

#### MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND HIGHER EDUCATION OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution of Higher Education Far Eastern Federal University (FEFU)

School of Biomedicine

Department of Medical Biology and Biotechnology

APPROVED Head teacher Yu.S. Khotimchenko "\_\_\_\_\_" \_\_\_\_\_ 2021

# PROGRAM State final certification

DIRECTION OF TRAINING 19.03.01 Biotechnology Academic Baccalaureate Program Profile Molecular Biotechnology

Graduate Qualification - Academic Bachelor

Full-time form of education The standard term for the development of the program (full-time education) 4 years

> Vladivostok 2021

# APPROVAL SHEET

# State final certification programs

#### In the field of training 03.19.01 Biotechnology Educational program in the profile "Molecular Biotechnology"

The program of state final certification in the profile of "Molecular Biotechnology" has been drawn up in accordance with the requirements of the educational standard independently established by the federal state autonomous educational institution of higher education "Far Eastern Federal University" for the basic professional educational programs in the field of training 03.19.01 Biotechnology, higher education level bachelor degree , approved by the order of the rector of March 22, 2017 No. 12-13-485.

Reviewed and approved at a meeting of the Academic Council of the School of Biomedicine December 5, 2019 (Minutes No. 4)

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#### Content

	fou
Explanatory note	r
1. Characteristics of the professional activity of graduates -	fiv
qualification characteristics of the graduate	e
2. Requirements for the results of mastering the main professional	
educational program of an academic bachelor's degree in	
direction of training 19.03.01 Biotechnology	7
3. Indicators, criteria for assessing competencies and scale	
assessing the level of competence formation	12
4. The structure of the state final certification	94
5. Procedure for filing and considering appeals based on results	
state certification tests	95
6. Requirements for final qualifying works and their order	
Implementation	97
7. Requirements for the final qualifying work. Criteria for evaluation	<b>98</b>
8. General requirements for	
WRC	100
9. Criteria for evaluating the final qualifying work	100
10. Requirements for the organization and conduct of the WRC	
defense	102
The program of the interdisciplinary state examination in the direction of	
the bachelor's degree 19.03.01 Biotechnology, profile "Molecular	
biotechnology''	104
1. Requirements for the state examination procedure	105
2. Content of the state examination program	108
3. The list of questions of the state examination in the direction	
bachelor's degree 19.03.01 Biotechnology profile "Molecular	
biotechnology"	118

## **Recommended literature and information and methodological support**

### **Explanatory note**

124

The program was developed in accordance with the educational standard independently established by the federal state autonomous educational institution of higher professional education "Far Eastern Federal University" for the implemented basic professional educational programs of higher education - undergraduate programs (hereinafter - the educational standard of FEFU) in the direction of training 03.19.01 Biotechnology (adopted by the decision Of the FEFU Academic Council, minutes No. 02-17 of 03/10/2017, put into effect by order of the FEFU rector of 03/22/2017 No. 12-13-485).

For students from among the disabled, the state final certification is carried out by the organization, taking into account the peculiarities of their psychophysical development, their individual capabilities and state of health. The specifics of conducting state attestation tests for persons with disabilities are enshrined in the Regulations on the state final attestation of graduates of the federal state autonomous educational institution of higher professional education "Far Eastern Federal University" (approved by order No. 12-13-2285 of November 27, 2015 (p. last change).

During the state final certification, the following general requirements are met:

- conducting state final certification for disabled people in one classroom together with students who do not have disabilities, if this does not create difficulties for students when passing the state final certification;

- the presence in the classroom of an assistant (assistants) who provides students with disabilities with the necessary technical assistance, taking into account their individual characteristics (take a workplace, move around, read and complete the task, communicate with members of the state examination commission);

- using the technical means necessary for students with disabilities when passing the state final certification, taking into account their individual characteristics;

- ensuring the possibility of unimpeded access for students with disabilities in the classroom, toilets and other premises, as well as their stay in the specified premises (the presence of ramps, handrails, widened doorways, elevators, in the absence of elevators, the audience should be located on the first floor, the presence of special chairs and other devices) ...

# 1. Characteristics of the professional activity of graduates - the qualification characteristics of the graduate

# 1.1 Field and objects of professional activity:

The area of professional activity of graduates who have mastered the bachelor's program includes:

- obtaining, research and use of enzymes, viruses, microorganisms, cell cultures of animals and plants, products of their biosynthesis and biotransformation;

- technologies for obtaining products using microbiological synthesis, biocatalysis, genetic engineering and nanobiotechnology;

– operation and quality management of biotechnological industries in compliance with the requirements of national and international regulations;

- organization and implementation of quality control of raw materials, intermediate products and finished products.

**1.2 Types of professional activities,** for which graduates who have mastered the bachelor's program are preparing:

# main types of professional activity:

- production and technological;

- research;

# additional types of professional activities:

- organizational and managerial;

- design.

A graduate who has mastered the bachelor's program in the direction of training 03/19/01 Biotechnology must be ready to solve the following professional tasks in production and technological activities:

- management of individual stages of existing biotechnological industries;

- organization of workplaces, their technical equipment, placement of technological equipment;

- control over the observance of technological discipline;

- organization and conduct of incoming control of raw materials and materials;

- use of standard methods of quality control of manufactured products;

 identification of the causes of defects in production and the development of measures for its prevention and elimination;

- participation in fine-tuning and mastering of technological processes in the

course of preparationproduction of new products;

- participation in commissioning, tuning and experimental testing of equipment and software;

 checking the technical condition and residual life of equipment, organizing preventive examinations and maintenance, drawing up applications for equipment and spare parts, preparing technical documentation for repair work;

A graduate who has mastered the bachelor's program in the direction of training 03.19.01 Biotechnology must be ready to solve the following professional tasks in research activities:

- studying scientific and technical information, performing literary and patent searches on the research topic;

- participation in the organization and conduct of scientific research on a topical topic;

- experimental research and testing according to a given method, mathematical processing of experimental data;

- participation in the implementation of research and development results;

- preparation of data for the preparation of reports, reviews, scientific publications;

- participation in activities for the protection of intellectual property objects;

- participation in selected research and applied events in the implementation of the Biotechnology Development Program in the Russian Federation

- creation of research potential for the production of competitive products;

A graduate who has mastered the bachelor's program in the direction of training 03.19.01 Biotechnology must be ready to solve the following professional tasks in organizational and managerial activities:

- development of operational plans for the work of primary production units;

- organization of the work of teams of performers;

- participation in the preparation of technical documentation (work schedules, technological instructions, safety instructions, applications for materials and equipment, business correspondence documents);

- collection and preparation of initial data for the selection and justification of scientific, technical and organizational decisions based on economic analysis;

- preparation of documentation and participation in the implementation of the quality management system of the enterprise;

- execution of works on preparation for certification of technical means, systems, processes, equipment and materials;

 organization and implementation of measures to prevent industrial injuries, occupational diseases and environmental violations; A graduate who has mastered the bachelor's program in the direction of training 03/19/01 Biotechnology must be ready to solve the following professional tasks in project activities:

- collection of initial data for the design of technological processes and installations;

- mathematical modeling of processes and objects based on standard computer-aided design packages;

- calculation and design of individual stages of the technological process using standard design automation tools;

- negotiating with design organizations and suppliers of technological equipment, evaluating the design results of biotechnological enterprises at the project stage;

- participation in the development of the main stages of the technological scheme, the study of the technological process at pilot and pilot-industrial installations and in the development of regulatory, technical and design documentation.

# 2. Requirements for the results of mastering the main professional educational program of an academic bachelor's degree in the direction of training 03.19.01 Biotechnology

A graduate who has mastered the bachelor's program "Molecular Biotechnology" must have the following general cultural competencies:

- the ability for self-improvement and self-development in the professional sphere, for raising the general cultural level (OK-1);

- readiness to integrate into the scientific, educational, economic, political and cultural space of Russia and the APR (OK-2);

- the ability to show initiative and make responsible decisions, realizing responsibility for the results of their professional activities (OK-3);

- the ability to creatively perceive and use the achievements of science and technology in the professional sphere in accordance with the needs of the regional and world labor market (OK-4);

- the ability to use modern methods and technologies (including information) in professional activities (OK-5);

- the ability to understand, use, generate and competently present innovative ideas in Russian in reasoning, publications, public discussions (OK-6);

- knowledge of a foreign language in oral and written form for the implementation of intercultural and foreign language communication (OK-7);

- the ability to use the foundations of philosophical knowledge to form an ideological position (OK-8);

- the readiness to use the basic methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters (OK-9);

- the ability to analyze the main stages and patterns of the historical development of society for the formation of a civic position (OK-10);

- the ability to use the basics of economic knowledge in various fields of activity (OK-11);

the ability to use the basics of legal knowledge in various fields of activity (OK-12);

- the ability to work in a team, tolerantly perceiving social and cultural differences (OK-13);

- the ability for self-organization and self-education (OK-14);

- the ability to use methods and means of physical culture to ensure full-fledged social and professional activity (OK-15).

A graduate who has mastered the bachelor's program "Molecular Biotechnology" must have the following general professional competencies:

- the ability to search, store, process and analyze information from various sources and databases, to present it in the required format using information, computer and network technologies (OPK-1);

- the ability and willingness to use the basic laws of natural science disciplines in professional activities, to apply the methods of mathematical analysis and modeling, theoretical and experimental research (OPK-2);

- the ability to use knowledge about the modern physical picture of the world, spatio-temporal laws, the structure of matter to understand the world around and natural phenomena (OPK-3);

- the ability to understand the importance of information in the development of a modern information society, awareness of the danger and threat arising in this process, the ability to comply with the basic requirements of information security, including the protection of state secrets (GPC-4);

- possession of basic methods, methods and means of obtaining, storing, processing information, skills of working with a computer as a means of information management (OPK-5);

- possession of the basic methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters (OPK-6);

- the ability to find and evaluate new technological solutions, implement the results of biotechnological research and development (OPK-7).

A graduate who has mastered the bachelor's program "Molecular Biotechnology" must have the following professional competencies in accordance with the type of activity:

## production and technological activities:

- the ability to carry out the technological process in accordance with the regulations and use technical means to measure the main parameters of biotechnological processes, properties of raw materials and products (PC-1);

- the ability to implement and manage biotechnological processes (PC-2);

- readiness to evaluate technical means and technologies, taking into account the environmental consequences of their use (PC-3);

- the ability to ensure compliance with safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection (PC-4);

### organizational and management activities:

- the ability to organize the work of performers, find and make managerial decisions in the field of organization and work rate setting (PC-5);

- readiness to implement a quality management system for biotechnological products in accordance with the requirements of Russian and international quality standards (PC-6);

- the ability to systematize and generalize information on the formation and use of enterprise resources (PC-7);

## research activities:

- the ability to work with scientific and technical information, use Russian and international experience in professional activities (PC-8);

- possession of the basic methods and techniques of experimental research in their professional field (PC-9);

- the ability to conduct standard and certification tests of raw materials, finished products and technological processes (PC-10);

- possession of methods for planning an experiment, processing and presenting the results obtained (PC-11);

- willingness to use modern information technologies in their professional field, including databases and application packages (PC-12);

#### project activity:

- the ability to participate in the development of technological projects as part of the team of authors (PC-13);

- readiness to use modern computer-aided design systems (PC-14);

- the ability to design technological processes using automated systems for technological preparation of production as part of the team of authors (PC-15);

- willingness to negotiate with design organizations and suppliers of technological equipment, evaluate the design results of biotechnological enterprises at the project stage (PC-16);

the ability to develop the main stages of the biotechnological process (PC-17);

- willingness to participate in research on the biotechnological process at pilot and pilot industrial installations (PC-18);

– willingness to participate in the development of design and working technical documentation (PC -19)  $\,$ 

# **3.** Indicators, criteria for assessing competencies and scale assessing the level of competence formation

Competency code and wording	Stages	of competence formation	criteria	indicators
General cultural competences				
OK-1	knows	-the history of the development of	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge the
the ability for self-improvement	(threshold	the main directions of human	only) the history of the	history of the development of
and self-development in the	level)	thought;	development of the main	the main directions of human
professional sphere, for raising		-ways of self-improvement and	directions of human thought;	thought; ways of self-
the general cultural level		self-development in the	ways of self-improvement and	improvement and self-
		professional sphere, raising the	self-development in the	development in the
		general cultural level	professional sphere, raising the	professional sphere, raising
			general cultural level	the general cultural level
	can (advanced)	-improve and develop in the	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		professional sphere, raise the	the basic material in solving	knowledge) the solution of
		general cultural level	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
			and improve and develop in the	problems in the professional
			professional sphere, raise the	sphere, taking into account the
			general cultural level	development and improvement
				of the professional and general
				cultural level
	owns (high)	-skills of participation in	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates skills
		scientific discussions, speaking	knowledge, skills and abilities	participation in scientific
		with messages and reports, oral,	participation in scientific	discussions, presentations
		written and	discussions, speeches with	with messages and reports,
		virtual (placement in information	messages and reports, oral,	oral, written and virtual
		networks) presentation of	written and virtual (placement in	(posting in information
		materials;	information networks)	networks) presentation of

		<ul> <li>-culture of thinking; the ability to perceive, analyze, generalize information, set goals and choose ways to achieve them;</li> <li>-the skills of improving their professional qualifications, self-development, self-education, raising the cultural level;</li> <li>-ways of self-improvement and self-development in the professional sphere, raising the</li> </ul>	presentation of materials; culture of thinking; the ability to perceive, analyze, generalize information, set goals and choose ways to achieve them; skills of improving one's professional qualifications, self- development, self-education, raising the cultural level, ways of self-improvement and self- development in the professional	the ability to perceive, analyze, generalize information, set goals and choose ways to achieve them; skills of improving one's professional qualifications, self-development, self- education, raising the cultural level, ways of self- improvement and self-
		general cultural level	sphere, raising the general cultural level	development in the professional sphere, raising the general cultural level
OK-2	knows	-stages of the historical and	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
readiness to integrate into the	(threshold	geopolitical process (world and	only) stages of the historical and	stages of the historical and
scientific, educational,	level)	domestic), their objectivity and	geopolitical process (world and	geopolitical process (world and
economic, political and cultural		regularity, the latest achievements	domestic), their objectivity and	domestic), their objectivity and
space of Russia and the APR		of domestic and		
		foreign science, controversial	regularity, the latest achievements	regularity, the latest
		problemseducational, economic,	of domestic and foreign science,	achievements of domestic and
		political and cultural space of	controversial problems	foreign science, controversial
		Russia and the APR	educational, economic, political	problems educational,
			and cultural space of Russia and	economic, political and
			the APR	cultural space of Russia and
				the APR
	can (advanced)	-work with scientific sources;	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		critically comprehend facts and	the basic material in solving	knowledge) when solving
		events, overcome subjectivity and	practical issues and problems	practical issues and

		tendentiousness in their presentation, draw conclusions and argue their own position based on the analysis of available information	and work with scientific sources; critically comprehend facts and events, overcome subjectivity and tendentiousness in their presentation, draw conclusions	facts and events, overcome subjectivity and tendentiousness in their presentation, draw conclusions
			and argue their own position based on the analysis of available information	•
C	owns (high)	<ul> <li>-culture of thinking, the ability to generalize, analyze, perceive information;</li> <li>-general scientific methods in science, special historical methods, methods borrowed from other sciences;</li> </ul>	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities general scientific methods in science, special	scientific methods in science,
		<ul> <li>methods of conducting discussion and polemics;</li> <li>readiness to integrate into the scientific, educational, economic, political and cultural space of Russia and the APR</li> </ul>	historical methods, methods borrowed from other sciences; conducting discussion and polemics;integration into the scientific, educational, economic, political and cultural space of Russia and the APR	discussion and polemics;integration into the scientific, educational, economic, political and

OK-3	knows	C 1: (1 : 1)	Imperuladas (hagia matarial	domonstructor lun ovulo dago
		-ways of making the right	0	demonstrates knowledge
ability to exercise	(threshold	decisions in difficult situations,	only) ways	ways of accepting the right
initiative and make responsible	level)	the consequences of making a	making the right decisions in	decisions in difficult
decisions, realizing		decision, a measure of	difficult situations, the	situations, the consequences
responsibility for the results of		responsibility for the results of	consequences of decision-	of decision-making, the
their professional activities		their professional activities	making, a measure of	degree of responsibility for
-		-	responsibility for the results of	the results of their
			their professional activities	professional activities
			F	F
	can (advanced)	-show initiative, make	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (on the basis
	can (advanced)		•	,
		responsible decisions, be	the basic material in solving	
		responsible for them	practical issues and problems	of practical issues and
			and show initiative, make	problems in showing
			responsible decisions, be	initiative, making responsible
			responsible for them	decisions, taking
				responsibility for them
	owns (high)	-the skills of making responsible	deep and lasting possession of	demonstrates skills taking
		decisions,	knowledge, skills and	responsible
		manifestation of initiative,	skills making responsible	decisions, initiative,
		responsibility for the results of	decisions, showing initiative,	responsibility for the results
		their professional activities	responsibility for the results of	of their professional activities
			their professional activities	r

OK-4	knows	advances in science, technology in	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
the ability to creatively perceive	(threshold	the professional field in	only) achievements of science,	achievements of science,
and use the achievements of	level)	accordance with the needs of the	technology in the professional	technology in the professional
science, technology in		regional and global	field in	field in accordance with
professional sphere in		labor market	in accordance with the needs of	the needs of the regional and
accordance with the needs of the			the regional and global labor	global labor market
regional and global labor market			market	
	can (advanced)	creatively perceive and use the	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		achievements of science and	the basic material in solving	knowledge) the solution of
		technology in the professional	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		sphere in accordance with the	and creatively perceive and use	problems using the
		needs of the regional and world	the achievements of science and	achievements of science and
		labor market	technology in the professional	technology in the professional
			sphere in accordance with the	sphere in accordance with the
			needs of the regional and world	needs of the regional and
			labor market	world labor market
	owns (high)	ability to creatively perceive and	deep and lasting possession of	demonstrates skills use of
		use	knowledge, skills and	achievements
		achievements of science,	skills in using the achievements	science, technology in the
		technology in the professional	of science and technology in the	professional sphere in
		sphere in accordance with the	professional sphere in	accordance with the needs of
		needs of the regional and world	accordance with the needs of the	the regional and world labor
		labor market	regional and world labor market	market

OK-5	knows	- modern	methods	and	knowledg	ge (ba	asic ma	aterial	demonstrat	tes k	nowledg	ge
the ability to use modern	(threshold	technologies	(inclu	iding	only) m	nodern	methods	and	modern	method	ls ar	ıd
methods and technologies	level)	information)	for	the	technolog	gies	(inc	luding	technologie	s	(includir	ıg
(including information) in		development	of new direc	tions	informatio	on)	for	the	information	) fo	or th	he
professional activities		in industrial bi	iotechnology;		developm	nent of	new dire	ctions	developmen	it of	f ne	w
		-the importan	ce and role	e of	in				directions ir	1		
		information	and inform	ation	industrial	biote	chnology;	the	industrial b	iotechno	ology; tł	ne
		technologies in	n the develop	ment	significan	nce an	nd role	e of	significance	and	role o	of
		of modern soc	eiety and econ	omic	informatio	on an	d inforr	nation	information	and in	formatic	n
		knowledge,	ways of	using	technolog	gies in tl	he develo	pment	technologie	s ir	n tł	ne
		information an	nd communic	ation	of modern	n societ	y and eco	nomic	developmen	t of	moder	rn
		technologies	in indu	strial	knowledg	ge, wa	iys of	using	society	and	econom	ic
		biotechnology	•		informatio	on and	communi	cation	knowledge,	ways	of usin	ıg
		-the procedure	for entering	and	technolog	gies	in ind	ustrial	information		ar	ıd
		editing infor	rmation in	the	biotechno	ology; th	ne procedu	are for	communica	tion tec	hnologie	es
		automation sys	stem		entering a	and edit	ing inforr	nation	in industria	al biote	chnolog	y;
					in the auto	omation	system		the proced	ure for	enterin	ıg
									and editing	informat	tion in th	ne
									automation	system		

information) in molecularmodern methods and(including information) inbiotechnology;technologies(including-the main methods, methods andinformation) inmolecularmeans of obtaining, storing,biotechnology;andprocessinginformation;basic methods, methods andstoring,storing,processingprocessing	can (advanced)	<ul> <li>use modern methods and technologies (including information) in molecular biotechnology;</li> <li>use software to solve professional problems;</li> <li>use services and information resources of the Internet in molecular biotechnology</li> </ul>	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and use modern methods and technologies (including information) in molecular biotechnology; use software to solve professional problems; use services and information resources of the Internet in molecular biotechnology	knowledge)the solution ofpracticalissuesandproblemsthe use of modern
	owns (high)	technologies (including information) in molecular biotechnology; the main methods, methods and means of obtaining, storing, processing information; computer skills as a means of	knowledge, skills and abilities modern methods and technologies (including information) in molecular biotechnology; basic methods, methods and means of obtaining, storing, processing information; computer skills as a tool	methods and technologies (including information) in molecular biotechnology; the main methods, methods and means of obtaining, storing, processing information; skills to work

OK-6 the ability to understand, use, generate and competently present innovative ideas in Russian in reasoning, publications, public discussions	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>basic norms of the modern Russian language and the system of functional styles of the Russian language</li> <li>features of functional-style and genre differentiation of the Russian literary language</li> </ul>	<b>knowledge</b> (basic material only) the basic norms of the modern Russian language and the system of functional styles of the Russian language, features of the functional-style and genre differentiation of the Russian literary language	5
	can (advanced)	<ul> <li>-use the main reference literature, explanatory and normative dictionaries of the Russian language</li> <li>-use different linguistic means in different situations of communication in oral and written form, demonstrating knowledge of linguistic norms</li> </ul>	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and use the main reference literature, explanatory and normative dictionaries of the Russian language, use various linguistic means in various situations of communication in oral and written form, demonstrating knowledge of linguistic norms	demonstrates(based on solution of practical issues and problems the use of basic reference literature, explanatory and normative dictionaries of the Russian language, the use of various linguistic means in various situations of communication in oral and written form, demonstrating knowledge language norms

	owns (high)	<ul> <li>-the skills of creating literate and logically consistent written and oral texts of educational and scientific topics of an abstract- research nature in Russian</li> <li>-the skills of a competent and reasoned presentation of their thoughts orally and in writing in any communication situations</li> </ul>	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities creation in Russian of literate and logically consistent written and oral texts of educational and scientific topics of an abstract- research nature, skills of competent and reasoned expressing your thoughts orally and in writing in any communication situations	in Russian of literate and logically consistent written and oral texts of educational and scientific topics of an abstract-research nature, skills of competent and reasoned expressing your thoughts
OK-7 knowledge of a foreign language orally and in writing for the implementation of intercultural and foreign language communication	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>-the main meanings of the studied lexical units (words, phrases, phraseological units, idiomatic expressions); the main ways of word formation;</li> <li>-grammatical rules and models that make it possible to understand rather complex texts in</li> </ul>	knowledge (basic material only) the main meanings of the studied lexical units (words, phrases, phraseological units, idiomatic expressions); the main ways of word formation; grammatical rules and models that allow you to understand rather complex	lexical units (words, phrases, phraseological units, idiomatic expressions); the main ways of word formation; grammatical rules

r				
		in a foreign language and	texts in a foreign language and	1
		competently build your own	competently build your own	0 0 0
		speech (in oral and written	speech (in oral and written form)	and competently build their
		form) in various types of	in various kinds of temporal	own speech (in oral and
		temporal forms and in various	forms and in various modalities;	written form) in various types
		modalities;	the basic norms of speech	of temporal forms and in
		-basic norms of speech etiquette	etiquette (cliche remarks, the	various modalities; basic
		(cliche remarks, the most	most common evaluative	norms of speech etiquette
		common evaluative	vocabulary), adopted in the	(cliche remarks, the most
		vocabulary), adopted in the	country of the target language;	common
		country	peculiarities of lifestyle,	evaluative vocabulary),
		target language; features of the	everyday life, culture of the	-
		way of life, way of life, culture	countries of the target language,	target language; peculiarities
		of the countries of the target	similarities and differences in	of lifestyle, everyday life,
		language, similarities and	the traditions of their country	culture of the countries of the
		differences in the traditions of	and countries of the target	target language, similarities
		their country and countries of	language	and differences in the
		the target language		traditions of their country and
				countries of the target
				language
	advanced)	-communicate in most situations	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		that may arise during a stay in	the basic material in solving	knowledge) the solution of
		the country of the target	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		language without prior	and communicate in most	problems communication in
		training; participate in	situations that may arise during	most situations that may arise
				during your stay in
		-dialogues on a familiar or	stay in the country of the target	<u>.</u>
		interesting topic (dialogue);	language without prior training;	language without prior

-build simple coherent	participate in dialogues on a	training; participation in
1	familiar or interesting topic	dialogues on a familiar or
statements about your personal	0 1	e
impressions, events;	(dialogue); build simple	interesting topic (dialogue);
justify and explain their views	coherent statements about your	building simple coherent
and intentions; tell a story or	personal impressions, events;	statements about your
plot the plot of a book or film	justify and explain their views	personal impressions, events;
and express to it	and intentions; tell a story or	justification and explanation
		of their views and intentions;
		storytelling
your attitude (monologue);	present the plot of a book or film	or the presentation of the plot
-understand the main provisions	and express your attitude	of a book or film and the
of clearly pronounced	towards it (monologue);	expression of your attitude
statements within the literary	understand the main provisions	towards this (monologue);
norm on well-known topics	of clearly pronounced statements	understanding of the main
that have to be dealt with in	within the literary norm on well-	provisions of clearly
educational, professional	known topics that have to be	pronounced statements within
activities and everyday life;	dealt with in educational,	the literary norm on well-
understand what is going on in	professional activities and	known topics that have to be
most radio and television	everyday life; understand what is	dealt with in educational,
programs about current events,	being discussed in most radio	professional activities and
as well as programs related to	and television programs about	everyday life; understanding
personal or professional	current events, as well as	what is at stake
* *	programs,	

	<ul> <li>-interests (listening); understand texts based on the frequency linguistic material of everyday and professional communication; understand the description of events, feelings, intentions in letters of a personal nature (reading); write simple, coherent texts on familiar or interesting topics;</li> <li>-write personal letters, informing them about their personal experiences and impressions</li> </ul>	related to personal or professional interests (listening); understand texts based on the frequency linguistic material of everyday and professional communication; understand the description of events, feelings, intentions in letters of a personal nature (reading); write simple connected texts on familiar or interesting topics; write personal letters, informing them about their personal experiences and impressions	in most radio and television programs about current events, as well as programs related to personal or professional interests (listening); comprehension of texts built on the frequency linguistic material of everyday and professional communication; understanding descriptions of events, feelings, intentions in letters of a personal nature (reading); writing simple coherent texts on familiar or interesting topics; writing letters of a paraonal nature informing
			Ũ
owns (high)	-sufficient language knowledge	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates skills
5 wils (ingil)	(phonetic, spelling, lexical and grammatical) to take part in the	<b>knowledge, skills and abilities</b> sufficient language skills to take	sufficient language skills to take part in the conversation
	conversation	part in the conversation	(start, maintain and end
	(start, support and end the conversation) with a certain	(start, support and end the conversation) with a certain	conversation) with a certain number of pauses and

		amount of pauses and descriptive expressions in familiar (learned) situations; -in a foreign language in oral and written form for the implementation of intercultural and foreign language communication	amountofpausesanddescriptiveexpressionsinfamiliar(learned)situations; aforeignlanguageinoralandformfortheimplementationofinterculturalandforeignlanguagecommunicationintercultural	descriptive expressions in familiar (learned) situations; a foreign language in oral and written form for the implementation of intercultural and foreign language communication
OK-8	knows	-basic concepts and	knowledge (only basic	demonstrates knowledge
the ability to use the foundations	(threshold	-the concept of philosophy, the	material) basic concepts and	basic concepts and concepts
of philosophical knowledge to	level)	history of the development of the	concepts of philosophy, the	of philosophy, the history of
form an ideological position		main directions of human	history of the development of the main directions of human	the development of the main directions of human thought;
		thought;	thought; the foundations of	C ,
		-the foundations of philosophical	philosophical knowledge for the	philosophical knowledge for
		knowledge for the formation of a worldview position	formation of a worldview	the formation of a worldview
		worldview position	position	position
	can (advanced)	-to conduct philosophical	the ability to use knowledge of	1
		research in accordance with the	the basic material in solving	knowledge) the solution of
		set goal and objectives, to	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		determine the logic of scientific	and conduct philosophical	problems using the
		research regarding the	research in accordance with the	foundations of philosophical
		assessment of one's own	set goal and objectives,	knowledge in the formation
		activities;	determine the logic	of a worldview position
		use the basics of philosophical	conducting scientific research on	
		knowledge to form a worldview	the assessment of their own	
		position	activities use the basics of	
			philosophical knowledge to form	
			a worldview position	

	owns (high)	<ul> <li>-tools and methods of scientific philosophical research;</li> <li>-the basics of philosophical knowledge for the formation of a worldview position</li> </ul>	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities methods of scientific philosophical research; the foundations of philosophical knowledge for the formation of a worldview position	
OK-9 readiness to use the main methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>-the main methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters;</li> <li>-types of applicable standards and criteria, units of measurement, is guided in their values</li> </ul>	knowledge (basic material only) the main methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters; types of applicable standards and criteria, units of measurement, their values	methods of protecting production personnel and the population from possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters; types of applicable
	can (advanced)	-use basic protection methods	skill in solving practical issues and	demonstrates (knowledge based) solution

		<ul> <li>production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters;</li> <li>use hygienic criteria in the working environment and criteria in assessing damage to the natural environment</li> </ul>	tasks to use the knowledge of the basic material and use the main methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters; use hygiene criteria in the working environment and criteria in assessing damage to the natural environment	practical issues and tasks,using the main methods ofprotectingproductionpersonnel and the populationfromthepossibleconsequencesofaccidents,catastrophes,naturaldisasters;using hygienic criteria in theworkingenvironmentandcriteria in assessing damagenatural environment
	owns (high)	<ul> <li>-the main methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters;</li> <li>-methodology for assessing actual working conditions in comparison with regulatory requirements</li> </ul>	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities the main methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters; methodologies for assessing actual working conditions in comparison with regulatory requirements	methods of protecting production personnel and the population from the possible consequences of accidents, catastrophes, natural disasters; methodologies for assessing actual working conditions in comparison with regulatory requirements
OK-10 the ability to analyze the main stages and patterns of the historical development of	knows (threshold level)	-stages of the historical process (world and domestic), their objectivity and regularity, the latest achievements of domestic	knowledge(basicmaterialonly)stagesoftheprocess(worldanddomestic),theirobjectivityandregularity,	0

society for the formation of civic position	can (advanced)	and foreign historical science, debatable problems of history –pose a scientific problem,	<ul> <li>the latest achievements of domestic and foreign historical science, debatable problems of history</li> <li>the ability to use knowledge of</li> </ul>	latestachievementsofdomesticand foreign historicalscience,debatable problems ofhistorydemonstrates(based on
		substantiate its relevance; -work with historical sources; -critically comprehend historical facts and events, overcome subjectivity and tendentiousness in their presentation, draw conclusions and argue their own position based on the analysis of available information	the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and pose a scientific problem, substantiate its relevance; work with historical sources; critically comprehend historical facts and events, overcome subjectivity and tendentiousness in their presentation, draw conclusions and argue their own position based on the analysis of available information	knowledge) in solving practical issues and problems opportunities to put a scientific problem, substantiate its relevance; work with historical sources; critically comprehend historical facts and events, overcome subjectivity and tendentiousness in their presentation, draw conclusions and argue their own position based on the analysis of available information

owns (high)	-culture of thinking, the ability to	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates skills culture of
	generalize, analyze, perceive	knowledge, skills and abilities	thinking, the ability to
	information;	culture of thinking, the ability to	generalize, analyze, perceive
	- general scientific methods in	generalize, analyze, perceive	information; general scientific
	historical science, special	information; general scientific	methods in historical science,

		historical methods, methods	methods in historical science,	special historical methods,
		borrowed from other sciences;	special historical methods,	methods borrowed from other
			1 ,	
		-techniques of discussion and	methods borrowed from other	· 1
		polemics	sciences; techniques of discussion	discussion and polemics
			and polemics	
OK-11	knows	- methods for calculating the	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
the ability to use the foundations	(threshold	economic efficiency of the	only) methods for calculating	methods for calculating the
of economic knowledge in	level)	development and	the economic efficiency of the	economic efficiency of the
various fields of activity		implementation of new	development and	development and
		biotechnological products;	implementation of new	implementation of new
		- fundamentals of economic	biotechnological products;	biotechnological products;
		knowledge in various fields of	fundamentals of economic	fundamentals of economic
		activity	knowledge in various fields of	knowledge in various fields
			activity	of activity
	can (advanced)	- apply methods for calculating	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		the technical and economic	the basic material in solving	knowledge) the solution of
		efficiency of the production of	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		biotechnological products when	and apply calculation methods	<b>problems</b> applying
		choosing		techniques for calculating
				technical

		<ul> <li>optimal technical and organizational solutions</li> <li>collect and prepare initial data for the selection and justification of scientific, technical and organizational decisions based on economic analysis; use the basics of economic knowledge in various fields of activity</li> </ul>	the technical and economic efficiency of the production of biotechnological products, when choosing the optimal technical and organizational solutions, to collect and prepare initial data for the selection and substantiation of scientific, technical and organizational decisions based on economic analysis; use the basics economic knowledge in various fields of activity	biotechnological products when choosing the optimal technical and organizational solutions by collecting and preparing initial data for the selection and justification of scientific, technical and
	owns (high)	- the skills of calculating the	deep and solid possession of	
		economic efficiency of	knowledge, skills and abilities	calculating the economic
		technological processes for the	calculating the economic	efficiency of technological
		production of biotechnological	efficiency of technological	1 1
		products;	processes for the production of	of biotechnological products;
		- the basics of economic	biotechnological products; the	the basics of economic
		knowledge in various fields of	basics of economic knowledge	knowledge in various fields
		activity	in Call Call	of activity
	_		various fields of activity	
OK-12	knows	-the system of normative legal	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
the ability to use the foundations	(threshold	acts in the Russian Federation;	<b>only</b> ) systems of normative legal	systems of normative legal

of legal knowledge in various fields of activity	level) can (advanced)	<ul> <li>basics of legal knowledge in various fields of activity</li> <li>use regulations in their activities;</li> <li>use the basics legal knowledge in various fields of activity</li> </ul>	acts in the Russian Federation; foundations of legal knowledge in various fields of activity the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and use regulations in their activities; use the basics of legal knowledge in various fields of activity	
	owns (high)	<ul> <li>-skills in the application of regulatory legal acts in various spheres of life;</li> <li>-the basics of legal knowledge in various fields of activity</li> </ul>	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities application of normative legal acts in various spheres of life; the basics of legal knowledge in various fields of activity	<b>demonstrates</b> skills application of normative legal acts in various spheres of life; the basics of legal knowledge in various fields of activity

OK-13	knows	-principles of functioning of a	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
the ability to work in a team,	(threshold	professional team, understand	only)	principles of functioning of
tolerant of social and cultural	level)	the role of corporate norms and	principles of functioning of the	the professional team, the role
differences		standards	professional team, the role of	of corporate norms and
			corporate norms and standards	standards

	can (advanced)	-work in a team, effectively fulfill the tasks of professional activity	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and work in a team, effectively fulfill the tasks of a professional activities	of knowledge) the solution
	owns (high)	-methods of interaction with a team performing various professional tasks and responsibilities	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilitiesinteractionwithateamperformingvariousprofessionaltasks and responsibilities	
OK-14 ability for self-organization and self-education	knows (threshold level)	-the content of self-organization and self-education processes, their features and implementation technologies, based on the goals of improving professional	knowledge(basicmaterialonly)the content of the processes ofself-organizationandself-organizationeducation,theirfeaturesandimplementationtechnologies,based on the goals	their features and
		activities	improvement of professional activity	professional activity

	can (advanced)	-plan goals and set priorities when choosing methods of decision-making, taking into account the conditions, means, personal capabilities and the time perspective of achieving the implementation of activities	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and plan goals and set priorities when choosing methods of decision-making, taking into account the conditions, means, personal capabilities and time perspective of achievement implementation of activities	demonstrates(basedonknowledge)insolvingpracticalissuesandproblemsplanninggoalsandproblemsplanninggoalsandsettingprioritieswhenchoosingwaysofmakingdecisions, takinginto accounttheconditions,means,personal capabilitiesand timeperspective of achievementimplementation of activities
	owns (high)	-technologies for organizing the process of self-education; methods of goal-setting in the time perspective, methods of planning, organization, self- control and self-assessment of activities	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities technologies for organizing the process of self-education; methods of goal-setting in the time perspective, planning, organization, self-control and self-assessment of activities	demonstratesskillstechnologiesfororganizingthe process of self-education;methods of goal-setting in thetimeperspective,planning,organization,self-control andself-assessment of activities
OK-15 ability to use methods and tools	knows (threshold level)	-general theoretical aspects of physical education, their role and significance	knowledge(basicmaterialonly)generaltheoretical aspectsof	demonstratesknowledgegeneral theoretical aspects ofclasses
physical culture to ensure full- fledged social and professional activity		<ul> <li>in the formation of a healthy lifestyle;</li> <li>-principles and methods of organizing, refereeing physical culture and sports events</li> </ul>	physical education, their role and importance in the formation of a healthy lifestyle; principles and methods of organization, refereeing of health and fitness	physical culture, their role and importance in the formation of a healthy lifestyle; principles and methods of organization,

		and sports events	refereeing of health and
		and sports events	fitness and sports events
			Ĩ
can (advanced)	-independently build an	the ability to use knowledge of	
	individual trajectory of physical	the basic material in solving	of knowledge) in solving
	culture and sports achievements;	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
	-to use a variety of means and	and	problems the possibilities
	methods of physical culture to	independently build an	independently build an
	maintain and strengthen health,	individual trajectory of physical	individual trajectory of
	improve performance;	culture and sports achievements;	physical culture and sports
	-use methods of self-control of	to use a variety of means and	achievements; to use a variety
	your physical condition;	methods of physical culture to	of means and methods of
	-work in a team to achieve	maintain and strengthen health,	physical culture to maintain
	common and personal goals	improve performance; use	and strengthen health,
	Foresting Source	methods of self-control of your	improve performance; use
		physical condition; work in a	
		team to achieve common and	
		personal goals	Jean Politica and A
		Personal Boons	
			work in a team to achieve
			common and personal goals

owns (high)	-various forms and types of	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates skills various
	physical culture activities for the	knowledge, skills and abilities	forms and types of physical
	organization of a healthy	various forms and types of	culture activities for the
	lifestyle;	physical culture activities for the	organization of a healthy
	-methods of self-control of	organization of a healthy	lifestyle; ways of self-control
	individual indicators of health,	lifestyle; ways of self-control of	of individual indicators of
	physical fitness;	individual indicators of health,	health, physical
	-motor actions of basic sports and	physical fitness;	preparedness; motor actions
	actively uses them in game and	motor actions of basic sports and	
	competitive activities;	actively uses them in game and	e
	-a system of professionally and	competitive activities; a system	-
	vital practical skills and abilities	of professionally and vital	• • •
	that ensure the preservation and	practical skills and abilities that	-
	strengthening of physical and	ensure the preservation and	
	mental health	strengthening of physical and	1
		mental health	strengthening of physical and
			mental health

General professional competence	ries									
OPK-1	knows	- information,	computer	and	knowledge	(basic	material	demonstrates	s knowl	edge
the ability to search, store,	(threshold	network techno	ologies;		only) informa	ation, con	nputer and	information,	computer	and

process and analyze information	level)	- ways search, storage, processing	network technologies;	network technologies;
from various sources and		and analysis of information from	wayssearch, storage, processing	wayssearch, storage,
databases, to present it in the		various sources and databases	and analysis of information from	· · ·
required format using			various sources and databases	information from various
information, computer and				sources and databases
network technologies	can (advanced)	- search, store, process and	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		analyze information from	the basic material in solving	knowledge) in solving
		various sources and databases,	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		present it in the required	and search,	<b>problems</b> search, store,
		format	storage, processing and analysis	process and
			of information from various	analysis of information from
			sources and databases, present it	various sources and
			in the required format	databases, present it in the
			in the required format	-
				required format
	owns (high)	-the ability to search, store,	deep and solid possession of	
		process and analyze information	knowledge, skills and abilities	storage, processing and
		from various sources and	search, store, process and	analysis of information from
		databases, to present it in the	analyze information from	various sources and
		required format using	various sources and databases,	databases, present it in the
		information, computer and	present it in the required format	required format using
		network	using	information,
		technologies	information, computer and	computer and network
			network technologies	technologies

OPK-2	knows	-the main concepts, formulas and	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
the ability and willingness to use	(threshold	laws of natural sciences in	only) major concepts, formulas	major concepts, formulas and
the basic laws of natural science	level)	professional activities, methods	and laws of natural science in	laws of natural science in
disciplines in professional		of mathematical analysis and	professional activities, methods	professional activities,
activities, to apply the methods		modeling, theoretical and	of mathematical analysis and	methods of mathematical
of mathematical analysis and		experimental research;	modeling, theoretical and	analysis and modeling,
modeling, theoretical and		-biotechnological aspects,	experimental	theoretical and experimental
experimental		used in biotechnology;	research; biotechnological	research; biotechnological
research		-objects of biotechnology and	aspects used in biotechnology;	aspects used in
		their biotechnological functions,	objects of biotechnology and	biotechnology; objects of
		principles of cell cultivation;	their biotechnological functions,	biotechnology and their
		-the essence of the methods of	principles of cell cultivation;	biotechnological functions,
		molecular genetics, molecular	essence of molecular genetics	principles of cell cultivation;
		and cellular biology;	methods; stages of selection of	essence of molecular genetics
		-stages of selection of target	target products	methods; stages of selection
		products		of target products
	can (advanced)	-formulate the basic laws of	-skill in solving practical	demonstrates (knowledge-
		natural science	issues and	based) skill
		disciplines in professional	tasks to use the knowledge of	to formulate the basic laws of
		activity;	the basic material and to	natural science disciplines in
		-use the basic laws of natural	formulate the basic laws of	professional activities, to use
		science disciplines in	natural science disciplines in	the basic laws of natural

professional activities;	professional activities, to use	science disciplines in
-apply methods of mathematical	the basic laws of natural	professional activities; apply
analysis and modeling,	science disciplines in	methods of mathematical
theoretical and experimental	professional activities; apply	analysis and modeling,
research	methods of mathematical	theoretical and experimental
-conduct experimental research	analysis and modeling,	research; conduct
and tests to use mathematical	theoretical and experimental	experimental research and
processing of experimental data;	research; conduct experimental	tests according to a given
-use the language of molecular	research and tests according to	method, use mathematical
biotechnology;	a given method, use	processing of experimental
select biological objects	mathematical processing of	data;use the language of
	experimental data;use the	molecular biotechnology;
	language of molecular	select biological objects
	biotechnology; select	
	biological objects	

	owns (high)	<ul> <li>methods and principles of improving molecular biotechnology;</li> <li>the basic laws of natural sciences in molecular biotechnology, methods of mathematical analysis and modeling, theoretical and experimental research</li> </ul>	deep and lasting possession methods and principles of improving molecular biotechnology; the basic laws of natural sciences in molecular biotechnology, methods of mathematical analysis and modeling, theoretical and experimental research	<b>skills</b> methods and principles for improving molecular biotechnology; basic laws of
	knows (threshold	-the concept of the structure of	0	U
	(threshold level)	matter; -the main directions and	<b>only</b> ) the concept of the structure of matter; the main	-
about the modern physical picture of the world, spatio-	level)	problems of modern ideas of	directions and problems of	, ,
temporal laws, the structure of		Russian and foreign scientists	modern ideas of Russian and	1
matter to understand the		about the physical picture of the	foreign scientists about the	C
surrounding world and natural		world and the structure of matter	physical picture of the world and	picture of the world and the
phenomena		for understanding the	the structure of matter for	structure of matter for
		surrounding world and natural	understanding the surrounding	U
		phenomena	world and natural phenomena	surrounding world and natural phenomena

	can (advanced)	-to distinguish scientific	skill in solving practical issues	demonstrates skills
	× ,	knowledge from unscientific; to	and	distinguish scientific
		apply knowledge	tasks to use the knowledge of	e e
		-physical and chemical laws to	the basic material and to	from the unscientific; apply
		describe the natural science	distinguish scientific knowledge	knowledge of physical and
		picture of the world;	from unscientific; apply	chemical laws to describe the
		-to give a practical assessment of	knowledge of physical and	natural science picture of the
		the modern physical picture of	chemical laws to describe the	world; to give a practical
		the world on the basis of certain	natural science picture of the	assessment of the modern
		provisions of the theory of the	world; to give a practical	physical picture of the world
		structure of matter	assessment of the modern	on the basis of certain
			physical picture of the world on	provisions of the theory of the
			the basis of certain provisions of	structure of matter
			the theory of the structure of	
			matter	
	owns (high)	-the skills of analyzing natural	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates possession
		phenomena and processes using	knowledge, skills and abilities	skills analysis of natural
		ideas about the natural science	analysis of natural phenomena	phenomena and processes
		picture of the world;	and processes using ideas about	using ideas about the natural-
		-the ability to use knowledge	the natural science picture of the	scientific picture of the
		about the modern physical	world; use knowledge about the	world; knowledge about the
		picture of the world, spatio-	modern physical picture of the	modern physical picture of
		temporal laws, the structure of	world, spatio-temporal laws, the	the world, spatio-temporal
		matter to understand the	structure of matter to understand	laws, the structure of matter
		surrounding world and natural	the surrounding world and	for understanding the
		phenomena	natural phenomena	surrounding world and
				natural phenomena
OPK-4	knows	-principles of functioning of	knowledge (basic material	0
the ability to understand the	(threshold	information systems, understand	only)	principles of functioning of

meaning of information in the	level)	the role of legal norms and	principles of functioning of	information systems, the role
development of a modern		standards	information systems, the role of	of legal norms and standards
information society, awareness			legal norms and standards	_
of the danger and threat arising				
in this process, the ability to				
comply with the basic				
requirements of information				
security, including the				
protection of state secrets				
	can (advanced)	-work with information,	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (knowledge-
		effectively fulfill the tasks of	the basic material in solving	based) skills in solving
		professional activity	practical issues and problems	practical issues and tasks
			and work with information,	work with information,
			effectively fulfill the tasks of	effectively fulfill the tasks of
			professional activity	professional activity
	owns (high)	-methods of interaction with	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates skills
		information that serves to	knowledge, skills and abilities	interaction with information
		perform various professional	interaction with information that	that serves to perform various
		tasks and responsibilities	serves to perform various	professional tasks and
			professional tasks and	responsibilities
			responsibilities	
OPK-5	knows	-basic methods of obtaining,	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
possession of basic methods,	(threshold	storing, processing information;	only) basic methods of	basic methods of obtaining,
methods and means of	level)	-approaches to popularizing and	obtaining, storing, processing	storing, processing
obtaining, storing, processing		presenting the results of	information; approaches to	information; approaches to
information, skills of working		biomedical, biochemical and	popularizing and presenting the	popularizing and presenting
with a computer as a means of		biotechnological research in a	results of biomedical,	the results of biomedical,
information management		popular and popular scientific	biochemical and	biochemical and
		form	biotechnological research in a	biotechnological research in a

			popular and popular scientific	popular and popular scientific
			form	form
	can (advanced)	-work with a computer as an	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		information management tool	the basic material in solving	knowledge) in solving
			practical issues and problems	practical issues and
			and work with a computer as an	problems work with a
			information management tool	computer as an information
				management tool
	owns (high)	-the skills of obtaining, storing,	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates skills
		processing information using	knowledge, skills and abilities	receiving, storing, processing
		computer technologies and	receiving, storing, processing	information using computer
		systems;	information using computer	technologies and systems;
			technology and	analysis and processing
		-the skills of analyzing and	systems; analysis and processing	scientific data and their
		processing scientific data and	of scientific data and their	presentation in scientific
		presenting them in popular	presentation in popular science	popular form
		science form	form	
OPK-6	knows	-principles, methods, means of	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
possession of the basic methods	(threshold	ensuring the safety of life in	only) principles, methods,	principles, methods, means of
of protecting production	level)	industrial conditions and in	means of ensuring the safety of	ensuring the safety of life in
personnel and the population		emergencies of natural and man-	life in industrial conditions and	industrial conditions and in
from the possible consequences		made origin;	in emergencies of natural and	emergencies of natural and
of accidents, catastrophes,		-the main methods of protecting	man-made origin; the main	man-made origin; basic
natural disasters		production personnel and the	methods of protecting	methods of protecting
		population from the possible	production personnel and the	production
		consequences of accidents,	population from possible	-
		disasters, natural	•	
		disasters; means and methods of	consequences of accidents,	personnel and population
		increasing the safety of technical	catastrophes, natural disasters;	

	means and technological	means and methods of	of accidents, catastrophes,
	e e		natural disasters; means and
	processes	increasing the safety of technical	<i>,</i>
		means and technological	methods of increasing the
		processes	safety of technical means and
			technological processes
can (advanced)	-to differentiate the principles,	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
	methods and means of ensuring	the basic material in solving	knowledge) in solving
	safety applied in industrial and	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
	emergency conditions;	and differentiate used in	problems differentiate used
	-protect production	production conditions and	in industrial and emergency
	– personnel and population from	in emergencies, principles,	conditions
	the possible consequences of	methods and means of ensuring	principles, methods and
	accidents, catastrophes, natural	safety; protect production	1 1 '
	disasters to monitor the	personnel and the population	
		from possible consequences of	and the population from
	1 , ,	accidents, catastrophes, natural	possible consequences of
	vibration, electromagnetic,	· • • •	1 1
	thermal radiation	disasters; monitor air	accidents, catastrophes,
		parameters, noise, vibration,	natural disasters; monitor air
		electromagnetic, thermal	parameters, noise, vibration,
		radiation	electromagnetic, thermal
			radiation
owns (high)	-tools and methods of analysis in	deep and lasting possession	demonstrates possession
	industrial conditions and in	tools and methods of analysis in	skills tools and methods of
		industrial conditions and in	analysis in industrial

		une de la minimu		and the second in
		made origin;	emergencies of natural and man-	conditions and in
		-skills of protecting production	made origin;	emergencies of natural and
		personnel and the population	skills of protecting production	man-made origin;
		from the possible consequences	personnel and the population	skills of protecting production
		of accidents, catastrophes,	from the possible consequences	personnel and the population
		natural disasters	of accidents, catastrophes,	from the possible
			natural disasters	consequences of accidents,
				catastrophes, natural disasters
OPK-7	knows	-theoretical foundations of	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
ability to find and evaluate new	(threshold	genetics, biotechnology and the	only) theoretical foundations of	theoretical foundations of
technological solutions,	level)	foundations of biotechnological	genetics, biotechnology and the	genetics, biotechnology and
implement the results of		industries;	foundations of biotechnological	the foundations of
biotechnological research and		-new and promising methods and	industries; problems of the	biotechnological industries;
development		techniques in the	development of biotechnological	problems of the development
		biotechnological field;	methods in medical biology and	of biotechnological methods
		-problems of the development of	biotechnology, priority	in medical biology and
		biotechnological methods in	directions for their solution; the	biotechnology, priority
		medical biology and	importance of biotechnology for	directions for their solution;
		biotechnology, priority	the development of society, its	the importance of
		directions for their solution;	social effect and bioeconomy	biotechnology for the
		-the importance of biotechnology		development of society, its
		for the development of society,		social effect and bioeconomy
		its social effect and bioeconomy		
	can (advanced)	-apply scientific and technical	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		information on the development	the basic material in solving	knowledge) the solution of
		of new directions in	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		biotechnology, genetics,	and apply scientific and	problems application of
		including biomedicine and	technical information on	scientific and technical
		-		information on development

			issues
	biopharmaceuticals;	development of new directions	new directions in
	-work with scientific and	in biotechnology, genetics,	biotechnology, genetics,
	technical information, use	including biomedicine and	including biomedicine and
	Russian and international	biopharmaceuticals; work with	biopharmaceuticals; ability to
	experience in professional	scientific and technical	work with scientific and
	activities;	information, use Russian and	technical information, use
	-develop and implement new	international experience in	Russian and international
	technological and	professional activities	experience in professional
	methodological solutions		activities
aure (high)	a set of knowledge and skills in	dam and askil managed as af	domonstructor chills a set of
owns (high)	-a set of knowledge and skills in	deep and solid possession of	
	the field of modern goals and	knowledge, skills and	knowledge and skills in the
	objectives of molecular	<b>abilities</b> in the complex of	field of modern goals and
	biotechnology, main directions	knowledge and skills in the field	objectives of molecular
	and development prospects;	of modern goals and objectives	biotechnology, main
	-principles and methods of	of molecular biotechnology,	directions and development
	finding and evaluating new	main directions and	prospects; principles and
	technological solutions, the	development prospects;	methods of finding and
	ability to implement	principles and methods for	evaluating new technological
	results of biotechnological	finding and evaluating new	solutions,
	research and development	technological solutions,	the possibility of
		implementation of the results of	implementing the results of
		biotechnological research and	biotechnological research and
		development	development

## Professional competence

production and technological activities:

PC-1	knows	-production technology and basic	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
the ability to carry out the	(threshold	technological operations and	only) production technologies	production technologies and
technological process in	level)	operating modes of	and main technological	main technological operations
accordance with the regulations		technological equipment for the	operations and operating modes	and operating modes of
and use technical means to		production of biotechnological	of technological equipment for	technological equipment for
measure the main parameters		products;	the production of	the production of
biotechnological processes,		-rules for organizing and	biotechnological products; rules	biotechnological products;
properties of raw materials and		maintaining the technological	for organizing and maintaining	rules for organizing and
products		process in the production of	the technological process in the	maintaining the technological
		biotechnological products;	production of biotechnological	process in the production of
		-methods for controlling the main	products; methods of control of	biotechnological products;
		parameters of biotechnological	the main parameters of	methods of control of the
		processes, properties of raw	biotechnological processes,	main parameters of
		materials and products	properties of raw materials and	biotechnological processes,
			products	properties of raw materials
				and products
	can (advanced)	-lead the main technological	skill in solving practical issues	demonstrates (based on
		processes	and	knowledge) when solving

		<ul> <li>production biotechnological products;</li> <li>regulate technological processes production of biosynthesis products according to the indications of control and measuring devices and the results of analyzes based on the determination of technological parameters of the processes of production of biosynthesis products;</li> <li>enjoy methods quality control of technological operations in the products</li> </ul>	tasks to use the knowledge of the basic material and lead the main technological processes of production biotechnological products; regulate technological processes production of biosynthesis products according to the indications of instrumentation and the results of analyzes based on the determination of technological parameters of processes production of biosynthetic products; use quality control methods for performing technological operations in the products	practical issues and tasksskillsleadthemaintechnologicalprocessesofproductionbiotechnologicalprocessesproducts;regulatetechnologicalprocessesproductionofbiosynthesisproductsaccordingtoproductsaccordingtoindications of instrumentationandthe resultsofandthe determinationandthe determinationproducts;use quality controlproducts;use quality controlmethodsforperformingtechnologicaloperationsintheproductionofbiotechnologicalproducts
0	owns (high)	-the ability to carry out the technological process in accordance with the regulations and use technical means for measuring main parameters of	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities carry out the technological process in accordance with the regulations and use technical means to measure	demonstratesskillsimplementationoftechnologicalprocessaccordancewithregulations anduseusetechnicalmeansto

		<ul> <li>biotechnological processes,</li> <li>properties of raw materials and</li> <li>products;</li> <li>skills in conducting research of</li> <li>the biotechnological process in</li> <li>pilot and pilot industrial</li> </ul>	1 / 0	of biotechnological processes, properties of raw materials and products; conducting research on the biotechnological process at
22.2	_	installations		pilot and pilot plant installations
PC-2	knows	-basic principles of regulation of	e · ·	U
ability to implement and	(threshold	metabolism and growth rate of	only) basic principles of	
manage biotechnological	level)	microorganisms, methods of	regulation of metabolism and	of metabolism and growth
processes		cultivation of microorganisms,	growth rate of microorganisms,	rate of microorganisms,
		quantitative characteristics of the	methods of cultivation of	methods of cultivation of
		growth of cultures,	microorganisms, quantitative	microorganisms, quantitative
		-equipment for the cultivation of	•	0 1
		microorganisms, storage of	cultures, equipment for the	Ũ
		microorganisms;	cultivation of microorganisms,	
			storage of microorganisms;the	
		e	e e	<b>U</b>
		biotechnological process;	main stages of the	microorganisms;the main
			biotechnological process; ways,	e e
			methods and principles of	process; ways, methods and
			implementation and	principles
			management	

	wave methods and mindiples of	histophysical massages	implementation
	-ways, methods and principles of		1
	implementation and	modern advances in biological	e
	management of biotechnological	sciences and biomedical	biotechnological processes;
	processes;	technologies	modern advances in
	modern achievements in		biological sciences and
	biological sciences and		biomedical technologies
	biomedical technologies		
can (advanced)	-regulate and improve the	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (on the basis
	biotechnological process in order	the basic material in solving	of knowledge) the solution
	to obtain a high-quality final	practical issues and problems	of practical issues and tasks
	product;	and regulate and improve the	for regulation and
	-to carry out biotechnological	biotechnological process in	improvement of the
	production processes and obtain	order to obtain a high-quality	biotechnological process in
	biologically active substances	final product; to carry out	order to obtain a high-quality
	and individual components of	biotechnological production	final product; implementation
	microbial cells;	processes and obtain	of biotechnological processes
	-to carry out isolation and	biologically active substances	for the production and
	purification of biologically	and individual components of	production of biologically
	active substances from biomass	microbial cells; to carry out	active substances and
	and culture liquid;	isolation and purification of	individual components of
	-carry out stepwise control and	biologically active substances	microbial cells; for the
	standardization of the drugs	from biomass and culture liquid;	isolation and purification of
	obtained (determination of the	carry out stepwise control and	biologically active substances
	antimicrobial activity of	standardization	from biomass and culture
	antibiotics,		liquid; implementation

	activity of enzyme preparations, viability of microorganisms); -ensure compliance with the rules of industrial hygiene, environmental protection -environment, labor protection and safety measures. choose the optimal storage conditions for biotechnological preparations and evaluate their quality during long-term storage	of the preparations obtained (determination of the antimicrobial activity of antibiotics, the activity of enzyme preparations, viability microorganisms); ensure compliance with the rules of industrial hygiene, environmental protection, occupational health and safety; choose the optimal storage conditions for biotechnological preparations and evaluate their quality during long-term storage	of antibiotics, the activity enzyme preparations, the viability of microorganisms); ensuring compliance with the rules of industrial hygiene, environmental protection, occupational health and safety; selection of optimal storage conditions for biotechnological products and assessment of their quality in the process long-term storage
owns (high)	<ul> <li>methods of controlled cultivation of microorganisms;</li> <li>methods of immobilization of cells of microorganisms;</li> <li>technology of obtaining</li> <li>biologically active substances</li> </ul>	deep and lasting possessionmethodsofcultivationofmethodsofmethodsofimmobilizationofcellsofmicroorganisms;technologiesforobtaining	demonstratespossessionskillsmethods of controlledcultivationofmicroorganisms;cellimmobilizationmethodsmicroorganisms;technologies
	and individual components of	biologically active substances	for obtaining biologically

		microbial cells; the ability to implement and manage biotechnological	and individual components of microbial cells; the ability to implement and manage	active substances and individual components of microbial cells; the ability to
		processes	biotechnological processes	implement and manage biotechnological processes
PC-3	knows	-methods for assessing the means	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
readiness to evaluate technical	(threshold	and methods for increasing the	only) methods for assessing	methods for assessing means
means and technologies taking	level)	safety of technical means and	means and methods for	and methods for improving
into account the environmental	,	technological processes;	increasing the safety of technical	the safety of technical means
consequences of their use		-methods of using technical	means and technological	and technological processes;
		means and technologies, taking	processes; ways of using	ways of using technical
		into account the environmental	technical means and	means and technologies,
		consequences of their use;	technologies, taking into account	taking into account the
		-methodology for the application	the environmental consequences	environmental consequences
		of quality monitoring and	of their use; methodologies for	of their use; monitoring
		safety of technical means and	applying quality and safety	application methodologies
		technologies in molecular and	monitoring	quality and safety of technical
		industrial biotechnology	technical means and	means and technologies in
			technologies in molecular and	molecular and industrial
			industrial biotechnology	biotechnology
	can (advanced)	-understand and analyze	the ability (in solving practical	demonstrates (based on
		information on the methods of	issues and problems) to use the	knowledge) in solving
		assessing the means and	knowledge of the basic	practical issues and
		methods of increasing the safety	material and understand,	problems understanding and
		of technical means and	analyze information on methods	analysis of information on
		technological processes;	of assessing means and methods	methods of assessing means
		-apply the selected technical	of increasing the safety of	and methods of increasing the

	means and technologies, taking	technical means and	safety of technical means and
		teeninear means and	•
	into account		technological
	-the environmental consequences	technological processes; apply	processes; application of the
	of their use;	the selected technical means and	selected technical means and
	apply knowledge about	technologies, taking into account	technologies, taking into
	monitoring the quality and safety	the environmental consequences	account the environmental
	of technical means and	of their use; apply knowledge	consequences of their use;
	technologies in molecular and	about monitoring the quality and	application of knowledge
	industrial biotechnology	safety of technical means and	about monitoring the quality
		technologies in molecular and	and safety of technical means
		industrial biotechnology	and technologies in molecular
			and industrial biotechnology
owns (high)	-skills in assessing means and	deep and lasting possession of	demonstrates possession
	methods of improvement	knowledge, skills and	skills evaluating funds and
	-safety of technical means and	skills assessment of means and	methods of increasing the
	technological processes;	methods for increasing the safety	safety of technical means and
	-methods of searching and	of technical means and	technological processes;
	making decisions on the choice	technological processes;	methods of searching and
	of technical means and	methods of searching and	making decisions on the
	technologies, taking into account	making decisions on the choice	choice of technical means and
	the environmental consequences	of technical means and	technologies, taking into
	of their use;	technologies, taking into account	account the environmental
	-skills in the use of monitoring	the environmental consequences	consequences of their use;
	the quality and safety of	of their use; skills in the use of	skills in the use of monitoring
	technical means and	monitoring the quality and safety	the quality and safety of
	technologies in molecular and	of technical means and	technical means and
		technologies in molecular and	technologies in molecular

PC-4 the ability to ensure compliance with safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>-industrial biotechnology; methods of assessing technical means and technologies, taking into account the environmental consequences of their use</li> <li>-safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection;</li> <li>-hazards associated with anthropogenic impact on the biosphere</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>industrial biotechnology; methods of assessing technical means and technologies, taking into account the environmental consequences of their use</li> <li>knowledge (basic material only) safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection; hazards associated with anthropogenic impact on the biosphere</li> </ul>	and industrial biotechnology; methods of assessing technical means and technologies, taking into account the environmental consequences of their use <b>demonstrates knowledge</b> safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection; hazards associated with anthropogenic biosphere impact
	can (advanced)	<ul> <li>make conclusions about the sources of negative impact on the natural environment;</li> <li>ensure compliance with safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection</li> </ul>	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and make conclusions about the sources of negative impact on the natural environment; ensure compliance with safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection	·

	owns (high)	<ul> <li>methodological approaches to assessing anthropogenic impact on the environment, methods of ensuring safety, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection;</li> <li>the ability to ensure compliance with safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection</li> </ul>	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities methodological approaches to assessing anthropogenic impact on the environment, methods of ensuring safety, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection; ensure compliance with safety regulations, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection	methodological approaches to assessing anthropogenic impact on the environment, methods of ensuring safety, industrial sanitation, fire safety and labor protection; enforce rules safety engineering, industrial
<i>organizational and management</i> PC-5 the ability to organize the work of performers, find and make managerial decisions in the field of organization and work rate setting	knows (threshold	<ul> <li>general approaches to organizing the work of performers;</li> <li>basic concepts of labor organization; labor rationing</li> </ul>	<b>knowledge (basic material</b> <b>only)</b> general approaches to organizing the work of performers; basic concepts of labor organization; labor rationing	general approaches to organizing the work of performers; basic concepts of

can (advanced)	-organize the work of performers,	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (on the basis
	find and make managerial	the basic material in solving	of knowledge) the solution

	owns (high)	decisions in the field of organization and work rate setting -skills of organizing the work of performers; -the skills of making managerial decisions in the field of	practical issues and problemsand organizethe work ofperformers, find and makemanagerial decisions in the fieldof organization and work ratesettingdeep and solid possession ofknowledge, skills and abilitiesorganization of the work ofperformers;adoptionadoptionofperformers;	problems,usingskillsorganizetheworkofperformers,findandmakemanagerialdecisionsinthefieldoforganizationandworkratesettingdemonstratesskillsorganizationoftheworkoftheperformers;makingmanagementdecisionsin
	- Lucassa	-the skills of making managerial decisions in the field of organization and work rate setting	organization of the work of performers; adoption of managerial solutions in the field of organization and regulation of labor	performers; making management decisions in the field of organization and labor rationing
PC-6 readiness to implement a quality management system for biotechnological products in accordance with the requirements of Russian and international quality standards	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>general provisions and medical and biological requirements for the quality of biotechnological products;</li> <li>main directions of state policy in the field of biomedical cell products;</li> <li>the main directions of technical progress in medical and pharmaceutical biotechnology, the creation of new biotechnologies and biomedical cell products</li> </ul>	knowledge (basic material only) general provisions and medical and biological requirements for the quality of biotechnological products; main directions of state policy in the field of biomedical cell products; main directions of technological progress in medical and pharmaceutical biotechnology, new biotechnologies and biomedical cell products	demonstratesknowledgegeneralprovisionsandmedicalandbiologicalrequirementsfor the qualityofbiotechnologicalproducts;maindirectionsofbiomedicalcellproducts;maindirectionsofbiomedicalcellproducts;maindirectionsoftechnologicalprogressinmedicalandpharmaceuticalbiotechnology,newbiotechnologiesandbiomedicalcellproductsmedical

can (advanced)	<ul> <li>-use and comply with the requirements of Russian and international quality standards;</li> <li>-apply advanced domestic and foreign experience in the field of progressive technologies for the production of new biotechnologies and biomedical cell products;</li> <li>-improve and optimize existing technological processes based on a systematic approach to the analysis of the quality of raw materials, technological process and requirements for the final product</li> </ul>	skill in solving practical issues and problems use and comply with the requirements of Russian and international quality standards; apply advanced domestic and foreign experience in the field of advanced technology for the production of new biotechnologies and biomedical cell products; improve and optimize existing technological processes based on a systematic approach to the analysis of the quality of raw materials, technological process and requirements for the final	of knowledge)the solutionof practical issuesandproblemsinuseanduseandfulfillmentoftherequirementsofRussianinternational standardsquality;whenapplyingadvanceddomesticandforeign experiencein the fieldofprogressivetechnology
	_	products	to the analysis of the quality of raw materials, technological process and requirements for the final product

PC-7 knov	for the cr cell product -methods a biotechnolo manageme products in requiremer internation -the main policy in th cell techno	eation of biomedical tts;and envir for the c cell prod principles management biotechnol accordance with the al quality standards; principles of state he field of biomedicaland envir for the c cell prod principles management biotechnol accordance requirement internation the main	ogical products in with the nts of Russian and al quality standards; principles of state he field of biomedical blogies;	safety and e friendliness for of biomedical c methods and prin management sys the qual biotechnological accordance requirements of international	environmental the creation cell products; nciples of the tem ity of products in with the Russian and quality sic principles n the field of
		and their adjustment only) stru	cture of technological		technological

summarize information on the	-industrial testing of progressive	their correction during industrial	adjustment during industrial
formation and use of enterprise	biotechnologies and new types	tests of progressive	î û
resources	of biotechnological products,	biotechnologies and new types	biotechnologies and new
	taking into account cost	of biotechnological products,	Ũ
	optimization and improving the	taking into account cost	products, taking into account
	quality of products;	optimization and improving the	cost optimization and
	the composition of production	quality of products; the	-
	and non-production costs of		products; the composition of
	operating and modernized	non-production costs of	production and non-
	production of biotechnological	operating and modernized	1
	products;	biotechnological production	and modernized
	-indicators of the efficiency of	products; indicators of the	
	technological processes for the	efficiency of technological	products; indicators of the
	production of biotechnological	processes for the production of	* ·
	products;	biotechnological products;	processes for the production
	-methods and means of	methods and means of	1 1
	collecting, processing, storing,	collecting, processing, storing,	methods and means of
	transferring and accumulating	transferring and accumulating	collecting, processing,
	information using basic system	information using basic system	storing, transferring and
	software products and	software products and	accumulating information
	application packages in the	application packages in the	using basic system software
	production process	production process	products and application
	production process	production process	packages in
			packages in
	biotechnological products;	biotechnological products;	the production process of
	biotechnological products;	products;	the production process of

	resource provision of	resource support for	biotechnological products;
	1	11	
	biotechnological production	biotechnological production	resource support for
			biotechnological production
can (advanced)	-apply the methods of calculating	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
	the technical and economic	the basic material in solving	knowledge) the solution of
	efficiency of the production of	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
	biotechnological products when	and apply methods for	problems apply methods for
	choosing the optimal technical	calculating the technical and	calculating the technical and
	and organizational solutions;	economic efficiency of the	economic efficiency of the
	-use technologies for collection,	production of biotechnological	production of
	placement, storage,	products when choosing	biotechnological
	accumulation, transformation	optimal technical and	products when choosing the
	and transmission of data in	organizational solutions; use	best technical and
	professionally oriented	technologies for collecting,	organizational solutions; use
	information systems for the	placing, storing, accumulating,	technologies for collecting,
	production of biotechnological	transforming and transmitting	placing, storing,
	products	data in professionally oriented	accumulating, transforming
	products	information systems for the	and transmitting data in
		production of biotechnological	professionally oriented
		products	information systems for the
		products	•
			production of biotechnological
			products
owns (high)	-registration of changes in	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates possession
	technical and technological	knowledge, skills and abilities	skills registration of changes
	documentation when adjusting	registration of changes in	in technical and technological
	technological processes, control	technical and technological	documentation when

	systems for the production of	documentation when adjusting	adjusting technological
	•	<i>i o</i>	, , ,
	biotechnological products;	technological processes, control	1 · · ·
	-preparation of proposals to	systems for the production of	the production of
	improve the efficiency of	biotechnological products;	biotechnological products;
	production and competitiveness	preparation of proposals to	preparation of proposals to
	of products aimed at rational use	improve production efficiency	improve the efficiency of
	and reduction of costs of raw	and competitiveness of products	production and
	materials, materials, reduction of	aimed at the rational use and	competitiveness of products
	labor intensity of production,	reduction of costs of raw	aimed at the rational use and
	increase in labor productivity,	materials, materials, reducing	reduction of costs of raw
	economical use of energy	the labor intensity of production,	materials,
	resources at the enterprise,	increasing labor productivity,	
	introduction of waste-free and	economical use of energy	
	low-waste technologies for the	resources at the enterprise,	
	production of biotechnological	introducing waste-free and low-	
	products	waste technologies for the	
		production of biotechnological	
	-	products	low-waste technologies for
			the production of
			biotechnological products
research activities:			

PC-8	knows	-principles and features of the	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
ability to work with scientific	(threshold	organization and accumulation	only) principles and	principles and characteristics
and technical information, use	level)	of scientific information;	characteristics of the	of the organization and
Russian and international		-mechanisms and means	organization and accumulation	accumulation of scientific
experience in professional		necessary for solving	of scientific information;	information; mechanisms and
activities		professional problems in the	mechanisms and means	means necessary for solving
		field of means of obtaining,	necessary for solving	professional problems in the
		storing, processing information	professional problems in the	field of means of obtaining,
			field of means of obtaining,	storing, processing
			storing,	information
			information processing	
	can (advanced)	-extract scientific evidence from	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		relevant sources; solve typical	the basic material in solving	knowledge) in solving
		educational and research tasks in	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		the field of methods, methods	and extract scientific evidence	problems extract scientific
		and means of obtaining, storing,	from relevant sources; solve	evidence from relevant
		processing information;	typical educational and research	sources; solve typical
		-work with scientific and	tasks in the field of methods,	educational and research
		technical information, use	methods and means of obtaining,	tasks in the field of methods,
		Russian and international	storing, processing information;	methods and means of
		experience in professional	work with scientific	obtaining, storing, processing
				information; work with
		activities	technical information, use	scientific and technical
			Russian and international	information, use Russian and
			experience in professional	-
			activities	professional activities

	owns (high)	<ul> <li>skills of independent work with educational and scientific literature on the topic of research;</li> <li>the skills of analyzing and assessing the reliability of scientific information;</li> <li>ability to work with scientific and technical information, use Russian and international experience in professional activities</li> </ul>	deep and lasting possession of knowledge, skills and skills of independent work with educational and scientific literature on the topic of research; the skills of analyzing and assessing the reliability of scientific information; skills in working with scientific and technical information, using Russian and international experience in professional activities	independent work with educational and scientific literature on the topic of research; the skills of analyzing and assessing the reliability of scientific information; skills work with scientific and technical information, use of Russian and international
PC-9 mastery of the basic methods and techniques of conducting experimental research in their professional field	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>-objects of biotechnology and their biotechnological functions;</li> <li>-biological systems used in molecular biotechnology;</li> <li>-the chemical composition of living organisms and</li> </ul>	knowledge(basicmaterialonly)objectsofbiotechnologyandtheirbiotechnologicalfunctions;biologicalsystemsusedinmolecularbiotechnology;	objects of biotechnology and

	physiclogical function the most	the chemical composition of	the chemical composition of
	-physiological function the most	living organisms and the	living organisms and the
	important chemical elements,	0 0	0 0
	biochemical characteristics of	physiological functions of the	physiological functions of the
	the main subcellular	most important chemical	most important chemical
	components, cell nutrition	elements, the biochemical	elements, the biochemical
	elements used in	characteristics of the main	characteristics of the main
	biotechnological production;	subcellular components, cell	subcellular components, cell
	-main directions of development	nutrition elements used in	nutrition elements used in
	of biotechnology and modern	biotechnological production;	biotechnological production;
	achievements of biological	main directions of development	main directions of
	sciences and biomedical	of biotechnology and modern	development of
	technologies;	achievements of biological	biotechnology and modern
	-traditional microbial	sciences and biomedical	achievements of biological
	technologies and the main stages	technologies; ways of	sciences and biomedical
	of biotechnological processes;	biosynthesis of basic	technologies; ways of
	-methods of biosynthesis of basic	biologically active substances;	biosynthesis of basic
	biologically active substances;	methods and techniques for	biologically active
	-basic methods and techniques	conducting experimental	substances; methods and
	for conducting experimental	research in molecular	techniques for conducting
	research in molecular	biotechnology	experimental research in
	biotechnology		molecular biotechnology
	biotechnology		
	omber fundamental theory (* 1	abill in action a second in a line of	domonstratos (ll-)
can (advanced)	-apply fundamental theoretical	skill in solving practical issues	demonstrates (knowledge-
	knowledge to	and	based) skills

-solving practical problems in the	tasks to use the knowledge of	apply fundamental theoretical
	U	
field of molecular biotechnology	the basic material and apply	
and conducting research to		problems in the field of
improve the biotechnological	knowledge in the field of	molecular biotechnology and
process;	molecular biotechnology and	conduct research to improve
-solve standard tasks of	conduct research to improve the	the biotechnological process;
professional activity using	biotechnological process; solve	solve standard tasks of
information, bibliographic	standard tasks of professional	professional activity using
resources, biomedical and	activity using information,	
biotechnological terminology,	bibliographic resources,	resources, biomedical and
information and communication	biomedical and biotechnological	,
technologies and taking into	terminology, information and	
account the basic requirements	communication technologies and	
of information security;	taking into account the basic	e e
•	e	e e
-work with scientific and	requirements of information	-
technical information, use	security; work with scientific	information security; work
Russian and international	and technical information, use	with scientific and technical
experience in professional	Russian and international	
activities;		

	<ul> <li>-conduct research and analyze the state of living systems, process the results of biological research</li> <li>- conduct experimental research is molecular biotechnology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>activities;</li> <li>conduct research and analyze the</li> </ul>	information, use Russian and international experience in professional activities; conduct research and analyze the state of living systems, process the results of biological research; conduct experimental research in molecular biotechnology
owns	s (high) –the main methods an techniques for conductin experimental research i molecular biotechnology; –methods of obtaining producer of useful substances, studyin their physiological an biochemical characteristics; –skills in planning an performing experimental task for	g main methods and techniques for conducting experimental research in molecular biotechnology; methods of obtaining producers of useful substances, studying their physiological and biochemical characteristics; skills in planning and performing experimental tasks to obtain target	experimental research in molecular biotechnology; methods of obtaining producers of useful substances, studying their physiological and biochemical characteristics; skills
	obtaining target products studying the patterns an conditions of their biosynthesis	and conditions of their	planning and performing experimental tasks for obtaining target products,

		optimizing the bioprocess	bioprocess	studying the patterns and conditions of their biosynthesis, optimizing the
				bioprocess
PC-10 ability to conduct standard and certification tests of raw materials, finished products and technological processes	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>-fundamentals and principles of standardization, the process of preparing products for the conformity confirmation procedure;</li> <li>-operating in the industry and on</li> <li>-enterprise standards and technical conditions, legislative and regulatory legal acts;</li> <li>-the current system of state attestation and certification of products;</li> <li>-standard test methods for raw materials, finished biotechnological products and technological processes;</li> <li>-process quality management</li> </ul>	knowledge (basic material only) the basics and principles of standardization, the process of preparing products for the confirmation procedure compliance; standards and technical conditions in force in the industry and at the enterprise, legislative and regulatory legal acts; the current system of state attestation and certification of products; standard test methods for raw materials, finished biotechnological products and technological processes; process quality management systems	confirmation procedure compliance; standards and technical conditions in force
		systems		
		production and finished biotechnological products	production and finished biotechnological products	processes;qualitymanagementsystemsforproductionprocessesandfinishedbiotechnologicalproducts

can (advanced)	<ul> <li>process current production information, analyze the obtained data for use in the management and quality assurance and safety of biotechnological products;</li> <li>conduct standard and certification tests of raw materials, finished products and technological processes</li> </ul>	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and process current production information, analyze the obtained data for use in the management and quality assurance and safety of biotechnological products; conduct standard and certification tests of raw materials, finished products and technological processes	demonstrates (knowledge- based) skills in solving practical issues and tasks process current production information, analyze the obtained data for use in the management and quality assurance and safety of biotechnological products; conduct standard and certification tests of raw materials, finished products and technological processes
owns (high)	<ul> <li>methods of organizing an effective quality control system for raw materials, semi-finished products and finished</li> <li>biotechnological products; methods of standard and certification testing of raw materials, finished products and technological processes</li> </ul>	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities methods of organizing effective quality control systems for raw materials, semi-finished products and finished biotechnological products; methods of standard and certification testing of raw	demonstratespossessionskillsmethods of organizingan effective quality controlsystemraw materials, semi-finishedproductsandbiotechnologicalproducts;methodsofstandardandcertificationtestingofrawmaterials,finished

			technological processes	
PC-11	knows	-a system for conducting	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
proficiency in the methods of	(threshold	experiments according to a given	only) systems for conducting	systems for conducting
experiment planning, processing	level)	methodology and analyzing the	experiments according to a given	experiments according to a
and presentation of the results		results	methodology and analyzing the	given methodology and
		-measurement, observation and	results; methods	analyzing the results;
		compilation methods	measuring, observing and	methods
		-descriptions of ongoing research;	compiling a description of the	measuring, observing and
		compilation of data for the	research being carried out;	compiling a description of the
		compilation of reviews, reports	compilation of data for the	research being carried out;
		and scientific publications;	compilation of reviews, reports	compilation of data for the
		-scheme for the implementation	and scientific publications;	compilation of reviews,
		of research and development	schemes for the implementation	reports and scientific
		results	of research and development	publications; schemes for the
		protection scheme for	results; schemes for the	implementation of research
		intellectual property objects,	protection of intellectual	and development results;
		research and development results	property objects, research and	schemes for the protection of
			development results	intellectual property objects,
				research and development
				results

can (advan	(ced)	-design and conduct research;	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		-design a study;	the basic material in solving	knowledge) the solution of
		-conduct experiments according	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		to a given method;	and design and conduct	problems design and conduct
		-process the results of research	research; design a study; conduct	research; design a study;
		and development;	experiments according to a given	conduct experiments
		-prepare reports on the completed	method; process the results of	according to a given method;
		assignment	research and development;	process the results of research

	owns (high)	-methods of experiment planning, processing and presentation of the results obtained	prepare reports on the completed assignment deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities planning an experiment, processing and presenting the results obtained	and development; prepare reports on the completed assignment <b>demonstrates skills</b> planning an experiment, processing and presenting the results obtained
PC-12 willingness to use modern information technologies in their professional field, including databases and application packages	knows (threshold level)	-a system of modern information technologies, modern software, including databases and application packages, taking into account the basic requirements of information security	knowledge (basic material only) systems of modern information technologies, modern software, including databases and application packages, taking into account the basic requirements of information	demonstratesknowledgesystemsofmoderninformationtechnologies,modernsoftware, includingdatabasesandapplicationpackages, takinginto accountthe basic requirements
	can (advanced)	<ul> <li>solve standard tasks of professional activity using information technologies and taking into account the basic requirements of information security</li> <li>skills in the use of modern</li> </ul>	security skill in solving standard tasks of professional activity with the use of information technology and, taking into account the basic requirements of information security, use the knowledge of the basic material deep and solid possession of	<b>knowledge) when solving</b> standard tasks of professional activity with the use of information technology and taking into account the basic requirements of information security, use of knowledge of the basic material
	owns (nign)	information technologies in their	knowledge, skills and abilities	

		professional field, including databases and application packages	the use of modern information technologies in their professional field, including databases and application packages	professional field, including databases and application
project activity:				
PC-13	knows	-concepts, concepts, principles	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
ability to participate in the	(threshold	and methodology of modern	only) concepts, concepts,	concepts, concepts, principles
development of technological	level)		principles and	and methodology
projects as part of the team of		-information systems and	methodology of modern	modern information systems
authors		technological projects;	information systems and	and technological projects;
		-stages of technological design in	technological projects; stages of	stages of technological design
		biotechnological production;	technological design in	in biotechnological
		-basic procedures for the	biotechnological production;	production; basic procedures
		development of technological	basic procedures for the	for the development of
		projects as part of the team of	development of technological	technological projects as part
		authors	projects as part of the author's	of the author's team
			team	

can (advanced)	<ul> <li>-spend collection of initial data for the design of technological processes and installations;</li> <li>-lead the development of the main stages of the technological scheme</li> </ul>	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and collect initial data for the design of technological processes and installations; lead the development of the main stages of the technological scheme	knowledge)insolvingpracticalissuesandproblemscollect initial dataforthedesigntechnologicalprocessesandinstallations;leadthe
owns (high)	<ul> <li>-skills of working on technological projects as part of the author's team;</li> <li>-research methods of the technological process on</li> <li>pilot and pilot industrial installations</li> </ul>	deep and lasting possession ofknowledge, skills and skills ofworking on technologicalprojects as part of the author'steam; methodsresearch of the technologicalprocess on pilot and pilot-industrial installations	technological projects as part of the team of authors; research methods technological process on pilot

PC-14	knows	-concepts, concepts, principles	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
PC-14 readiness to use modern computer-aided design systems	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>-concepts, concepts, principles and methodology of modern computer-aided design systems and technological projects;</li> <li>-standard computer-aided design programs;</li> <li>-principles of application of standard programs</li> <li>-computer-aided design; main stages of computer-aided design</li> </ul>	knowledge (basic material only) concepts, concepts, principles and methodology of modern computer-aided design systems and technological projects; standard computer- aided design programs; principles of using standard computer-aided design programs; the main stages of computer-aided design	concepts, concepts, principles and methodology of modern computer-aided design systems and technological projects; standard computer- aided design programs; principles of using standard
	can (advanced)	<ul> <li>–use modern computer-aided design systems and standard design automation tools;</li> <li>–work with programs,</li> </ul>	skill in solving practical issues and problems use modern CAD systems and standard tools	demonstrates(based onknowledge)insolvingpracticalissuesandproblemsuseofmoderncomputer-aideddesignsystems anduseuse

		<ul> <li>necessary for computer-aided design;</li> <li>apply the acquired knowledge to specific computer-aided design systems;</li> <li>systematize and develop projects for automated biotechnological production</li> </ul>	design automation; work with programs required for computer- aided design; apply the knowledge gained to specific computer-aided design systems to systematize and develop projects for automated biotechnological production	standard design automation tools; ability to work with programs required for computer-aided design; the ability to apply the knowledge gained to specific computer-aided design systems to systematize and develop projects of automated biotechnological industries
	owns (high)	-skills in using modern computer- aided design systems	deep and lasting possession of knowledge, skills and skills in using modern computer- aided design systems	demonstrates skills use of modern computer-aided design systems
PK-15 ability to design technological processes using automated systems	knows (threshold level)	-the principles of drawing up technological calculations for the design of new or modernization of existing industries and	knowledge (basic material only) principles of drawing up technological calculations when designing new or modernization	demonstratesknowledgeprinciplesofdrawinguptechnologicalcalculationswhendesigningnewormodernization

technological preparation of	production sites for the	existing industries and	existing industries and
production as part of the team of	production of biotechnological	production sites for the	production sites for the
authors		production of biotechnological	production sites for the
autions	products;	1 0	1
	-calculation methods for the	products; calculation methods	biotechnological products;
	design of biotechnological	for the design of	calculation methods for the
	products production,	biotechnological products	design of biotechnological
	technological lines, workshops,	production, technological lines,	products production,
	individual sections of enterprises	workshops, individual sections	technological lines,
	using computer-aided design	of enterprises using computer-	workshops, individual
	systems and software,	aided design systems and	sections of enterprises using
	-information technologies in the	software, information	computer-aided design
	creation of projects for newly	technology when creating	systems and software,
	built and reconstruction of	projects for newly built and	information technology when
	existing enterprises	reconstruction of existing	creating projects for newly
	existing enterprises	enterprises	built and reconstruction of
			existing enterprises
			existing enterprises
can (advanced)	-calculate and design individual	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
	stages of the technological	the basic material in solving	knowledge) in solving
	process using automated systems	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		and calculate and	<b>problems</b> calculate and
			design individual
	technological preparation of	design of individual stages of the	

	owns (high)	production -the skills of calculating when designing the production of biotechnological products, technological lines, workshops, individual sections of enterprises using computer-aided design systems and software, information technology when creating projects for newly built and reconstruction of existing enterprises	technologicalprocessusingautomatedsystemsforautomatedsystemsfortechnologicalpreparationofproduction $\bullet$ $\bullet$ deep and solid possession ofknowledge, skills and abilitiesmakingcalculationswhendesigningtheproductionofbiotechnologicalproductionofbiotechnologicallines, workshops,individual sections of enterprisesusingcomputer-aideddesignsystemsandsoftware,informationtechnologywhencreatingprojectsfor newly builtandreconstructionofenterprisesusingusing	process using automated systems for technological preparation of production <b>demonstrates skills</b> making calculations when designing the production of biotechnological products, technological lines, workshops, individual sections of enterprises with the use of computer-aided design systems and software, information technology in the creation of projects for newly built and reconstruction of existing enterprises
PC-16 willingness to negotiate with design organizations and suppliers technological equipment, to evaluate the design results of biotechnological enterprises at	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>-regulatory requirements for technological equipment, for</li> <li>design of biotechnological enterprises</li> </ul>	knowledge (basic material only) regulatory requirements for technological equipment, for the design of biotechnological enterprises	<b>demonstrates knowledge</b> regulatory requirements for technological equipment, for the design of biotechnological enterprises

the project stage	can (advanced)	-evaluate the design results of	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (on the basis
		-	the basic material in solving	of knowledge) the solution
		the project stage	practical issues and problems	of practical issues and
			and evaluate the design results	problems the ability
			of biotechnological enterprises	evaluate the design results of
			at the project stage	biotechnological enterprises
				at the project stage
	owns (high)	-skills in assessing a	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates skills
		technological project carried out	knowledge, skills and abilities	evaluation of the
		by a design organization	evaluation of the technological	technological project carried
			project carried out by the design	out by the design
			organization	organization
PC-17	knows	-fundamentals of biotechnology	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge the
the ability to design the main	(threshold	and molecular biotechnology,	only) the foundations of	foundations of biotechnology
stages of the biotechnological	level)	laws underlying the	biotechnology and molecular	and molecular biotechnology,
process		technological processes of	biotechnology, the laws	the laws underlying the
		biotechnology;	underlying the technological	technological processes of
		-operating biotechnological	processes of biotechnology;	biotechnology; acting
		production, their technical	acting	

	<ul> <li>-equipment, placement of technological equipment;</li> <li>-the main stages of industrial production and management of the main stages of existing biotechnological industries;</li> <li>-production technology andorganization of production and technological processes of biotechnological products</li> </ul>	biotechnological industries, their technical equipment, placement of technological equipment; the main stages of industrial production and management of the main stages of existing biotechnological industries; production technologies and organization of production and technological processes of biotechnological products	their technical equipment, placement of technological equipment; the main stages of industrial production and management of the main stages of existing biotechnological industries; production technologies and
can (advanced	<ul> <li>-develop the main stages of the biotechnological process using optimal and rational technological schemes;</li> <li>-lead the main technological processes for the production of biotechnological products;</li> </ul>	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and lead the main technological processes for the production of biotechnological products; develop the main stages of biotechnological	of knowledge) the solution of practical issues and problems in maintaining the main technological processes of the production of

	<ul> <li>apply biotechnology using genetically engineered producers</li> <li>microorganisms, cells of plant and animal origin;</li> <li>apply progressive methods of selection and operation of technological equipment in the production of biotechnological products</li> </ul>	process using optimal and rational technological schemes; apply biotechnology using genetically engineered producers - microorganisms, cells of plant and animal origin; apply progressive methods of selection and operation of technological equipment in production biotechnological products	process using optimal and rational technological schemes; when using biotechnology using genetically engineered producers - microorganisms, cells of plant and animal origin; when using progressive methods of selection and operation of technological equipment for the production of biotechnological products
owns (high)	<ul> <li>methods and principles for the development of the main stages of the biotechnological process;</li> <li>methods and principles for the development of plans for the placement of equipment, technical equipment and organization of workplaces within the framework of the enterprise technology for the</li> </ul>	<b>deep and lasting possession</b> methods and principles for the development of the main stages of the biotechnological process; methods and principles for the development of plans for the placement of equipment, technical equipment and organization of workplaces in within the framework of the	skills methods and principles for the development of the main stages of the
	production of biotechnological	technology of production of	within the framework of the

PK-18 willingness to participate in research of the biotechnological process in pilot and pilot industrial installations	to participate in the biotechnological pilot and pilot(threshold level)creation of production pro- for obtaining product biotechnological industrie -principlesstallations-principlesofdesired properties; latest biotechnologies ba the use of population	<ul> <li>-theoretical foundations for the creation of production processes for obtaining products of biotechnological industries;</li> <li>-principles of designing biotechnological products with desired properties;</li> <li>-scientific foundations of the latest biotechnologies based on the use of populations of microbial, animal and plant cells</li> </ul>	biotechnological products adopted at the enterprise knowledge (basic material only) theoretical foundations for the creation of production processes for obtaining products of biotechnological industries; principles of designing biotechnological products with desired properties; scientific foundations of the latest biotechnologies based on the use of populations of microbial, animal and plant cells obtained	biotechnological product adopted at the enterprise demonstrates knowledge theoretical foundations for the creation of production processes for obtaining products of biotechnological industries; principles of designing biotechnological products with desired properties; scientific foundations of the lated biotechnologies based on the
		-principles of functioning of the main types of scientific equipment used in molecular biological experiments	methods; principles of functioning of the main types of scientific equipment used in molecular biological	principles of functioning of the main types of scientific equipment,
			experiments	used in molecular biological experiments

can (advanced)	<ul> <li>-correctly interpret data received on scientific equipment;</li> <li>-analyze the indicators of the technological process for compliance with the original scientific developments;</li> <li>-plan and conduct biotechnological process research at pilot and pilot industrial plants</li> </ul>	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and correctly interpret data received on scientific equipment; analyze the indicators of the technological process for compliance with the initial scientific developments; plan and conduct research on the biotechnological process in pilot and pilot industrial installations	demonstrates(basedonknowledge)the solutionofpracticalissuesandproblemscorrectlyinterpretdatareceivedonscientificequipment;analyzetheindicatorsofthetechnologicalprocessforcompliancewithoriginalscientificdevelopments;planandconductresearchonthebiotechnologicalprocessinstallationsindustrial
owns (high)	-skills in mastering new types of devices / equipment, possesses basic maintenance skills and careful attitude to scientific equipment	deep and solid possession of knowledge, skills and abilities mastering new types of devices / equipment, has basic skills	demonstratesskillsmasteringnewtypesofdevices/equipment,possessesbasicmaintenanceskillsanaccurateattitudeto
	methods of analyzing the indicators of the technological process for compliance with the original scientific developments	maintenanceandcarefultreatmentofscientificequipment;methodsofanalyzing theindicators of thetechnologicalprocessfor	of analyzing the indicators of

			compliance with the original scientific developments	
PK-19	knows	-requirements of regulatory	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
willingness to participate in the	(threshold	documents for the	only) requirements of regulatory	requirements of regulatory
development of design and	level)	implementation of the design of	documents for the	documents for the
working technical		production of biotechnological	implementation of the design of	implementation of the design
documentation		products	production of biotechnological	of production of
			products	biotechnological
				products
	can (advanced)	-develop normative and technical	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (knowledge-
		documentation based on the	the basic material in solving	based) skill develop
		results of the implementation of	practical issues and problems	normative and technical
		technological processes and	and	documentation based on the
		control systems of advanced	develop normative and technical	results of the implementation
		technologies for the production	documentation based on the	of technological processes
		of biotechnological products	results of the implementation of	and control systems of
			technological processes and	advanced technologies for the
			control systems of advanced	production of
			technologies for the production	biotechnological products
			of biotechnological products	

	owns (tall)	-the main types of regulatory and	deep and lasting mastery of	demonstrates skills in basic
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	technical documentation drawn	the main types of regulatory and	types of regulatory and
		up based on the results of the	technical documentation drawn	technical documentation
		implementation of technological	up based on the results of the	drawn up based on the results
		processes and control systems	implementation of technological	of the implementation of
		for advanced technologies for	processes and control systems	technological processes and
		the production of	for advanced technologies for	control systems for advanced
		biotechnological products;	the production of	technologies for the
		-regulatory documents that	biotechnological products;	production of
		determine the requirements for	regulatory documents that define	biotechnological products;
		the design of manufacturing	the requirements for the design	regulatory documents
		enterprises	of enterprises	defining requirements for the
		-biotechnological products;	for the production of	0 1
		-methods of principles for the	biotechnological products;	
		development of design and	methods of principles for the	1
			1 1	C I ,
		working technical documentation	development of design and	methods of principles for the
		documentation	working technical	development of design and
			documentation	working technical
				documentation
Unique professional competenci	es			
UK-1	knows	-the basics of the cellular	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge the
the ability to apply knowledge	(threshold	organization of biological	only) the foundations of the	foundations of the cellular
of the principles of cellular	level)	objects, biophysical and	cellular organization of	organization of biological
organization of biological		biochemical foundations,	biological objects, biophysical	objects, biophysical and
		·		

			and	
objects, biophysical and		membrane processes	biochemical bases, membrane	biochemical bases, membrane
biochemical bases, membrane		-molecular mechanisms of life	processes, molecular	processes, molecular
processes and molecular			mechanisms of life	mechanisms of life
mechanisms of life	can (advanced)	-apply knowledge of the	the ability to use and apply	demonstrates (on the basis
		principles of the foundations of	knowledge when solving	of knowledge) the solution
		the cellular organization of	practical issues and problems	of practical issues and
		biological objects, biophysical	principles of the foundations of	problems using knowledge
		and biochemical foundations,	the cellular organization of	principles of the foundations
		membrane processes and	biological objects, biophysical	of the cellular organization of
		molecular mechanisms of life	and biochemical bases,	biological objects,
			membrane processes and	biophysical and biochemical
			molecular mechanisms	bases, membrane processes
			life activity	and molecular mechanisms
				life activity
	owns (high)	-methods of molecular genetics	deep and lasting possession	demonstrates skills in
		when describing the functioning	methods of molecular genetics in	working with methods of
		of organisms;	describing the functioning of	molecular genetics when
		-the skills of applying knowledge	organisms; skills in applying the	describing the functioning of
		of the principles of the	principles of the foundations of	organisms; skills in applying
		foundations of the cellular	the cellular organization of	the principles of the
		organization of biological	biological objects, biophysical	foundations of the cellular
		objects, biophysical and	and biochemical foundations,	organization of biological
		biochemical foundations,	membrane processes and	objects, biophysical and
		membrane processes and	molecular mechanisms	biochemical foundations,
		molecular mechanisms of life;		membrane processes and

-the	basics	of	organizing	life	activity;	the	basics	of	molecular	mechanisms	of
exper	rimental	and	research work	orga	nizing e	xperin	nental	and	life; the ba	sics of organiz	zing

		of molecular genetic objects	research work of molecular	experimental and research
			genetic objects	work of molecular genetic
				objects
UK-2	knows	-biochemical, physicochemical,	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
ability and willingness to	(threshold	molecular biological	only) biochemical,	biochemical,
understand and analyze	level)	mechanisms of the development	physicochemical, molecular	physicochemical, molecular
biochemical, physicochemical,		of pathological processes in the	biological mechanisms of the	biological mechanisms of the
molecular biological		cells and tissues of the human	development of pathological	development of pathological
mechanisms of the development		body	processes in the cells and tissues	processes in the cells and
of pathological processes in		-	of the human body	tissues of the human body
cells and tissues				
the human body	can (advanced)	-analyze biochemical,	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (on the basis
		physicochemical, molecular	the basic material in solving	of knowledge) the solution
		biological mechanisms of the	practical issues and problems	of practical issues and
		development of pathological	and analyze biochemical,	problems, analyzing
		processes in the cells and tissues	physicochemical, molecular	biochemical,
		of the human body	biological mechanisms of the	physicochemical, molecular
			development of pathological	biological mechanisms of the
			processes in the cells and tissues	development of pathological
			of the human body	processes in the cells and
				tissues of the human body
	owns (high)	-skills in the analysis of	deep and lasting possession of	demonstrates skills
		biochemical, physical	knowledge, skills and	biochemical analysis,
		chemical, molecular biological	skills analysis of biochemical,	physicochemical, molecular
		mechanisms of the development	physicochemical, molecular	biological mechanisms of the
		of pathological processes in the	biological mechanisms of the	development of pathological
		cells and tissues of the human	development of pathological	processes in the cells and
		body	processes in the cells and tissues	tissues of the human body
			of the human body	

UK-3 the ability to apply basic ideas about the basic laws and modern achievements of genetics and breeding, about genomics, proteomics	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>basic ideas about the basic laws and modern achievements of genetics and breeding, about genomics, proteomics;</li> <li>chromosomal theory of heredity</li> </ul>	knowledge(basicmaterialonly)basic ideas about the basiclaws and modern achievementsof genetics and breeding, aboutgenomics,proteomics;chromosome theoryheredity	demonstratesknowledgebasic ideas about the basiclawsandachievements of genetics andbreeding,aboutgenomics,proteomics;chromosomaltheory of heredity
	can (advanced)	-to connect the data of genetics and evolutionary theory, as well as data of genetics with the achievements of the biochemistry of nucleic acids, cytology, the biological basis of the reproduction of plants and animals, with the success in the study of the laws of ontogenesis, molecular biology, genetic engineering and	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and to connect the data of genetics and evolutionary theory, as well as data of genetics with the achievements of the biochemistry of nucleic acids, cytology, the biological basis of the reproduction of plants and animals, with success in	of knowledge) in solving practical issues and tasks the ability to connect the data of genetics and evolutionary theory, as well as data of genetics with the achievements of the biochemistry of nucleic acids, cytology, the biological basis of the reproduction of plants and animals, with
		-biotechnology; solve genetic problems of different types	the field of studying the patterns of ontogenesis, molecular biology, genetic engineering and biotechnology; solve genetic problems of different types	successes in the study of the patterns of ontogenesis, molecular biology, genetic engineering and biotechnology; solve genetic problems of different types

	owns (high)	<ul> <li>modern ideas about the basics of genetics and selection;</li> <li>principles for solving theoretical and practical typical and systemic tasks related to professional activities;</li> <li>the main methods of genetics (prepare temporary preparations, analyze them)</li> </ul>	deep and lasting possession modern ideas about the basics of genetics and selection; principles for solving theoretical and practical typical and systemic tasks related to professional activities; the main methods of genetics (prepare temporary preparations, analyze them)	demonstrates possession skills modern ideas about the basics of genetics and selection; principles of solving theoretical and practical typical and systemic tasks related to professional activities; the main methods of genetics (prepare temporary preparations, analyze them)
UK-4	knows (threshold	-morphofunctional, physiological	knowledge (basic material	0
the ability to assess morphofunctional, physiological	(threshold level)	conditions and pathological processes in the human body for	only)morphofunctional,physiologicalconditionsand	morphofunctional, physiological conditions and
conditions and pathological processes in		the solution of professional	pathological processes in	pathological processes
the human body to solve		tasks	•	in the human body for solving
professional problems			professional problems	professional problems
	can (advanced)	-to evaluate morphofunctional,	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (based on
		physiological conditions and	the basic material in solving	knowledge) when solving
		pathological processes in the	practical issues and problems	practical issues and
		human body to solve	and to evaluate	problems to evaluate
		nucleasing of nucleing	mombofinational physiclerical	morphofunctional
		professional problems	morphofunctional, physiological conditions and pathological	morphofunctional, physiological conditions and

				human body
	owns (high)	-principles and methods of	deep and lasting possession	demonstrates possession
		assessing morphofunctional,	principles and methods of	skills principles and methods
		physiological states and	assessing morphofunctional,	of assessing
		pathological processes in the	physiological states and	morphofunctional,
		human body for solving	pathological processes in the	physiological states and
		professional problems	human body for solving	pathological processes in the
			professional problems	human body for solving
				professional problems
UK-5	knows	-biochemical, biophysical and	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
ability and readiness to	(threshold	physiological processes and	only) biochemical, biophysical	biochemical, biophysical and
implement applied and practical	level)	phenomena occurring at the	and physiological processes and	physiological processes and
projects for the study of		cellular, organ and systemic	phenomena occurring on the	phenomena occurring on
biochemical, biophysical and		levels in	cellular, organ and	
physiological processes and		human body	systemic levels in the human	cellular, organ and systemic
phenomena occurring at the			body	levels in the human body

cellular, organ and systemic levels in the human body	can (advanced)	-carry out applied and practical projects for the study of biochemical, biophysical and physiological processes and phenomena occurring at the cellular, organ and systemic levels in the human body	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and carry out applied and practical projects for the study of biochemical, biophysical and physiological processes and phenomena occurring at the cellular, organ and systemic levels in the human body	`
	owns (high)	-principles and methods of applied and practical projects for the study of biochemical, biophysical and physiological processes and phenomena occurring at the cellular, organ and systemic levels in the human body	<b>deep and lasting possession</b> principles and methods of applied and practical projects for the study of biochemical, biophysical and physiological processes and phenomena occurring at the cellular, organ and systemic levels in the human body	-
UK-6	knows	-fundamentals of	knowledge (basic material	human body demonstrates knowledge
the ability to apply knowledge about the basics of	(threshold level)	biotechnological and biomedical industries, microbiological	<b>only</b> ) fundamentals of biotechnological and biomedical	fundamentalsofbiotechnologicaland

biotechnological and biomedical		synthesis, biocatalysis, genetic	industries, microbiological	biomedical industries,
industries, microbiological		engineering, nanobiotechnology,	synthesis, biocatalysis, genetic	microbiological synthesis,
synthesis, biocatalysis, genetic		molecular modeling	engineering, nanobiotechnology,	biocatalysis, genetic
engineering, nanobiotechnology,		morecular modeling	molecular modeling	engineering,
molecular modeling			molecular modeling	nanobiotechnology,
molecular modeling				molecular modeling
	can (advanced)	angle legendede skret the	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (knowledge-
	call (auvaliceu)	-apply knowledge about the	•	X D
		basics of biotechnological and	the basic material in solving	based) skills in solving
		biomedical industries,	practical issues and problems	practical issues and tasks
		microbiological synthesis,	and	use
		biocatalysis, genetic	apply knowledge about the	knowledge of the basics of
		engineering, nanobiotechnology,	basics of biotechnological and	biotechnological and
		molecular modeling	biomedical industries,	biomedical industries,
			microbiological synthesis,	microbiological synthesis,
			biocatalysis, genetic	biocatalysis, genetic
			engineering, nanobiotechnology,	engineering,
			molecular modeling	nanobiotechnology,
				molecular modeling
	owns (high)	-the basics of biotechnological	deep and lasting possession	demonstrates possession
		and biomedical industries,	fundamentals of	skills foundations of
			biotechnological and biomedical	biotechnological and
			industries,	
		microbiological synthesis,	microbiological synthesis,	biomedical production,
		biocatalysis, genetic	biocatalysis, genetic	microbiological synthesis,
		engineering, nanobiotechnology,	engineering, nanobiotechnology,	biocatalysis, genetic
		molecular modeling	molecular modeling	engineering,
				nanobiotechnology,
	l			

				molecular modeling
UK-7	knows	-new research methods in the	knowledge (basic material	demonstrates knowledge
the ability and readiness to	(threshold	field of biotechnology and the	only) new research methods in	new research methods in the
apply new research methods in	level)	possibility of their application in	the field of biotechnology and	field of biotechnology and the
research activities in the field of		research activities;	the possibilities of their	possibilities of their
biotechnology, taking into		-copyright rules	application in research activities;	application in research
account the rules			rules	activities; copyright rules
observance of copyright			observance of copyright	
	can (advanced)	-apply new research methods in	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (on the basis
		the field of biotechnology	the basic material in solving	of knowledge) the solution
			practical issues and problems	of practical issues and
			and apply new research methods	problems in application of
			in the field of biotechnology	new research methods in the
				field of biotechnology
	owns (high)	-the skills of applying new	deep and solid possession of	demonstrates skills
		methods in research activities in	knowledge, skills and abilities	applications in research
		the field of biotechnology	applications in research	activities in the field
		research subject to copyright	activities in the field of	biotechnology new research
		rules	biotechnology, new research	methods subject to copyright
			methods, taking into account the	rules
			rules of compliance with	
			copyright	

UK-8 knowledge of the principles of production, research and use of enzymes, viruses, microorganisms, cell cultures of animals and plants, products of their biosynthesis and biotransformation		<ul> <li>-theoretical foundations for obtaining various biotechnological products;</li> <li>-regularities of the kinetics of the growth of microorganisms and the formation of metabolic products;</li> <li>-microbial culture methods</li> <li>-classification of enzymes,</li> <li>-enzyme activity units; methods of obtaining enzyme preparations; areas of application of enzymes in medicine</li> </ul>	knowledge (basic material only) theoretical foundations for obtaining various biotechnological products; regularities of the kinetics of the growth of microorganisms and the formation of metabolic products; methods of cultivation of microorganisms; classification of enzymes, units of enzyme activity; methods of obtaining enzyme preparations; areas of application of enzymes in medicine	theoretical foundations for obtaining various biotechnological products; regularities of the kinetics of the growth of microorganisms and the formation of metabolic products; methods of cultivation of microorganisms; classification of enzymes, units of enzyme activity;
	can (advanced)	<ul> <li>to conduct the process of cultivation of microorganisms, cell cultures of plants and animals;</li> <li>select optimal conditions that stimulate</li> </ul>	the ability to use knowledge of the basic material in solving practical issues and problems and conduct the process of cultivation of microorganisms, cellular	

owns (high)	<ul> <li>maximum accumulation of the target product;</li> <li>-to carry out the isolation, identification and cultivation of microorganisms producing biomass and various metabolic products;</li> <li>-work with pure cultures of microorganisms, plants and animals; isolate enzymes from various objects, investigate properties and determine kinetic</li> <li>-enzyme parameters; evaluate the quantitative characteristics of the growth of microorganisms</li> </ul>	crops of plants and animals; select the optimal conditions that stimulate the maximum accumulation of the target product; to carry out the isolation, identification and cultivation of microorganisms producing biomass and various metabolic products; work with pure cultures of microorganisms, plants and animals; isolate enzymes from various objects, investigate the properties and determine the kinetic parameters of enzymes; evaluate the quantitative characteristics of the growth of microorganisms	animals; select the optimal conditions that stimulate the maximum accumulation of the target product; to carry out the isolation, identification and cultivation of microorganisms, producers of biomass and various metabolic products; work with pure cultures of microorganisms, plants and animals; to isolate enzymes from various objects, to investigate the properties and to determine the kinetic parameters of enzymes; evaluate the quantitative characteristics of the growth of microorganisms
owns (nigh)	-methods of working with microorganisms, cell cultures of plants and animals; rules	<b>knowledge, skills and abilities</b> techniques for working with microorganisms,	techniques for working with

		<ul> <li>-safe work in the laboratory;</li> <li>-methods for calculating the main parameters of biotechnological processes;</li> <li>-biotransformation methods; principles of production, research and use of enzymes, viruses, microorganisms, cell cultures of animals and plants, products of their biosynthesis and biotransformation</li> </ul>	plant and animal cell cultures; rules for safe work in the laboratory; methods for calculating the main parameters of biotechnological processes; biotransformation methods; principles of production, research and use of enzymes, viruses, microorganisms, cell cultures of animals and plants, products of their biosynthesis and biotransformation	safe work in the laboratory; methods for calculating the main parameters of biotechnological processes; biotransformation methods; principles of obtaining, research and use of enzymes, viruses, microorganisms, cell cultures of animals and
UK-9 possession of modern approaches to the design of medicines and diagnostic products	knows (threshold level)	<ul> <li>-innovative ways of creating medicines based on the use of data from genomics, proteomics and bioinformatics;</li> <li>-new methods and techniques in the development, production and circulation of medicines;</li> <li>-methods for determining the goodness of microorganisms -</li> </ul>	knowledge (basic material only) innovative ways of creating medicines based on the use of data from genomics, proteomics and bioinformatics; new methods and techniques in the development, production and circulation of medicines; methods for determining the	innovative ways of creating medicines based on the use of data from genomics, proteomics and bioinformatics; new methods and techniques in the development, production and circulation of medicines;
		producers, determination of the concentration of viable cells and their enzymatic activity	goodnessproducingmicroorganisms,determining the concentration ofviable cells and their enzymatic	e e

			activity	cells and their enzymatic
				activity
can (a	advanced)	-conduct research to improve the	the ability to use knowledge of	demonstrates (on the basis
	uu vuneeu)	biotechnological process;	the basic material in solving	of knowledge) the solution
		-use new methods and techniques	practical issues and problems	of practical issues and
		in the field of drug design and	and conduct research to improve	problems in conducting
		in the field of drug design and	the biotechnological process; use	research to improve the
			new	biotechnological process; in
			new	0 1
	-	diagnostia dmuga	methods and techniques in the	use new methods and techniques
		diagnostic drugs	*	-
			0	υ
	(1 • 1)		diagnostic products	and diagnostic products
owns	s (high)	-new methods and techniques in	deep and solid possession of	
		the design of medicines and	knowledge, skills and abilities	methods and techniques in
		diagnostic products;	new methods and techniques in	the design of medicines and
		-physicochemical,	the design of medicines and	diagnostic products;
		microbiological and biochemical	diagnostic products; physical	physicochemical,
		methods	and chemical,	microbiological and
		-analysis to confirm the purity of	microbiological and biochemical	2
		the producer, the authenticity of	methods of analysis to confirm	to confirm the purity of the
		drugs, the detection of impurities	the purity of the producer, the	producer, the authenticity of
		and quantitative assessment;	authenticity of drugs, the	drugs, the detection of
		-the ability to participate in	detection of impurities and	impurities and quantitative
		scientific research;	quantitative assessment;	assessment; participation in
		-skills in the implementation of	participation in scientific	scientific research;
		new methods and techniques in	research;	introduction of new methods
		the design of medicines and	skills in the implementation of	and techniques in the design
		diagnostic products	new methods and techniques in	of medicines and diagnostic
		-	the design of medicines and	products

	diagnostic products	

#### 4. The structure of the state final certification

**4.1 The purpose of the state final certification.** The purpose of the state final certification is to establish the compliance of the level and quality of professional training of the graduate in the direction of training 03.19.01 Biotechnology with the requirements of the educational standard independently established by the federal state autonomous educational institution of higher professional education "Far Eastern Federal University" and employers.

State final certification is designed to help systematize and consolidate the knowledge and skills of the student in the field of training in solving specific professional problems, to determine the level of preparation of the graduate for independent work.

**4.2 Tasks of the state final certification.** The objectives of the final state certification in the field of training 03/19/01 Biotechnology (profile Molecular biotechnology) are:

 assessment of the theoretical training of the graduate in the program "Molecular Biotechnology";

- assessment of the graduate's practical training in the program "Molecular Biotechnology";

– assessment of skills of independent work;

- resolving the issue of awarding qualifications based on the results of state final certification and issuing a graduate of a diploma of higher education.

At the same time, the purpose of holding a state exam on program "Molecular Biotechnology" preparation is:

- assessment of knowledge, abilities, skills and competencies acquired by the graduate during the study of educational cycles of EP, in accordance with the requirements of the OS VO FEFU.

The purpose of the preparation and defense of the final qualifying work is:

 determination of the level of preparation of a graduate to perform professional tasks in accordance with the requirements of the OS of VO FEFU to the qualification characteristics and the level of training of a graduate under the program "Molecular Biotechnology".

#### 4.3 Forms of state final certification

The structure of the state final certification includes the defense of the final qualifying work (WQP), including preparation for the defense procedure and the defense procedure, as well as preparation for passing and passing the state exam.

# 5. The procedure for filing and considering appeals based on the results of state certification tests

5.1. Based on the results of state certification tests, the student has the right to appeal.

The student has the right to submit to the appeal commission a written appeal about the violation, in his opinion, of the established procedure for conducting the state certification test and (or) his disagreement with the results of the state certification test (the form of the appeal is given in Appendix 1).

5.2. The appeal is submitted to the student personally to the appeal commission no later than the next working day after the announcement of the results of the state certification test. Information about the place of work of the appeal commission is brought to the students on the day of the defense of the FQP.

5.3. To consider the appeal, the secretary of the state examination commission sends to the appeal commission the minutes of the meeting of the state examination commission, the conclusion of the chairman of the state examination commission on the observance of procedural issues during the state certification test (Appendix 2), as well as written answers of the student (if any) (for consideration of the appeal on the state examination) or the final qualifying work, feedback and review (reviews) (for consideration of the appeal for the defense of the final qualifying work).

5.4. The appeal is considered no later than 2 working days from the date of the appeal at a meeting of the appeal commission, to which the chairman of the state examination commission and the student who submitted the appeal are invited.

5.5. The decision of the appeal commission is drawn up in a protocol (Appendix 3) and communicated to the student who filed the appeal within 3 working days from the date of the meeting of the appeal commission. The fact of familiarization of the student who has filed the appeal with the decision of the appeal commission is certified by the student's signature.

5.6. When considering an appeal on a violation of the procedure for conducting a state attestation test, the appeal commission makes one of the following decisions:

- on the rejection of the appeal, if the information contained in it about violations of the procedure for conducting the state final certification of the student was not confirmed and (or) did not affect the result of the state certification test;

- on the satisfaction of the appeal, if the information contained in it about the violations of the procedure for conducting the

state final certification of the student was confirmed and influenced the result of the state certification test.

5.7. If a decision is made to satisfy the appeal on a violation of the procedure for conducting the state certification test, the result of the state certification test is subject to cancellation, in connection with which the protocol on the consideration of the appeal is transferred to the state examination commission no later than the next working day to implement the decision of the appeal commission. The student is given the opportunity to pass the state certification test within the time frame set by the university.

5.8. When considering an appeal on disagreement with the results of the state attestation test, the appeal commission makes one of the following decisions:

- on the rejection of the appeal and preservation of the result of the state certification test;

- on satisfying the appeal and setting another result of the state certification test.

5.9. The decision of the appeal commission is submitted to the state examination commission no later than the next working day. The decision of the appeal commission is the basis for the cancellation of the previously exposed result of the state attestation test and the issuance of a new one.

5.10. The decision of the appeal committee is final and not subject to revision.

5.11. Re-conducting the state certification test is carried out in the presence of one of the members of the appeal commission no later than July 15.

5.12. An appeal for a repeated state certification test is not accepted.

6. Requirements for final qualifying works

## and the order of their execution

The final qualifying work (hereinafter - FQP) is a mandatory type of final certification tests. General requirements for FQP are determined by educational standards, the Regulations on state final certification for educational programs of higher education - bachelor's, specialist's, master's programs of the federal state autonomous educational institution of higher education "Far Eastern Federal University" dated November 27, 2015 No. 12-13-2285. The final qualifying work is carried out in the form of a bachelor's work. The bachelor's work is an independent analytical research work related to solving an urgent research problem in accordance with the activities provided for in the direction03.19.01 Biotechnology (profile "Molecular Biotechnology")... The final qualification work is aimed at systematization, generalization and consolidation of theoretical

knowledge, practical skills, assessment of the formation of the student's competencies in accordance with the requirements of the educational standard.

The preparation and defense of the FQP is aimed at solving problems that make it possible to determine:

- the professional competence of the student in the process of solving research problems;

- the ability to apply theoretical knowledge to solve research problems in the field of molecular biotechnology;

- the ability to formulate research work, conduct scientific discussions and defend their own scientific ideas and positions.

During the preparation and defense of the FQP, the student must show possession of the following skills and abilities:

- substantiation of the relevance of the research topic;

- determination of the goals and objectives of the study;

– analysis of the literature on the research topic;

- clear and consistent presentation of research results based on evidence-based reasoning

- systematic consideration of the problem;

- the use of methods of scientific knowledge: the use of research planning methods and statistical processing of its results;

high level of logical thinking.

The student must have a wide erudition and a rich outlook, master the methodology of scientific creativity, modern information technologies, methods of obtaining, processing, storing and using scientific information, be capable of production and technological, research and organizational and management activities

## 7. Requirements for the final qualifying work. Criteria for evaluation

The graduation work of a bachelor is a completed educational and scientific research carried out under the guidance of a scientific supervisor, which is relevant for modern medical information systems. The work should contain the following main sections: justification of the choice of the topic and its relevance, physical and mathematical formulation of the problem, justification of the choice and presentation of research methods and solution of the problem (feasibility study if necessary), analysis of the results obtained, list of used literature and conclusions.

The subject of the FQP is developed by the scientific supervisor, the joint student. The content of the FQP should correspond to the main areas of professional activity determined by the educational standard. The supervisor is assigned to the student from among the teaching staff with scientific degrees and / or academic titles. When the work on the FQP is considered completed by the student, it is submitted to its supervisor for verification, drawing up a written review containing instructions on:

- compliance of the results of the WRC with the set goals and objectives;

- the degree of development of the student's research qualities and professional competencies;

- the ability to work with scientific, methodological, reference literature and electronic information resources;

– personal qualities of the student, manifested in the process of working on the FQP.

In the response, the supervisor formulates his opinion about the work performed, evaluates it and recommends it for protection. If the supervisor considers the student's work not ready for defense, the discussion of this issue is brought to a meeting of the structural unit of the FEFU.

### 7.1 Content, volume and structure of the final qualifying work

During the implementation of the thesis, the student must:

to study the state of the issue in the direction of research according to literary sources;

 carry out the analysis of information materials, formulate the purpose and objectives of the work;

- choose and master research methods that meet the assigned tasks;

- receive, process and generalize experimental data, formulate scientific and practical conclusions, proposals and recommendations.

The total volume of the explanatory note (60-110 pages of typewritten text). Contents and sections of the explanatory note:

Introduction (goals and objectives of research)

1. Literary review (including the conclusion on the literary review)

- 2. Objects and methods of research
  - 2.1 objects of research (general scheme of work)

2.2 research methods

- 2.3 statistical data processing
- 3 Results of experimental studies and their discussion

conclusions

Bibliography

Applications

It is recommended to present the experimental scheme and research results on slides for demonstration during the defense.

# 7.2 Methods of performing scientific final qualifying work

The main stages of scientific SRS implementation consist of:

- collection, analysis and generalization of scientific and technical literature in the direction of research;

- clarifying the research tasks, formulating a working hypothesis, concretizing the likely ways to achieve the goal set in the work;

- selection of research objects and development of research methods;

– experimental research;

– analysis of the results obtained;

- formulation of scientific and practical conclusions and recommendations;

- registration of work.

FQP registration is carried out in accordance with GOST R 7.0.97-2016 Requirements for paperwork; GOST R 7.0.11-2011 SIBID. Dissertation and dissertation abstract. Structure and design rules; GOST 7.32-2017 SIBID. Research report. Structure and design rules.

# 8. General requirements for WRC

– independence and originality of the research;

- lack of compilation (borrowing);

obtaining new significant results;

- exact match of the content of the work with the wording of the topic;

– logical sequence of presentation of the material;

- the validity of the results and conclusions.

# 9. Criteria for evaluating the final qualifying work

The mark "excellent" is given provided that the work:

is of a research nature, is distinguished by novelty, originality and independence, shows the scientific and methodological maturity of the student;

– has positive reviews from the supervisor;

- shows the ability to work with literary sources, high culture of speech and spelling literacy;

 has a concrete practical result, passed approbation and positive external reviews.

The mark "good" is given if the work:

- is of a research nature, shows the scientific and methodological literacy of the student,

- differs in independence and contains elements of novelty;

has positive reviews from the supervisor with minor remarks and wishes;

- shows the ability to work with literary sources, good culture of speech and spelling literacy;

- has a concrete practical result, which has passed approbation and positive feedback from the outside.

The mark "satisfactory" is given provided that the work:

- is of a research nature with minor elements of novelty, shows the scientific and methodological literacy of the student;

the supervisor's reviews contain serious comments on the content of the work and the analysis method;

shows insufficient ability to work with literary sources,
 low culture of speech, contains spelling errors, carelessly framed;

practical results do not have positive feedback from the outside.

The mark "unsatisfactory" is given provided that the work:

is not of a research nature, is not independent, does not contain novelty, shows a lack of scientific and methodological literacy;

- there are fundamental critical remarks in the responses of the supervisor;

- shows lack of ability to work with literary sources, low culture of speech, contains spelling errors, carelessly framed;

the research results have no practical application.

Criteria for evaluating the results of the protection of WRC

Assessment	criteria for evaluating the results of the
	protection of WRC
"excellent"	
"OK"	
"satisfactorily"	
"Unsatisfactory"	

The final grade based on the results of the defense of the bachelor's work is entered in the record book and the minutes of the SEC meeting on the defense of the FQP, which are signed by the chairman and members of the examination committee.

Based on the results of the state final attestation, a decision is made to award students a qualification (degree) bachelor in the direction 03.19.01 Biotechnology (profile "Molecular Biotechnology") and the issuance of a bachelor's degree.

In case of receiving an unsatisfactory mark during the defense of the final qualifying work, repeated defense is carried out in accordance with the Regulations on the state final certification for educational programs of higher education - bachelor's, specialist's, master's programs of the federal state autonomous educational institution of higher education "Far Eastern Federal University" dated November 27, 2015 No. 12-13-2285.

#### 10. Requirements for the organization and conduct of FQP defense

The bound bachelor's work, as well as the documentation for the work (task, schedule of execution, recall of the head, certificate of implementation - if any, etc.) must be prepared no later than 3 days before the defense and handed over to the secretary of the SEC.

The defense of the bachelor's work is carried out in order to check the quality of training of students, their ability to conduct public discussions and defend scientific ideas. The defense of the bachelor's work is carried out at an open meeting of the State Examination Commission with the participation of at least two-thirds of its composition (the presence of the chairman of the SEC or his deputy is mandatory), the scientific advisor, as well as everyone who wishes.

The procedure and procedure for the defense of the final qualification work is determined by the Regulations on the state final certification for educational programs of higher education - bachelor's, specialist's, master's programs of the Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution of Higher Education "Far Eastern Federal University" dated November 27, 2015 No. 12-13-2285. , after the opening of the meeting by the chairman, announces the defense of the master's thesis, announces the title of the work, the names of the scientific adviser and the reviewer and gives the floor to the student, who makes a short report, usually up to 20 minutes long.

After the completion of the report, the GEC members ask him questions, both directly related to the topic of the final qualifying work, and closely related to it.

Questions can be asked by both members of the commission and all those present at the defense. When answering questions, the student has the right to use his work. Then the review of the scientific supervisor of the work is heard (the review is read by the secretary of the State Electoral Commission). After the final word, the procedure for defending the final qualifying work is considered completed. The duration of the defense of a bachelor's work is, as a rule, 45 minutes.

The results of the defense are discussed at a closed meeting of the SEC and are assessed by a simple majority of votes of the members of the commission. The supervisor and reviewer have an advisory vote if they are not members of the GEC. With an equal number of votes, the chairman's opinion is decisive. Then students are invited, and the secretary of the SEC announces the grades.



#### MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND HIGHER EDUCATION OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution of Higher Education

## Far Eastern Federal University

(FEFU)

## школа биомедицины

Одобрено решением Ученого совета Школы протокол от 04 декабря 2018 № 2



PROGRAM STATE EXAM interdisciplinary in the direction of bachelor's degree 19.03.01 Biotechnology profile ''Molecular Biotechnology''

> Vladivostok 2019

# 1. Requirements for the procedure state examination

The form of the state interdisciplinary exam in the direction 19.03.01 Biotechnology (profile "Molecular Biotechnology") is oral. The questions of the state interdisciplinary exam cover the entire theoretical and practical course in the disciplines to be submitted for the exam.

Disciplines submitted for the state interdisciplinary exam:

B1.V.OD.2.6 Cellular and molecular biology;

**B1.V.OD.1.5** Biomedical cell technologies;

**B1.V.DV.1** Pharmaceutical biotechnology;

#### **B1.V.DV.2 Industrial biotechnology.**

Exam tickets must be issued in accordance with the requirements presented in Regulations on the state final certification for educational programs of higher education - bachelor's, specialist's, master's programs of the Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution of Higher Professional Education "Far Eastern Federal University" dated November 27, 2015 No. 12-13-2285.

The originals of tickets must have the appropriate signatures - the head of the PLO, the deputy director of the school for OIA.

Examination tickets must be reviewed and updated every 2 years, depending on the specifics of the disciplines.

Each exam ticket, as a rule, contains three questions to test the level of theoretical knowledge and to test the students' ability to apply theoretical knowledge in solving practical questions.

Each ticket for the interdisciplinary exam must include a question on the profile of the graduate.

It is recommended that when designing ticket questions, one should proceed from the content of the disciplines, taking into account the required level of knowledge and skills.

The wording of the points of the examination card is carried out in a narrative form.

One of the main conditions when drawing up tickets is to establish approximately the same volume of examination material, the degree of complexity and complexity of the questions.

The number of tickets required for the exam depends on the size of the group passing the exam, but not less than 25. At the same time, ticket issues must cover the entire scope of academic disciplines provided for by the didactic units of the state educational standard of higher professional education.

The procedure for conducting the state exam is approved in Regulations on the state final certification for educational programs of higher education bachelor's, specialist's, master's programs of the Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution of Higher Professional Education "Far Eastern Federal University" dated November 27, 2015 No. 12-13-2285.

A student who does not have academic debt and who has fully completed the curriculum or individual curriculum for the corresponding educational program of higher education is admitted to the state exam. The draft order of the rector on the admission of students to the state exam is prepared by the administrator of the educational program no later than two calendar days before the day of the state exam.

When conducting an oral state examination, the student is given time to prepare an answer of at least 45 minutes. For students from among the disabled, the state examination is carried out taking into account their individual characteristics. At the written request of a student with a disability, the duration of the student's passing the state exam may be increased in relation to the established duration of its passing: the duration of preparing a student for answering the state exam, held orally, is no more than 20 minutes. When preparing the answer for the state exam, the student is allowed to use visual aids, reference, educational literature.

On the day of the state exam, before the start of the SEC meeting, the chairman of the SEC is presented with a copy of the rector's order on admitting students to the state exam. A meeting of the GEC is competent if it is attended by at least two thirds of the number of persons who make up the GEC. The decision of the GEC is made by a simple majority of votes from the number of persons who are part of the GEC participating in the meeting, and is drawn up in the minutes of the meeting of the GEC. With an equal number of votes, the chairman has a casting vote.

Regulations for the oral state examination: presentation of the student by the head of the graduating department or a member of the State Electoral Commission on written instructions from the head of the graduating department; preparation of an oral answer to students on the examination card; the student's oral answer to the questions of the examination card (as a rule, no more than 10 minutes); questions from the chairman and members of the SEC in writing and (or) orally after the student's answer; the student's answers to the questions asked.

The duration of the oral state examination should not exceed, as a rule, 20 minutes (excluding the time for preparing the answer).

After the attestation of the last student who appeared, a closed meeting of the SEC is held, at which, taking into account the opinion of the chairman and members of the SEC who were present at the meeting, each student is given one of the marks in the minutes of the SEC meeting and examination sheet: "excellent", "good", "satisfactory", " unsatisfactory. " In the student's record book, the mark obtained at the state exam is also put forward, in addition to the mark "unsatisfactory".

When assessing the results of passing the state exam, the following aspects of preparation are taken into account:

- 1) understanding and degree of assimilation of the theory;
- 2) methodical training;
- 3) knowledge of factual material;
- 4) acquaintance with compulsory literature, with modern publications on this course in domestic and foreign literature;
  - 5) the ability to apply theory to practice, solve problems, etc.
  - 6) acquaintance with the history of science;

7) logic, structure and style of the answer, the ability to defend the proposed (hypothetical) assumptions.

Criteria for assessing the results of passing the state exam:

1. The mark "excellent" (in accordance with an excellent mark) is given to a student who has deeply and firmly mastered the program material, who is able to independently critically evaluate the basic concepts of disciplines, in whose answer theory is linked with practice; the student shows familiarity with the current literature, correctly defines all the basic concepts of disciplines, correctly applies theoretical principles in solving practical issues, and answers comprehensively additional questions.

2. The mark "good" is given to a student who is firmly aware of the program material, who expresses it competently and to the point, but admits minor inaccuracies in answering the question; the student correctly applies theoretical principles in solving practical questions and problems and answers most of the additional questions.

3. The mark "satisfactory" is given to a student who owns the basic material, but experiences some difficulties and makes inaccuracies in its presentation, does not correctly formulate the basic concepts of disciplines, and makes significant mistakes when performing practical tasks and answering additional questions.

4. The mark "unsatisfactory" is given to a student who does not know the basic material, makes significant mistakes, incorrectly answers most of the additional questions, and performs practical tasks with great difficulty.

#### 2. Content of the state examination program

The final interdisciplinary exam program includes key and practically significant questions in the disciplines of general professional and special training, such as Cellular and Molecular Biology; Biomedical cell technologies; Pharmaceutical biotechnology; Industrial biotechnology.

# 2.1 Discipline B1.C. OD.2.6 Cellular and Molecular Biology

Definition of life and properties of living things. Organizational levels of living matter. The cell as the basis of heredity and reproduction. Nucleus structure and its role in heredity. The chemical composition of the cell (nucleic acids, proteins, polysaccharides, lipids, nucleoproteins, glycoproteins, lipoproteins, peptidoglycans, polyphosphates, mineral components and water). Cell structure and function (differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells). The structure of the cell wall of bacteria.

Metabolism as a set of plastic and energy metabolism. Cell life cycle and types of cell division (amitosis, mitosis, meiosis).

Mendel's laws and their interpretation from the point of view of the chromosomal theory of heredity. Heredity and variability. Forms of variability. The main provisions of the evolutionary theory of Charles Darwin, its differences from the theory of Lamarck. Forms of selection, types of speciation, main paths of evolution.

Molecular basis of chromosome organization. histones, RNA in cellular metabolism. Clutch Recombination in bacteriophages.

The position of microorganisms among other organisms. Saprophytes, parasites, pathogenic forms. The principles of classification of bacteria: eubacteria, cyanobacteria, archaea. General biology of protists: algae, protozoa. Mushrooms. Viruses. Viral infections, lysogeny.

The mechanism of entry into the cells of eukaryotes and prokaryotes of exogenous substances. Physiology of nutrition. Nutrients, their importance for the biosynthesis process. A variety of types of nutrition for microorganisms (autotrophy, heterotrophy, photolithotrophy, photoorganotrophy, chemolithotrophy, chemoorganotrophy). A variety of sources of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, sulfur and other elements used by microorganisms. The theory of limiting and inhibiting cell growth by nutrients.

Physiology of energy metabolism: the use of energy-supplying processes by cells, their efficiency and dependence on environmental conditions. Economic

coefficient and its relationship with growth conditions. The interaction of cells and the environment, the influence of external physical and physicochemical factors on the growth and biosynthesis of microorganisms. Norm and stress, the problem of maintaining the ability to over-synthesize. Physiology of withering away.

Relationship between structure and function. Functional cytology, issues of differentiation and conditions causing it.

Methods for cultivating microorganisms (periodic, continuous, immobilization of cells and enzymes). Mixed cultures, consortia. The principles of their cultivation.

Microorganism metabolism. The relationship between biosynthetic and energy processes. The concept of "biological oxidation". Features of electron transport systems of microorganisms. Anaerobic oxidation processes. Anaerobic breathing. Fermentation. Aerobic breathing. A variety of substrates oxidized by microorganisms (natural biopolymers, hydrocarbons, xenobiotics, etc.). Complete aerobic oxidation of the substrate, incomplete oxidation and transformation of organic substrates. Oxidation of inorganic substrates. Features of bacterial photosynthesis. Biosynthetic processes. Assimilation nitrate reduction, sulfate reduction, nitrogen fixation.

The main monomers of constructive metabolism. Ways of education and their further use. Significance of the tricarboxylic acid cycle and glyoxylate shunt in constructive metabolism. Synthesis of lipids, polysaccharides and other components of the cell. The practical significance of these processes. Formation of biologically active substances by microorganisms: enzymes, antibiotics, vitamins, toxins. Primary and secondary metabolites. Their role in nature. Practical use.

Selection, genetic basis of selection. The concept of genotype and phenotype. Heredity, variability, selection of microorganisms. Recombination. The concept of population genetics and population variability. Selection methods. Selection of microorganisms. Production fermenter as an ecological niche. Biosphere and the spread of microorganisms. Participation of microorganisms in the cycles of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur. Forms of relationships between microorganisms.

The concept of a gene in "classical" and molecular genetics, its evolution. Contribution of genetic engineering methodology to the development of molecular genetics. Applied value of genetic engineering for biotechnology.

Molecular basis of heredity. The nature of the genetic material. Features of the structure of the genetic material of pro- and eukaryotes. Transcription dik, its components. RNA polymerase and promoter. Translation, its stages, the function of ribosomes. Genetic code and its properties. Dick replication and its genetic control. Recombination, its types and models. DNA repair mechanisms. The relationship between the processes of replication, recombination and repair.

Mutational process. The role of biochemical mutants in the formation of the "one gene - one enzyme" theory. Classification of mutations. Spontaneous and induced mutagenesis. Classification of mutagens. Molecular mechanism of mutagenesis. Identification and selection of mutants. Suppression: intragenic, intergenic and phenotypic.

Extrachromosomal genetic elements. Plasmids, their structure and classification. Sexual factor F, its structure and life cycle. The role of factor F in the mobilization of chromosomal transfer. Formation of donors such as Hfr and F. Mechanism of conjugation. Bacteriophages, their structure and life cycle. Virulent and moderate bacteriophages. Migrating genetic elements: transposons and IS-sequences, their role in genetic exchange. Study of the structure and function of the gene.

Elements of genetic analysis. Cis-trans-complementation test. Genetic mapping. Physical analysis of the structure of the gene. Restriction analysis. Sequencing methods. Identifying gene function. Regulation of gene expression. Operon and Regulon concepts. Control at the level of transcription initiation. Promoter, operator and regulatory proteins.

Positive and negative control of gene expression. Control at the level of transcription termination. Polar effect and its suppression. Catabolite-controlled operons: a lactose operon model. Attenuator-controlled operons: a model of the tryptophan operon. Multivalent regulation of gene expression. Post-transcriptional control.

Fundamentals of Genetic Engineering. The mechanism of gene mutations, genetic control. Restriction and modification enzymes. Isolation and cloning of genes. Vectors for molecular cloning. Principles for the construction of recombinant DNA and their introduction into recipient cells.

## 2.2 Discipline B1.C. OD.1.5 Biomedical cell technologies

Improvement of biological objects used in the production of medicines and diagnostic products. Selection methods.

Improvement of biological objects used in the production of medicines and diagnostic products. Methods for introducing foreign genes: transformation, transduction, conjugation.

Biomedical cell technology is the process of obtaining a cell product for the restoration of the structures and functions of human tissues and organs by replacing the cells of these tissues and organs with cells introduced from outside,

or by activating the own recovery processes of the human body, to create tissues and organs by bioengineering methods (tissue engineering) with their subsequent use in medical activities, as well as for targeted delivery of drugs in the human body.

Biomedical cell product - a complex consisting of a cell line (cell lines) and excipients or of a cell line (cell lines) and excipients in combination with state-registered medicinal products for medical use (hereinafter referred to as medicinal products) and (or) medical products.

Realization of a biomedical cell product - transfer of a biomedical cell product on a reimbursable basis and / or free of charge.

Autologous biomedical cell product - a biomedical cell product containing in its composition a cell line (cell lines) obtained from the biological material of a particular person, and intended for use by the same person.

Allogeneic biomedical cell product - a biomedical cell product that contains a cell line (cell lines) obtained from the biological material of a specific person and intended for use by other people.

Combined biomedical cell product - a biomedical cell product containing cell lines obtained from biological material of several people and intended for use by one of them.

A sample of a biomedical cell product is a biomedical cell product or a part thereof obtained for the purpose of studying its properties, including for assessing the quality of a biomedical cell product and its safety.

A cell line is a standardized population of cells of the same type with a reproducible cellular composition, obtained by removing biological material from the human body, followed by culturing cells outside the human body.

Excipients are substances of inorganic or organic origin used in the development and production of a biomedical cell product.

Biological material - biological fluids, tissues, cells, secrets and products of human vital activity, physiological and pathological secretions, smears, scrapings, swabs, biopsy material;

A donor of biological material (hereinafter also referred to as a donor) is a person who, during his lifetime, provided biological material, or a person from whom biological material was obtained after his death, ascertained in the manner prescribed by the legislation of the Russian Federation.

Donation of biological material - the process of posthumous provision of biological material (hereinafter - posthumous donation) or intravital provision of biological material (hereinafter - intravital donation).

The effectiveness of a biomedical cell product is a characteristic of the degree of positive influence of a biomedical cell product on the course, duration of

a disease or condition, or on their prevention, on the maintenance of pregnancy, on the patient's medical rehabilitation.

Preclinical study of a biomedical cell product - biological, microbiological, immunological, toxicological, pharmacological, physical, chemical and other studies of a biomedical cell product in order to identify the specific mechanism of action of such a product, to obtain evidence of its safety, quality and efficacy, preceding a clinical study of a biomedical cell product.

Clinical study of a biomedical cell product - the study of the preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitation properties of a biomedical cell product in the process of its use in humans in order to obtain evidence of its safety and efficacy, data on the side effects of such a product and adverse reactions associated with its use, as well as on the effect of the interaction of the investigated biomedical cell product with other biomedical cell products, drugs and (or) medical devices, food products.

A multicenter clinical study of a biomedical cell product is a clinical study of a biomedical cell product carried out in two or more medical organizations under a single protocol for a clinical study of a biomedical cell product.

An international multicenter clinical trial of a biomedical cell product is a clinical trial of a biomedical cell product carried out in different countries according to a single protocol for a clinical trial of a biomedical cell product.

Post-registration clinical study of a biomedical cell product is a clinical study of a biomedical cell product, circulation of which in the Russian Federation is carried out after state registration, in order to additionally collect data on its safety and efficacy, expand indications for the use of such a biomedical cell product, as well as identify unwanted reactions to it. application.

## 2.3 Discipline B1.V.DV.2 Industrial biotechnology

Polydisciplinarity of modern biotechnology. Biotechnology as a direction of scientific and technological progress, based on interdisciplinary biological knowledge (genetics, biochemistry, biophysics, microbiology, virology, physiology of plant and animal cells, etc.), chemical (chemical technology, physical (biophysical) chemistry, organic chemistry, bioorganic chemistry , computer and combinatorial chemistry, etc.), technical (processes and devices, monitoring and control systems, automated complexes, modeling and optimization of processes, etc.). The concept of biotechnology as a technological method for obtaining modified biological objects in order to give them new properties and / or the ability to produce new substances.

The main areas of application of modern biotechnology and its main aspects (biological, chemical, technological). Scientific bases of engineering design of biotechnology.

The main biological objects of biotechnology: industrial plants, animals and humans, microorganisms, cells and tissues, biocatalysts, including reconstructed producers of biologically active substances (selection, recombinant DNA method, hybridoma technology).

Raw materials for biosynthesis and assessment of its biological value. The main sources of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, trace elements. Research of new sources of raw materials (including issues of its preliminary processing), development of new nutrient media, including those including biostimulants and other elements of control and optimization of biosynthesis processes. Methods for optimization of culture media. Typical technological methods and features of the cultivation of microorganisms, cells and tissues of plants, animals and humans.

Continuous cultivation processes. Chemostat theory. Auto selection in chemostat. Semi-continuous (fed batch culture) and batch cultivation processes. Kinetic description of batch culture.

Specific rates of biomass growth, product biosynthesis and substrate consumption. The concept of C-mole of biomass. The influence of the substrate costs on the maintenance of vital functions, on the value of the apparent economic coefficient.

Models of the kinetics of biosynthesis of metabolic products depending on the specific growth rate, culture age, concentration of substrates and metabolites in the medium. Scaling principles for fermentation processes. Large-scale transition criteria.

Features of obtaining immobilized biological objects and their application in biotechnology. Diffusion restrictions when using immobilized enzymes and cells. Methods for controlling specific parameters of the fermentation process.

Typical technological methods of the stage of isolation and purification of biosynthesis products. Flotation of cells and protein products from the culture liquid. Extraction of biosynthesis products from biomass of microorganisms by liquids and supercritical liquids. Centrifugal extraction of labile products from the culture liquid. Drying of labile biological products and living biological products.

Testing of biologically active substances according to standard schemes. Reliability and safe operating conditions, bioprocess control, environmental protection. Modern approaches to the creation of resource and energy saving biotechnologies.

Sterilization of technological streams and equipment. Classification of biosynthesis industries in relation to contamination. Possible ways of penetration

of foreign microflora into the bioreactor. Aseptic cultivation. Methods of separation and destruction of contaminants, their comparative analysis. Methods for sterilizing liquids, solid substrates and air. Thermal sterilization. Stage hardware design. Decontamination of air and equipment in industrial premises.

Material and energy balances of the biosynthesis process. The influence of the cultivation conditions of the producer on the heat release, the value of the economic coefficient and the degree of substrate utilization. Oxygen consumption by microorganisms. Oxygen mass transfer from air to cells. Mass transfer of carbon dioxide. Mass transfer characteristics of fermentation equipment. Foaming and defoaming. Stirring during fermentation and its types. Basic fermentation equipment, its types and preliminary selection.

Batch and continuous bioreactors, complete mixing, complete displacement and intermediate type. Bioreactors for aseptic, conditionally aseptic and nonaseptic operations.

Classification of bioreactors according to the method of energy input: apparatus with mechanical stirring, bubbling, airlift. Basics of bioreactor modeling. Stages of modeling. Modeling parameters and their comparison. Modeling by the input specific energy, by the intensity of oxygen mass transfer. Research and development of principles and algorithms for optimal computer design of biotechnological systems.

Equipment for the separation of microbial suspensions, liquid and solid phases (sedimentation and filtration centrifuges with periodic and continuous discharge of sediment; supercentrifuges; separators for filtering and squeezing out sediments).

Equipment for the concentration of culture liquids and native solutions by vacuum evaporation (apparatus with rising and falling film; rotary film evaporators). Equipment for carrying out sedimentation processes (the effect of the initial concentration of the deposited substance, temperature on the rate of sediment formation).

Equipment for carrying out the processes of extraction from the solid phase and organic solvent (the influence of the phase ratio, the contact time of the phases on the efficiency of the process).

Equipment for baromembrane separation and purification of biosynthesis products and air (microfiltration, ultrafiltration; reverse osmosis; selectivity of baromembrane processes; gelation concentration).

Equipment for chromatographic concentration and separation of native solution components (ion exchange and gel filtration; purification of biosynthesis products on hydrophobic sorbents). Equipment for drying biotechnological products (spray, roller-belt, drum, fluidized bed, pneumatic, sublimation, vacuum and pressure boost vacuum dryers).

Equipment for the treatment of gas-air emissions and wastewater (Venturi pipes, wet scrubbers, sedimentation tanks, biofilters, aeration tanks, oxytanks, digesters).

Principles of regulation, control and automatic control of biosynthesis processes. Creation and operation of devices, systems for measuring physicochemical, physiological and biophysical parameters, computerized technological complexes.

## 2.4 discipline B1.V.DV.1 Pharmaceutical biotechnology

Medical biotechnology (biotechnology for medicine). The use of methods of immobilization of biological objects in medical biotechnology and in the diagnosis of diseases. Fundamentals of modern immunobiotechnology. Hybridoma technology. The use of antibodies for the purification of biological fluids. Types of vaccines and their design. Cultural and genetically engineered vaccines. Serum production. Modern vaccinations. Preparations based on live cultures microorganisms (normal flora and probiotics). Immunosensors. Enzyme-based biosensor production. In vitro diagnostic tools for clinical trials. Probiotic production. Production of enzymes for medical use. Generating enzymes using genetic engineering techniques. Production of preparations based on a mixture of L-amino acids for oral and parenteral nutrition. Technologies of drugs based on stable targeted liposomes. Design and production of genetically engineered insulin. Other genetically engineered drugs and drugs. Production of immunomodulators, immunostimulants and immunosuppressants. Microbiological production of antibiotics of various classes for medicine. Semi synthetic antibiotics. Microbiological production of vitamins for health care.

Technologies for transformation products of organic compounds by enzymes of microbial cells: sorbitol in the production of ascorbic acid; hydrocortisone and its conversion to prednisolone; products of dehydrogenation, reduction and hydroxylation of steroids; oxidation products of indole and pyridine derivatives. Technologies for the cultivation of ip vitro cells and plant tissues for the production of phytopreparations and therapeutic and prophylactic additives.

#### **3.** List of questions

## state examination in the direction of bachelor's degree 19.03.01 Biotechnology profile ''Molecular Biotechnology''

1. History of molecular biology, tasks and research area.

2. Molecular basis of the structure of living matter. Chemical elements contained in living organisms. Chemicals found in living organisms.

3. Metabolism as a set of plastic and energy metabolism. Cell life cycle and types of cell division (amitosis, mitosis, meiosis).

4. Proteins. Protein structure. Protein classification. Protein properties. Functions of proteins. Structural function. Catalytic or enzymatic function. Protective function. Regulatory function. Transport function. Energy function. Buffer function. Nutritional function.

5. Nucleic acids. The structure of nucleic acids. Organization of genetic material. Gene classification

6. The concept of a gene in "classical" and molecular genetics, its evolution. Contribution of genetic engineering methodology to the development of molecular genetics. Applied value of genetic engineering for biotechnology.

7. Transfer of genetic information. DNA replication. DNA repair. DNA recombination. Movable (mobile) genetic elements: transposons. Extrachromosomal genetic elements.

8. Realization of genetic information. Protein synthesis. DNA transcription. DNA synthesis on an RNA template (reverse transcription). Broadcast.

9. Heredity and variability. Mutagenesis. Classification of mutations. Mutagenic factors.

10. Fundamentals of Genetic Engineering. The mechanism of gene mutations, genetic control. Restriction and modification enzymes. Isolation and cloning of genes. Vectors for molecular cloning.

11. Principles for the construction of recombinant DNA and their introduction into recipient cells.

12. Plant cells. Application in the biotechnological process for the transformation of medicinal substances.

13. Suspension culturing of plant cells: parameters of a biological object that need to be taken into account; apparatus for cultivation.

14. Improvement of biological objects used in the production of medicines and diagnostic products. Selection methods.

15. Improvement of biological objects used in the production of medicines and diagnostic products. Methods for introducing foreign genes: transformation, transduction, conjugation.

16. The concept of biotechnology as a technological method for obtaining modified biological objects in order to give them new properties and / or the ability to produce new substances.

17. The main areas of application of modern biotechnology and its main aspects (biological, chemical, technological). Scientific bases of engineering design of biotechnology.

18. Modern biotechnology. The concept of a bioobject. General information about biological objects. The main groups of biological objects used in biotechnology.

19. The main biological objects of biotechnology: industrial microorganisms, cells and tissues of plants, animals and humans, biocatalysts, including reconstructed producers of biologically active substances (selection, recombinant DNA method, hybridoma technology).

20. Cultures of plant cells and tissues: concept, types, characteristics, areas of practical application. Phytohormones: auxins and cytokinins, their importance for obtaining a culture of plant tissues.

21. Biological objects of animal origin. Characteristic. Examples of biologically active substances obtained on their basis.

22. Biotechnology as a basic stage and as one of the intermediate stages in obtaining a finished product. A biotechnological process that fully ensures the receipt of the target product.

23. Components of biotechnological production. Preparatory and main stages of production.

24. Raw materials for biosynthesis and assessment of its biological value. The main sources of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, trace elements. Research of new sources of raw materials (including issues of its preliminary processing), development of new nutrient

media, including those including biostimulants and other elements of control and optimization of biosynthesis processes.

25. Raw materials for biosynthesis and assessment of its biological value Methods for optimization of culture media.

26. Requirements for raw materials (including issues of its preliminary processing), biostimulants and other elements. Optimization of biosynthesis processes.

27. Techniques for sterilizing process air, equipment and culture media in biotechnological production.

28. Thermal sterilization of culture media. Deindorfer-Humphrey test. Preservation of biological usefulness of media during sterilization.

29. Typical technological methods and features of the cultivation of microorganisms, cells and tissues of plants, animals and humans. Continuous cultivation processes. Chemostat theory.

30. Models of the kinetics of biosynthesis of metabolic products depending on the specific growth rate, culture age, concentration of substrates and metabolites in the medium. Scaling principles for fermentation processes. Large-scale transition criteria.

31. Conditions required for higher organisms and microorganisms in biotechnological systems during production. Life support systems.

32. Criteria characterizing the process of biosynthesis.

33. The influence of physical, chemical, and biological factors on fermentation processes.

34. Distinctive differences between submerged and surface fermentation.

35. Industrial bioreactors and main types of bioreactors.

36. General information about the device of different types of bioreactors. What types of bioreactors are used to work with industrial biocatalysts.

37. Fermentation apparatus (fermenters). Process regulation systems.

38. Features of the isolation of target products from the culture liquid, distinguishing the process from the isolation of target products in organic synthesis.

39. Chemostat and turbidostat cultivation modes. Characteristics of the hardware design of the processes.

40. Centrifugation and separation in biotechnological

production. Types of centrifuges. Types of separators. Specificity of application when working with biological objects and biosynthesis products.

41. Drying methods applied to biological objects and biosynthetic products. Spray dryers. Freeze dryers. Physical phenomena in the cell during freezing.

42. Plant cell culture methods. Callus and suspension cultures. Immobilization of plant cells.

43. Filtration methods in biotechnological production. Specificity associated with biological objects and parameters of culture fluids. Pretreatment of culture liquids. Filter presses. Leaf filters.

44. Membrane separation methods in biotechnological production. Microfiltration. Electrodialysis. Reverse osmosis. Ultrafiltration.

45. Immobilization of enzymes and whole cells of biological objects in biotechnological production. Environmental and economic benefits.

46. General classification of biotechnological products. Classification of biotechnological pharmaceutical products.

47. Biosynthesis and organic synthesis are complementary ways of creating drugs (for example, antibiotics and hormones).

48. Using the properties of a biological object for its improvement in order to create an effective and safe production of medicines.

49. Biotechnological production of medicines based on plant cell cultures. Totipotency. Benefits of using cell cultures.

50. Biotechnology of amino acids. Chemical-enzymatic method of obtaining. Microbiological synthesis.

51. Intracellular regulation of amino acid biosynthesis and ways of intensifying this process in production.

52. Construction of amino acid-producing strains and ways of intensifying the process by optimizing fermentation conditions.

53. Obtaining vitamins and coenzymes by biotechnology methods. Vitamin B12 production. Producers. Genetically engineered strain.

54. Vitamin B2 production. Producers. Genetically engineered strain.

55. Ascorbic acid production. Combination of chemical

synthesis and bioconversion steps. Microorganisms that carry out bioconversion in various schemes for the production of ascorbic acid. The stage of converting D-sorbitol to L-sorbose.

56. Obtaining vitamin PP. Producers OVER. Ways to increase the yield of the target product.

57. Producers of ergosterol,  $\beta$ -carotene, ubiquinones. Biotechnological production schemes.

58. Microbiological transformation of steroids in the creation of medicinal steroid preparations. The main sources of raw materials for the production of steroid drugs.

59. Physiological feasibility of biotransformations of steroid compounds. Bioconversion of steroids. Biological objects used for 11-hydroxylation, 1, 2-dehydrogenation, side chain cleavage.

60. General data on the biosynthesis of antibiotics. Antibiotic producers. Precursors of  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotics, aminoglycosides, erythromycin, tetracycline. Multienzyme complexes in cells of antibiotic producers.

61. Regulation of antibiotic biosynthesis. Carbon and nitrogen catabolite regulation. Feedback inhibition (retro-inhibition).

62. Molds are antibiotic producers. The main features of the cell structure and development cycle during fermentation. Antibiotics produced by fungi.

63. Actinomycetes are antibiotic producers. Features of the structure and development cycle during fermentation. Antibiotics produced by actinomycetes.

64. Bacteria (eubacteria) are antibiotic producers. Cell structure. Antibiotics produced by bacteria.

65. Semi-synthetic antibiotics. Biosynthesis and organic synthesis in the creation of semi-synthetic antibiotics (examples).

66. Mechanisms of resistance to β-lactam antibiotics. New βlactam antibiotics effective against resistant forms of bacteria. Purposeful transformation.

67. Mechanisms of the development of resistance to aminoglycoside antibiotics. New effective aminoglycosides. Purposeful transformation.

68. Liposomal dosage forms of antibiotics. Advantages over traditional forms. Receiving methods.

69. Natural sources of antibiotic resistance genes. Organizational measures as one of the ways to combat antibiotic resistance.

70. Lactic acid bacteria. Mechanisms of suppressive action on pathogenic and putrefactive bacteria. Other functions that are beneficial to the human body. Preparations based on lactic acid bacteria.

71. Recombinant proteins. Construction and peculiarities of cultivation of microorganisms-producers of proteins foreign to them.

72. Purification of recombinant proteins obtained by microbiological synthesis. Specific impurities in the final product: control and disposal.

73. Insulin. Sources of raw materials. Recombinant human insulin. Reasons for obtaining by microbiological synthesis. Production process diagram. Construction of human insulin-producing strains. Benefits of Escherichia coli as a producer.

74. Vaccines. Classification. Characteristics of each individual type of vaccine: live, inactivated, subunit, DNA vaccines.

75. Features of the technology for obtaining vaccines. Control of specific activity. Storage.

## **Recommended reading and information and methodological support**

### Main literature

(electronic and printed editions)

1. Gorlenko V.A. Scientific foundations of biotechnology. Part 1.Nanotechnology in biology [Electronic resource]: tutorial / VA Gorlenko,NMKutuzova,SKPyatunina.-Electron.data.http://www.iprbookshop.ru/24003.html...-M: Prometheus, 2013262p.-Accessmode:http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=IPRbooks:IPRbooks-24003&theme=FEFU

2. Lukanin, A.V. Engineering biotechnology: the basics of microbiological production technology: Textbook / A.V. Lukanin - M.: SRC INFRA-M, 2016 .-- 304 p .:<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=Znanium:Znanium-527386&theme=FEFU</u>

3. Lukanin, A.V. Engineering biotechnology: processes and devices of microbiological production: textbook / A.V. Lukanin. - M .: NITs INFRA-M, 2016 .-- 451 p .:<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=Znanium:Znanium-527535&theme=FEFU</u>

foundations 4. Genetic of plant breeding. Volume 3. Biotechnology in plant breeding. Cellular engineering [Electronic V.S. Anokhin [and others]. Electron. resource] / text data.http://www.iprbookshop.ru/29441.html... Minsk: \_ Belarusian Science. 2012 490 .--\_ Access mode:p. http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=IPRbooks:IPRbooks-29441&theme=FEFU

Genetic foundations of plant 5. breeding. Volume 4. Biotechnology in plant breeding. Genomics and genetic engineering [Electronic resource] / O.Yu. Urbanovich [and others]. - Electron. text data.http://www.iprbookshop.ru/29578.html- Minsk: Belarusian Science, 2014 654 Access p. mode:http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=IPRbooks:IPRbooks-29578&theme=FEFU

6. Molecular biology of the cell [in 3 volumes]: vol. 3 / Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis [and others]; with problems of J.

Wilson, T. Hunt; per. from English A.N. Dyakonova, A.V. Duba, A. Svetlova. - Moscow, Izhevsk: Institute of Computer Research, Regular and Chaotic Dynamics, 2013. - p. 1737-2764.http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:772786&theme=FEFU

7. Molecular biology of the cell [in 3 volumes]: vol. 3 / Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis [and others]; with problems of J. Wilson, T. Hunt; per. from English A.N. Dyakonova, A.V. Duba, A. Svetlova. - Moscow, Izhevsk: Institute of Computer Research, Regular and Chaotic Dynamics, 2013. - p. 1737-2764.<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:772786&theme=FEFU</u>

8. Pinaev, G.P. Cellular biotechnology: teaching aid / G.P. Pinaev, M.I. Blinov, N.S. Nikolaenko, G.G. Polyanskaya, T.N. Efremova, N.S. Sharlaimova, N.A. Shubin. - St. Petersburg: Polytechnic University, 2011 .-- 224 p.

9. Regenerative potential of mesenchymal stem cells / B.V. Popov.
- St. Petersburg: Medical book "ELBI", 2015. - 287
p.<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:803153&theme=FEFU</u>

10. Ryabkova, G.V. Biotechnology (Biotechnology) [Electronic / G.V. resource]: teaching aid Ryabkova Electron. text data.http://www.iprbookshop.ru/61942.html... - Kazan: Kazan National Research Technological University, 2012. -152 p. - Access mode:http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=IPRbooks:IPRbooks-61942&theme=FEFU

11. A.S. Sirotkin Theoretical foundations of biotechnology [Electronic resource]: teaching aid / Sirotkin AS, Zhukova VB. - Electron. text data.<u>http://www.iprbookshop.ru/63475.html</u>... - Kazan: Kazan National Research Technological University, 2010. - 87 p. - Access mode:<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=IPRbooks:IPRbooks-</u> 63475&theme=FEFU

12. Tsoglin, L.N. Biotechnology of microalgae / L.N. Tsoglin, N.A. Pronina. - Moscow: Scientific world, 2012 .-- 182 p.<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:706085&theme=FEFU</u>

13. Chentsov, Yu.S. Introduction to cell biology: a textbook for universities in biological specialties / Yu.S. Chentsov. - ed. 4th, rev. and additional, erased, reprinted. with ed. 2005. - Moscow: Alliance, 2015 .-- 494 p.<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:776847&theme=FEFU</u>

additional literature

(printed and electronic editions)

1. Basnakyan, I.A. Cultivation of microorganisms with desired properties / I.A. Basnakyan. - M .: Medicine, 1992 .-- 192 p.

2. Stem cell biology and cell technologies: for medical universities in 2 volumes: vol. 1 / M. A. Paltsev, R. S. Akchurin, M. A. Aleksandrova [and etc.]; ed. M. A. Paltseva. - Moscow: Medicine, Shiko, 2009 .-- 272 p.<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:779352&theme=FEFU</u>

3. Stem cell biology and cell technologies: for medical universities in 2 volumes: vol. 2 / M. A. Paltsev, R. S. Akchurin, M. A. Aleksandrova [and etc.]; ed. M. A. Paltseva. - Moscow: Medicine, Shiko, 2009 .-- 455 p.<u>http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:779355&theme=FEFU</u>

4. Biotechnology. Principles and Applications / ed. I. Higgins, D. Best, J. Jones; per. from English - M .: Mir, 1988 --- 480 p.

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## List of resources of the information and telecommunications network "Internet"

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2. Central Research Institute of Organization and Informatization of Health Care - official website: <u>http://mednet.ru/</u>

3. Research Institute of Biomedical Chemistry. V.N. Orekhovich - official site:<u>http://www.ibmc.msk.ru</u>

4. Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation - official website: <u>https://www.rosminzdrav.ru</u>/

5. Central Research Institute of Organization and Informatization of Health Care - official website: <u>http://mednet.ru/</u>

6. Research Institute of Biomedical Chemistry. V.N. Orekhovich - official site:<u>http://www.ibmc.msk.ru/</u>

7. Technological platform BioTech2030 - official website: <u>http://biotech2030.ru/</u>

8. Federal Research Center "Fundamentals of Biotechnology" of the Russian Academy of Sciences "(FRC Biotechnology RAS) - official site: <u>http://fbras.ru/</u>

9. International Biotechnological Center "Generium" - official site:<u>http://ibcgenerium.ru/</u>

10. Institute of Molecular Genetics RAS - official website: <u>https://img.ras.ru/ru</u>

Attachment 1



### MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND HIGHER EDUCATION OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution of Higher Education

Far Eastern Federal University

(FEFU)

#### SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICINE Department of Medical Biology and Biotechnology

# STATE EXAM in the field of training 03.19.01 Biotechnology Profile Molecular Biotechnology

\_\_\_\_\_ academic year

Examination ticket number \_\_1\_\_

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Department Director Head of OP Deputy school principal for OIA M.P. (schools)