (2 points each)
L. A Are you		3. A Do you like to play computer games?	1 3
B B	into sportsi	B	L 3
□ No, I'm	not.	☐ No, I'm not very mechanical.	
	lly, but I watch soccer on TV.	☐ Um, no. I'm not really into games.	
□ No, I'm	not good with my hands.	☐ No, not at all.	
2. A Do you	like jazz?	4. A Can you draw or paint?	2 4
B		B	
	on't have a lot of free time.	☐ No, 1 don't like to take pictures. ☐ No, it's boring.	
No. I de	refer Latin music.	☐ Not really. I'm not very artistic.	
	eier Latin tituare.	in the really, and the very artistic.	
	should each person click on?	The state of the s	
		to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to	
Photo	graphy Club these thin	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a era, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all ogs and more here at the Online Photography Club.	
	graphy Club Hearn how new came want to to these thin. What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? Flori	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a era, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all ags and more here at the Online Photography Club. Tyou interested in doing? Do you like to take wers? Join your own chat group.	
Photo	graphy Club have came want to to these thin. What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flor	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a era, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all ogs and more here at the Online Photography Club.	
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Chat Groups Photograp of the Mont	want to to these thin the thin th	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a era, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all age and more here at the Online Photography Club. If you interested in doing? Do you like to take wers? Join your own chat group, and in your best photo, and win a digital cameral photograph, but you're not sure. Is something new to learn, Click here for some great	
Chat Groups Photograp of the Mont Ask Our Advice Monthly	want to to to the second of th	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a era, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all egs and more here at the Online Photography Club. e you interested in doing? Do you like to take wers? Join your own chat group, end in your best photo, and win a digital cameral photograph, but you're not sure. esomething new to learn, Click here for some great	
Photo Chat Groups Photograp of the Mont Ask Our Advice Monthly Newslette Shopping	What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow Enter our photo competition. So you think you have a great pask us here. In photography, there's always ideas and tips from our readers Get information on prices and the You love to take photos, but you	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a era, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all egs and more here at the Online Photography Club. e you interested in doing? Do you like to take wers? Join your own chat group, end in your best photo, and win a digital cameral photograph, but you're not sure. esomething new to learn, Click here for some great	
Photo Chat Groups Photograp of the Mont Ask Our Advice Monthly Newslette Shopping Tips Mini-Lessor (for Beginne	want to to these thin. What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow a finite our photo competition. So you think you have a great pask us here. In photography, there's always ideas and tips from our readers Get information on prices and the finite our photos, but you have a great pask us here.	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a era, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all egs and more here at the Online Photography Club. I you interested in doing? Do you like to take wers? Join your own chat group, end in your best photo, and win a digital cameral photograph, but you're not sure. I something new to learn, Click here for some great the best places to shop. Sou don't know much about photography.	1
Photo Chat Groups Photograp of the Mont Ask Our Advice Monthly Newslette Shopping Tips Mini-Lesso (For Beginne	What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow the set in photography, there's always ideas and tips from our readers. Set information on prices and the set information on prices and the set in photography, there's always ideas and tips from our readers. Get information on prices and the set in	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a lera, but need more information? Or do you just lak with other photography fans? You can do all logs and more here at the Online Photography Club. It you interested in doing? Do you like to take levers? Join your own chat group, lend in your best photo, and win a digital cameral lephotograph, but you're not sure. It something new to learn, Click here for some great lette best places to shop. Into to learn some new things.	1
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Photo Chat Groups Photograp of the Mont Ask Our Advice Monthly Newslette Shopping Tips Mini-Lesson (For Beginne L. Jeffrey is a Melissa wo	What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow there want to to these thin. What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow the first our photo competition. So you think you have a great pask us here. In photography, there's always ideas and tips from our readers. Get information on prices and the photos, but you have to take photos, but you have a great place to start. great photographer, but he was build like to sell a photograph to	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a lera, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all logs and more here at the Online Photography Club. It you interested in doing? Do you like to take levers? Join your own chat group. It you're not sure. It is something new to learn. Click here for some great the best places to shop. It is to learn some new things. Into to learn some new things. It is a magazine, She wants an opinion about it.	1 2 3 4
Photo Chat Groups Photograp of the Mont Ask Our Advice Monthly Newslette Shopping Tips Mini-Lesso (For Beginne 1. Jeffrey is at 2. Melissa we 3. Ken is a be	What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow these thin. What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow the finter our photo competition. So you think you have a great pask us here. In photography, there's always ideas and tips from our readers Get information on prices and the finter our photos, but you have a great place to start. You love to take photos, but you have a great photographer, but he was pulled like to sell a photograph to egimning photographer. He was egimning photographer. He was	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a lera, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all logs and more here at the Online Photography Club. I you interested in doing? Do you like to take levers? Join your own chat group. I you for your own chat group. I you mend in your best photo, and win a digital camera! I photograph, but you're not sure. I something new to learn. Click here for some great I the best places to shop. I you don't know much about photography. Into to learn some new things. I you a magazine, She wants an opinion about it. Into to learn more. I wont to learn more.	3
Photo Chat Groups Photograp of the Mont Ask Our Advice Monthly Newslette Shopping Tips Mini-Lesso (For Beginne 1. Jeffrey is at 2. Melissa we 3. Ken is a be	What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow these thin. What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow the finter our photo competition. So you think you have a great pask us here. In photography, there's always ideas and tips from our readers Get information on prices and the finter our photos, but you have a great place to start. You love to take photos, but you have a great photographer, but he was pulled like to sell a photograph to egimning photographer. He was egimning photographer. He was	or take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a lera, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all logs and more here at the Online Photography Club. It you interested in doing? Do you like to take levers? Join your own chat group. It you're not sure. It is something new to learn. Click here for some great the best places to shop. It is to learn some new things. Into to learn some new things. It is a magazine, She wants an opinion about it.	3 4
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Unit 3 Quiz	Name:		Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:		acuted.
A Listen to Kim and Ale	x talk about their he	alth habits. Check (🗸) the correct answers.	A 8 points (2 points each)
I. Alex goes to the gym every day twice a week three or four times a very		Kim likes to eat ☐ meat ☐ vegetables ☐ dessert	1 3
2. Alex eats a lot of, snacks junk food alads	4.	Kim doesn't have time to cook to exercise to see her family	2 4
B Complete the conversati Use contractions where pos		present or the present continuous.	B 12 points (1 point each)
1. Ayou ever	(get) cold	fs?	E
B Yeah, I do. Actually, I t	hink I	(get) a cold right now.	2
Ayou usually_	(take)	something when	3
you (h B No, not usually.	ave) a cold?		4
2. A Whatyou gen	erally	(do) to stay in shape?	5
B Well, for one thing, I	(walk	to work every day.	6
A Uh-huhyou	over	(go) to the gym?	7
(7)		work out) at all. I'm too busy.	R
B. A What you	(ant) = lot of our	se days to stay healthy:	4
A Thank great	no penally	rcise these days. (eat) healthy food, too?	10
			1)
D On, year, my diet's gre	at because my nust	oand (cook) wonderful meals.	12
C Complete the sentences	with the problems is	n the box.	C 6 points (1 point each)
a fever a toothache	a headache a si	tomachache a cough allergies	
1. She has	2. He has	3. He has	123
4. She has	5. She has	S Shahar	
T. THE THAT	or one rias	. 6. She has	4 _ 3 _ 6 _

	and the franchis some threads	
	you do if you're very tired? m very tived, I take a hot bath (take a hot bath)	
B What do you do w	hen you get a sore throat? . (drink tea with honey)	1
2. A What do you do if		9
Z. A What do you do ii	you have a night levert	2,
	vhen you get a headache?	4
B What do you do w	(not do anything)	0
	you get an upset stomach?	4
B	, (lie down for a while)	

E Bead each statemen	t. Check (✓) the best response to encourage the people to	E 8 points
continue talking.	i. Check (*) the best response to encourage the people to	(2 points each
1. A I don't like exercis	se. 3. A Sometimes I have interesting dreams.	1 3
B	B	
Oh, really? How o	come? I never have any dreams.	
Yeah, exercise is	boring. Really? Like what?	
☐ I don't either.	☐ I like my dreams.	
2. A I have a terrible to	oothache. 4. A I work out about twelve hours a week.	2 4
В	B	
☐ I'm sorry.	Everyone is working out these days. Chache last month. Oh. That's a lot.	
	charles tage mayoris City That's a lot	
Yeah. I had a too		
That's too bad. D	o you have a Vou're kidding! Do you go to a gym?	
	o you have a Vou're kidding! Do you go to a gym?	
That's too bad. D	o you have a	F 8 points
That's too bad. D	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet?	F 8 points
That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on	
That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet?	
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a Source kidding! Do you go to a gym? tment? Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to	
That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this	Do you have a Vou're kidding! Do you go to a gym? tment? Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three	
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a Vou're kidding! Do you go to a gym? tment? Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions:	
That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a Vou're kidding! Do you go to a gym? tment? Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions:	
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a	
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a	
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a	
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a	
That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a	(2 points eac)
That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a	(2 points eac)
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓) the four things.	Do you have a	1
That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓) the four things.	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions: Diet Am I eating the right foods? When I go to the supermarket, what foods do I choose? What meals can I order when I est out in a restaurant? How can I make quick, healthy meals at home? Exercise Am I getting enough exercise? What kind of exercise is best? What can I do about stress in my life?	1 2 3
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓) the four things. In this class, you can be ☐ find a better job	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions: Diet Am I eating the right foods? When I go to the supermarket, what foods do I choose? What meals can I order when I est out in a restaurant? How can I make quick, healthy meals at home? Exercise Am I getting enough exercise? What kind of exercise is best? What can I do about stress in my life?	1
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓) the four things. In this class, you can be ☐ find a better job ☐ shop for healthy for	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions: Diet Am I eating the right foods? When I go to the supermarket, what foods do I choose? What meals can I order when I eat out in a restaurant? How can I make quick, healthy meals at home? Exercise Am I getting enough exercise? What kind of exercise is best? What kind of exercise is best? What can I do about stress in my life? Cope with stress make new friends	1 2 3
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓) the four things. In this class, you can be ☐ find a better job	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions: Diet Am I eating the right foods? When I go to the supermarket, what foods do I choose? What meals can I order when I eat out in a restaurant? How can I make quick, healthy meals at home? Exercise Am I getting enough exercise? What kind of exercise is best? What kind of exercise is best? What can I do about stress in my life? earn how to cope with stress make new friends choose a good restaurant	1 2 3 4

Unit 4 QUIZ Teacher Scoring Name: Section Date: A & Listen to the conversations, Circle the correct answers. A it points (2 points each) Conversation 1: Jonathan and Jill are talking about his birthday. 1. Jonathan is going to work / have a party on his birthday. 2. Ill invites him to dinner at her house / a movie. Conversation 2: Brian and Lisa are talking about their parents' anniversary. 3. Their parents are having their 29th / 30th anniversary. 4. She wants to plan a dinner at home / in a restaurant. B a points B Complete the conversation with (not) going to. Use contractions where possible. (I point each) Rick How ______ you and Marcia ______ celebrate New Year's Eve, Tim? go to any parties? Tim No. We ___ go out for dinner. Our favorite restaurant serve a special meal, and our friends. join us there. But we ___ stay out late. be home before midnight, huh? Rick So, you __ Tim That's right. It __ ____ be a quiet celebration. 8. ___ C Write the answers. Use indirect object pronouns and the words in parentheses. C 8 points (2 points each) Example: A What are you going to give your Dad for his birthday? B I'm going to give him a watch. (watch) A What are you going to do for your parents' anniversary? B. (get / tickets for a trip) 2. A What are your grandparents going to give your father for his birthday? 3. A What's your sister going to do for your birthday? (bake / a cake) 4. A What are you going to give your mother on Mother's Day? B _ (box of chocolates) D 6 points D Match the special days with the activities. Use each expression only once. (1 point each) 1. Valentine's Day __ a. exchange rings 1.__ 2. New Year's Eve ____ b. get a diploma 3. birthday ___ c. go out for a romantic dinner 3.___ 4. Halloween ____ d. go trick-or-treating

5. graduation day ___

6. wedding ____

e. blow out candles on a cake

f. shout "Happy New Year"

E Read the pairs of sentences. Which are correct? Circle a, b,	or both.		E 4 points (1 point each)
a. Donna is moving into her new house this weekend. b. Donna is going to move into her new house this weeken.	d,		1
a. It's raining tomorrow. b. It's going to rain tomorrow.			2
a. I'm graduating next month. b. I'm going to graduate next month.			3
 a. Bill is going to be a great lawyer. b. Bill is being a great lawyer. 			4
F What do you think the "vague" expressions mean? Check (/) two ide	as for each.	F 8 points (2 points each
Jenna loves to go to cultural events and stuff like that. □ concerts □ festivals □ restaurant	ts		L
 It's going to be a big wedding. There's going to be a band an □ nice decorations □ a big parade □ special for 		ing.	2
3. Do you like celebrations and things like that? ☐ folk songs ☐ parties ☐ special even	vents		3
 Anna's going to get lots of presents and stuff at her birthday ☐ flowers ☐ cards ☐ costumes 			4
G Read the e-mail message. Then check (✓) true or false for e	each sente	nce.	G 8 points (2 points each
G Read the e-mail message. Then check (✓) true or false for e	ach sente	nce.	
Dear Karen,	-	nce.	
GO CO	arnival	nce.	G 8 points (2 points each
Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Ca in Quebec City this year. It's at the beginning of February, and we're g	arnival going to re are and	nce.	
Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Ca in Quebec City this year, it's at the beginning of February, and we're g go up and stay for a week. Can you join us? Do you know about the Quebec Winter Carnival? It's a lot of fun. Ther always exciting things to do and see there. They have night parades a fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting spe	arnival going to re are and them, solal	nce.	
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Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Ca in Quebec City this year, it's at the beginning of February, and we're g go up and stay for a week, Can you join us? Do you know about the Quebec Winter Carnival? It's a lot of fun. Ther always exciting things to do and see there. They have night parades a fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting spe events, too – like an ice-carving contest. And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to vis Quebec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restau So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we cayou a room at our hotel. Barbara	arnival going to re are and them. ecial sit urants. an get		1 2 3

Unit 5 Quiz	Name:	Teacher Scoring
QUIZ	Date:	Section
A CO Development to the Control of t		
	statements. Then listen to four people talk about their oss out the incorrect words. Write the correct information.	A 8 points (2 points each)
. Diane's family usually me	oved every six or seven years when she was a child.	L
. Greg's grandmother told	a lot of stories about her childhood in Texas.	2,
. Jeffrey and a friend had b	pikes. They rode them around the neighborhood together.	3
. Liz had three good friend	Is when she was a child. Now she never talks to them.	4
Read each sentence. Circ	ele the correct determiner.	B 5 points (1 point each)
Some / Some of my frien	ds take evening classes,	1
There are a lot / a lot of r	new students in our school this year.	2
. Most / Most of high scho	ol students have to study a language.	3
	a school students study calculus.	4
Bob has three brothers as	nd sisters. All / All of them are going to college.	5
Complete the conversati	on with was, were, or did.	C 6 points (1 point each)
Amy you bo	rn in France, Pierre?	1,
tierre No. actually, I	born in Montreal.	2
Amy you gro	ow up there, too?	3
	fifteen, we moved to New York.	4
Amy Oh, really? How long	you stay in New York?	5
Pierre Until I	eighteen. Then I went to college.	6
Complete the conversation	ons with the words in the box. Use each word only once.	D fi points
ago when for	in long from until then	(1 point each)
. A Did you move here		1.4
B No. We came here thre		В
. A Were you in Japan		2.A
	e Only a year and a half.	8
. A We lived in London		3.A
B Where did you go		B
	you were six, right?	4. A
B No, we lived in Hong k	Cong I was eight.	<i>u</i>

	Match the sentence	es with the corrections. Use e	ach answer only once.	E 10 points (2 points each
		d in first grade	a. No, wait. It was biology.	1
		school was social studies	b. Well, my math teacher was OK	2
		until I was eleven		3
4.	I didn't like any of a	my high school reachers.	d. No, actually, I was twelve.	4
		s for six years.	e. I mean, third grade.	5,
F 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	These people are to Wendy 1 didn't pla Tina 1 was reall Sandra 1 liked to o Bill 1 didn't ge physics / I Jason Most socia in calculu Katy Gutierrez is lo	alking about their subjects in sy any musical instruments, b y good in P.E. I was on the dra draw, so I enjoyed my dance / t very good grades in science diterature. al studies / mathematics clas	school. Circle the correct words. out I was in the choir / orchestra. ama / gymnastics team, art classes a lot. subjects. For example, I failed ses were easy for me. I even got an A	F 5 points (1 point each 1 2 3 4 5
		Ms. Katy Gutie	urrez-	
	Job Wanted	Ms. Katy Gutie I would like to teach kindergarten in a bilingual program in Oregon	, first grade, or second grade	
		I would like to teach kindergarten	i, first grade, or second grade or California. I was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved	
	Job Wanted Family	I would like to teach kindergarten in a billingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador, my family moved to Los Angeles to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I a	i, first grade, or second grade or California. I was born in El Salvador, but when I was two, We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland by teaching diploma from the	
	Job Wanted Family Background	I would like to teach kindergarten in a billingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador, my family moved to Los Angeles to Portland, Oregon, in 1996, I a English. I finished high school in Portland State University in 2002, I got m University of Oregon in 2004. I c	i, first grade, or second grade or California. I was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland by teaching diploma from the can teach all elementary school	
	Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/	I would like to teach kindergarten in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador, my family moved to Los Angeles to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I a English. I finished high school in Portland State University in 2002. I got m University of Oregon in 2004. I c subjects. My favorite subjects in school we	i, first grade, or second grade or California. I was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland by teaching diploma from the can teach all elementary school are music and social studies, g the guitar.	
	Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies Experience	I would like to teach kindergarten in a billingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador, my family moved to Los Angeles to Portland, Oregon, in 1996. I a English. I finished high school in Portland State University in 2002. I got m University of Oregon in 2004. I c subjects. My favorite subjects in school we My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the Unifirst-grade teacher for one semest students.	i, first grade, or second grade or California. I was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland by teaching diploma from the can teach all elementary school are music and social studies, g the guitar. I taught Spanish to her	1,
	Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies Experience	I would like to teach kindergarten in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador, my family moved to Los Angeles to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I a English. I finished high school in Portland State University in 2002. I got much university of Oregon in 2004. I c subjects. My favorite subjects in school we My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the Unit first-grade teacher for one semest students.	i, first grade, or second grade or California. I was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland by teaching diploma from the can teach all elementary school are music and social studies, g the guitar. Versity of Oregon, I helped a ter. I taught Spanish to her	2,
2,	Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies Experience Where does Katy v When did Katy's fa	I would like to teach kindergarten in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador, my family moved to Los Angeles to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I a English. I finished high school in Portland State University in 2002. I got m University of Oregon in 2004. I c subjects. My favorite subjects in school we My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the Unifirst-grade teacher for one semest students.	i, first grade, or second grade or California. I was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland by teaching diploma from the can teach all elementary school are music and social studies, g the guitar. I taught Spanish to her	

Unit 6 Quiz	Name:				Teacher !	Scarin
Quiz	Date:			_	Section	
A Listen to the people Number them from 1 to	give directions. Put the	sentences in the co	orrect orc	ler.	A 8 point	nts each)
Conversation 1		Conversation 2			Conv. 1	Con
Turn left on Market Str	eet, and go two blocks.	Go two block	s to Birch	h Street.		
It's the big building bel	aind the parking lot.	Go outside, a	nd make	a right.		_
You're going to see it or		Turn right on				
Go right at the next stre	set, and walk a block.				_	-
B Circle the correct words	to complete the conver	sation.			B 8 point	
A Excuse me. Is there an /					1	eastly.
B Let me think there's c			mics.		2	
A Can I park there? I mean	is / are there a parking	lot near there?			3	
B Yeah, there is / are. It's ri	· III				4	5
A Thanks. Oh, by the way,					6	
B Sure, there are one / som	e at the gas station.				7	
It's on Front Street, too, I	petween / next to Mack	s			8	
C Write the words in the co	orrect order to make qui cle the correct answers.	estions. Is each que	estion		C 10 po	ints each)
1. (help / you / could / me)					1	
		- 7	Offer	Request		
2. (can / I / how / help)					2	_
		\$	Offer	Request		
3. (recommend / good / yo	u / can / hotel / a)				3	_
		-7	Offer	Request		
4. (airport / to / give / direc	tions / me / can / you	the)			4	
Total United States			Offer	Request		
5. (do / I / can / what)					5	_
		2	Offer	Request		

D

black appear discovers	make sight straight tall turn
block corner directions	
I. A Excuse me. Can you	me how to get to the Bradford Hotel?
B Sure. Goahead	f for three blocks. Then right and go 2 3
to the end of the	f for three blocks. Then right and go 2 3 You can't miss it 4
2. A Can you give me	
R Super Co four blocks Then	a left. Turn left again at the 6
B Sure. Go tour blocks. Then	block, It's there, on the right. 7 8
and waik up a	block, It's there, on the right. 7 8
E Read the questions. Then comple	ete the checking responses.
Repeat words and/or add a quest	
1. A Could you tell me how to get to	
//	
2. A The art museum is just three b	
	7
3. A Is there a place to play golf are	
 A Are there any jewelry stores in 	
F Read the e-mail. Then check (✔)	the correct answers. F 8 points (2 points ea
F Read the e-mail. Then check (✔)	the correct answers.
F Read the e-mail. Then check (✔)	the correct answers. F 8 points (2 points ea
F Read the e-mail. Then check (🗸)	the correct answers. F 8 points ea
F Read the e-mail. Then check (🗸)	the correct answers. F a points of the poin
F Read the e-mail. Then check (Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to ou food is wonderful there, and I know we're Some of you asked for directions to the re we forgot!) Here they are:	the correct answers. F a points of the poin
F Read the e-mail. Then check () Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to ou food is wonderful there, and I know we'n Some of you asked for directions to the new forgot!) Here they are: From the north: Go south on Chase Ave and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly	the correct answers. F a points of the poin
F Read the e-mail. Then check (O O O O TO: Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to our food is wonderful there, and I know we'n some of you asked for directions to the new forgot!) Here they are: From the north: Go south on Chase Ave and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly right, across from Spring Park, just past to	the correct answers. F 8 points each of the points each of the first Street, way, and go to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the
F Read the e-mail. Then check () On Friends TO: Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to our food is wonderful there, and I know we'n some of you asked for directions to the new forgot!) Here they are: From the north: Go south on Chase Ave and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly right, across from Spring Park, just past to From the south: Go north on Chase Ave the directions above.	the correct answers. F 8 points of the points of the price of the points of the point
F Read the e-mail. Then check () Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to ou food is wonderful there, and I know we'n we forgot!) Here they are: From the north: Go south on Chase Ave and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly right, across from Spring Park, just past to From the south: Go north on Chase Ave the directions above. 1. Mark and Betty Keller are going to invite people to their home have a big birthday party	the correct answers. F 8 points of the points of the price of the points of the point
F Read the e-mail. Then check () Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to ou food is wonderful there, and I know we'n we forgot!) Here they are: From the north: Go south on Chase Ave and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly right, across from Spring Park, just past to From the south: Go north on Chase Ave the directions above. 1. Mark and Betty Keller are going to invite people to their home have a big birthday party meet people at a restaurant.	the correct answers. F a points of the points of the price of the points of the points of the points of the points of the point of the
F Read the e-mail. Then check () Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to ou food is wonderful there, and I know we'n we forgot!) Here they are: From the north: Go south on Chase Ave and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly right, across from Spring Park, just past to From the south: Go north on Chase Ave the directions above. 1. Mark and Betty Keller are going to invite people to their home have a big birthday party meet people at a restaurant.	the correct answers. F 8 points each of the presence of the presence of the points of the presence of the points of the presence of the prese
F Read the e-mail. Then check () Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to ou food is wonderful there, and I know we'n we forgot!) Here they are: From the north: Go south on Chase Ave and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly right, across from Spring Park, just past to From the south: Go north on Chase Ave the directions above. 1. Mark and Betty Keller are going to invite people to their home have a big birthday party meet people at a restaurant.	the correct answers. F a points of the points of the price of the points of the points of the points of the points of the point of the

Unit 7 Quiz Name:	Section
QUIZ Date:	
A Ø Josh and Lisa are talking about a trip to Denmark. Listen and check (Ø) true or false for each sentence.	A 8 points (2 points each)
True False	
Lisa is going to Europe for the first time.	1
2. Lisa is going to spend a week at the beach.	2
3. It's hard to find bargains in Copenhagen.	3
4. It's necessary to know the language in Denmark.	4,
Mike is going on a trip to Italy, so he wrote the "to do" list below. Whe to do these things? Find the correct reasons in the box. Then write sunfinitives.	y does he need B 10 points each)
change some money find out about hotels learn some Italia ✓ buy a sweater check on flights borrow a suitcase	
To Do Example: He needs to go shopping to buy	
go thispping 1.	. L.
take a cliss talk to Al	3
get a guidebook 5.	. 5
C Complete the conversations. Use the words in the box in sentences adjective + to.	with B's + C 12 points (2 points each)
good / make reservations good / use a guidebook bard / g important / take comfortable shoes nice / travel by train easy / g	
A Are you going to go to France in July?	
B I don't know in the m	iddle of suppress
2. A How are you going to travel around Europe?	
B I'm not sure.	2
3. A We're going to do a lot of walking on this trip.	
B Yeah.	3
L. A Do I need to change money in a bank?	4
B Not really.	from ATMs.
5. A How can I find out about the interesting places to see?	5
Bfor the	at.
A Are you going to go online to find out about hotels? B Yeah.	ŭ

D Write the advice in the correct order. Use capital letters where	necessary.	D 4 points (1 point each)
1. (take / forget / good / a / to / map / don't)		L
2. (need / insect / you / to / have / repellent)		2
3. (Spanish / you / don't / learn / some / why)		3
4. (take / idea / good / a / kit / first-aid / a / to / it's)		4
E Read the situations. Then match the suggestions with the best	responses.	E 8 points (2 points each
a. I'd like to, but I already have plans. c. I guess we coul b. That sounds great. What time? d. I'd like to, but I'd		
and she's free Thursday night. but this summer	ant to go backpacking	1 3
a child, and he hated it. a big test tomorr	shopping, but she has ow. hopping after school.	2 4
F Read the postcard and circle the correct answers.		F 8 points (2 points each
F Read the postcard and circle the correct answers. The having a wonderful time at the faminic Trectops Nortel in Kenya I'm having a wonderful time at the faminic Trectops Nortel in Kenya I'm here on a tour for two stays. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Trectips Nortel because the moons are actually up in the trees It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They came to the area to simils the water They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lives. The animals vocally come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5 am. Tacking a girde is going, to take us to see an African village. I want to buy some African crafts.	Carta Sanchea 123 First Street Palatino, CA 97792	
Dear Carla, I'm having a seconderful time at the faminic Treetops Hartel in Kenya. I'm here on a tour for two stays, I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really nevel I can't this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops Hartel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They came to the area to cirinis the water They're so close! You can look slower on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5 am. Taclay a goode is going, to take us to see an African village. I want	123 First Street	(2 póints each
Dear Carla, I'm having, a xemplerful time at the familie. Treetops Hotel in Kenya I'm here on a tour for two stays. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops Hotel because the moons are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They come to the area to climic the water. They're so close! You can look slown on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of live. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around \$\mathbb{T}\$ am. Today a goode is going, to take us to see an African village. I want to buy some African erafts. See you soon, Jeanne	123 First Street	© póints each
Dear Carla, I'm having, a xemplerful time at the familie. Treetops Hotel in Kenya I'm here on a tour for two stays. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops Hotel because the moons are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They come to the area to climic the water. They're so close! You can look slowe in them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of live. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around \$\mathbf{I}\$ am. Today a goode is going, to take us to see an African village. I want to buy some African erafts. See you soon,	129 First Street Palatino, CA 97792	1 2
Dear Carla, I'm having a wonderful time at the faminic Treetops Hotel in Kenya I'm here on a tour for two stays. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They came to the area to airbis, the water They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning we saw four or five elephants, and a family of line. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5 am. Tacking a guide is going, to take us to see an African village. I want to buy some African crafts. See you soon, Jeanne is traveling alone / on a tour.	129 First Street Palatino, CA 97792	1: 2: 3

Unit 8 Quiz	Name:	Teacher Scoring
QUIZ	Date:	Section
A Disten to the convers	ations in people's homes. Check (✔) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1	Conversation 2	(2 points each)
What does Katle have to Meet a friend. Go to the library. Read a book. What's lane going to do?	do? 3. How many meetings does Bill have in the morning? One. Two.	I 3
☐ Stay at home. ☐ Study with a friend. ☐ Get a book from the li	 When is Rita going to call the doctor's office? 	2 4
B Circle the correct words	to complete the conversations.	B 8 points (1 point each)
 A Which sofa do you like 	e? Do you like the green one / ones?	1.4
B No. I like the brown la	rge / large brown one.	11
2. A I love the big square /	square big clocks.	2.4
B 1 don't. I prefer those r	ound one / ones.	8
3. A I want to buy a beauti	ful silk / silk beautiful rug.	3.7
B But you already have t	wo nice one / ones.	B
4. A Look at those lamps. V	Vhich one / ones do you like?	4. /4
B I like that cool Russlar	n / Russian cool lamp.	B
C Complete the conversation	ons with mine, yours, hers, his, ours, or theirs.	C 6 points
I. A This is a really nice ap-	artment. Wow! Is this your TV?	(I point each)
B No. Everything in the l	iving room is Ken's.	
A What about the CD pla	ayer? Is that, too?	1
B Yeah, I have	in the kitchen. I like to listen to music while I cook.	2
A Really? We keep	in the kitchen, too	3
2. A 1've got my tickets, Do	you have?	4
B Yes, I do. Do you have	Karen's, too?	
A No, she has		5
B No, we can't take	. They're going to need it. Let's go in my car.	6

0

bathtub coffee table dishwasher dre	esser nightstand sofa stove toilet	
1. bathroom: sink, mirror,		r
		2
3. Ilving room: armchair, lamp,		3
	-	4
e. Riteren. Cabines, oven.		
E Read each situation. Complete the reque	est. Then circle the polite response.	E 12 points
Example: You need a ride to school tomorn A Can you give me a ride to B(Sure, no problem) / No.		(2 points each answer: 1 poin each fi answer
L. You're at a friend's house. You would like	to listen to the radio,	
A Do you mind	7	1.A
B Sure. / No, not at all.		0
2. You ask a friend to water your plants whi	lle you're away for a few days.	
	, please?	2.4
B No. go ahead. / No problem.		B
3. A friend is visiting you in your home. You	need help in the kitchen.	
A Would you mind	.7	3.7
B No, not at all. / Yes.		8
4. You are in a friend's apartment. The wind	flow is open and you feel cold.	
A Can I		4.4
B No, you can't. / Sure, go ahead.		8
F Read the column. Then check (✔) the for	ur true statements.	F 6 points (2 points each
	ly's Photos ve Barry	
I wonder if your family is like mine. We have a lot of old family photos, but we never organized them in a scrapbook, and they don't have dates on them or anything. My parents keep all of our photos in a box in the closet. Every two or three years, when we're together, we decide to look at them. We talk about the people in the photos and the events. We usually remember a lot about the recent photos, but not about the old	ones. And we have trouble with some of the recent photos, too. For example, all of the Thanksgiving holiday pictures show the family around a big table with lots of food on it. They almost all look the same, and it's difficult to know the exact year, so we argue about that. But it's something we enjoy doing - talking about the family photos. It helps us remember our many good times together.	
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	Name:			Teacher Scorie Section
Unit 9 Quiz	Date:			econi
Listen to the conver-	sations about things that went wrong. for each statement.			A 8 points 12 points each
Conversation 1		True	False	
. Tony went hiking with s				Tv
	k when another hiker came by.			2
Conversation 2	mail when she saw a new message.	True	False	
. Deb didn't do anything	The state of the s		ä	4
Complete the anecdotes	s with the past continuous or the simp	ale past.		B 8 points
				(1 point each)
to the police or to the Life	t) my arm yesterday. I	(look) fo	r something	1 2
in the cabinets in the kil	chen. I (stand) on a	chair, and	1	3
	off the chair.			4
. Last Sunday, Lee	(drive) in the country, and	he	-	5 6
(not notice) a dog in the	middle of the road. Luckily, he		(stop) his	7
car in time, so he		(7)	100/40-00	
	Look Mild M			0
	(1)			8
		ontinuous.		
C Read the situations. Wri	te follow-up questions with the past c			C 6 points
	te follow-up questions with the past c			
C Read the situations. Wri wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fas sike last weekend.			C 6 points
C Read the situations. Wri wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wes	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fas sike last weekend. re you going fest ?	t lifts	omething	C 6 points (2 points each
C Read the situations. Wri wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wes	to follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fas like last weekend. Ye you going fast ? work. 3. A I burned my	t lift s	omething	C 6 points (2 points each
C Read the situations. Wri wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wes	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fas sike last weekend. re you going fest ?	t lift s	omething	C 6 points
C Read the situations. Write wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my back at B. That's too bad.	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fast wike last weekend. re you going fest ? work. 3. A I burned my #### ##############################	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C 6 points (2 points each
C Read the situations. Write wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my back at B. That's too bad.	te follow-up questions with the past cowork cook something √go fastoike last weekend. **E you going fast ** **Work.** 3. A I burned my B ? on the stove e garden. 4. A Julie had a common continuous	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fast olike last weekend. re you going fest ? work. 3. A I burned my B ? on the stove e garden. 4. A Julie had a c	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen	te follow-up questions with the past cowork cook something √go fastoike last weekend. Ye you going fest ? work. 3. A I burned my B? on the stove e garden. 4. A Julie had a compare the store and the store are garden. ? B Really?	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C if points (2 points each
Read the situations. Write wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my back at B. That's too bad. A I cut my thumb in the B. How did that happen.	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fast wike last weekend. ye you going fast y work. 3. A I burned my B on the stove garden. 4. A Julie had a c B Really? ions with reflexive pronouns.	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C fi points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each)
wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen Complete the conversat	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fast wike last weekend. ye you going fast work. 3. A I burned my B on the stove garden. 4. A Julie had a c R Really? ? ions with reflexive pronouns. and by?	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C if points (2 points each
wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen Complete the conversat A Did Jeff travel to Engl B No, he went with his	te follow-up questions with the past cowork cook something of fast with last weekend. **E you going fast ** **Work.** 3. A I burned my ** **On the stove e garden.** **B Really?* ** **I burned my ** ** **On the stove e garden.** **B Really?* ** **I burned my ** ** **On the stove e garden.** **B Really?* ** **I burned my ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C fi points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each)
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen Complete the conversat A Did Jeff travel to Engl B No, he went with his p	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fast wike last weekend. ye you going fest y work. 3. A I burned my B on the stove garden. 4. A Julie had a c B Really? ? ions with reflexive pronouns. and by? parents. s playing soccer yesterday.	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C fi points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each)
wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West I. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen O Complete the conversat I. A Did Jeff travel to Engl B No, he went with his p 2. A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fast wike last weekend. ye you going fast work. 3. A I burned my B on the stove garden. 4. A Julie had a c R Really? ? ions with reflexive pronouns. and by? parents. s playing soccer yesterday.	t lift s self this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each 2
C Read the situations. Write wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my back at B Oh, no! West. 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen. D Complete the conversat. A Did Jeff travel to Engl. B No, he went with his 2. A I fell down when I was B Oh, did you hurt. 3. A What's wrong with your service of the conversation.	te follow-up questions with the past cowork cook something of fast work. Something of fast work. 3. A I burned my something on the stove on the stove segarden. 4. A Julie had a comparents. 5. B Really? 1. Signs with reflexive pronouns. 1. Signs with reflexive pronouns. 2. Signs with reflexive pronouns. 3. A I burned my something on the stove on th	t lift s	omething orning.	C fi points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each)
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen 1. A Did Jeff travel to Engl B No, he went with his j 2. A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something √go fast wike last weekend. ye you going fast work. 3. A I burned my B on the stove garden. 4. A Julie had a c Really? ions with reflexive pronouns. and by? parents. s playing soccer yesterday. ur hand? while I was making breakfast	t lift s	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each 2
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen D Complete the conversat 1. A Did Jeff travel to Engl B No, he went with his conversat 2. A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt 3. A What's wrong with you	te follow-up questions with the past c work cook something of fast wike last weekend. **E you going fast work. 3. A I burned my # on the stove garden. 4. A Julie had a c **B Really? **In the store of the store ## parents. ## pa	t lift s	omething orning.	C # points each 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each) 1 2

Ò

-	knee nose	thumb	
face	hand	leg	
1	3.	5	135
2	4	6,	2 4 6
F Read each story and check I. I was running to a bus stop day, and I wasn't paying att ran into this woman. She fe her purse spilled all over the	the other 3 ention, so I Il down, and	I bought some expensive tickets for a football game, but I forgot about the The day after the game, I remembere	n.
I bet that was boring. Oh, no! That's terrible. Boy. you were lucky.	sidewaik.	them. Oh, that sounds nice. Did you enjoy the game? 1 bet you were upset.	
2. I saw a friend in a restauran and sat down at her table. I to her for about a minute w I didn't know her! She wasn Wow! How embarrassing I bet she didn't notice. I hear it's a nice place.	was talking ben I realized t my friend!	I took a taxi home from the airport. To driver put one of my bags in the from seat. When I got home, I forgot about the bag, and he drove away with it. Oh, no! Did you get it back? I bet you were really happy. Wow! That's really funny.	
Something nice happened of was with my girlfriend expensive restaurant. We were our birthdays — both our birthdays — both our birthdays, whooleing at the menus, a cell p was the guy next to us. When h conversation, he and his wife away, paid the bill, and left the few minutes later, the owner of	in a really free celebrating at asys are in the hile we were his one rang. It not be finished his every got up right at restaurant. A	hen check () the correct answers, me to our table. He asked if we wanted a se dinner. The meal was from the people the next table. They had to leave because ey had an emergency, and they didn't we time to eat anything. It was this really the time to eat anything. It was this really to big meal for two people – salad, ateals, erything. So we had a delicious dinner, d we didn't have to pay for it! — Rick Holden	G 8 points (2 points each)
I. Rick and his girlfriend's birt are the same day the same year the same week	hdays 3	The other customers didn't eat their meal because they didn't like it it was too expensive they had to leave	1 3
 When the cell phone rang, I his girlfriend were □ leaving the restaurant □ eating their meal 	Rick and 4	Rick and his girlfriend didn't the meal. order eat	2 2 4 Total:

Unit 10 Quiz	Name:	Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:	Section
A Listen to the telephone	e conversations, Check (🗸) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1	Conversation 2	(2 points each)
Amy wants her Mom to come home right now go to the supermarket buy something else	give dinner to his cat	1 3
2. Amy's Mom interrupts to _	☐ ask about hotels	2 4
B Complete the conversation († = more; ↓ = less).	ns with the comparative forms of the adjectives	8 8 points (I point each)
I. A E-cards are	(† fun) than regular cards.	I.A
B Yeah, but real cards are	(† nice).	B
2. A E-mail is	(‡ expensive) than regular mail.	2.4
B I know. It's	(↑ fast), too.	B
 A I don't like to send text i phone call. 	messages. It's († easy) to make a	3. A
B But sometimes it's	(† convenient) to just send a message.	B
4. A Do you think letters are	(† good) than e-mail?	4.4
B Yes. I like them because	they're(† personal).	В
Example: I get a lot of voice	sentences with the words in parentheses, -mail messages. I don't get a lot of text messages. (fewer) st-messages than voice-mail messages.	C 10 points (2 points each)
1. Judy gets 20 phone calls a	day, Janet gets 15 phone calls a day, (more)	1
I spend a lot of time on the phone. (less)	e phone. My brother doesn't spend a lot of time on the	2
My parents didn't send ma (more)	any e-mails two years ago. They send a lot of e-mails now.	3
Last year, I wrote one or tw year, (fewer)	vo letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a	4

5. Beth talks on the phone a lot. Marie doesn't talk on the phone very much. (less)

1. Can you hear me?	phone conversations.	D 6 points (1 point each)
i, can you nem me:	a. You're not easy to get hold of, either.)
2. Did you get my message?	b. Sure. Are you at the office?	2
3. Could I speak to Jack, please?	c. Not really. We have a bad connection.	3
4. You're hard to reach,	d. Yeah, I think so. When did you leave it?	4
5. Please leave a message.	e. Uh, I'm sorry. You have the wrong number.	5
6. Call me back, OK?	f. Hi, Josh! This is Marjorie.	6
2. Steve Hello. Sarah Hi, Steve. It's Sarah. Do yo Steve I spilled something You were saying son OK, Where were we Uh-oh. Can you exc	to a movie tonight? aying? oor d. nere's a good one at the Cineplex su have a minute? It's about Marsha's birthday. on my pants nething about Marsha's birthday.	E 8 points (1 point each) 1 2
F Read the article. Then check (✓) t	true or false for each statement.	F 10 points (2 points each
INSTANT MESSAGING	G GETTING RIGGER	
INSTANT MESSAGING Instant Messaging (IM) isn't just a hob bored teenagers anymore. Here are so interesting facts about IM use in the U States today: • Young people still use IM much more their parents. However, about 40% of Internet users use IM software. • In one survey, 27% of IM users say the send instant messages at work. IM user the workplace is more and more pos (up more than 70% last year).	by for Almost 30% of IM users say that IM is more important for them than e-mail. That is, they send more instant messages than e-mails every day. e than Nearly 25% of IM users send messages to people in the same location, such as in a home. For example, a teenager in his bedroom could send a message to his father in the living room.	I

Unit 11 Quiz	Name: Teacher Scering
QUIZ	Date:
A Listen to the people talk al Check (✓) the correct answers	bout their friends from high school. A 8 points (2 points each)
Conversation 1	
In high school, Steve didn't play the drums wear dark clothes have short hair	Conversation 2 3. In the photo, Maureen 1 3 has short hair is in a black sweater is wearing cornrows
2. These days, Steve has a mustache is weird wears glasses	4. Maureen these days.
B Circle the correct words.	B 4 points
1. A Who's the girl next to / wen	ring the red suit?
B That's Gina.	
2. A Who's Jennifer?	2
B She's the woman in / with a	short red hair.
3. A Who's that guy next to Lisa?	3
B You mean the one by / In th	he blue shirt? That's Greg.
4. A Which one is Dan?	4
B He's over there, by / standir	ng the window.
C Write questions for the answe	ers. Use the words in parentheses.
Example: A What color is let B It's black.	hny's hair ? (Jenny's hair)
I. A	? (your father) 1
B He's five foot eleven inches.	
2. A	- 2 (you and your sister) 2
B No, we look totally different	t.
3. A	? (Sally / brown eyes) 3
B No, she has blue eyes.	
4. A	? (Jeff) 4
B He looks like his father,	
D Circle the correct words.	D 6 points (1 point each)
1. Tom wears his hair in a ponyta	
 Who's the muscular / long guy T-shirt? 	y in the 5. Who's the woman with tall / curly hair? 2 5
3. Ken has shaved / spiked hair.	6. Sandra has pierced / long fingernails. 3 6

write seniences with naive got. Use contractions where poss		(2 points each)
Example: I've got straight hair	(I / straight hair)	the proteins called
1		1
2	? (who / a mustache)	2
3	(you / a nice smile)	3
3	(he / a shaved head)	4
F Complete the conversations. Use expressions like those in t	he box.	F 8 points (2 points each:
what's his / her name what do you call it / them what do y	you call that / those	
A Do you remember when all the boys had — haircut? You know, the really short one with the flat top?		1
B Oh, do you mean the crew cut? Yeah, everybody had that	in the '50s.	
2. A Who was that actress with the red hair -	7	2
She was really funny, and she and her husband had their	own TV show.	
B You mean Lucille Ball. Yeah, she was funny.		
3. A Those pants are back in style.	7 They're	3
narrow around the knee and wide around the ankle. Peop	ple wore them in the '70s.	
B Oh, bell-bottoms? No! You're kidding!		
A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe.	7	4
B Oh, sure. That's Joe DiMaggio.		
G Read the e-mail message. Then circle the correct answers.		G 8 points © points each
Select Bayle State of Front Print		
Hey Erica,	in the	
Thanks so much for picking up Brad and Alicia for me at the airport tomorrow busy at work until 7:00, at least.		
You already have the flight information. Just be sure to be on time. You know early.		
You don't know Brad and Alicia, so here's a brief description. (Of course, you with "BRAD AND ALICIA" on It, but you probably don't want to do that.) Anyw	can always carry a big sign sy, here goes:	
Brad is about 5 foot 8 inches tall, with short dark hair and a mustache. He's Alicia is about 5 foot 10. She's very thin. She has straight brown hair. She as braids.	muscular and a little heavy, metimes wears her hair in	
Thanks again for your help. I'll see you at my apartment around 8:00. Can yo	ou have dinner with us?	
Carly	3	1
	-	2
 Erica needs to be on time / get the flight information. 		3
2. Brad is shorter / thinner than Alicia.		4
3. Alicia has long / curly hair.		Total:
4. Carly is going to meet Erica at the alrport / at her apartme	nt.	out of 5
		STATE AND BUILDING

Unit 12 Quiz Name:		Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ Date:		section
A 🎤 Listen to the people talk about their plans for the summe	r.	A 8 points
Circle the correct answers.		(2 points each)
Conversation 1		
 Pete wants to take it easy / look for a job this summer. 		1
Megan is going to work / take a class this summer.		2
Conversation 2		
3. Linda is going to move / start graduate school in the summe	r.	3
4. Linda wants to live by herself / in a house.		4
B Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Use the or the future with will. Use contractions where possible.	simple present	B 10 points (2 points each)
After I (graduate) in June, I guess I	(look for)	1
a fob.		
2. John (travel) around Asia this summer if	he	2
(not have to) work for the family firm.		
3. If Beth (not get) excellent grades, she		3
(not be able to) go to medical school.		
4. Before we (have) children, we	(buy) a	4
bigger house.		
5. Sandra thinks she (move) to Florida whe	en she	5
(retire) next April.		
C Write new sentences with a similar meaning. Use the words i	n parentheses.	C 10 points
Example: If I have the money, I might travel around the world	next year.	(2 points each)
If I have the money, maybe 191 travel around t	the world next year .	
(maybe / will)		
1. Jim is going to be 38 in August.		1
	(will)	
2. 1 guess I'll go to graduate school in the fall.		2
	(may)	
If it rains tomorrow, I probably won't go running.		3
	(might not)	
We may have enough money to travel around Europe for a m	onth.	4
	(maybe / will)	
Sue's not happy at work, so she may look for another job.		5,
	(will / probably)	

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T-176 • Unit 12 Quiz

		pp.	h		
helps sick people	works in an o		builds houses		
1.	3		5	_	135
2.	4.		6,		246
Match the comments v a promise. Circle the c I really want to go to th	orrect answer.	. Then decide if n't worry, I won		an offer or	E 8 points (1 point each)
beach today, but I can't I don't have a car.	t. be	late.			
We don't have anything to drink for the party.		problem. I'll ge m at the drugst		Promise	2
 Don't forget. Our dinner reservation at the resta is for 8 p.m. 		at's OK. I'll drive). Offer	Promise	3
 If we go on a camping we'll need insect repell and a first-aid kit. 	ent sod	. I'll bring some la.	Offer	Promise	4
	Jobs in th	ne Future			(2 points each)
that there will be some major	re? No one knows but everyone agrees	people may ch before they sto • People will ne- job, but a colle	ange their careers in p working. ed an education to ge ge education won't b	d a good e enough.	(2 points each)
be like in the future scally, of course, that there will be some maje some predictions. There will be more older pworkplace. Why? There will people in the U.S. populat workers will retire later. People will change their jo	the United States re? No one known but everyone agrees or changes. Here are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older	people may ch before they sto People will ne- job, but a colle Many college; to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, bul jobs any easier	ange their careers may be working. Ed an education to ge ge education won't be graduates will have to lore training, especial continue to change to trobably won't me. Workers in factory is	et a good e enough. o go back lly if they the ake obs will	(2 points each)
be like in the future acatly, of course, that there will be some maje some predictions. There will be more older provide workplace. Why? There we people in the U.S. populate workers will retire later. People will change their joint manner all now for people to big career changes in their	the United States re? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Here are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older obs more often. It's make one or two r lives. In the future,	people may ch before they sto People will ne job, but a colle Many college a to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, but jobs any easier need more skil understand ho	ange their careers may p working, ed an education to gr ge education won't b graduates will have to lore training, especial ill continue to change tit probably won't m . Workers in factory ills because they will ill w to use new techno	d a good e enough. o go back illy if they the ake obs will have to	(2 points each)
be like in the future scally, of course, that there will be some maje some predictions. There will be more older pworkplace. Why? There will people in the U.S. populat workers will retire later. People will change their junormal now for people to big career changes in their Everyone thinks there	the United States re? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Here are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older obs more often. It's make one or two r lives. In the future, will be important of	people may ch before they sto People will ne- job, but a colle Many college; to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, bu jobs any easier need more skil understand ho	ange their careers may p working, ed an education to gr ge education won't b graduates will have to lore training, especial ill continue to change tit probably won't m . Workers in factory ills because they will ill w to use new techno	d a good e enough. o go back illy if they the ake obs will have to	(2 points each)
be like in the future scally, of course, that there will be some major some predictions: There will be more older proposed in the U.S. populate workers will retire later. People will change their program and pow for people to big career changes in their there. There will be more you	the United States re? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Flere are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older thes more often. It's make one or two r lives. In the future, will be important of ting people in the v	people may ch before they sto People will ne- job, but a colle Many college; to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, bu jobs any easier need more skil understand ho	ange their careers may p working, ed an education to gr ge education won't b graduates will have to lore training, especial ill continue to change tit probably won't m . Workers in factory ills because they will ill w to use new techno	d a good e enough. o go back illy if they the ake obs will have to	
be like in the future scally, of course, that there will be some major some predictions: There will be more older proposed in the U.S. populate workers will retire later. People will change their jointmal now for people to big career changes in their Everyone thinks there. There will be more you. Most older people will	he United States re? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Flere are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older obs more often. It's make one or two tives. In the future, will be important of ang people in the v retire sooner.	people may ch before they sto People will ne job, but a colle Many college a to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, but jobs any easier need more skil understand ho changes in the U workplace.	ange their careers may working, ed an education to grige education won't be graduates will have to continue to change to the probably won't me. Workers in factory is because they will it we to use new technoon.	d a good e enough. o go back illy if they the ake obs will have to	1
be like in the future scally, of course, that there will be some maje some predictions. There will be more older pworkplace. Why? There will people in the U.S. population workers will retire later. People will change their journal now for people to big career changes in their Everyone thinks there. There will be more you. Most older people will. These days, people oft.	he United States re? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Here are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older obs more often. It's make one or two r lives. In the future, will be important o ting people in the v retire sooner. en change their ca	people may ch before they sto People will ne- job, but a colle Many college; to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, bu jobs any easier need more skil understand ho changes in the U workplace.	ange their careers may working, ed an education to grige education won't be graduates will have to continue to change to the probably won't me. Workers in factory is because they will it we to use new technoon.	d a good e enough. o go back illy if they the ake obs will have to	1
be like in the future scally, of course, that there will be some major some predictions: There will be more older proposed in the U.S. populate workers will retire later. People will change their proposed in the proposed in the proposed in the proposed in the U.S. populate workers will retire later. People will change their proposed in their propose	the United States re? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Here are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older obs more often. It's make one or two tives. In the future, will be important of the people in the v retire sooner, en change their ca till be less important	people may ch before they sto People will ne job, but a colle Many college to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, but jobs any easier need more skil understand ho changes in the U workplace.	ange their careers may working, ed an education to ge ge education won't be graduates will have to core training, especial if continue to change tit probably won't me. Workers in factory ils because they will have to use new technoof. J.S. workplace,	d a good e enough. o go back illy if they the ake obs will have to	1 2 3
be like in the future scally, of course, that there will be some maje some predictions: There will be more older properties. Why? There will be more older properties workers will retire later. People will change their jointmal now for people to big career changes in their level. Everyone thinks there. There will be more you. Most older people will. These days, people oft. A college education will. College graduates will.	he United States re? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Here are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older obs more often. It's make one or two r lives. In the future, will be important of ting people in the w retire sooner, en change their ca fill be less important probably need to y	people may che before they sto People will nee job, but a colle Many college a to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, but jobs any easier need more skil understand ho changes in the U workplace. Teens once or twist. The school for a to school for a changes in the U workplace.	ange their careers may working, ed an education to ge ge education won't be graduates will have to core training, especial if continue to change tit probably won't me. Workers in factory ils because they will have to use new technoof. J.S. workplace,	d a good e enough. o go back illy if they the ake obs will have to	1
be like in the future scally, of course, that there will be some major some predictions: There will be more older proposed in the U.S. populate workers will retire later. People will change their proposed in the proposed in the proposed in the proposed in the U.S. populate workers will retire later. People will change their proposed in their propose	he United States re? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Here are people in the fill be fewer young tion, and older obs more often. It's make one or two r lives. In the future, will be important or ting people in the v retire sooner, en change their ca ill be less important probably need to y it a lot easier to wo	people may che before they sto People will nee job, but a colle Many college; to school for a change jobs. Technology wi workplace, but jobs any easier need more skil understand ho changes in the U workplace. reers once or twit. go back to school ork in a factory.	ange their careers may working, ed an education to ge ge education won't be graduates will have to core training, especial if continue to change tit probably won't me. Workers in factory ils because they will have to use new technoof. J.S. workplace,	d a good e enough. o go back illy if they the ake obs will have to	1 2 3

Test 1	Name:			Teacher Scoring
1631 1	Date:			section
A Tim is talking with Check (✓) true or false	a clerk in a tourist office. Listen to for each statement.	the conversa	tion.	A 6 points (2 points each)
		True	False	
 You can go shopping is 				1
2. Old Town is within wal	king distance of the tourist office.			2
Tim asks for directions				3
t. The tourist office is on	Beach Street,			4
B Martin and Vicky a the correct answers.	re talking about the weekend. Liste	n and check	(/)	B fi points (2 points each)
 How long is the jazz fe From 9 a.m. to 6 p. From 10 a.m. to 4 p. 	n. 🗆 Buy sa	ortin plannin ndwiches the some extra fo	ere.	L 3
2. What does Vicky ask at The musicians. The food.	☐ She's n		lo on Saturday? azz festival.	2 4
C Complete the convers	ations with the correct form of the	verbs in pare	ntheses.	C 6 points (I point each)
L. A. Can you				1.4
	(watch) basketball gar	nes on TV.		B
	(learn) French?			2.4
	ot interested in(s	udy) anothe	rlanguage	H
	(tell) me how to get to the		Hr.	3.4
B Sorry, 1 m not very g	ood at (give) direct	tions.		В
Circle the correct resp	onses.			D 4 points (I point each)
L. A I'm a big soccer fan.				1
B I am too. / Me neith	er.			
2. A 1 can't stand game s	nows.			2.
B I can too, / I can't ei				
3. A I love movies.				3
B I am too. / Me too.				*
 A I hate vegetables. B I do too. / Me neith. 				4
B 1 do too. / Me heith	IE.			

Use contractions	nversation with the siz where possible.		(I point each)
		(do) to stay healthy, Kate?	L
Tate Well, actually.	usually	(not think) about my health	2
very much, bu	t right now I	(try) to lose some weight.	3,
an So. v	01) (6	neat) a lot of fruit and vegetables these days?	4
Care Ves. fruit and	vegetables, and no jur	nk food. But it's not easy.	
	nd I both	(love) junk food.	5
,	all		Fanction
Circle the correct	words.		F 6 points (1 point each)
. I have a terrible t	oothache / cough / fe	ever. I guess I need to go to a dentiat.	1
	really well in science. ogy / geometry class.	. This year he was the best student in his	2
	ns or soap operas very to movies / watch TV	y much. Anyway, I almost never V.	3
Re anobbeng , Re		ake / go / turn a right at the next corner	4
	rate principles a stood see		-
i. It's easy to get to b. The kids usually They love to wea	have a lot of fun on H r costumes and go tri		5
. It's easy to get to . The kids usually They love to wea . I really like folk i	have a lot of fun on H r costumes and go tri		6
 It's easy to get to The kids usually They love to wea I really like folk the Rolling Stone Complete the co 	have a lot of fun on H r costumes and go tri country / rock music es, Elton John,	ick-or-treating. c from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, ag to and the words in parentheses.	
i. It's easy to get to i. The kids usually They love to wea i. I really like folk in the Rolling Stone G Complete the co Use indirect objects Example: A What	have a lot of fun on Har costumes and go tri country / rock music es, Elton John, enversations. Use goin ect pronouns in the a	ck-or-treating, c from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, ag to and the words in parentheses. nswers. 269 (you / buy) your son for his graduation?	6 G 12 points
i. It's easy to get to i. The kids usually They love to wea ii. I really like folk i the Rolling Stone G Complete the co Use indirect obj Example: A What Bl'w L. A	have a lot of fun on Har costumes and go tri country / rock music es, Elton John enversations. Use goin ect pronouns in the act over you going to b going to buy him (ck-or-treating, c from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, ag to and the words in parentheses. nswers. 244y (you / buy) your son for his graduation? (buy) a watch. (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday?	G 12 points (2 points each
i. It's easy to get to i. The kids usually They love to wea i. I really like folk in the Rolling Stone G Complete the co Use indirect object Example: A What B J'ea. B Yes,	have a lot of fun on Har costumes and go tri country / rock music es, Elton John, enversations. Use goin ect pronouns in the act over you going to b going to buy him (ck-or-treating, c from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, ag to and the words in parentheses. nswers. 244y (you / buy) your son for his graduation? (buy) a watch. (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday? (get) some CDs.	G 12 points (2 points each
i. It's easy to get to i. The kids usually They love to wea i. I really like folk in the Rolling Stone G Complete the co Use indirect obje Example: A What B J'm. I. A B Yes, 2. A What	have a lot of fun on Har costumes and go tri country / rock music es, Elton John, enversations. Use goin ect pronouns in the act are you going to b going to buy him (ck-or-treating, c from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, ag to and the words in parentheses. nswers. 244 (you / buy) your son for his graduation? (buy) a watch. (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday? (get) some CDs. (Anne / cook) you for your birthday?	G 12 points (2 points each
The kids usually They love to wea They love to	have a lot of fun on Har costumes and go tri country / rock music es, Elton John, enversations. Use goin ect pronouns in the act going to buy him (ck-or-treating, c from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, ag to and the words in parentheses. nswers. 244y (you / buy) your son for his graduation? (buy) a watch. (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday? (get) some CDs. (Anne / cook) you for your birthday? (take) out for dinner.	G 12 points (2 points each)
i. It's easy to get to i. The kids usually They love to wea i. I really like folk in the Rolling Stone G Complete the co Use indirect obje Example: A What B Yes, B Nothing. 3. A What for their anni	have a lot of fun on Har costumes and go tri country / rock music es, Elton John enversations. Use goin ect pronouns in the acception of the local point of th	ck-or-treating, c from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, ag to and the words in parentheses. nswers. 244 (you / buy) your son for his graduation? (buy) a watch. (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday? (get) some CDs. (Anne / cook) you for your birthday?	6 G 12 points (2 points each) 1. A B 2. A

H Circle the correct words to complete the conversation		H 6 points (1 point each)
A Excuse me. Is / Are there any coffee shops around her		L
B Yes. There are one / some on State Street. I like the Bu:		2
It's on State, between / next to a big supermarket.		3
A Oh, and is there a / any gas station near here?		4
B Yes, there's one / any on Randall Road. Just go straight	ahead for three blocks.	5
It's across / on the corner of Randall and Adams.		6
Write the conversations using the words in parenthese	es. Follow the example.	1 8 points
Example: A What do you do if you get a bad cou B If I get a bad cough, I take medicine	gh_? (if / get a bad cough)	(2 points each)
		1:4
B	. (go to a doctor)	11
L. A	? (if / get really tired)	2.1
В	. (take α nap)	<i>y</i>
Circle the correct determiners.		J 4 points (1 point each)
. All / All of high school students study a foreign langua	ge.	1
2. A few / A few of my friends are taking French and Span	nish.	2
. A lot / A lot of Bill's classmates are going to college ner	kt year.	3
. However, no / none of them did well on their exams.		4
Complete the conversation with was, were, or did. Use where necessary.	capital letters	K 6 points (1 point each)
Janer Whereyou born, Mario?		1
Mario I born in Chile.		2
Janet Really? That's cool, How long you live	e there?	3
Mario Until I 18. Then we came here to Los		4
		5
Janetyou learn English in Chile?		

Example: A Listen to this song. Do you know it ? B Oh, sure. That's "Daydream Believer," Everybody knows that song. 1. A Listen to this band – the Maniacs. I think they're great. Do you like ? B Sure. Almost likes the Maniacs. 2. A Listen. This is Garth Brooks. Do you know ? B Yeah, he's a country singer knows Garth Brooks. 3. A I love rap. Do you like, too?	1. A B 2. A
1. A Listen to this band – the Maniacs. I think they're great. Do you like? B Sure, Almost likes the Maniacs. 2. A Listen. This is Garth Brooks. Do you know? B Yeah, he's a country singer knows Garth Brooks. 3. A I love rap. Do you like, too?	8
B Sure, Almost likes the Maniacs. 2. A Listen. This is Garth Brooks. Do you know ? B Yeah, he's a country singer, knows Garth Brooks. 3. A Hove rap. Do you like , too?	8
2. A Listen. This is Garth Brooks. Do you know? B Yeah, he's a country singer knows Garth Brooks. 3. A Hove rap. Do you like, too?	
B Yeah, he's a country singerknows Garth Brooks. 3. A Hove rap. Do you like, too?	
3. A Hove rap. Do you like, too?	B
We did not be did to the control of	3/
B Yeah, 1 do. But in my family likes it very much.	В
M Read the first part of each conversation. Check (√) the best response to sound friendly and encourage the people to continue talking.	M 5 points (1 point each
L. A So are you a big rock music fan?	1
B ☐ Yeah, but my sister isn't. ☐ Not really. Are you? ☐ No, I'm not.	
2. A Do you have any hobbies? B	2
☐ No. Hobbies are boring. ☐ No, I'm not very mechanical. ☐ Um, no. I don't have much time for hobbies.	
3. A I don't feel well.	3
B ☐ I'm sorry. What's wrong? ☐ Yeah, I know. I got a cold yesterday. ☐ Well, I feel terrible!	
4. A Do you want to go to the Cinco de Mayo celebration on Thursday?	4
B No. I don't speak Spanish. It depends. What is it exactly? No. It's going to rain Thursday.	
5. A 1'd like to go to that new Italian restaurant tonight.	5
B	

N 8 points (2 points each)

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THE STUDENT TIMES

The Student Times interviewed Diana Walker, the new senior class president. We asked her about her studies, her hobbies, and her plans for the coming year. Here's what she said.

Student Times: What are your favorite classes? And what classes don't you like?

Diana Walkers Well, I love history and Mr. Thompson's literature class. Everybody likes his classes, right! And classes I don't like? I guess that's physics -I'm terrible at physics.

ST: Do you have any hobbies!

DW: Yeah, I'm into nature, actually. I like to go hiking and bird-watching with my friends.

ST: What about music? Do you play a musical instrument?

DW: Well, not really. I played the piano when I was a lod, but then I stopped. I enjoy listening to music, of course.

ST: Do you have any plans as class president! I mean, are you going to make any changes?

DW: Well, I'm just starting the job now, so I don't know yet. But this is going to be an interesting year. Why don't you come back and interview me again next month! I'll know better then.

ī.	Diana Walker is interviewing the senior class president.	True	False	1
2	Diana Walker likes all of her classes.			2
3.	Diana Walker doesn't play the piano now.			3
4.	Diana Walker is planning to make a lot of changes.			4.

O Read the article. Then read about the people and their habits. Which habits are belpful for sleep? Check (✓) the four people with the helpful habits. O 8 points (2 points each)

Are You Getting Enough ?

Everybody sleeps, but many people don't get enough sleep for their health. In recent surveys, 60% of Americans reported problems with their sleep at least one or two nights a week. If you are having problems with your sleep, here are some things you can do.

- Exercise regularly. Regular exercise helps you sleep, but don't exercise right before you go to bed. Your body needs time to slow down.
- Don't read, study, or watch TV in bed. Think about your bed as a place just for sleeping. That way when you go to bed, you will probably fall asleep right away!
- Don't have coffee or tea after 7 p.m. And remember to be careful
 of soda, because many of them will keep you awake, too.
- Control eating late in the day. It's OK to have a light snack, but don't eat a big meal.
- If you feel stressed at bedtime, turn off the lights and listen to relaxing music for a while. Or just lie there and imagine you are in a quiet, peaceful place.

	Barbara likes to go jogging at night – around 9 p.m.
	Ron doesn't drink coffee or tea after dinner.
	At bedtime, Alicia turns off the light and tries to think about nice things.
	Jane usually gets home from work late and eats a big dinner.
	Jerry often does his homework in bed.
	Maria loves soda. She drinks it all day and night.
	Jack exercises every afternoon.
n	Pam has an early dinner, and she usually doesn't eat after that.

2. ___ 3. ___ 4. ___

111111 /	Name:			Teacher Scoring
Test 2	Date:			Section
A Alice is calling a re Check (/) the correct	estaurant. Listen to the telephor answers.	ne cor	nversation.	A 8 points (2 points each
Alice is calling the res talk with Alberto find something make a reservation	ok	1	't	1, 3,
2. Alice feels hungry embarrassed worried	□ ear	estaur dy 7:00 9:00	ant is going to close	2 4
B	ding a break at work. Listen to the for each sentence.	neir co	onversation.	8 8 points (2 points each)
1 Bill competence set	Tr	ue	False	
Bill sometimes takes a		1		1
2. Liz is going to go runz				2
Liz doesn't usually go	- July and a second position of			3 4
C Complete the conver-	sation. Use the simple present, to in parentheses. Use contraction	the pr	esent continuous, or nere possible.	C S points (1 point each)
	r semester			i_
Mona Not very well, act	(2)	e) five	e classes this semester.	2,
It's a lot. I	(not have) time to			3
Tonyyou		ate) i	n lune?	4
(5)	(not think) so. Maybe i	n Sep	tember.	5,
D Tim is going on a cam Write the words in the	ping trip, and a friend gives him correct order to make suggesti	n som	e advice.	D 3 points (I point each)
1. (flashlight / to / with	don't / take / a / batteries / for	get)		1
	lent / you / insect / some)			2
2. (should / pack / repel				

	(2 points each
Use need + the infinitive for reasons and Is it + adjective for questions. Example: AI need to go online to get a hotel room.	
(go online / get a hotel room)	
B Is it important to make a reservation early ?	
(important / make a reservation early)	
1. A	1.4
(call a travel agent / ask about public transportation)	
B?	B
(easy / get around)	
(get a phrase book / learn some expressions)	2.4
(get a phrase book / learn some expressions)	
nger a primate a south a series and a series a	B
В?	
(necessary / understand the language)	
F Write answers to the questions. Put the adjectives in parentheses in the	F 6 points
correct order, and use one or ones.	(2 points each
Example: A Which armchair do you like?	
B I like the large brown one (brown / large)	
1. A Which dress do you like?	1
B (green / pretty)	
2. A Which curtains would you like?	2
B	
3. A Which table do you want?	3
B	
G Read the pairs of sentences. Write a sentence with the same meaning	G 6 points
using the word in parentheses.	(2 points eac
Example: I make a lot of calls from my office. I don't make many calls from my home.	
I make move phone calls from my office than from my home . (more)	
1. I use a cell phone a lot. Frank doesn't use a cell phone very much.	1
. (more)	
We don't spend much time online. Our kids spend a lot of time online.	2
. (less)	
3. You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages.	3
(fewer)	

H Maria is asking Judy to describe Steve. Write the questions for the answers.	H 6 points
Example: Maria Do Steve and his brother look alike ? Judy No, Steve and his brother look totally different.	(2 points each)
1. Maria ?	1
Judy He's short and thin, and he has long brown hair.	******
2. Maria, exactly?	2
Judy He's five six.	
3. Maria	3,
Judy No, his hair is curly.	
Circle the correct words.	I 4 points
I'll graduate in June if I don't / won't fail any courses.	(1) point each)
2. After I graduate / will graduate, I'll take a trip to Brazil.	1
3. When I come back from my trip, I 'Il look / look for a job.	2
4. Then I may / 'Il probably move out of my parents' house.	3
The state of the property move out of my parents nouse.	4
J Complete the conversations. Use reflexive pronouns.	J 3 points
L. A. Did you go to a movie with Paul?	(1 point each)
B No, I went by	L-
2. A What happened to Mark's leg?	2
B He was playing tennis with Liz, and he hurt	41
3. A Did you burn ?	3
B Yes. I spilled some hot water on my hand,	*-
Complete the conversations with the verbs in parentheses.	K 7 points
Use the simple past or the past continuous.	(1 point each)
Ericayou (burt) your arm, Gary?	1
Gary Yes, I (sptain) it.	2
Frica How? What	2 4
Gary 1 (paint) the house, and I (fall) off a ladder.	5 6
Strict Oughl Well at least your	
Grica Ouch! Well, at least you (not break) anything!	7,
Circle the correct words to complete the conversation.	L 6 points (1 point each)
Dave Who's / Whose keys are these? Are they your / yours, Gary?	1 2
Gary No, my / mine are in my / mine pocket, Maybe they're Anna's. She just left.	3 4
Sue Yeah, I think they're her / hers. Don't worry. She'll be right back.	5,
She probably needs them to get into her / hers car.	6
li)	M

M	Circle the best words to complete the sentences.	M 5 points (1 point each)
	Sarah is going on a business trip to Tokyo. She needs to take her	1
	tent / makeup / first-aid kit.	
2 1	We're shopping for some new furniture for the living room. Last weekend,	2
Ser.	we saw some nice nightstands / dressers / armchairs.	
	The boys were in a fight at school yesterday. Terry got / broke / hurt a black eye.	3
3,	Hello? Josh? I can't hear you. I think we have a bad message / connection / number.	4
4.	Hello? Josh? I can't hear you. I think we have a but message? Controlled to log	5
5.	Jill is the woman by / standing / wearing the red suit. She's talking to Joe.	
N	Read the situations and the beginnings of the conversations.	N 4 points
	Check (✓) the best response for each situation.	(1 point eact
1.	You're in the kitchen, and you're making lunch for a friend.	1
	Your friend is sitting in the living room next to the telephone.	
	The phone rings.	
	You Would you mind answering the phone?	
	Your friend	
	Oh, no. No problem.	
	☐ The phone? It's not mine. ☐ No, go ahead.	
		2
2.	David helped a friend move some heavy furniture last weekend, and he hurt his back. He's talking with his	
	friend lanice.	
	David Treally hurt myself. I could hardly move for a couple of days.	
	Janice	
	Oh, I bet he wasn't too happy.	
	Ob, no! Are you better now?	
	☐ Wow. That was lucky.	
3	Bill loves to go to car races. Matt went with him a few	3-
	weeks ago, and he had an awful time.	
	Bill There's another race this Saturday. Do you want to go?	
	Matt	
	☐ That sounds great. Let's go! ☐ What time does it start?	
	☐ Uh, I guess we could, but	
	. Cathy and Judy are planning a big party at Judy's	4
4	apartment. Suddenly, Judy thinks of something	
	they forgot.	
	Judy Oh, no! I just realized - there aren't enough places for people to sit. Cathy Don't worry.	
	☐ I'll sit on the couch.	
	☐ I'll bring some chairs.	
	☐ I won't forget. I promise!	
	Photocopiable © Cambridge University Press	Tes
	The state of the s	

Complete the conversation with the compa (↑ = more; ↓ = less).		O 5 points (1 point each)
Rob So, how do you like your new cell phone		
III .	n your regular phone?	1
nna Well, it's a lot (†	convenient) for me because	2
I travel a lot, and it's	(† easy) to make calls anytime.	3
Rob Is it(\daggerap expensive	than your regular phone?	4
nna Well, I use my cell phone a lot, so it isn't	(† cheap) for me!	5
Read the article. Then check (🗸) the four tru	ue statements.	P 8 points (2 points each)
Slow Trip to Europe Slow travel is becoming more popular with visitors to Europe these days. A slow traveler doesn't go slowly from place to place. A slow traveler goes to only one place – and stays there for at least a week. Interesting idea, you may say, but where do you stay? Not in a hotel, respond experienced slow travelers. You need to rent a vacation home.		
are fairly easy to get, and they are usually cheaper than hotels – especially for large groups. And the trip will be even less	Of course, slow travel isn't for everyone. If you rent a house, no one will come in to make your bed and clean every day, and you might not have all the modern conveniences. Also, it can take	
advantages. Good European rental homes are fairly easy to get, and they are usually cheaper than hotels – especially for large groups. And the trip will be even less expensive because you can cook at home. But best of all, you'll have more time to	everyone. If you rent a house, no one will come in to make your bed and clean every day, and you might not have all the	
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Ne	ead the article. Then check ⟨✓⟩ true or fal	20 101 040			Q 8 points (2 points each)
	Hate Moving!				
a lo m C li p e a F	It's getting harder for me to move these ays. Why? I'm a pack rat. And I collect lot of heavy things. For instance, I have sits of books. And I have records. Most of my friends gave away their records when Ds became more popular, but I didn't instead, I got theirs. I remember my first move — from my barents' house to college. It was pretty may, I packed my clothes, my stereo, and if few books into my car — that was it! However, my last move was a nightmare. I took me weeks to pack.	Other per little box I don't. I full of di golf ball, for exam- weeks. I mov probably Will my	ople pack r es and labe When I me ifferent stu , a book, a ople – so I red here si move agai next move	o not very organize elated items into ne el them carefully, b we, my boxes are in a some clothing, and a bathroom town can't find things for years ago, and I in a couple of year be easier? I doubt lot of things in cig	at ut ull a el, for 'll rs. it.
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Критерии оценки выполнения тестов

Критерии оценки выполненных студентами тестов определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки: 85% - 100% правильных ответов – «отлично»;

66% - 84% правильных ответов – «хорошо»;

50% - 65% правильных ответов – «удовлетворительно»;

менее 50% правильных ответов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся в тестах неправильные ответы.

Методические указания к чтению и переводу дополнительных текстов

Прежде чем приступить к чтению и переводу текста необходимо предварительно ознакомиться с пояснениями к тексту.

Затем нужно прочитать внимательно весь текст до конца, чтобы познакомиться с его содержанием. Читая текст, нужно отметить все трудные места, затем разбить текст на абзацы и внимательно по предложениям начать переводить его. Если в абзаце имеются сложные предложения, следует разобраться в каждом отдельно, связывая его затем с последующим.

Предложения следует анализировать так:

а) найти подлежащее и сказуемое; б) разбить все предложение на смысловые элементы; в) перевести дословно; г) не глядя на предложение, рассказать себе простыми словами основной смысл его, д) сделать окончательный перевод, строя русское предложение согласно правилам русского языка.

Переведя предложение, следует выписывать незнакомые слова и одновременно отыскивать в словаре значение, соответствующее данному контексту.

Часто при переводе можно встретить идиомы, которые на русский язык дословно не переводятся, поэтому перевод их надо делать, либо исходя из общего смысла данного предложения, либо прибегать к помощи специального словаря. Переведя все абзацы текста, следует его еще раз прочитать, чтобы установить, хорошо ли читается перевод, понятен ли его смысл, а также обработать встречающиеся шероховатости стиля.

TEXT 1

There is something really unusual about hobbies and interests. They vary from person to person distinguishing one personality from the other. They also bring different people together, taking the mind off the monotony that sets in with the daily routine. The best thing that can happen to you is to be able to live your hobby every day, making a living out of doing what gives you a sense of pleasure and satisfaction.

Did you know that there are so many millionaires in this world, who would never have achieved what they did, if there field of success was not their hobby! Let's take an example of an application that was created as a hobby, and is now a part of everyone's life - Facebook. Do I need to tell you the rewards Mark Zuckerberg has received because of his hobby?

Many of us let go of our interests and hobbies to meet the daily demands of life; don't do that. Life is about being happy, about being able to enjoy what you do, and trust me, there are many things that people enjoy doing!

Hobbies Related to Nature

Let us begin with the activities that remind us of our natural self - hobbies related to the nature in which we live! What makes this category special is that these activities can also contribute to the environmental issues that we are facing globally. Issues, like global warming, deforestation, animal conservation, etc., may be taken care of in our own little way. Have a look at the hobbies that can help you make the earth greener and healthier.

- **♦** Recycling
- **♦** Organic farming
- **♦** Composting
- ◆ Landscape gardening
- ♦ Hydroponic gardening
- ◆ Making birdfeeders/birdhouses

- ◆ Creating art from used material
- ◆ Making recycled paper
- ◆ Animal care (volunteering at an animal shelter)

Hobbies Related to Sports and Adventure

Most people confine hobbies related to sports and adventure to men. I fail to agree. Adventure is something that every human seeks because it gives them a sense of thrill and achievement. There are various activities in this category, and each one is worth a try!

- ◆ Scuba diving
- ◆ River rafting
- **♦** Bungee jumping
- **♦** Skiing
- **♦** Trekking
- **♦** Ice skating
- **♦** Surfing
- ◆ Racing
- **♦** Gymnastics
- **♦** Hunting

TEXT 2

Creativity, to me, is another form of a true blessing! The ability to think and create something beautiful is a true art. If you have the creative spark in you, then there is nothing that can stop you from exploring your inner potential. Below is a list of hobbies that you would love to do!

- ◆ Cook foods in disguise (dishes that look something but are something else)
- **♦** Painting
- **♦** Graffiti art

- **♦** Creative writing
- ◆ Dancing/choreography
- ◆ Singing/composing music
- **♦** Sculpting
- **♦** Model building
- ◆ Interior decorating
- ◆ Jewelry-making

Hobbies Related to Computers and Technology

Almost half of the population today is tech savvy, using technology-based applications for doing half of the routine work, be it sending and receiving e-mails, educating yourself on various topics through search engines, or socializing through Facebook, Twitter, or Skype. Some of the most popular hobbies are those associated with the virtual world. The following are some examples.

- **♦** Computer games
- ◆ Video gaming
- **♦** Social networking
- ♦ Keeping virtual pets
- **♦** Creating software
- ♦ Internet browsing
- ◆ Blogging
- ◆ Building computers and robots

Observational Hobbies

Being observant is a natural skill, and a true observer is the one that notices even the minute details without making it obvious to others. These hobbies teach us a lot of things including patience, perseverance, and appreciation. The world that we live in is a marvel in itself, the beauty of which we seldom notice due to our busy schedule. These hobbies will help you think beyond your usual sphere.

- **♦** Birdwatching
- **♦** Geocaching
- **♦** Photography
- **♦** Cloud watching
- **♦** Stargazing
- **♦** People watching
- ♦ Herping (looking for reptiles)
- **♦** Amateur meteorology
- **♦** Reading

TEXT 3

Outdoor Hobbies

A hobby is something that we enjoy doing, something that relaxes our minds! While the best place to relax is home, there are many people, who define relaxing as something that is done outdoors. Below is a list of hobbies that tend to relax and refresh your mind and body in the midst of nature.

- **♦** Fishing
- **♦** Archery
- **♦** Boating
- **♦** Traveling
- **♦** Camping
- **♦** Kayaking
- ◆ Kart racing
- **♦** Golfing
- **♦** Swimming
- **♦** Skateboarding

Talking about outdoor hobbies reminds me of Ernest Hemingway and his love for fishing! Knowing the popular author and journalist that he was, he always took time out for outdoor fishing trips with his friends. He started fishing at the age of 3, and wrote many write ups, like Tuna Fishing in Spain, Trout Fishing All Across Europe: Spain Has the Best, Then Germany. His first novel published in 1952, The Old Man and the Sea, was also based on the life of an old fisherman.

Indoor Hobbies

Have you come across this situation at home, when your brother wants to play soccer on a Sunday morning but your sister wants to stay at home and play cards? For some people, the ultimate way to refresh their minds and relax, is not by doing something out in the open, but something within the coziness of the indoors. Like I said, not all of us are the same!

- **♦** Playing cards
- ◆ Tarot card reading
- ◆ Playing board games
- ♦ Watching movies
- **♦** Cubing
- **♦** Bowling
- **♦** Billiards
- ◆ Ping pong/table tennis
- **♦** Pottery

TEXT 4

Why I Love New York

By Regis St Louis, Author

I've lived in NY since 2001, and I'm excited about how green the city has become in recent years. The <u>Brooklyn Bridge Park</u> in my neighborhood, the High Line, the <u>Hudson River Park</u>, the growing number of farmers markets around town, the new CitiBike program, Bloomberg's plant-a-million-trees campaign: New York is no longer 'the concrete jungle' of yesteryear. Culturally speaking, it's an exciting time to be in <u>New York</u>, with the arrival of new theaters, cultural centers and sporting arenas (Theatre for a New Audience, BRIC, Barclays Center). I also feel fortunate to be here during the Brooklyn renaissance, when there's so much creativity in the air.

Nexus of the Arts

The Met, the MoMA and the Guggenheim are just the beginning of a dizzying list of art-world icons. You'll find museums devoted to everything from fin de siècle Vienna to immigrant life in the Lower East Side, and sprawling galleries filled with Japanese sculpture, postmodern American painting, Himalayan textiles and New York City lore. For a glimpse of current and future greats, delve into the cutting-edge galleries of Chelsea and the Lower East Side, with their myriad exhibition spaces, and festive opening-night parties (usually Thursday night if you want to join in).

The Night Is Young

When the sun sinks slowly beyond the <u>Hudson</u> and luminous skyscrapers light up the night, New York transforms into one grand stage. Well-known actors take to the legendary theaters of Broadway as world-class soloists, dancers and musicians perform at venues large and small across town. Whether high culture or low, <u>New York</u> embraces it all: in-your-face rock shows at Williamsburg dives, lavish opera productions at the <u>Lincoln Center</u>, and everything in between. This is a city of experimental theater, improv comedy, indie cinema, ballet, poetry readings, burlesque, world music, jazz and so much more. If you can dream it up, it's probably happening in NYC.

Urban Wanderers

With its compact size and streets packed with eye-candy of all sorts – architectural treasures, old-world cafes, atmospheric booksellers and curiosity shops – NYC is an urban wanderer's delight. Crossing continents is as easy as walking over a few avenues in this jumbled city of 200-plus nationalities. You can lose yourself in the crowds of Chinatown amid brightly painted Buddhist temples, steaming noodle shops and fragrant fishmongers, then stroll up to Nolita for enticing boutiques and coffee-tasting among the craft-minded scenesters. Every neighborhood offers a dramatically different version of New York City – from the 100-year-old Jewish delis of the Upper West Side to the meandering cobblestone lanes of Greenwich Village. And the best way to experience this city is to walk its streets.

TEXT 5

Top 10 Places To Visit in Tokyo

I love Tokyo! I never thought I would say this, but after 10 days spent there, Tokyo became my favorite city in the world (over Paris!!). I always was a city girl, and though I love nature, I could never live too far, nor too long away from the concrete and electric jungle. And I'm afraid I will never again be able to stay away for too long from Tokyo - the most civilized and well-organized jungle of them all. The most famous of Tokyo's attractions can be reached by subway or train, and though huge and a bit intimidating at first, you will get anywhere in no time.

Tokyo was the first city we visited in Asia, and comparing it with all the other places we've visited before (and after), **Tokyo is a different world altogether**. If I were to recommend you only one city to visit in the world (given that you are not Japanese), I would recommend you Tokyo. You get the idea, I'm in love with this city! And this is not only because for me it represents the peak of civilization, law, order and fashion, it is also because from all the places I've visited so far, this is the one that stands out most, in all the good ways.

The following list of *places to visit in Tokyo* is based on our personal experience and organized in no particular order. Please feel free to add your favorite places in Tokyo in the comment section below.

THINGS TO DO & PLACES TO VISIT IN TOKYO

Shibuya 109 & Shibuya Crossing

Shibuya is the point zero of Japanese fashion and the Mecca of chic; and it fascinated me so much, I must be a Shibuya girl in a parallel universe or something. The way these girls dress, the contact lenses that make the eyes look bigger, all that lace, ruffles, colorful socks, and ribbons, make for the most elegant casual outfits I've ever seen. I get goose bumps every time I remember the time I spent shopping in the trendy boutiques at Shibuya 109. I left part of my heart there, and ever since I got back home all I want is to go back.

The Shibuya Crossing is a couple of minutes from Shibuya 109 and just outside Shibuya Station served by JR Yamanote Line. This crossing, made famous by the 'Lost in Translation' movie, is one of the busiest in the world and the quintessence of organized chaos. The traffic lights from all directions turn red all at the same time and for the next couple of minutes people invade the crossing like spilled beans out of a can.

You can observe the spectacle of lights and people from the Starbucks on the crossing's north side or you can experience the madness for yourself, which in my opinion is far better. My husband and I crossed quite a few times here just for fun and not one single time did we bump into another person or people bumped into us. Everybody matched their peace at the speed of the person in front, walking at unison, on lanes. Now if this is not the ultimate example of civilization, I don't know what is.

Meiji Shrine (traditional Tokyo)

Meiji Shrine is a Shinto shrine located in the Shibuya Ward, in the middle of a beautiful forest with huge Torii gates leading to the main hall and it is accessible from the Harajuku Station on the JR Yamanote Line. Dedicated to the deified spirits of Emperor Meiji and his wife, it is now a favorite place for wedding ceremonies.

We were lucky to witness such a procession. Led by two shrine priests and two shrine maidens, the couple followed under a big red umbrella. Family and friends came next, but we were surprised by both the reduced numbers of participants and by the lack of joy on their faces. Apparently Shinto wedding ceremonies are very solemn and quite unique.

Also there were lots of worshipers ruminating around the shrine's grounds, and many of the ladies and young girls were dressed in gorgeous kimonos. As opposed to the nearby Yoyogi Park, Meiji Shrine is the place to go contemplate the old Japan and Japanese traditions.

Yoyogi Park on a Sunday

There is no better place for people watching in Tokyo than the Yoyogi Park. The park is very popular with young Japanese people, especially on Sundays, and you can spot the unleashed wackiness of an otherwise reserved nation.

We spotted from shy Lolitas and classy girls drinking red wine from crystal glasses while seated on a picnic cloth, to couples in love, club meetings, teenagers rehearsing plays, and homeless people giving a ride to their cats in supermarket trolleys. Everything goes and nobody feels out of place.

The park is pretty huge and doesn't give the feeling of being crowded at all, but then again, this is part of a special Japanese talent - in spite of Tokyo being the world's most populous metropolis, we never felt overwhelmed by the number of people around us.

Критерии оценки

Критерии оценки выполненных студентами работ определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки:

86 - 100 баллов – «отлично»;

76 - 85 баллов – «хорошо»;

61 – 75 баллов – «удовлетворительно»; менее 61% баллов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся в переводах недочеты.

Методические указания к подготовке устных сообщений, докладов, презентаций на иностранном языке.

Подготовка сообщения, доклада или презентации (далее — Сообщение) на английском языке является важной формой работы, которая расширяет общий кругозор студента за счет использования дополнительных англоязычных источников; учит планировать длительное высказывание на английском языке с логическими переходами от одной мысли к другой, расширяет словарный запас.

1. ВЫБОР ТЕМЫ

- 1.1. При выборе темы Сообщения следует предпочесть тему, которая:
- а. наиболее интересна;
- b. достаточно широко представлена в профессиональной англоязычной прессе и Интернете качественными и доступными материалами;
 - с. актуальна и может заинтересовать аудиторию.
 - 2. РЕГЛАМЕНТ ВЫСТУПЛЕНИЯ И ОБЪЕМ СООБЩЕНИЯ
- 2.1. Объем Сообщения должен соответствовать оговоренному регламенту.
- 2.2. Как правило, длительность звучания устной презентации составляет около 5 минут при следующих параметрах напечатанного текста: текст в объеме 1800 знаков, т.е. одной печатной страницы A4 с использованием шрифта Times New Roman, кегль 14 пт и интервала 1,5.

- 2.3. Если студент не укладывается в регламент, решение о продлении времени выступления будет принято преподавателем в зависимости от качества Сообщения и от оставшегося объема.
- 2.4. Если Сообщение имеет недостаточный объем, возможно снижение оценки.

3. СТАДИИ ПОДГОТОВКИ СООБЩЕНИЯ

Следует иметь в виду, что подготовка Сообщения на английском языке имеет свою специфику и должна включать в себя следующие шаги:

- 3.1. Поиск англоязычных и русскоязычных материалов по заданной теме.
- 3.2. Составление плана Сообщения, исходя из понимания темы студентом и исходя из найденных материалов;
 - 3.3Составление текста Сообщения, включая:
- а. прочтение найденных материалов и выделение в них отрезков, которые будут использованы в Сообщении;
- b. составление списка неизвестных студенту английских слов и выражений, проверка их значений по словарю;
 - с. проверка по словарю произношения новых английских слов и слов.
 - d. анализ и компоновка готовых отрезков англоязычного текста;
- е. самостоятельное дописывание на английском языке недостающих связок;
 - g. проверка текста.
- 3.4 Проверка текста Сообщения преподавателем и тренировочное проговаривание студентом.

Требования к представлению и оформлению сообщений, докладов, презентаций

ОФОРМЛЕНИЕ СООБЩЕНИЯ

1. Сообщение для выступления в группе оформляется в свободной форме, которая, однако, обеспечивала бы преподавателю возможность

вносить исправления. В связи с этим такое оформление должно содержать следующие элементы:

- а. название Сообщения на английском языке;
- b. имя и фамилия студента;
- с. название школы, номер группы;
- d. сквозную нумерацию страниц, включая первую страницу;
- е. выбор шрифта свободный, кегль шрифта не менее 12 пт.; межстрочный интервал не менее 1,15;
 - f. стандартные поля.

СОДЕРЖАНИЕ СООБЩЕНИЯ

- 1. Чрезвычайно важное значение имеет полнота раскрытия темы. Докладчик должен проявить знание основных и некоторых второстепенных вопросов в рамках заданной темы. Количество вопросов зависит как от уровня подготовки студента, так и от его уровня владения иностранным языком.
- 2. Содержание Сообщения должно соответствовать заданной теме. Если значительный объем выступления посвящен вопросам, не относящимся к заданной теме, или если студент, игнорируя формулировку темы, беспорядочно излагает все, что ему известно по данному вопросу, преподаватель может снизить оценку за выступление.

ЯЗЫК СООБЩЕНИЯ

- 1. Язык Сообщения должен быть грамматически правильным, выверенным лексически и стилистически уместным.
- 2. Произношение слов и интонация должны быть правильными и не затруднять понимания.
- 3. Новые для аудитории слова и выражения, а также их перевод должны быть либо выписаны на доске до начала выступления, либо должны присутствовать в специальной области соответствующих слайдов электронной презентации.

4. Для обозначения логического перехода от одной мысли к другой, выражения согласия или несогласия, схожести или контраста и т.д., необходимо использовать так называемый функциональный язык, т.е. служебные выражения, используемые для выполнения какой-либо функции.

Критерии оценки выполнения устных работ

Критерии оценки выполненных студентами работ определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки:

86 - 100 баллов – «отлично»;

76 - 85 баллов – «хорошо»;

61 - 75 баллов – «удовлетворительно»;

менее 61 баллов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся недочеты.

Балл	Содержание	Взаимодейств	Лексический	Грамматическ	Произношен
Ы		ие с	запас	ая	ие
		собеседником		правильность	
				речи	
100-	Задание	Демонстрируе	Имеет большой	Использует	Речь понятна:
86	полностью	т способность	словарный	разнообразные	соблюдает
	выполнено:	начинать и	запас,	грамматически	правильный
	цель	активно	соответствующ	е структуры в	ритм и
	общения	поддерживать	ий	соответствии с	интонационн
	полностью	беседу,	поставленной	поставленной	ый рисунок.
	достигнута.	соблюдая	задаче.	задачей: в	Все звуки в
	Тема	очередность в		более сложных	потоке речи
	раскрыта в	обмене		структурах	произносятся
	заданном	репликами:		допускает	правильно.
	объеме и	способность		небольшое	
	представлен	быстро		количество	
	а в виде	реагировать и		ошибок,	
	логичных и	проявлять		которые не	
	связных	инициативу		мешают	
	высказывани	при смене		пониманию.	
	й.	темы.			
85-76	Задание	В	Имеет	Использует	В основном,
	выполнено:	большинстве	достаточный	структуры, в	речь понятна:
	цель	случаев	словарный	целом,	звуки в потоке
	общения	демонстрирует	запас, в	соответствующ	речи
	достигнута;	способность	основном	ие	произносятся
	однако, тема	начинать при	соответствующ	поставленной	правильно4
	раскрыта не	необходимост	ий	задаче;	однако, в

	D HOTTON	**	посторночи от	HOHMOMOGE	DITTILO
	в полном	И И	поставленной	допускает	ритме и
	объеме;	поддерживать	задаче. Однако,	ошибки как в	интонационно
	высказывани	беседу,	наблюдается	простых, так и	м рисунке
	я в основном	реагировать и	некоторое	сложных	прослеживает
	логичные и	проявлять	затруднение	структурах,	ся заметное
	связные.	инициативу	при подборе	однако, они не	влияние
		при смене	слов и	препятствуют	родного
		темы. В	отдельные	пониманию.	языка.
		некоторых	неточности в		
		случаях	беседе.		
		наблюдаются			
		паузы.			
75-50	Задание	Не стремится	Имеет	Делает	В отдельных
	выполнено	начинать и	ограниченный	многочисленны	случаях
	частично:	поддерживать	словарный	е ошибки или	понимание
	цель	беседу;	запас, в	допускает	речи может
	общения	передает	некоторых	ошибки,	быть
	достигнута	наиболее	случаях	затрудняющие	затруднено
	не	общие идеи в	недостаточный	понимание.	из-за
	полностью,	ограниченном	для	110111111111111111111111111111111111111	неправильног
	тема	контексте; в	выполнения		о ритма,
	раскрыта	значительной	задания.		интонационно
	недостаточн	степени	эадания.		го рисунка и
	0.				неправильног
	0.				О
		· ·			
		стороны			произнесения
		собеседника.			отдельных
					звуков;
					требуется
					напряженное
					внимание со
					стороны
					слушающего.
Мене	Задание не	Не может	В целом не	В целом не	Содержание
e 50	выполнено;	поддержать	соответствует	соответствует	высказывания
	цель	беседу.	поставленной	поставленной	не
	общения не		задаче.	задаче.	воспринимает
	достигнута				ся.

Методические указания к написанию эссе

Написание эссе — это вид внеаудиторной самостоятельной работы по написанию сочинения небольшого объема и свободной композиции на частную тему, трактуемую субъективно и обычно неполно.

Эссе пишется в формальном (деловом) стиле. В эссе обучающему требуется выразить свою точку зрения на заданную

тему, а так же привести противоположные вашей точки зрения других людей и объяснить, почему он с ними не согласен. Обучающиеся должны подкрепить свое мнение примерами или доказательствами. В эссе должны активно использоваться конструкции типа «In my opinion», «I think». Необходимо использование вводных слов и конструкций типа "On the one hand, on the other hand"..., слов - связок (Nevertheless, Moreover, Despite...). Запрещается использование сокращения, типа "I'm", "they're" "don't". Эссе состоит из четырех абзацев:

1) Introduction (вступление)

Во вступлении необходимо четко сформулировать тему-проблему, указав, что существуют две противоположные точки зрения на проблему (Some people claim that mobile phones are very useful devices while others argue that life could be less stressful without them.) и высказать свое мнение, не используя слишком много личных конструкций. Однако первое предложение не должно слово в слово повторять заданную тему сочинения. Рекомендуемое окончание первого абзаца: Now I would like to express my point of view on the problem of

2) Основная часть

1 абзац. Привести 2-3 аргумента, подтверждающих вашу точку зрения, подкрепляя ИХ примерами или доказательствами. Во втором абзаце вы должны придерживаться только ОДНОЙ точки зрения, например: Mobile phones in my opinion are very useful devices. ИЛИ I consider the mobile phone be harmful and useless invention. to Необходимо привести 2-3 аргумента с доказательствами в поддержку собственного мнения

2 абзац. Привести противоположные точки зрения (1-2), и объяснить, почему вы с ними НЕ согласны. Пример: However, some people think that mobile phones not only keep you in touch with your relatives and friends but also provide you with a great number of facilities. I can't agree with this statement because...

Ваши контраргументы мнению других людей не должны повторять 2ой абзап.

3) Conclusion (заключение)

Необходимо сделать вывод, обратившись к заданной в 1-м параграфе теме, что существуют 2 точки зрения на проблему, а также подтвердить собственную точку зрения.

Например: «There are different points of view on this problem. I think that...» или «Taking everything into consideration, there are two different points of view on this problem. I believe that...

1 абзац.Вводные фразы

- It is popularly believed that....
- People often claim that... Some people argue that...
- A lot of people think that...
- It is often suggested /believed that...
- Many people are in favour of idea that... Many people are convinced that...
 - Some people are against...

2 абзац. Фразы, выражающие свою точку зрения:

- I would like to explain my point of view on this situation.
- I would like to express my opinion on this problem.

Фразы, характеризующие преимущества обсуждаемой

проблемы:

- As already stated I'm in favor of... for a number of reasons...
- There are many things to be said in favour of...
- The best/ thing about..... is...

Фразы, перечисляющие точки зрения:

- Firstly, /First of all....
- In the first place
- To start with, / To begin with,
- Secondly, Thirdly, Finally,

• Last but not least,

Фразы, добавляющие новые аргументы:

- Furthermore, /Moreover, /What is more,
- As well as..../In addition to this/that...
- Besides, /.....also....
- Not only..., but..... as well.
- Apart from this/that....
- not to mention the fact that

3 абзан.

- Some people believe that... however they fail to understand that...
- they fail to consider that... they forget that...
- Some people argue that I can not agree with it as ...
- I disagree with this point of view (statement, opinion) because ...
- It has become fashionable for some people to argue that...
- Contrary to what most people believe, I think that...
- As opposed to the above ideas...I believe that...

4 абзац. Заключительные фразы:

- In conclusion,
- On the whole,
- To conclude,
- To sum up,
- All in all,
- All things considered
- Finally,
- Lastly,
- Taking everything into account,
- Taking everything into consideration

Выражение личного мнения:

- In my opinion this subject is very controversial
- In my view...

- To my mind...
- To my way of thinking...
- Personally I believe that...
- I feel strongly that...
- It seems to me that...
- As far as I am concerned...

Критерии оценки выполнения письменных работ

Письменные работы оцениваются по пятибалльной шкале по пяти критериям:

а) Содержание (соблюдение объема работы, соответствие теме, отражены ли все указанные в задании аспекты, стилевое оформление речи соответствует типу задания, аргументация на соответствующем уровне, соблюдение норм вежливости).

При неудовлетворительной оценке за содержание остальные критерии не оцениваются и работа получает неудовлетворительную оценку;

- б) Организация работы (логичность высказывания, использование средств логической связи на соответствующем уровне, соблюдение формата высказывания и деление текста на абзацы);
- в) Лексика (словарный запас соответствует поставленной задаче и требованиям данного года обучения языку);
- г) Грамматика (использование разнообразных грамматических конструкций в соответствии с поставленной задачей и требованиям данного года обучения языку);
- д) Орфография и пунктуация (отсутствие орфографических ошибок, соблюдение главных правил пунктуации: предложения начинаются с заглавной буквы, в конце предложения стоит точка, вопросительный или восклицательный знак, а также соблюдение основных правил расстановки запятых)



МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ШКОЛА РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» Направление подготовки: 15.03.01 Машиностроение

Форма подготовки очная

Владивосток 2018

Паспорт ФОС

Код и формулировка компетенции	Этапы формирования компетенции		
OK-5 способность к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на	Знает	особенности делового и научного стилей общения; основы публичной речи; культуру и традиции стран изучаемого языка;	
русском и иностранном языках для решения задач межличностного и	Умеет	использовать различные формы, виды устной и письменной коммуникации на родном и иностранном языках в учебной и профессиональной деятельности	
межкультурного взаимодействия	Владеет	различными способами вербальной и невербальной коммуникации; навыками коммуникации в родной и иноязычной среде;	

№	Контролируемые	Коды и этапы		Оценочные средства	
	разделы / темы	формирования		текущий	промежуточная
п/	дисциплины	ко	мпетенций	контроль	аттестация
П					
п 1	Практическое занятие 1-36	OK-5	Знает особенности делового и научного стилей общения; основы публичной речи; культуру и традиции стран изучаемого языка Умеет использовать различные формы, виды устной и письменной коммуникации на родном и иностранном языках в	Устные опросы, ПР 1 Тесты ПР-12 Рабочая тетрадь	Зачет : Quiz 1- 4; 5-9; 10-12. (Приложение 2) Экзамен : Test 1, 2. (Приложение 2)
			письменной коммуникации на родном и иностранном		

профессиональ	
ной	
деятельности	
Владеет	
различными	
способами	
вербальной и	
невербальной	
коммуникации;	
навыками	
коммуникации	
в родной и	
иноязычной	
среде	

Шкала оценивания уровня сформированности компетенций

Код и формулировка компетенции	Этапы формиро	вания компетенции	критерии	показатели
ОК-5 — Способность к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на русском и иностранном	Знает (пороговый уровень)	особенности делового и научного стилей общения; основы публичной речи; культуру и традиции стран изучаемого языка;	Знание правил профессионально й этики общения и речевого этикета	-способность охарактеризовать межкультурные особенности ведения вербальной коммуникации;
языках для решения задач межличностног о и межкультурног о взаимодействи я	Умеет (продвинутый уровень)	использовать различные формы, виды устной и письменной коммуникации на родном и иностранном языках в учебной и профессиональной деятельности	Умение делать устное сообщение, доклад; аннотировать, реферировать тексты по специальности	-способность выделять в текстах основные мысли и факты; находить логические связи, аргументировать факты, доказывающие логику информации
	Владеет (высокий уровень)	различными способами вербальной и невербальной коммуникации; навыками коммуникации в родной и иноязычной среде;	Владение навыками аудирования и говорения, которые позволяют осуществлять монологическую, диалогическую речь на обсуждаемые	информации -способность использовать навыки письменной и устной речи в пределах изученной тематики;

	темы на	просмотрового,
	иностранном языке	поискового, ознакомительного
		и изучающего
		чтения.

^{*} Критерий — это признак, по которому можно судить об отличии состояния одного явления от другого. Критерий шире показателя, который является составным элементом критерия и характеризует содержание его. Критерий выражает наиболее общий признак, по которому происходит оценка, сравнение реальных явлений, качеств, процессов. А степень проявления, качественная сформированность, определенность критериев выражается в конкретных показателях. Критерий представляет собой средство, необходимый инструмент оценки, но сам оценкой не является. Функциональная роль критерия — в определении или не определении сущностных признаков предмета, явления, качества, процесса и др.

Показатель выступает по отношению к критерию как частное к общему.
Показатель не включает в себя всеобщее измерение. Он отражает отдельные свойства и признаки познаваемого объекта и служит средством накопления количественных и качественных данных для

критериального обобщения.

Главными характеристиками понятия «показатель» являются конкретность и диагностичность, что предполагает доступность его для наблюдения, учета и фиксации, а также позволяет рассматривать показатель как более частное по отношению к критерию, а значит, измерителя последнего.

Методические рекомендации, определяющие процедуры оценивания результатов освоения дисциплины

Оценочные средства для промежуточной аттестации

Промежуточная аттестация студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в соответствии с локальными нормативными актами ДВФУ и является обязательной. Промежуточный контроль проводится в виде зачета/экзамена Объектом ПО семестрам. контроля являются коммуникативные умения во всех видах речевой деятельности (аудирование, говорение, чтение, письмо), ограниченные тематикой и проблематикой курса. Итоговый контроль изучаемых разделов проводится в выпускного экзамена за весь курс обучения иностранному языку. Объектом контроля является достижение заданного Программой уровня владения иноязычной коммуникативной компетенцией (Основного/Повышенного).

Критерии выставления оценки студенту на зачете/ экзамене по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»:

Баллы (рейтингов ой оценки)	Оценка зачета/ экзамена (стандартная	Требования к сформированным компетенциям
100-86	«зачтено»/ «отлично»	Оценка «отлично» выставляется студенту, если он глубоко и прочно усвоил программный материал, исчерпывающе, последовательно, четко и логически стройно его излагает, умеет тесно увязывать теорию с практикой, свободно справляется с задачами, вопросами и другими видами применения знаний, причем не затрудняется с ответом при видоизменении заданий, использует в ответе материал монографической литературы, правильно обосновывает принятое решение, владеет разносторонними навыками и приемами выполнения практических задач.
85-76	«зачтено»/ «хорошо»	Оценка «хорошо» выставляется студенту, если он твердо знает материал, грамотно и по существу излагает его, не допуская существенных неточностей в ответе на вопрос, правильно применяет теоретические положения при решении практических вопросов и задач, владеет необходимыми навыками и приемами их выполнения.
75-61	«зачтено»/ «удовлетвор ительно»	Оценка «удовлетворительно» выставляется студенту, если он имеет знания только основного материала, но не усвоил его деталей, допускает неточности, недостаточно правильные формулировки, нарушения логической последовательности в изложении программного материала, испытывает затруднения при выполнении практических работ.
60-50	«не зачтено»/ «неудовлетв орительно»	Оценка «неудовлетворительно» выставляется студенту, который не знает значительной части программного материала, допускает существенные ошибки, неуверенно, с большими затруднениями выполняет практические работы. Как правило, оценка «неудовлетворительно» ставится студентам, которые не могут продолжить обучение без дополнительных занятий по соответствующей дисциплине.

Критерии оценки (письменный ответ)

✓ 100-86 баллов - если ответ показывает глубокое и систематическое знание всего программного материала и структуры конкретного вопроса, а также основного содержания и новаций лекционного курса по сравнению с учебной литературой. Студент демонстрирует отчетливое и свободное

владение концептуально-понятийным аппаратом, научным языком и терминологией соответствующей научной области. Знание основной литературы и знакомство с дополнительно рекомендованной литературой. Логически корректное и убедительное изложение ответа.

✓ 85-76 - баллов - знание узловых проблем программы и основного содержания лекционного курса; умение пользоваться концептуальнопонятийным аппаратом в процессе анализа основных проблем в рамках данной темы; знание важнейших работ из списка рекомендованной литературы. В целом логически корректное, но не всегда точное и аргументированное изложение ответа.

✓ 75-61 - балл — фрагментарные, поверхностные знания важнейших разделов программы и содержания лекционного курса; затруднения с использованием научно-понятийного аппарата и терминологии учебной дисциплины; неполное знакомство с рекомендованной литературой; частичные затруднения с выполнением предусмотренных программой заданий; стремление логически определенно и последовательно изложить ответ.

✓ 60-50 баллов — незнание, либо отрывочное представление о данной проблеме в рамках учебно-программного материала; неумение использовать понятийный аппарат; отсутствие логической связи в ответе.

Критерии оценки (устный ответ)

✓ 100-85 баллов - если ответ показывает прочные знания основных процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличается глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; владение терминологическим аппаратом; умение объяснять сущность, явлений, процессов, событий, делать выводы и обобщения, давать аргументированные ответы, приводить примеры; свободное владение монологической речью, логичность и последовательность ответа; умение приводить примеры современных проблем изучаемой области.

✓ 85-76 - баллов - ответ, обнаруживающий прочные знания основных процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличается глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; владение терминологическим аппаратом; умение объяснять сущность, явлений, процессов, событий, делать выводы и обобщения, давать аргументированные ответы, приводить примеры; свободное владение монологической речью, логичность и последовательность ответа. Однако допускается одна - две неточности в ответе.

✓ 75-61 - балл — оценивается ответ, свидетельствующий в основном о знании процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличающийся недостаточной глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; знанием основных вопросов теории; слабо сформированными навыками анализа явлений, процессов, недостаточным умением давать аргументированные ответы и приводить примеры; недостаточно свободным владением монологической речью, логичностью и последовательностью ответа. Допускается несколько ошибок в содержании ответа; неумение привести пример развития ситуации, провести связь с другими аспектами изучаемой области.

✓ 60-50 баллов — ответ, обнаруживающий незнание процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличающийся неглубоким раскрытием темы; незнанием основных вопросов теории, несформированными навыками анализа явлений, процессов; неумением давать аргументированные ответы, слабым владением монологической речью, отсутствием логичности и последовательности. Допускаются серьезные ошибки в содержании ответа; незнание современной проблематики изучаемой области.

Образец задания для контрольной работы студентов

FAMILY BACKGROUND

Vocabulary

to get away with

- провернуть какое-нибудь дело

to stay up

- не ложиться спать

to be close - быть в близких отношениях

outskirts - пригород

to bury - зарывать

substantial - плотный

chores - домашняя работа

to fetch - принести, сходить за чем-то

to do window - рассматривать витрины

shopping

part – time job - временная работа

regional tournament - районные соревнования

spare time - свободное время

to ask permission - спрашивать разрешение

Further Math - высшая математика

to assure yourself - удостовериться

to change one's mind - изменить решение

shabby - старенький

map of the - карта созвездий

constellations

to stand in awe - испытывать благоговейный трепет

Text A

MY FAMILY

Hi! My name is Thomas (though my friends call me Tom). I'm fifteen. I've got a Mum, a Dad, a brother and two sisters, three aunts and uncles and two grandmothers who live in New Zealand. I'm the youngest. It is pretty dire at times when my alder sisters and brother try to boss me around, but sometimes it's OK because I get away with doing things with them — like going off up to London for the day, staying up really late to watch videos and going off to the pub for a drink (cola, of course, because I'm not 18 yet). I think there are some

advantages of being the youngest. I can learn from my sisters' and brother's mistakes, and they've fought some of the battles with my parents for freedom.

My eldest brother Mark is 20 and is studying at the university in York. My sister Laura is 18 and in her last year at school. She is doing Biology, Chemistry, Math and Further Math "A" levels. She wants to become a doctor.

Liz is my other sister. She is 16. My sister Liz was born lucky. She has a beautiful smile. When she does something bad, she smiles and my parents are not angry with her. She eats a lot and does not get fat. Her favorite meal is a double cheeseburger with French fries, a milkshake, and an ice cream sundae. She does not study hard but always gets good marks. After school she does her homework in five minutes while she watches television at the same time.

I'm close to all three but possibly closest to Liz. She sometimes comes to me for advice and I sometimes go to her. But I would have liked to have a younger brother. I'd have liked to have someone to have a laugh with, someone to take out to football with me. My sisters and Mark don't always share my sense of humor.

My Dad is a civil servant and works in central London. Mum is a teacher and works in Croydon, a town on the outskirts of London.

If I go out, my parents like to know where I'm going, who I'm with and what time I'm coming home, but that's fair enough.

Of all my relatives best of all I like my Granny Dotty. She loves adventure. On her sixtieth birthday she went mountain climbing in the Alps. On her seventieth birthday she went on a trip to the North Pole. When she was eighty, she drove, alone, across the United States. She loves to eat chocolate. We all wonder what she will do when she is ninety.

Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) What members of the family do you have? Do you live together?
- 2) Do you think there are some advantages or disadvantages in being the youngest or the eldest? What are they?
 - 3) What do your parents do? Are they busy with their work?
 - 4) Are your parents strict with you?
- 5) Are you close to all members of your family? Who are you closest to?

Write a composition "My family".

Text B

MY WORKING DAY

On week days the alarm-clock wakes me up and my working day begins. It is seven o'clock. If it is spring or summer I jump out of bed, run to the window and open it wide to let the fresh morning air in. In winter I am not so quick to leave my bed, and I bury my head under the pillows pretending not to hear the alarm-clock. But all the same, it is time to get up and I start getting ready for my work.

I make my bed and go to the bathroom where I brush my teeth and have a shower. While I am having breakfast, I turn on my taperecorder and listen to pop-music. Breakfast, as my parents say, must be the most substantial meal of the day. But usually neither my mother nor me have any time to cook it, so I just have a cup of tea or coffee and some sandwiches. I leave my house at ten minutes to eight, and, as I live quite near the bus stop, I am there in five minutes. It takes me about twenty minutes to get to school. I arrive at school at a quarter past eight. On my way to school I often meet my classmates and we go school together.

Our lessons start at half past eight. We usually have seven or even eight lessons a day. It is not easy to study at our school, but it is reputed to be the best in our region. My working day is not over even when the lessons come to the end, because I have a lot of work to do at home. It usually takes me about three hours to get ready for the next working day at school. But when at last my working day is over I feel both tired and satisfied.

Sometimes in the evening my friends come to my place and we talk or play; sometimes we go for a walk, but not very often. I go to bed at about eleven o'clock.

Assignment:

Study the contexts in which the words given below are used: bathroom, substantial, bus stop, classmates, region, satisfied.

Shorten the second paragraph. Make each sentence as short as you can.

Give the information about your own working day.

Text C

DOMESTIC CHORES

A comfortable home makes our everyday life and work easier and more pleasant. And what should you do to make your home comfortable? Perhaps the first thing is to keep it clean and tidy. If you haven't done your room, your mother may say to you, "Go and do your room!"

Domestic chores are numerous. You must air the room, wash or sweep the floor, clean the table after meals. What else can you do about the house? You can polish the floor or the furniture, clean the carpets with the vacuum-cleaner.

Most of the cooking in your family is probably done by your mother or grandmother, but you can help them by laying the table and cleaning it after meals, and washing the dishes up. On washing – day you can also help your mother. If your washing is sent to the laundry, you can take it there and fetch it when it's ready.

If you have pets at home, you must take care of them.

Here are teenagers' opinions on their attitude to domestic chores.

"I get some week pocket money, but most of my friends get much more. When I ask my Mum and Dad for more, they say I can have more if I help in the house, but I don't see why I should. I think it's not fair. Mum's at home all day, and it's her job to look after the house, not mine. What do you think?"

"On Fridays I usually clean my room which is in terrible mess by the end of a week. It is awfully boring, but it's my duty."

"If you have a dog, it's usually great fun, but you have to take him for a walk twice a day. Besides you have to wash him sometimes. I have pets that are exotic, but easy to keep. They are insects. I feed my insects on leaves which I get in my garden. They are always clean, and I don't have to take them for a walk!"

Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) Do you have any chores at home?
- 2) Who usually does your room? When do you do it?
- 3) Do you have a pet at home? Who takes care of it?
- 4) Who usually cooks in your family? Can you make something to eat if your mother is not at home?
- 5) Do you have younger brother or sisters at home? What do you do to help your mother with them?

Write a composition "My domestic chores".

Text D MY LEISURE TIME

There's plenty to do after school hours, particularly sport which I enjoy most. My favorite sport is hockey. Almost all my friends are here. We train hard and we play for the school and in various regional youth tournaments.

As most young people I spend my after school hours at home watching TV, or doing domestic chores, or listening to music, or reading. We don't have a computer at home, so I spend a considerable time playing computer games at my friend's. Of course, all these I do when there are no training spells.

I think, it's common with most young people to spend some time outdoors. Street life is important for us. We meet somewhere in streets and talk and then go to town centre to do window shopping and 'see what's going on'.

My friends use some of their spare time to earn money by working in different places. Some of them wash cars for people, others do a part-time job for shops and cafes. As for me I earn my pocket money delivering newspapers three times a week.

I've usually got enough to do the things I want. I can buy the records and CDs I want without asking the permission from my parents.

Assignment:

Give some facts from the text to complete the following sentences:

- 1) We train hard and we play for...
- 2) A most young people...
- 3) We meet somewhere in streets...
- 4) My friends use some of their spare time...
- 5) As for me I earn my pocket money...

Write a short summary of the text.

Text E

MY PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

'What do you want to be after finishing school?' – I have often heard this question. Sometimes it is difficult to answer this question, sometimes not. Little children usually dream of having an extremely unusual profession. Some of them want to become spacemen, others want to discover new lands, yet others-to dive in deep seas. But most of them want to be famous, so they usually want to become a star – a film star, a pop star, a football star and so on. I used to dream of being a film star as well, but changed my mind as the years passed.

There are always some young people who know very well what they are going to do after school. They can tell you lots of interesting things about their future profession and what college or university they should graduate from to get the specialty they've chosen. I think I'm one of them.

So, I want to be a doctor. At the age of 11 I read books about doctors. It was so exciting. Then I was lucky to meet a wonderful surgeon who operated on me. I was deeply impressed. Since then I've been trying to learn as much as possible about this profession, and now I often think about how well I will fit with it. That's why I am always interested in young people's plans for the future and ask them what they are going to do in life. I have found out different people are interested in absolutely different fields of activities. You have an opportunity to assure yourself of it reading the notes below.

Angela Duffy is a schoolgirl from Brighton. She also wants to be a doctor. She is going to medical school next year. It's a long course – about six years – but she is going to work very hard. She thinks that it's a difficult job, but she likes working with people, and she likes the idea of working in a caring profession. She says that later she would like to specialize and perhaps be a pediatrician. "I love children, and looking after them would be wonderful."

Deena Patel is doing Biology, Chemistry, Math and Further Math "A" levels and will sit the exams next summer. "I'd like to train as a dentist when I've finished college. I want to do something medically orientated and decided in favor of dentistry because there aren't so many years studying as there are to become a doctor."

Steve Barnes wants to be a chef. His favorite room in the house is the kitchen, where he spends most of the day. "I love cooking, especially for lots of people. I have over a hundred cook books." He is going to work in a restaurant in Paris, where he hopes to learn how to prepare sauces. One day he'd like to have his own restaurant.

Pippa Wilson is studying marketing at university. She enjoys travelling, and would probably like to work for a tour company. "I'm not sure yet exactly what I want to do. After university, I'm going to have a year off, and I'm going round the world with another girl. We hope to find work on the way."

Nick Watson doesn't know for certain what he will do. He says: "I think the best way to prepare myself for a future job is to get a good education. Jobs are changing and new ones are constantly appearing. In a few years, there will be many more new jobs and nobody knows what they will be. But good education cannot solve the problem alone. It is important to have good health to face difficulties and changes. That's why I pay great attention to sports."

Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) What field would you like to work in?
- 2) What do you know about your future profession?
- 3) Is this profession new or old?
- 4) What do you need to get this profession?
- 5) Is education or training necessary to be successful in life? Find English equivalents in the text:

трудно ответить; самая необычная профессия; открывать новые земли; узнать сколько возможно; абсолютно разные сферы деятельности; иметь свой собственный ресторан; подготовиться к будущей работе; решить проблему; встретить трудности и перемены.

Text F

CAREERS

Careers do not just happen. People train for them. How much training is needed depends on the kind of career chosen. Some jobs take only a few months of training. Others take several years. Certain careers need college or university graduation. There is a song that says, "People who like people are the luckiest people in the world." So the people who feel like this might like a job that deals with people all the time. It may be hotel or restaurant management, or tourists business. Or maybe a career that helps (to) keep people healthy in mind and body.

ECOLOGISTS

There are some kinds of jobs that deal with the environment we live in. Ecologists, for example, study how living things and the environment are related. They find ways for us to reduce pollution. They tell us which things are harmful either to ourselves or to the plants and animals we depend on for food.

SMALL BUSINESS

There are many different kinds of jobs in a small business. A business must have an owner who makes decisions about the way the business is run. Also two or more people could be responsible for the business and form of partnership. The owner needs other people to help run the store. A clerk helps people find what they want in the store. A stock clerk orders and takes care of the products that the store sells. A bookkeeper or accountant keeps records of sales and expenses.

JOURNALISTS

A person who has a job writing about the news is called a journalist. Journalists work on newspapers and magazines or at radio and television stations. Some journalists have university degrees. Others receive their experience by working at a newspaper office or at a television station. Some journalists write stories about news events that happen anywhere in the world. Others write about sports, entertainment, or business. Journalists must first find the facts before they write news, articles. To gather their facts they ask people questions, use reference works, and observe news stories as they happen. If you are interested in a career in journalism, you should begin with a school newspaper or a club magazine.

NURSES

Nurses help people keep healthy. They also help people get well when they are sick. Schools, factories, and many offices have nurses. These nurses give first aid when someone is hurt or sick. They also do things to prevent illness. One of these is to give shorts. Another thing nurses do is to take blood pressure. In hospitals, nurses take care of sick people. They assist the doctor in the operating rooms. People who want to be nurses study science in school.

DIETICIANS

People need food for growth and energy. Well-balanced meals help keep people healthy. Dieticians plan meals. They work in hospitals and schools. They make sure that each meal includes food from different groups and is rich enough in vitamins.

Dieticians go to college to study about food. They must know all about four food groups and about the vitamins in food that keep bones, teeth, and skin healthy.

DENTISTS

Teeth are important to people. Without them, eating is hard. People who lose their teeth may have false teeth made. Dentists and their assistants are people who help others to take care of teeth. In their jobs, they try to help others. A person who wants to become a dentist goes to a special medical college.

GEOLOGISTS

Geologists are scientists who study the Earth. They learn how rocks, mountains, and rivers are formed. They know that these things are still forming today. Geologists help to find mineral deposits, such as gold and copper. They also help to find oil and gas. Geologists study science. If you like to work outdoors, you may want to be a geologist.

Assignment:

Find proofs in the text to support the following statement: "How much training is needed depends on the kind of career chosen".

Translate the following word combinations and use them in situations or sentences of your own:

to keep people healthy; to take care of the products; to have university degree; to receive one's experience; to prevent illness; to find mineral deposits; to work outdoors.

Text G

MY HOLIDAYS WITH PARENTS

Rafting has become my favorite pastime on holidays. My parents first hesitated to take me with them but after a while they agreed that it would be more safe to take me there than to leave me at home. And I would say they were rather wise with their decision. So we set out. After an hour flight, we got straight on a shabby, slow bus with rafting and camping equipment that took us to the starting point. When we arrived at the place, it was a dark night, and the black sky looked like a map of the constellations. As the reward for the day-long journey

there were shooting stars we could watch. So we could make any wish at the moment.

We camped that night by the river that rolled with a constant thunder. We spent the next day checking our things and preparing our 'katarafty'. It's a type of the improved catamaran with two long inflated hulls fastened together with a light metal frame. All our belongings were packed in large waterproof bags. During the trip they were tied to the frame in the middle of the boat.

I was excited and a bit nervous. But I fell asleep at last and woke at dawn. We had to start early. We had breakfast, packed up tents, and tied everything down.

Then we started. The first few kilometers were easy. Two of us paddled on each side of the katarafty.

When the river went faster, I felt my heart going crazy. We approached the first rapid. My dad, who had been singing and joking all the way, now changed his tune. He yelled, "Khoood!" and we started to paddle fiercely. At the point when the katarafty came down from the top of an enormous wave, I felt like I was sailing in an ocean. After the rapids came stretches of calmer water, and we rowed lazily. My mum always paid our attention to picturesque views of the forests and rock formations. We saw a few snow-capped peaks in the distance. After three hours of rowing, when everybody was freezing cold, we stopped for a meal. We quickly made a fire so our mum could cook food and we all could dry our clothes.

On one of our later stops, we met a group of travelers whose rubber raft had overturned when passing through a rapid. With their teeth chattering from the cold, they told us a story of another unfortunate team that had all its equipment and food sunk so they were forced to eat snakes until they were found by a local herder.

There were two more days I remembered and enjoyed very much. One of them was the day we spent in a picturesque spot near a village relaxing and enjoying the last days of summer. After we got up in the morning, we climbed a nearby mountain that was covered with pine and birch trees and looked like the head of a bear. We ate red currants and cherries from the trees growing alongside a spring and picked mushrooms. As we were promised, we were shown the legendary edelweiss, which turned out to be a small, unremarkable greenish white flower.

And the last day of our trip, our seven-day trip was coming to its end. That day we spent exploring caves and waterfalls. We entered at the bottom of the mountain and climbed in spirals through the stalactite and stalagmite adorned grottoes to the exit of the top. We ended the outing standing in awe behind a 6-metre-high waterfall.

Now I can see my parents and their friends are not so dull and boring people. And though I'm not going to spend all my holiday with them I admit they've given me a lot and shown me a very nice way of relaxing.

Assignment:

Find and read about the sentences describing the picturesque views of the forests and rock formations.

Give some facts from the text to explain the following statements:

- 1) My parents agreed to take me with them because...
- 2) The black sky looked like a map of the constellations because...
 - 3) I felt my heart going crazy because...
- 4) The travelers were forced to eat snakes because...5) I can see my parents and their friends are not so dull and boring people because...

Лексико-грамматические тесты

Тест 1

Имя существительное

1.	We haven't had in summer.		
a)	fruit	c) fruit's	
b) :	fruits	d) fruits's	
2.	Yesterday we had for dinner.		
a)	fish	c) fish's	
b)	fishes	d) fishs	
3.	not easy to learn		
a)	physic is	c) physic are	
b)	physics is	d) physics are	
4.	He gave me some good		
a)	advise	c) advices	
b)	advice	d) piece of advice	
5.	Some Australian	give us very good wool	
a)	sheep	c) sheepes	
b)	sheeps	d) sheepse	
6.	Give me ink to write letter		
a)	-,-	c) a, a	
b)	some, a	d) a, some	
7.	My slow		
a)	watch are	c) watches is	
b)	watch is	d) watches are	
8.	We have very on this subject		
a)	little informations	c) few information	
b)	few informations	d) little information	
9.	Her dark		
a)	hairs are	c) hair are	

b) hairs is	d) hair is
10. Our summer	. two month
a) vacations last	c) vacation last
b) vacations lasts	d) vacation lasts
11. Look! has stop	ped there is a very beautiful.
a) a car, a car	c) a car, the car
b) the car, a car	d) the car, the car
12 earth is million	of kilometers from sun
a) a, a	c) the, a
b) a, the	d) the, the
13. These are those	e gentlemen's
a) ladies, wifes	c) ladies, wives
b) ladys, wifes	d) ladys, wives
14. In the farm-yard	we could see
a) oxes, swines and	gooses
b) oxes, swines and	geese
c) oxen, swines and	geese
d) oxen, swine and	geese
15. Why don't you ea	at?
a) these potatoes	c) this potatoes
b) these potato	d) these potatos
16. I have hurt my bo	oth
a) foot	c) feet
b) foots	d) feets
17. Put these on th	e table
a) knife	c) knives
b) knifes	d) knive
18. My working da	ay begins at 9 o'clock in the morning
a) brother	c) brother'es
b) brothers	d) brother's

19. My library is the richest one in the town.		
a)	brother-in-law	c) brothers's-in-law
b)	brother-in-law's	d) brother's-in-law's
20.	The of the letter not be	een changed
a)	content, has	c) contents has
b)	content have	d) contents, have
21.	money to him	
a)	this, belongs	c) these, belong
b)	this, belong	d) these, belongs
22.	цены внутреннего рынка	
a)	prices home market	c) home market prices
b)	home prices market	d) market home prices
23.	Уменьшение цены на мяс	co
a)	meat price decrease	c) decrease meat price
b)	decrease price meat	d) meat decrease price
24.	банкнота в десять фунтов	3
a)	ten-pound note	c) a note ten-pound
b)	a ten-pound note	d) note ten-pound
25.	Морковь очень полезна	
a)	carrot is very healthy	
b)) carrot are very healthy	
c)	carrots is very healthy	
d)	carrots are very healthy	
TE	CT 2	
Me	естоимения	
1. I	He doesn't like book; it m	ust be
	a) hers, yours	c) my, her
	b) my, yours	d) your, her

2. Tell me, isn't that ... old car over there?

	a) you	c) yours
	b) your	d) your's
3. The	ey have two of houses	in this street, and the house on the corner
is a	also	
	a) their, theirs	c) their, there
	b) theirs, their	d) their, their's
4. Joh	n has come to see me;	father and were school friends.
	a) him, my	c) his, my
	b) him, mine	d) his, mine
5. Thi	s book is, I wrote r	name in it
	a) my, mine,	c) mine, me, myself
myse	lf	
	b) my, me, mine	d) mine, my, myself
6. Mr.	Jones and came last r	night.
	a) he	c) him
	b) his	d) himself
7. Go	with John and to visit	
	a) she, they	c) her, them
	b) her, their	d) his, them
8. She	rang me up and asked n	ny friend and to tea.
	a) I	c) mine
	b) my	d) me
]9. These books don't belong to me those.		
	a) Either do	c) Neither do
	b) Either don't	d) Neither don't
10. Although the mountain was high boys were able to climb it.		
	a) much	c) this
	b) a few	d) a little
11	errors are made by forei	gners.

	a) this	c) their
	b) these	d) theirs
12. I	want some sugar, but the	grocer hasn't
	a) any	c) ones
	b) one	d) some
13. I'	ve lost my pencil. Have	you to lend me?
	a) any	c) ones
	b)one	d) some
14. A	chair can't stand on thre	ee lags a table
	a) Either can	c) Neither can
	b) Either can't	d) Neither can't
15. A	lthough the question was	difficult students were able to answer it
	a) much	c) little
	b) a few	d) a little
16. M	any people lost lives a	at sea.
	a) this	c) their
	b) these	d) theirs
17. I a	asked him for some ink,	and he gave me
	a) any	c) ones
	b) one	d) some
18. So	o this is your house. It's	very pretty
	a) any	c) ones
	b) one	d) some
19. H	e slept and felt better	
	a) few	c) many
	b) a few	d) a little
20. Ti	ne bird has broken wir	ng.
	a) her	c) its
	b) it	d) it's

21. I want some flour, but the grocer hasn't		
a) any c)	ones	
b) one d)	some	
22. I want some oranges. Give me	e these big	
a) any c)	ones	
b) one d)	some	
23. Water hasn't any taste thi	s soup.	
a) Either has c)	Neither	
has		
b) Either hasn't d)	Neither	
hasn't		
24. Go and ask for more paper.	I haven't in my desk.	
a) any, any c)	any, some	
b) some, some d)	some, any	
25. I've been this summer. I've	had no time.	
a) somewhere c)	nowhere	
b) something d)	nothing	
TECT 3		
There is/are and it is		
1. There a few changes since you left last year.		
a) was c)	have been	
b) were d)	had been	
2. There a teacher of English and second-year students in the hall.		
a) is c)	has been	
b) are d)	have been	
3. There a lot of visitors today.		
a) is c)	were	
b) was d)	have been	
4. There two museums and a pi	cture gallery in their town.	

	a) is	c) had been
	b) are	d) have been
5. The	re no fruit on this tree	e for many years.
	a) was	c) has been
	b) were	d) have been
6. There a pear-tree and three apple-trees in their orchard		
	a) is	c) had been
	b) are	d) have been
7. The	re a lot of work to do	this week.
	a) was	c) has been
	b) are	d) have been
8. Then	re some chocolates on	this plate when I went out
	a) is	c) was
	b) are	d) were
9. Then	re only a footpath here	e last year.
	a) is	c) has been
	b) was	d) had been
10. The	ere mistakes in your l	ast exercise.
	a) was no	c) was not
	b) were no	d) were not
11. It very wet last month, and now it windy		
	a) is, is	c) was, was
	b) is, was	d) was, is
12 L 1		
1∠. Il	long time since I saw y	
	a) is	c) has been
	b) was	d) had been

13 easy for him to find fault, but it not fair		
a) It is, is	c) There is, is	
b) It is, was	d) There is, was	
14 far from my house	to the station.	
a) There is no	c) There is not	
b) It is no	d) It is not	
15 true to say that she	is my friend.	
a) It is no	c) There is no	
b) It is not	d) There is not	
16 a beautiful park near	my home when I was a child.	
a) It is	c) It was	
b) There is	d) There was	
17 a long time since I saw t	hat beautiful sunset.	
a) It was	c) It has been	
b) There was	d) There has been	
18. There still several empty	y seats it the plane when I arrived.	
a) was	c) has been	
b)were	d) have been	
19 crowds of people at the station waiting to greet the film star.		
a) It was	c) There was	
b)It were	d) There were	
20 very few people at his lecture yesterday.		
a) It was	c) There was	
b) It were	d) There were	
21. There is snow it the fields this year.		
a) no many	c) no much	
b) not many	d) not much	

22. There three but two boys in their family.

a) is, no	c) are, not	
b) is, not	d) are no	
23. There anybody in the str	eet while I was going home.	
a) was no	c) was not	
b) were no	d) were not	
24. «Why are you sitting here?	high time to go home.»	
a) It is	c) There is	
b) It was	d) There was	
25. There are three members in	their family,?	
a) are there	c) are it	
b) aren't there	d) aren't it	
Тест 4		
Порядок слов в предложени	ии	
1 Choose the corresponding al	ternative paying attention to the model	
I often see him.		
I have often see him.		
You are never to come late a	gain.	
He spoke well at the debate thi	s morning.	
He went to the station by taxi.		
He was born at six o'clock on	Christmas morning in the year 1822.	
2 My mother		
a) goes often for a walk on Sundays		
b) goes for a walk often on Sundays		
c) goes for a walk on Sunday	ys often	
d) often goes for a walk on S	Sundays	
2. The porter		

a) was able hardly to carry my luggage

- b) was hardly able to carry my luggage
- c) was able to carry hardly my luggage
- d) was able to carry my luggage hardly
- 3. a) We have almost finished this exercise
 - b) We have finished almost this exercise
 - c) We have finished this exercise almost
 - d) We almost have finished this exercise
- 4. a) Generally I drink my tea with milk
 - b) I generally drink my tea with milk
 - c) I drink generally my tea with milk
 - d) I drink my tea generally with milk
- 5. a) Sometimes I forget my homework
 - b) I forget sometimes my homework
 - c) I sometimes forget my homework
 - d) I forget my homework sometimes
- 6. a) Usually the buses are full in this town
 - b) the buses usually are full in this town
 - c) the buses are usually full in this town
 - d) the buses are full in this town usually
- 7. a) She knows scarcely what to say about it
 - b) scarcely she knows what to say about it
 - c) She knows what to say scarcely about it
 - d) She scarcely knows what to say about it
- 8. a) The student on the right answers correctly never

- b) The student never on the right answers correctly
- c) Never the student on the right answers correctly
- d) The student on the right never answers correctly
- 9. a) Generally we are very busy
 - b) we are generally very busy
 - c) we generally are very busy
 - d) we are very busy generally

10. He was born

- a) in the year 1923 at 10 a.m. on June 14th
- b) on June 14th at 10 a.m. in the year 1923
- c) in the year on June 14th at 10 a.m.
- d) at 10 a.m. on June 14th in the year 1923

11. Our teacher spoke to us

- a) in class very rudely this morning
- b) this morning very rudely in class
- c) in class this morning very rudely
- d) very rudely in class this morning

12. I saw a friend off

- a) at 6 o'clock this morning at the station
- b) at the station at 6 o'clock this morning
- c) this morning at the station at 6 o'clock
- d) at 6 o'clock at the station this morning

13. Cyril was working

- a) at his office very hard yesterday
- b) yesterday at his office very hard
- c) very hard at his office yesterday

d) very hard yesterday at his office	
14. They stayed	
a) all day quietly there	
b) there all day quietly	
c) quietly there all day	
d) all day there quietly	
15. He played	
a) beautifully in the concert at the Towr	Hall last night
b) last night at the Town Hall beautifull	y in the concert
c) in the concert last night beautifully at	the Town Hall
d) at the Town Hall last night beautifull	y in the concert
16. We are going	
a) to Switzerland on Saturday for a wee	k
b) for a week on Saturday to Switzerlan	d
c) to Switzerland for a week on Saturda	у
d) on Saturday to Switzerland for a wee	k
Тест 5	
Степени сравнения прилагательных	
1. He is stupid than I thought	
a) less c) a little	
b) little d) the least	
2. She is than I am	
a) very pretty	c) much pretty
b) more pretty	d) much prettier
3. Winter days are not summer days	

a) longer	c) so long as
b) long as	d) so long than
4. These grapes are .	expensive than those
a) less	c) a little
b) little	d) the least
5. She came to school	ol than I did
a) last	c) latter
b) later	d) latest
6. South winds are n	ot spring winds
a) severe as	c) so severe as
b) severe than	d) so severe than
7. Scott and Dickens	are both excellent writers, but I prefer the
a) last	c) latter
b) later	d) latest
8. Your composition	is than the composition of other students
a) bad	c) the worse
b) worse	d) the worst
9. He is than I am	
a) very strong	c) more strong
b) much strong	d) much stronger
10. The temperature	in winter in England is not in Siberia
a) low as	c) so low as
b) low than	d) so low than

11. This exercise is not s	o your last one	
a) good as	c) best than	
b) better as	d) good than	
12. The grass is not so	. here in our garden	
a) short, as	c) short, than	
b) shorter, as	d) shorter, than	
13 late than never		
a) good	c) the best	
b) better	d) the beast	
14 haste, the less spec	ed	
a) more	c) the most	
b) the more	d) most	
15. Why do American	as say 'I guess so' instead of 'I think so'?	
a) more	c) the most	
b) most	d) most	
16. Let us stop discuss	sion of this matter	
a) far	c) further	
b) farther	d) furthest	
17. I don't think that your plan is theirs		
a) good as	c) better than	
b) better as	d) good than	
18 village is three kile	ometers from our house	
a) near	c) next	

	19. Which of the two cities is the	9. Which of the two cities is the from Vladivostok?		
	a) far	c) farthest		
	b) farther	d) further		
	20. She studies much than I o	lo, though she spends time preparing		
	a) good, little	c) better, less		
	b) better, little	d) good, less		
	21. Heat makes things and cold makes things			
	a) the biggest, the smallest	c) the bigger, the smaller		
	b) the biggest, smaller	d) bigger, smaller		
22. Spring is than winter, but summer is the of the four season the year				
J	a) most pleasant, more plea	sant c) pleasant, most pleasant		
	b) more pleasant, pleasant	d) more pleasant, most pleasant		
beautiful		forests and not so wild but they are very		
	large as	c) so large than		
b) so large as		d) as large than		
24. My brown dress is not your green one				
	a) the same quality as	c) the same quality then		
	b) the same quality than	d) so quality as		
	25. The smell of flowers in spri	ng is it is in summer		
	a) so sweet as	c) as sweet than		

d) the nearest

b) nearer

b) as sweet as

d) the same sweet than

Ключи:					
Тест1					
1-a		14-d			
2-a		15-a			
3-b		16-c			
4-b		17-c			
5-a		18-d			
6-b		19-ь			
7-b		20-d			
8-d		21-a			
9-d		22-c			
10-d		23-a			
11-c		24-ь			
12-d		25-d			
13-с					
Тест 2					
1-	b	16-c			
2-	b	17-d			
3-	a	18-b			
4-	d	19-d			
5-	d	20-с			
6-	a	21-a			
7-	c	22-c			
8-	d	23-с			
9-	c	24-d			
10-b		25-с			

11-b

	12-a					
	13-b					
	14-c					
	15-b					
	Тест 3					
	1- c			15-b		
	2-a			16-d		
	3-d			17-c		
	4-b			18-b		
	5-c			19-d		
	6-a			20-d		
	7-c			21-d		
	8-d			22-c		
	9-b			23-с		
	10-b			24-a		
	11-d			25-b		
	12-c					
	13-a					
	14-d					
	Тест 5					
	1-a	6-b	11-c	16-c		21-a
	2-a	7-b	12-d	17-c		22-c
	3-b	8-d	13-с	18-d		23-a
	4-b	9-d	14-d	19-b		24-b
	5-a	10-d	15-a	20-d		25-d
	Образец	рабочей	тетради	находится	ПО	адресу
http://www.cambridgelms.org.						

Критерии оценки выполнения тестовых заданий

Процент правильных ответов	Оценка
От 95% до 100%	отлично
От 76% до 95%	хорошо
От 61% до 75%	удовлетворительно
Менее 61 %	неудовлетворительно

Оценочные средства для текущей аттестации

Текущая аттестация студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в соответствии с локальными нормативными актами ДВФУ и является обязательной.

Текущая аттестация по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в форме контрольных мероприятий (устных опросов, выполнения контрольных работ, тестирования, выполнение заданий в рабочей тетради) по оцениванию фактических результатов обучения студентов и осуществляется ведущим преподавателем.

Объектами оценивания выступают:

- учебная дисциплина (активность на занятиях, своевременность выполнения различных видов заданий, посещаемость всех видов занятий по аттестуемой дисциплине);
- степень усвоения теоретических знаний;
- уровень овладения практическими умениями и навыками по всем видам учебной работы;
- результаты самостоятельной работы.

Основными целями обучения иностранным языкам в неязыковом вузе является формирование/совершенствование иноязычных коммуникативных умений студентов на двух уровнях:

Основном (A1 - A2+) и Повышенном (A2+ - B1+) в зависимости от исходного уровня иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции студентов. Исходя из этого, в качестве требований,

предъявляемых к студенту по окончании курса обучения иностранному языку, выдвигаются требования владения именно коммуникативными умениями. При этом минимально-достаточные требования ограничиваются рамками Основного уровня. Таким образом, по окончании курса обучения иностранному языку в неязыковом вузе обучающиеся должны уметь в рамках обозначенной проблематики общения:

- в области аудирования:

воспринимать на слух и понимать основное содержание несложных аутентичных общественно-политических, публицистических (медийных) и прагматических текстов, относящихся к различным типам речи (сообщение, рассказ), а также выделять в них значимую/запрашиваемую информацию - в области чтения:

понимать основное содержание несложных аутентичных общественнопублицистических политических, И прагматических текстов (информационных буклетов, брошюр/проспектов), научно-популярных и научных текстов, блогов/веб-сайтов; детально понимать общественнополитические, публицистические (медийные) тексты, а также письма личного характера; выделять значимую/запрашиваемую информацию из справочно-информационного прагматических текстов И рекламного характера

- в области говорения:

начинать, вести/поддерживать и заканчивать диалог-расспрос об увиденном, прочитанном, диалог-обмен мнениями и диалог-интервью/собеседование при приеме на работу, соблюдая нормы речевого этикета, при необходимости используя стратегии восстановления сбоя в процессе коммуникации (переспрос, перефразирование и др.); расспрашивать собеседника, задавать вопросы и отвечать на них, высказывать свое мнение, просьбу, отвечать на предложение собеседника (принятие предложения или отказ); делать сообщения и выстраивать монолог-описание, монолог-повествование и монолог-рассуждение

- в области письма:

Заполнять формуляры и бланки прагматического характера; вести запись основных мыслей и фактов (из аудиотекстов и текстов для чтения), а также запись тезисов устного выступления/письменного доклада по изучаемой проблематике; поддерживать контакты при помощи электронной почты (писать электронные письма личного характера); оформлять Curriculum Vitae/Resume и сопроводительное письмо, необходимые при приеме на работу, выполнять письменные проектные задания (письменное оформление презентаций, информационных буклетов, рекламных листовок, коллажей, постеров, стенных газет и т.д.