

МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего профессионального образования

«Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

ви-шрми

«СОГЛАСОВАНО»

Руководитель ОП

Промышленное и гражданское

строительство

М.А.Белоконь

«15» мая 2015 г.

«УТВЕРЖДАЮ»

Заведующая кафедрой

Русского языка и литературы

Г.М. Крылова

« 08 » мая 2015 г.

РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА УЧЕБНОЙ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Русский язык и культура речи

Направление подготовки 08.03.01 Строительство

Профиль «Промышленное и гражданское строительство»

Форма подготовки: очная/заочная

курс 2 семестр 4 лекции 0 час. практические занятия 18/8 час. в том числе с использованием МАО лек. 0/ пр.,10/2 час. всего часов аудиторной нагрузки 18/8 час. в том числе с использованием МАО 10/2 час. самостоятельная работа 54/64 час. в том числе на подготовку к экзамену 0 час. курсовая работа / курсовой проект нет зачёт 4 семестр экзамен нет

Рабочая программа составлена в соответствии с требованиями образовательного стандарта, самостоятельно устанавливаемого ДВФУ по направлению подготовки 08.03.01 Строительство, утверждённого приказом ректора от 07.07.2015 № 12-13-1282

Рабочая программа обсуждена на заседании кафедры Русского языка и литературы протокол № 10 от « 08 » мая 2015 г.

Заведующий (ая) кафедрой кандидат филологических наук, доцент Г. М. Крылова Составитель (ли): кандидат филологических наук, старший преподаватель М.А. Бурая

1. Рабочая программа пересмотрена на заседании кафедры.
Протокол № 64-11/06.06.16 от « 16 » июня 2016 г.
Заведующая кафедрой Е.П. Бочарова
РПУД пересмотрен в связи с введением в действие нового ОС ВО ДВФУ по направлению подготовки 08.03.01 Строительство, принятого решением Учёного совета Дальневосточного федерального университета, протокол от 28.01.2016 № 01-16, и введён в действие приказом ректора ДВФУ от 04.04.2016 № 12-13-592.
II. Рабочая программа пересмотрена на заседании кафедры:
Протокол от «»20 г. №
Заведующий кафедрой (подпись) (И.О. Фамилия)

АННОТАЦИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

«Иностранный язык»

Рабочая программа учебной дисциплины «Иностранный язык» разработана для студентов, обучающихся по направлению подготовки 08.03.01 Строительство, профиль «Промышленное и гражданское строительство» в соответствии с требованиями ОС ВО ДВФУ по данному направлению. Дисциплина «Иностранный язык» входит в базовую часть Блока 1 Дисциплины (модули) учебного плана (Б1.Б.4).

Общая трудоемкость освоения дисциплины составляет 8 зачетных единиц, 288 часов. Учебным планом предусмотрены практические занятия (144/24 часа), самостоятельная работа (144/264 часа, в том числе 27/9 часов на экзамен). Дисциплина реализуется на 1 и 2 курсах, в 1, 2, 3 и 4 семестрах. Форма промежуточной аттестации – зачёт (1, 2, 3 семестры), экзамен.

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык» логически связана с дисциплиной «Русский язык и культура речи».

Цель изучения дисциплины заключается в формировании у студентов навыков по межкультурному и межличностному общению на английском языке, которые включают в себя: лексико-грамматические аспекты, основы межкультурной коммуникации, фоновые знания, стратегии общения на английском языке в устной и письменной формах.

Задачи дисциплины:

- системное развитие у обучающихся всех видов речевой деятельности на английском языке, которые обеспечивают языковую грамотность;
- формирование средствами иностранного языка межкультурной компетенции как важного условия межличностного, межнационального и международного общения;
- содействие развитию личностных качеств у обучающихся, способствующие выбору релевантных форм и средств коммуникации,

которые позволяют выбрать конструктивный формат межкультурного и межличностного взаимодействия;

• получение фоновых знаний, расширяющих кругозор и обеспечивающих успешному общению в интернациональной среде.

Для успешного изучения дисциплины «Иностранный язык» у обучающихся должны быть сформированы следующие предварительные знания, умения и владения:

- уровень владения английским языком на уровне не ниже A1 международного стандарта;
 - владение нормами родного языка;
 - навыками самостоятельного обучения.

В результате изучения данной дисциплины у обучающихся формируются следующие общекультурные и общепрофессиональные компетенции.

Код и формулировка	Этапы формирования компетенции		
компетенции			
	знает	грамматический строй английского языка; особенности межкультурной коммуникации	
(ОК-7) владением иностранным языком в устной и письменной форме для осуществления	умеет	воспринимать иноязычную речь на слух в рамках обыденной коммуникации; выражать свои мысли грамотно, употребляя соответствующие грамматические и лексические формы, как устно, так и письменно; употреблять изученные стратегии и технологии, необходимые в различных областях иноязычной коммуникации	
межкультурной и иноязычной коммуникации	владеет	навыками употребления соответствующих языковых средств в осуществлении речевой деятельности; навыками поиска информации языкового, культурного, страноведческого характера из достоверных источников; навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения	
(ОК-12) способностью к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на	знает	слова и выражения в объеме достаточном для ежедневной коммуникации в устной и письменной формах; стратегии речевой деятельности	
русском и иностранном	умеет	уверенно пользоваться языковыми	

языках для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного		средствами в основных видах речевой деятельности: говорении, восприятии на слух (аудировании), чтении, переводе и письме
взаимодействия	владеет	навыком восприятия информации на слух навыками осуществления иноязычной коммуникации в письменной форме
	знает	общенаучные термины в объеме достаточном для работы с оригинальными научными текстами и текстами профессионального характера
(ОПК-9) владением одним из иностранных языков на уровне профессионального общения и письменного перевода	умеет	лексически правильно и грамотно, логично и последовательно порождать устные и письменные высказывания в ситуациях межкультурного профессионального общения; употреблять изученные стратегии и технологии, необходимые в различных областях иноязычной коммуникации
	владеет	навыками подготовленной и неподготовленной устной и письменной речи в ситуациях межкультурного профессионального общения в пределах изученного языкового материала

Для формирования вышеуказанных компетенций в рамках дисциплины «Иностранный язык» на каждом занятии применяются методы активного обучения и интерактивные формы работы, которые включают в себя дебаты, дискуссии, «мозговой» штурм (brainstorming), метод «круглого стола», блицопрос, ролевая игра, парные и командные формы работы.

І. СТРУКТУРА И СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ПРАКТИЧЕСКОЙ ЧАСТИ КУРСА

1.1.Практические занятия (144 час— очная форма обучения.)
Тема 1. Знакомство. Занятие 1-3. September. Unit I. Making Friends
(lessonA, LessonB, LessonC, LessonD) - 12час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about getting to know you

Talk about your favorite things

Conversations with people you don't know

Making small talk

Лексика:

Using responses with "too" and "either" to show what you have in common Using "actually" to give new or surprising information

Грамматика:

Present of Be and Simple Present

Чтение:

Read the article "Improve your skills in a Small Talk" and the introduction.

Письмо:

Write an article on one of the topics you brainstormed (Improve your friendship, Improve your social life, Improve your English) and give three tips.

Tema 2. Свободное время. Занятие 4-6. October. Unit II. Interests (Lesson A, lesson B, Lesson C Lesson D)-12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about your leisure time

Talk about music

Pair work about interesting hobbies

Лексика:

Conversation strategy: Saying "no" in friendly way

Using "really" to make statements stronger and to make negative statements

Грамматика:

Can/ can't +verb (I can play the piano)

Verb+ to+verb (I love to swim)

Verb+verb+ing (I love swimming)

Preposition+ verb+ing (I' m good at drawing people)

Object pronouns; everybody, nobody

Чтение:

Read the online forum. What problem dose each person have?

Письмо:

Write a question about hobbies to post on a message board

Тема 3. Здоровье. Занятие 7-9. October. Unit III. Health (lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about exercise and how to stay healthy

Discuss common health problem

Commenting and asking follow-up questions to encourage people to say more

Лексика:

Using "Really?" "How come?"

Грамматика:

Simple Present and present continuous (Use the simple present to talk about "all the time" (usually or generally) and routines; use the present continuous to talk about "now" (these days, this month) and temporary events.

Чтение:

Read the article "Rethink Your Way to Great Health"

Письмо:

Write your own suggestion how to cope with stress

Тема 4. Праздники. Занятие 10-12. November. Unit IV. Celebrations (lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about gift giving and birthdays

Talk about how you celebrate special days

Talk about plans

Лексика:

Using "be going to" and indirect objects

Using" vague" expressions like and everything

Using "vague" responses like "It depends"

Грамматика:

The present continuous or "to be going to"

Чтение:

Read an article about traditions around the world

Письмо:

Write an invitation to a special event

Тема 5. Моя семья и я. Занятие 13-15. November. Unit V. Growing Up(Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about growing up and one' childhood and your family background

Talk about school subjects people studied

Лексика:

Using most (of), a few (of), I mean; well, actually; no, wait

Грамматика:

Using Simple Past

Чтение:

Read an interview with someone about his teenage years

Письмо:

Write answers to interview questions

Тема 6. Путешествие по городу. Занятие 16-18. December. Unit VI. Around Town (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Ask about neighborhood places

Ask for and give directions

Offer and Ask for help

Лексика:

Expressions like "next to"," between", etc.

Help with Can and Could

"Echo" questions like "It's where?" To check information

Грамматика:

Is there, are there

Offers and requests with Can and Could

Чтение:

Exploring the city

3 Days in Istanbul

Письмо:

Write a guide for a walking tour in your city or town.

Write about three different places and explain why they are worth visiting.

Checkpoint Units 4-6

II Семестр:

Тема 7. Отъезд в отпуск. Занятие 1-3. February. Unit VII. Going Away (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about getting ready for a trip

Talk about things to take on a trip

Лексика:

Give opinions using "It's + adjective + to"

Use "I guess" when you're not sure

That's a great idea; That sounds great; I'd love to

Грамматика:

Give advice and suggestions with "should", "could"," need to", etc.

Чтение:

Read an article about unique hotels experiences

Письмо:

Write a message about trip

Write notes about the travelling

Тема 8. Дома. Занятие 4-6. March. Unit VIII. At home. (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about where you keep things at home

Talk about items in the home

Say who owns things with mine, yours, ets. And whose

Лексика:

Use Do you mind...? Would you mind...?

Agree to requests with expressions like "Go right ahead", "No problem"

Грамматика:

Identify things using adjectives and one and ones

Чтение:

Read comments on a website about unusual habits

Письмо:

Write an article about your evening routine. Use the expressions in the Help note that order events

Тема 9. Всегда что-то происходит. Занятие 7-9. March. Unit IX.

Things Happen (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 vac

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Tell anecdotes about things that went wrong

Talk about accidents

Лексика:

Use I bet to show you' re sure or that you understand

Грамматика:

Using the past continuous and simple past

Using the past continuous and myself, yourself, etc.

Чтение:

Read an article "Every cloud has a silver lining"

Письмо:

Write 10 to 12 sentences about the things that went wrong

Checkpoint Units 7-9

Тема 10. Коммуникация. Занятие 10-12. April. Unit X.

Communication (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about how keeping in touch

Talk about kinds of things that can interrupt phone conversations

Лексика:

Compare communication habits using "more", "less", and "fewer" Use "just" to soften what you say

Грамматика:

Using comparative adjectives

Чтение:

Read the article "Why all the interest in texting?"

Письмо:

Write a list of advantages and disadvantages of video calling, social

Networking, email and texting

Тема 11. Внешность. Занятие 13-15. April. Unit XI. Appearances (

Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about family traits and features

Talk about people's appearance

Лексика:

Using adjectives and have, have got

Using expressions like "What do you call...?"

Using expressions like "You mean...?"

Грамматика:

Using verb+ -ing and prepositions

Чтение:

Read an article about fashion "Fashion Statements"

Письмо:

Describe new trends in fashion

Write true sentences about yourself and people on how you look like

Тема 12. Планируем все заранее. Занятие 16-18. May. Unit XII.

Looking ahead(Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about making predictions

Discussing future plans

Talk about jobs

Лексика:

Discussing future plans with will, may, and might

Agree to something using "All right" and "OK"

Грамматика:

Using the simple present in "if" and "time" clauses

Making promises with "will"

Чтение:

Read the article "What will life be like in the future?"

Письмо:

Write an article about a future invention. Will it make life better or worse? Why? Give four reasons

Checkpoint Units 10-12.

1.2. Практические занятия (24 часа – заочная)

Teмa 1. Education (2 часа)

Грамматика: Местоимения, Существительное

Говорение, аудирование: Education in Great Britain - понимание содержания аудиоматериала и обсуждение вопросов.

Письмо: сравнить образование в Великобритании и России и написать краткое сообщение на данную тему.

Чтение: Text 1. Education in Russia - чтение и обсуждение текста, понимание основной идеи текста.

Словарный запас – введение, отработка и закрепление лексики на данную тематику.

Teмa 2. Our country (2 часа)

Грамматика: Глагол to be, глагол to have , there is/are

Говорение, аудирование: The political system of Russian Federation - понимание содержания аудиоматериала и обсуждение вопросов.

Письмо: написать письмо другу из Великобритании о стране в которой вы живете, затронув вопросы месторасположения, флоры и фауны, национальности, проживающие на данной территории, праздники и традиции страны.

Чтение: Text 1. Russian Federation - чтение и обсуждение текста, понимание основной идеи текста.

Словарный запас – введение, отработка и закрепление лексики на данную тематику.

Teма 3. Engineering (4 часа)

Грамматика: Артикли, степени сравнения прилагательных и наречий

Говорение, аудирование: Fields of engineering - понимание содержания аудиоматериала и обсуждение вопросов.

Письмо: написать краткое содержание каждой области инженерии.

Чтение: Text 1. Engineering - чтение и обсуждение текста, понимание основной идеи текста.

Словарный запас – введение, отработка и закрепление лексики на данную тематику.

Промежуточный грамматический тест

Устное сообщение The profession of an engineer

Teма 4. Famous people of science and engineering (4 часа)

Грамматика: Типы вопросов

Говорение, аудирование: James Watt – понимание содержания аудиоматериала и обсуждение вопросов.

Письмо: Написать эссе об известном изобретателе и его изобретении и подготовить презентацию с устным сообщением.

Чтение: чтение и перевод текстов об изобретателях их изобретениях

Словарный запас – введение, отработка изакрепление лексики на данную тематику.

Tема 5. Materials science and technology (4 часа)

Грамматика: Числительные, Времена группы Indefinite, Progressive, Perfect, Страдательный залог

Говорение, аудирование: Properties of materials - понимание содержания аудиоматериала и обсуждение вопросов.

Письмо: написать краткое сообщение об основных свойствах материалов.

Чтение: Text 1. How materials react to external forces - чтение и обсуждение текста, понимание основной идеи текста.

Словарный запас – введение, отработка и закрепление лексики на данную тематику.

Промежуточный грамматический тест

Устное сообщение Basic engineering process

Teма 6. Automation and robotics (4 часа)

Грамматика: Модальные глаголы, Сложное дополнение, Типы придаточных предложений

Говорение, аудирование: Robots in industry - понимание содержания аудиоматериала и обсуждение вопросов.

Письмо: написать эссе на тему "Роль роботов и автоматики в жизни человека".

Чтение: Text 1. Automation - чтение и обсуждение текста, понимание основной идеи текста.

Словарный запас – введение, отработка и закрепление лексики на данную тематику.

Tema 7. Computers (4 часа)

Грамматика: Герундий, Причастие II, Причастие II, Инфинитив

Говорение, аудирование: What is the computer? - понимание содержания аудиоматериала и обсуждение вопросов.

Письмо: написать эссе о современных компьютерных технологиях.

Чтение: Text 2. Software - чтение и обсуждение текста, понимание основной идеи текста.

Словарный запас – введение, отработка и закрепление лексики на данную тематику.

Промежуточный грамматический тест

Устное сообщение Modern computer technologies

II. УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ САМОСТОЯТЕЛЬНОЙ РАБОТЫ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ

Учебно-методическое обеспечение самостоятельной работы обучающихся по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» представлено в Приложении 1 и включает в себя:

план-график выполнения самостоятельной работы по дисциплине, в том числе примерные нормы времени на выполнение по каждому заданию;

характеристика заданий для самостоятельной работы обучающихся и методические рекомендации по их выполнению;

требования к представлению и оформлению результатов самостоятельной работы;

критерии оценки выполнения самостоятельной работы

III. КОНТРОЛЬ ДОСТИЖЕНИЯ ЦЕЛЕЙ КУРСА

№	Контролируе	Коды и этапы формирования компетенций		Оценочные средства	
	мые разделы /			текущий	промежуто
П	темы			контрол	чная
/	дисциплины			Ь	аттестация
П					
1	Практическое	ОК-7	знает грамматический строй	Устные	Зачет:
	занятие 1-36		английского языка;- особенности	опросы,	Quiz 1-4; 5-
			межкультурной коммуникации	ПР 1	9; 10-12.
			умеет воспринимать иноязычную	Тесты	(Приложен
			речь на слух в рамках обыденной	ПР-12	ие 2)
			коммуникации; выражать свои	Рабочая	,
			мысли грамотно, употребляя соответствующие грамматические и	тетрадь	Экзамен :
			лексические формы, как устно, так	тотрыда	Test 1, 2.
			и письменно; употреблять		(Приложен
			изученные стратегии и технологии,		ие 2)
			необходимые в различных областях		ис 2)
			иноязычной коммуникации		
			владеет навыками употребления		
			соответствующих языковых средств		
			в осуществлении речевой		
			деятельности; навыками поиска		
			информации языкового,		
			культурного, страноведческого		
			характера из достоверных		
			источников; навыком		

		просмотрового, поискового и	
		аналитического чтения	
		знает слова и выражения в объеме	
		достаточном для ежедневной	
		коммуникации в устной и	
		письменной формах; стратегии	
		речевой деятельности	
		умеет уверенно пользоваться	
		языковыми средствами в основных	
	OK -12	видах речевой деятельности:	
		говорении, восприятии на слух	
		(аудировании), чтении, переводе и	
		письме	
		владеет навыком восприятия	
		информации на слух; навыками	
		осуществления иноязычной	
		коммуникации в письменной форме	
		знает общенаучные термины в	
		объеме достаточном для работы с	
		оригинальными научными текстами	
		и текстами профессионального	
		характера	
		умеет лексически правильно и	
		грамотно, логично и	
		последовательно порождать устные	
		и письменные высказывания в	
		ситуациях межкультурного	
		профессионального общения;	
	ОПК-9	употреблять изученные стратегии и	
		технологии, необходимые в	
		различных областях иноязычной	
		коммуникации	
		владеет навыками подготовленной	
		и неподготовленной устной и	
		письменной речи в ситуациях	
		межкультурного	
		профессионального общения в	
		пределах изученного языкового	
		материала материала	
		материала	

Типовые контрольные задания, методические материалы, процедуры оценивания знаний, умений и навыков, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы, представлены в Приложении 2.

Контрольные и методические материалы, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и

характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы представлены в Приложении 2.

Типовые контрольные задания, методические материалы, процедуры оценивания знаний, умений и навыков, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы, представлены в Приложении 2.

IV. СПИСОК УЧЕБНОЙ ЛИТЕРАТУРЫ И ИНФОРМАЦИОННО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Основная литература

1. Малышева, Н.В. Scientific English / Н.В. Малышева. – Комсомольск – на Амуре: изд-во Амурского гуманитарно-педагогического государственного университета, 2015. – 138 с.

http://www.iprbookshop.ru/22315.html

2. Богданова, Т.Г., Ганчинко И.В. Английский язык в таблицах: учебное пособие / Т.Г Богданова, И.В. Ганченко. — Краснодар: изд-во Южного института менеджмента, 2011. — 78c.

http://www.iprbookshop.ru/9752.html

3. Комаров, А. С. A Practical Grammar of English for Students. Практическая грамматика английского языка для студентов [Электронный ресурс] : учеб. пособие / А. С. Комаров. - 2-е изд., стер. - М.: Флинта, 2012. - 248 с. http://znanium.com/catalog.php?bookinfo=455224

Дополнительная литература

1. Барышников, Н.В. Основы профессиональной межкультурной коммуникации: Учебник / Н.В. Барышников. - М.: Вузовский учебник: НИЦ ИНФРА-М, 2013. - 368 с.

http://znanium.com/catalog.php?bookinfo=408974

- 2. Виноградов, А. История английско-американской Библии: Монография. СПб.: Лань, 2013. 342 с. Режим доступа: http://e.lanbook.com/books/element.php?pl1_id=32056
- 3. Малышева, Н.В. Scientific English / Н.В. Малышева. Комсомольск –на Амуре: изд-во Амурского гуманитарно-педагогического государственного университета, 2010. 138 с. http://www.iprbookshop.ru/22315.html
- 4. Турук, И.Ф. Практикум по обучению грамматическим основам чтения специального текста. Английский язык: учебное пособие / И.Ф. Турук. М.:изд-во Евразийского открытого института, Московского государственного университета экономики, статистики и информатики, 2006. 49 с. http://www.iprbookshop.ru/11221.html

Перечень ресурсов информационно-телекоммуникационной сети «Интернет»

- 1. Научная электронная библиотека НЭБ http://elibrary.ru/querybox.asp?scope=newquery
- 2. Электронно-библиотечная система издательства «Лань» http://e.lanbook.com/
- 3. ЭБС «Консультант студента»

http://www.studentlibrary.ru/

4. ЭБС znanium.com НИЦ «ИНФРА-М»

http://znanium.com/

- 5. Научная библиотека ДВФУ публичный онлайн каталог http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/search/query?theme=FEFU
- 6. Информационная система ЕДИНОЕ ОКНО доступа к образовательным ресурсам

http://window.edu.ru/resource

7. 3 EC IPRbooks

http://www.iprbookshop.ru/

Перечень информационных технологий и программного обеспечения

Место расположения компьютерной техники, на котором установлено программное обеспечение, количество рабочих мест	Перечень программного обеспечения
Компьютерный класс кафедры Гидротехники. теории зданий и сооружений ауд. Е 708, 19 рабочих мест	 Місгоѕоft Office Professional Plus 2016 – офисный пакет, включающий программное обеспечение для работы с различными типами документов (текстами, электронными таблицами, базами данных и др.); 7Zір 9.20 - свободный файловый архиватор с высокой степенью сжатия данных; ABBYY FineReader 11 - программа для оптического распознавания символов; Adobe Acrobat XI Pro – пакет программ для создания и просмотра электронных публикаций в формате PDF; AutoCAD Electrical 2015 Language Pack – English - трёхмерная система автоматизированного проектирования и черчения; Revit Architecture – система для работы с чертежами; SCAD Office – система для расчёта строительных конструкций
Компьютерный класс кафедры Гидротехники. теории зданий и сооружений ауд. Е 709, 25 рабочих мест	 Місгоsoft Office Professional Plus 2016 – офисный пакет, включающий программное обеспечение для работы с различными типами документов (текстами, электронными таблицами, базами данных и др.); 7Zір 9.20 - свободный файловый архиватор с высокой степенью сжатия данных; ABBYY FineReader 11 - программа для оптического распознавания символов; Adobe Acrobat XI Pro – пакет программ для создания и просмотра электронных публикаций в формате PDF; AutoCAD Electrical 2015 Language Pack – English - трёхмерная система автоматизированного проектирования и черчения; Revit Architecture – система для работы с чертежами SCAD Office – система для расчёта строительных конструкций

- 1. CNN World News http://www.cnn.com/WORLD (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)
- 2. Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English http://www.ldoceonline.com/
 - 3. Merriam-Webster Dictionary http://www.merriam-webster.com/
 - 4. Oxford Dictionaries http://www.oxforddictionaries.com/
- 5. TED Talks http://www.ted.com/ частный некоммерческий фонд в США, известный прежде всего своими ежегодными конференциями. Миссия конференции состоит в распространении уникальных идей («ideas worth spreading»), избранные лекции доступны на веб-сайте конференции.

- 6. The Guardian http://www.guardian.co.uk/ (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)...
- 7. The New York Times http://www.nytimes.com (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)
- 8. The Washington Times http://www.washtimes.com/ (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)
- 9. Cambridge Learning Management System. On-line рабочая тетрадь для курса Touchstone 2. http://www.cambridgelms.org/main/ Идентификаторы курсов: Touchstone2SL(1-14)

V. МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ПО ОСВОЕНИЮ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Структура изучения курса «Иностранный язык» является практикоориентированной. Основной формой работы при изучении иностранного языка являются практические занятия.

При организации учебной деятельности на практических занятиях широко используются как традиционные, так и современные электронные носители информации, а также возможности информационных и коммуникационных образовательных технологий.

Использование современных образовательных технологий позволяет учитывать уровень учебной готовности каждого обучающегося, предвидеть трудности, которые могут возникнуть при выполнении аудиторной и внеаудиторной учебной деятельности, обеспечить возможность эффективного контроля и самоконтроля.

В системе подготовки студентов практические занятия позволяют приобретать и совершенствовать общекультурные компетенции. Цели практических занятий:

- создать условия для углубления и систематизации знаний по иностранному языку;
- научить студентов использовать иностранный язык для решения задач социально-бытового характера;

• формировать учебные компетенции и познавательную мотивацию, лежащие в основе самообразования, саморазвития и самоконтроля.

Практические занятия проводятся в учебной группе. Для выполнения разнообразных учебных задач создаются условия аутентичного речевого общения.

Работа с оригинальными текстами направлена на подготовку и проведение круглого стола, практического семинара. Для выполнения заданий ситуативного характера используются групповая и парная виды работ. По изученным темам подготавливаются доклады, сообщения с презентациями.

Со стороны преподавателя студентам оказывается помощь в формировании навыков чтения иноязычных текстов, их анализа, правильной подготовки презентации; в овладении умениями писать сообщения личного и официально-делового характера.

Следует учитывать, что основной объем информации студент должен усвоить в ходе систематической самостоятельной работы с информацией на иностранном языке, размещенной как на электронных, так и на традиционных носителях.

Целью работы с грамматикой является структурирование, систематизация и углубление знаний по иностранному языку и, на этой основе, развитие умений результативной работы с иноязычными текстами и формирование коммуникативной компетентности студентов.

Формами текущего контроля результатов работы студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» являются письменные тесты, написание эссе, докладов, дискуссии по материалам изучаемых тем.

Итоговый контроль по дисциплине осуществляется в форме зачета в конце 1,2,3 семестров и экзамена в конце 4 семестра.

Рекомендации по эффективной работе над отдельными аспектами в рамках дисциплины «Иностранный язык» (для студентов заочной формы обучения)

Работа над техникой чтения

Под техникой чтения понимается «совокупность навыков и механизмов звукового и интонационного оформления графических символов языка». Техника чтения образует значимый критерий оценки степени владения языком, поэтому разумно работать над ней постоянно и доводить до совершенства. Для этого рекомендуется систематическое чтение англоязычных текстов вслух, прослушивание и просмотр аутентичных англоязычных аудио- и видеоматериалов, участие в устных формах работы на занятии и общение с носителями языка (например, посредством Интернетресурсов).

Работа с текстом

При работе с текстом следует учитывать, что существуют различные виды чтения, которые определяются в зависимости от цели чтения и поставленных задач. Определение вида чтения позволит наиболее эффективно организовать время и работу с текстом.

Ознакомительное чтение. Задачей ознакомительного чтения является понимание основной линии содержания читаемого текста и создание комплексных образов прочитанного.

Изучающее чтение. Изучающее чтение направлено на точное и полное понимание прочитанного и его критическое осмысление. Оно предполагает умение пользоваться разными словарями (толковыми, страноведческими, словарями синонимов, двуязычными). Этот вид чтения обычно используется при работе с газетными, журнальными статьями и статьями по специальности. Работая над таким текстом, следует вдумчиво и внимательно прочитать его, отмечая незнакомые вам слова, найти их значения в словаре, выбрать значение слова, подходящее по контексту и выучить его. Закончив чтение текста, нужно проверить свое понимание по вопросам и другим

заданиям, которые находятся после текста. По мере чтения текстов рекомендуется выполнять упражнения на закрепление лексических единиц, обращая особое внимание на упражнения по словообразованию. Целесообразно составить свои примеры с новыми словами.

Просмотровое чтение. Просмотровое чтение - беглое, выборочное чтение текста по блокам для более подробного ознакомления с его деталями и частями. Оно направленно на принятие решения о его дальнейшем использовании, то есть выяснение области, к которой относится данный текст, освещаемой в нем тематике, установление круга основных вопросов. Насколько полно понят текст при просмотровом чтении определяется тем, может ли читающий ответить на вопрос, интересен ли ему текст, какие части текста могут оказаться наиболее информативными.

Поисковое чтение. Поисковое чтение предполагает овладение умением находить в тексте те элементы информации, которые являются значимыми для выполнения той или иной задачи, и ориентировано, прежде всего, на чтение прессы и специальной литературы.

Аналитическое чтение. Аналитическое чтение - более сложный вид чтения, ориентированный на глубокое раскрытие содержания текста и его структуры. Внимание должно быть направлено на детальное восприятие текста с анализом языковой формы, который позволяет осознать структурные компоненты речи, устанавливать их структурно-семантические и функциональные соответствия.

Следует не забывать, что чтение художественной, специальной литературы и источников СМИ на изучаемом языке способствует развитию устной речи, обогащает словарный запас, знакомит с культурой и литературой страны изучаемого языка, расширяет кругозор и повышает профессиональную компетентность.

Работа с лексическим материалом

Для эффективного усвоения лексического материала и расширения словарного запаса предлагаются следующие формы работы:

·многократное чтение вслух текста, содержащего лексику, которую нужно усвоить, а также чтение ранее проработанных материалов с целью повторения слов;

·составление несложных предложений на английском языке с использованием новых слов (устно и письменно);

постановка вопросов на английском языке по содержанию прочитанного текста с использованием в них тренируемых слов, ответы на эти вопросы (устно и письменно);

·составление на русском языке несложных предложений, включающих закрепляемые слова, устный или письменный перевод этих предложений на английский язык в утвердительной, отрицательной или вопросительной форме (при условии, если это возможно по содержанию);

составление несложного связного текста-ситуации на определенную тему с максимальным использованием слов, изученных в рамках данной темы;

общение с носителями языка (например, посредством Интернетресурсов) или другими студентами на английском языке;

при составлении списка слов и словосочетаний по какой-либо теме (тексту), при оформлении индивидуальной личной тетради-глоссария — выписывание из словаря лексических единиц в их начальной форме, то есть: оформлять имена существительные — в единственном числе (целесообразно также указать форму множественного числа); глаголы в инфинитиве (целесообразно указать и другие основные формы глагола);

•работа над лексикой с помощью двустороннего перевода (с английского языка — на русский, с русского языка — на английский) с использованием разных способов оформления лексики (списка слов, тетради-глоссария);

·использование словообразовательных и семантических связей заучиваемых слов (однокоренных слов, синонимов, антонимов);

·анализ и фиксирование словообразовательных моделей (префиксы, суффиксы, сокращение, словосложение и др.) и заимствований в английском языке;

·ежедневное чтение и просмотр источников СМИ на английском языке.

Работа с грамматическими формами и конструкциями

Для эффективного усвоения грамматической формы или конструкции рекомендуется внимательное чтение записей, таблиц или правил в учебнике (часто и заучивание конкретных грамматических форм), изучение и анализ примеров и выполнение упражнений на конкретную грамматическую модель, т. е. упражнений, которые иллюстрирует данное правило. Первые упражнения по работе над определенной грамматической моделью содержат, в основном, примеры на употребление данной конструкции. Их можно использовать в качестве образцов при выполнении остальных упражнений. Каждая грамматическая форма или конструкция является неотъемлемой частью коммуникативного высказывания. Поэтому необходимо обращать внимание на употребление грамматической формы или конструкции в определенном контексте, находить примеры их использования в аутентичных источниках и максимально часто применять изучаемую модель при построении собственного устного ИЛИ письменного высказывания. Обязательной частью работы и над лексикой, и над грамматикой является работа над ошибками, которую надо выполнять сразу после проверки задания.

Работа над устным высказыванием

Успешная устная речь предполагает логичное и последовательное изложение определенной позиции, в том числе личной; умение делать доклады, сообщения, вести беседу и дискуссию, включая деловую с использованием формул речевого этикета (для выражения собственного мнения, согласия/несогласия с собеседником, вступления в разговор и т. д.), понимать на слух собеседника не только на уровне общего смысла и деталей, но и подтекста.

При построении устного высказывания необходимо:

- систематически продумывать и проговаривать свои выступления;
- · при подготовке ответа в группе/ парной работе сформулировать ответ на мысленный вопрос ваших слушателей/собеседников;
- · помнить то, о чем выступающий говорит должно быть ему интересно, только в этом случае можно заинтересовать своих слушателей, а интерес слушателей является залогом успеха выступления; поэтому при подготовке выступления нужно тщательно отбирать материал, выстраивать его в определенной последовательности, продумывать примеры, наглядный материал и приемы общения с аудиторией;

записать свое выступление и прослушать себя.

- Для оценки предлагается использовать вопросы такие вопросы, как:
- соответствует ли то, что я говорю коммуникативной задаче (теме выступления/беседы; тому, что я стараюсь доказать и др.)?
- логично и последовательно ли изложена точка зрения?
- иллюстрируют ли мои примеры или аргументы то, что я хочу доказать? есть ли в моей речи грамматические или лексические ошибки?
- как воспринимается моя речь на слух (интонация, темп, паузы и др.)?
- использую ли я прием перефразирования (изложения той же мысли другими словами)?
- использую ли я фразы, помогающие следить за моей мыслью?
- учитывать, что лучшее импровизированное выступление это домашняя заготовка, поэтому, если предстоит парная работа, дискуссия, ролевая игра, «круглый стол», рекомендуется продумать, что и как сказать собеседнику, какие вопросы ему задать;
- · помнить: устное выступление это не чтение написанного материала вслух!

Работа над письменным высказыванием

Успешное письменное высказывание должно логично и последовательно развивать мысль автора. При построении высказывания в письменной форме рекомендуется:

·четко определять содержание (какой тезис соответствует теме, какие положения доказывают этот тезис, раскрывая тему, какие выводы надо сделать из всего написанного);

·соблюдать структуру, принятую для данного типа письменного высказывания (эссе, письмо, резюме и др.);

правильно выбирать грамматические структуры и лексические единицы, в том числе связующие слова, которые обеспечивают логичный и плавный переход от одной части к другой, а также внутри частей; использовать разные варианты построения предложения, прием перефразирования;

·избегать плагиата.

Важно планировать работу так, чтобы была возможность проверить свое письменное высказывание через определенное время после написания, что позволит увидеть недочеты и ошибки, незамеченные во время работы.

Следует помнить, что письменное высказывание — это раскрытие и аргументирование своей позиций либо структура, наполненная личным содержанием, а не «украденные мысли».

Работа со словарем

Для того чтобы правильно пользоваться словарем (печатным или электронным) и быстро находить нужное слово и его формы, предлагается учесть следующие моменты:

Производить поиск слова необходимо в исходной форме. Если глагол/существительное включает приставку, то возможно наличие в словаре его варианта без приставки. Сложные слова при их отсутствии следует искать в словаре по составным элементам слова.

Грамматические характеристики слова, его произношение, транскрипция и сферы употребления указываются в словаре условными обозначениями.

Если искомая лексическая единица или подходящее значение/эквивалент отсутствует в двуязычном словаре, следует обратиться к толковому словарю. Если искомое понятие не приведено в толковом словаре, необходимо определить контекстное употребление данной лексической единицы (найти несколько текстов/ситуаций употребления и попытаться установить русский эквивалент).

Значение фразеологической комбинации всегда нужно отыскивать по главному (в смысловом отношении) слову. Если же неясно, какое именно слово в данной комбинации является главным, то нужно перепробовать все составные части фразеологического сочетания.

Письменный перевод текста

При выполнении письменного перевода текста рекомендуется:

- 1.Ознакомиться с оригиналом текста и понять его общее содержание, пользуясь по мере надобности рабочими источниками информации: словарями, справочниками, специальной литературой, Интернет-источниками и т. д.
- 2.Учитывать, что не все в оригинале передается в переводе, но все должно учитываться переводчиком. Однако для того, чтобы решить, какуюто деталь содержания можно или нужно не передавать в переводе, необходимо видеть эту деталь и понимать ее роль в общем смысле текста.
- 3. Приступая непосредственно к переводу, выделить законченную по смыслу часть текста (предложение, абзац, период) и усвоить ее содержание.
- 4. Найти при работе со словарями и другими источниками нужный, соответствующий содержанию текста эквивалент слова.
- 5. При возникновении трудностей перевода лексической единицы определить контекстное употребление данной лексической единицы (найти

несколько текстов/ситуаций употребления и попытаться установить русский эквивалент).

6.Использовать при переводе для понимания стилистических нюансов значений слов, их эмоциональной составляющей английские толковые словари.

7.Не допускать фраз, не имеющих смысла или явно противоречащих смыслу всего текста. Смысловая цельность — значимое свойство текста.

- 8. Закончив перевод текста, отложить его в сторону, спустя некоторое время перечитать, обращая особое внимание на то, насколько естественно звучит переведенный текст на русском языке.
 - 9.Переводить заголовок после перевода всего текста.
- 10.Использовать в качестве рабочих инструментов при переводе словари (электронные (например, ABBYY Lingvo) или печатные, двуязычные и толковые), специальную литературу, Интернет-источники. Электронные онлайн-переводчики (как, Google и др.) часто выдают ошибочные варианты перевода, вводят переводчика в заблуждение и препятствуют успешному овладению иностранным языком.

Работа над мультимедийной презентацией

Основными принципами при составлении мультимедийной презентации являются лаконичность, ясность, уместность, сдержанность, наглядность, запоминаемость.

При разработке мультимедийной презентации следует учесть следующие рекомендации:

·Необходимо начинать презентацию с заголовочного слайда и завершить итоговым. В заголовке приводится название и автор. В итоговом слайде следует поблагодарить слушателей.

·Каждый слайд должен иметь заголовок и быть логически связан с предыдущим и последующим.

· Слайды должны содержать минимум текста (не более 10 строк, не более 40 слов); текст на слайдах должен быть простым, содержать ключевую информацию и соответствовать тексту выступления, иллюстрировать его.

•Во всей презентации следует использовать одинаковое оформление: для фона и цвета применять контрастные цвета (не более трех цветов на слайде: 1 — фон, 2 — заголовок, 3 — текст); рекомендуемый шрифт для заголовка не менее 24 пт., для основного текста — не менее 20 пт.

·Рекомендуется использовать графический, аудио- или видеоматериал, сопровождающий текст.

·Компьютерная презентация может сопровождаться анимацией, что позволит повысить эффект OTпредставления доклада (однако злоупотребление ей может привести к потере зрительного и смыслового контакта со слушателями). Динамическая анимация эффективна тогда, когда процессе выступления происходит логическая трансформация В существующей структуры в новую структуру.

·В автоматическом режиме следует проконтролировать временной интервал доклада.

Время выступления должно быть соотнесено с количеством слайдов из расчета, что компьютерная презентация, включающая 10-15 слайдов, требует для выступления около 7-10 минут.

Подготовленные для представления доклады отвечают следующим требованиям:

·цель доклада должна быть сформулирована в начале выступления;

·выступающий должен хорошо знать материал по теме своего выступления, быстро и свободно ориентироваться в нем;

·недопустимо читать текст со слайдов или повторять наизусть то, что показано на слайде;

·речь докладчика должна быть четкой, умеренного темпа; важно четко следовать содержанию презентации.

·желательно подготовить к каждому слайду заметки по докладу;

·докладчик должен иметь зрительный контакт с аудиторией;

·после выступления докладчик должен оперативно и по существу отвечать на все вопросы аудитории.

При оценивании презентации учитываются следующие параметры:

Языковое оформление: правильность языковых параметров в письменной презентации и устном докладе (макс. 6 баллов).

Содержание: полнота информации и ее соответствие коммуникативной задаче, отсутствие ненужных подробных деталей, аргументирование собственной точки зрения (макс. 8 баллов).

 $O\phi$ ормление: презентации: соответствие картинок и текста, структура итоговый презентации (заголовки, начальный слайд, слайд, информации слайде), структурирование на зрительное восприятие (соответствие шрифта, качество картинок, целесообразность анимации, использование аудио-и видеоматериалов), указание источников информации; доклада: четкость и структурирование высказывания, контакт с аудиторией (макс. 6 баллов).

Оценивание презентации можно производиться преподавателем либо всей группой.

VI. МАТЕРИАЛЬНО-ТЕХНИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Практические занятия по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводятся в мультимедийных аудиториях, оснащенных соответствующим современным оборудованием. Для организации самостоятельной работы и для выполнения ВКР, студенты также пользуются собственными персональными компьютерами и читальными залами научной библиотеки ДВФУ.

Наименование				
оборудованных помещений				
и помещений для				
самостоятельной работы				

Перечень основного оборудования

Мультимедийная аудитория	Экран с электроприводом 236*147 см Trim Screen Line; Проектор DLP, 3000 ANSI Lm, WXGA 1280x800, 2000:1 EW330U Mitsubishi; Подсистема специализированных креплений оборудования CORSA-2007 Tuarex; Подсистема видео коммутации; Подсистема аудио коммутации и звукоусиления; акустическая система для потолочного монтажа SI 3CT LP Extron; цифровой аудио процессор DMP 44 LC Extron; беспроводные ЛВС для обучающихся обеспечены системой на базе точек доступа 802.11a/b/g/n 2x2 MIMO(2SS).		
Компьютерный класс	Моноблок HP РгоОпе 400 All-in-One 19,5 (1600x900), Core i3-		
кафедры Гидротехники,	4150T, 4GB DDR3-1600 (1x4GB), 1TB HDD 7200 SATA, DVD+/-		
теории зданий и сооружений,	RW, GigEth, Wi-Fi, BT, usb kbd/mse, Win7Pro (64-		
ауд. Е 708, на 19 человек,	bit)+Win8.1Pro(64-bit), 1-1-1 Wty (19 шт.)		
общей площадью 78 м ²			
Компьютерный класс	Моноблок HP РгоОпе 400 All-in-One 19,5 (1600x900), Core i3-		
кафедры Гидротехники,	4150T, 4GB DDR3-1600 (1x4GB), 1TB HDD 7200 SATA, DVD+/-		
теории зданий и сооружений,	RW, GigEth, Wi-Fi, BT, usb kbd/mse, Win7Pro (64-		
ауд. Е 709, на 25 человек,	bit)+Win8.1Pro(64-bit), 1-1-1 Wty (25 шт.)		
общей площадью 77 м ²			
Читальные залы Научной библиотеки ДВФУ с открытым доступом к фонду (корпус А - уровень 10)	Моноблок НР РгоОпе 400 All-in-One 19,5 (1600х900), Core i3-4150T, 4GB DDR3-1600 (1х4GB), 1TB HDD 7200 SATA, DVD+/-RW, GigEth, Wi-Fi, BT, usb kbd/mse,Win7Pro (64-bit)+Win8.1Pro(64-bit),1-1-1 Wty Скорость доступа в Интернет 500 Мбит/сек. Рабочие места для людей с ограниченными возможностями здоровья оснащены дисплеями и принтерами Брайля; оборудованы: портативными устройствами для чтения плоскопечатных текстов, сканирующими и читающими машинами видео увеличителем с возможностью регуляции цветовых спектров; увеличивающими электронными лупами и ультразвуковыми маркировщиками		



МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего профессионального образования

«Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ШКОЛА РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ САМОСТОЯТЕЛЬНОЙ РАБОТЫ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ

по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» Направление подготовки 08.03.01 Строительство

Профиль «Промышленное и гражданское строительство» **Форма подготовки: очная/заочная**

Владивосток 2015

План-график выполнения самостоятельной работы по дисциплине (очная форма)

№	Дата/сроки Вид		Примерные	Форма
п/п	выполнения	самостоятельной работы	нормы времени на выполнение	контроля
1	первый			
1.	семестр 1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. выполнение теста 3. подготовка устного сообщения "Making Friends"	12 часов	устный опрос тест устный опрос
2.	7 -12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Interests" 3. выполнение теста 4. подготовка презентации на тему "Various Interests of People"	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест доклад
3.	13 – 18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Health" 3. выполнение теста 4. написание эссе на тему "Healthy Lifestyle"	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест эссе
	Итого 1 семестр		36 часов	
1	второй семестр	1 попроторуе ч	12 wasan	NOWILL IN OUR CO
4.	1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным	12 часов	устный опрос

				1
		Занятиям		
		2. чтение и перевод		перевод
		дополнительных		
		текстов по теме "		тест
		Celebrations"		
		3. выполнение теста		устный опрос
		4. подготовка		
		устного сообщения		
		"My Favourite		
		Holiday"		
		1. подготовка к	12 часов	устный опрос
5	7-12 неделя	аудиторным		
		занятиям		
		2. чтение и перевод		перевод
		дополнительных		- T
		текстов по теме "		тест
		Growing up"		эссе
		3. выполнение теста		
		4. написание эссе на		
		тему "Problems of		
		Youth"		
6.	13-18 неделя		12 часов	
0.	13-16 неделя	1. подготовка к	12 9000	мети и опрос
		аудиторным		устный опрос
		занятиям		
		2. чтение и перевод		перевод
		дополнительных		
		текстов по теме "		
		Around Town"		тест
		3. Написание		
		итогового теста		
	Итого 2 семестр		36 часов	
7.	Третий		20 14401	
'•	семестр			
	1-6неделя	1. подготовка к	12 часов	устный опрос
	1 оподоли	аудиторным	12 14005	
		занятиям		
		2. чтение и перевод		перевод
		_		перевод
		дополнительных текстов по теме "		тест
				тест
		Going away"		MODILL HE OFFICE
		3. выполнение теста		устный опрос
		4. подготовка		
		устного сообщения		
		"Place of Interest"		

8.	7-12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных		перевод
		текстов по теме "At Home"		тест
		3. выполнение теста 4. подготовка устного сообщения "Му Home Habits"		устный опрос
9.	13-18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных		перевод
		текстов по теме " Things happen"		тест
		3. выполнение теста 4. подготовка		устный опрос
		устного сообщения "An accident from		
	Итого 3 семестр	my life"	36 часов	
	Четвертый		30 часов	
	семестр			
10	1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных		перевод
		текстов по теме "Communication" 3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка презентации на тему "Modern Ways of		доклад
		Communication"		
11	7-12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным	12 часов	устный опрос
		занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных		перевод

		текстов по теме "Appearances" 3. выполнение теста		тест
12.	13-18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Looking ahead" 3. выполнение итогового теста	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест
	Итого 4 семестр		36 часов	
	Всего		144 часа	

План-график выполнения самостоятельной работы по дисциплине (заочная форма)

№	Дата/сроки	Вид	Примерные	Форма контроля
п/п	выполнения	самостоятельной	нормы	
		работы	времени на	
			выполнение	
1	1-3 неделя	1. подготовка к	28 часов	устный опрос
	1семестра	аудиторным		
		занятиям		тест
		2. выполнение		
		теста		устный опрос
		3. подготовка		
		устного		
		сообщения The		
		profession of an		
		engineer		
2	1-3 неделя	1. подготовка к	28 часов	устный опрос
	2 семестра	аудиторным		
		занятиям		тест
		2. выполнение		
		теста		устный опрос
		3. подготовка		
		устного		
		сообщения Basic		
		engineering		
		process		
5	1-3 неделя	1. подготовка к	28 часов	устный опрос

3 семестра	аудиторным	
	занятиям	тест
	2. выполнение	
	теста	устный опрос
	3. подготовка	
	устного	
	сообщения	
	Modern computer	
	technologies	

Рекомендации по самостоятельной работе студентов

Самостоятельная работа студентов является неотъемлемой частью образовательного процесса и рассматривается как организационная форма обучения. Целями СРС являются овладение фундаментальными знаниями, общекультурными, общепрофессиональными, профессиональными и специальными компетенциями, формирование у студентов способности и навыков непрерывного самообразования и профессионального совершенствования.

Самостоятельная работа по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» осуществляется в виде аудиторных и внеаудиторных форм познавательной деятельности. Самостоятельная работа студентов включает в себя:

- Подготовку к аудиторным практическим занятиям;
- Чтение дополнительной литературы;
- Составление плана и тезисов ответа;
- Выполнение переводов;
- Выполнение тестов;
- Компьютерное и Интернет тестирование;
- Подготовка устного сообщения;
- Подготовка докладов;
- Подготовка презентаций;
- Написание эссе;
- Подготовка к участию в деловой игре, конкурсе, творческом соревновании и многое другое.

Далее представлены некоторые задания для самостоятельной работы обучающихся и методические рекомендации по их выполнению.

Методические указания к выполнению тестов

Тесты воспринимаются студентами как своеобразная игра. Тем самым снимается целый ряд психологических проблем — страхов, стрессов, которые, к сожалению, характерны для обычных форм контроля знаний студентов.

Основное достоинство тестовой формы контроля — это простота и скорость, с которой осуществляется первая оценка уровня обученности по конкретной теме, позволяющая, к тому же, реально оценить готовность к итоговому контролю в иных формах и, в случае необходимости, откорректировать те или иные элементы темы.

Программой по дисциплине «Иностранный язык». Данные тесты могут использоваться:

- студентами при подготовке к зачету в форме самопроверки знаний;
- преподавателями для проверки знаний в качестве формы промежуточного контроля;
- для проверки остаточных знаний студентов, изучивших данный курс.

Тестовые задания рассчитаны на самостоятельную работу без использования вспомогательных материалов. То есть при их выполнении не следует пользоваться текстами законов, учебниками, литературой и т.д.

Для выполнения тестового задания, прежде всего, следует внимательно прочитать поставленный вопрос. После ознакомления с вопросом следует приступать к прочтению предлагаемых вариантов ответа. Необходимо прочитать все варианты и в качестве ответа следует выбрать лишь один индекс (цифровое обозначение), соответствующий

правильному ответу. Тесты составлены таким образом, что в каждом из них правильным является лишь один из вариантов. Выбор должен быть сделан в пользу наиболее правильного ответа.

На выполнение теста отводится ограниченное время. Оно может варьироваться в зависимости от уровня тестируемых, сложности и объема теста. Как правило, время выполнения тестового задания определяется из расчета 30-45 секунд на один вопрос.

nit 1 Auriz Na	ime:	Teacher Scoring Section
Init 1 Quiz Na	ite;	Section
Listen to the two conversation	ons between strangers. Check (🗸) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1: At a bus stop	Conversation 2: At a friend's apartment	(2 points each)
I. The man works		1 3
☐ part-time	are at a birthday party	
as a teacher	work together	
☐ in a bookstore	are in high school together	
2. The woman's job is	4. Bill can't eat	2 4
☐ at school ☐ an hour from school	☐ birthday cake ☐ chocolate	
nearby	□ ice cream	
	and the treatment of th	
Put the words in the correct and	er to make questions. Then complete the answers.	B 8 points
	? (name / your / is / Jack)	(1 point each)
B No , it's not	. It's Jake.	
	? (student / you / a / are / part-time)	1.4
В,, 1 о	mly go to class twice a week	B
	" (your / go out / sister / does / a lot)	
B,, Sh		2. A
B, Sn	? (here / do / parents / live / your / near)	В
		3. A
B Th	ey live nearby.	В
. A	? (have / do / sisters / any / you)	4. A
B, Bu	it I have a brother.	В
	vers. Use the words in parentheses.	C 12 points (2 points each)
	le name ? (middle name)	(& points each)
B It's James.		
B. Thereby from C	? (your parents)	1
B They're from Greece.		
B I take the bus.	? (get to school)	2
3. A	2/413	
B In the evenings.	? (do your homework)	3
i. A	? (do for fun)	
B I play sports.	1 (do for full)	*-
i. A	? (favorite food)	5
B I love pizza.	, parome toda	5
D 1 love pizza.		
i. A	? (do on Saturdays)	6

D Circle the correct responses.		D 4 points (1 point each)
1. A 1 love baseball. B I do too. / Me either.	3. A I don't like to shop. B Me either, / I'm not either.	1 3
2. A I can't speak Russian. B I can too, / I can't either.	4. A I'm from a big family. B Me too. / I do too.	2 4
D Team too! Team termen	D Me too. 71 do too.	
E Read the situations. Check (✓)	the best conversation starter for each one.	E 8 points (2 points each
 You're in your English class. A student is sitting next to you. Are you a teacher? Do you have a lot of friends Hi. What's your name? 	Someone sits down at your table. The food's not bad here, huh?	1 3
 You're waiting in a line in front a jazz club. It's a nice evening. Where do your parents live Do you like this warm weat How old are you? 	You meet someone new. Do you come here a lot?	2 4
F Read the e-mail message, and	circle the correct answers.	F 10 points (2 points each
900	6)	Ce points enci
O D D D D D		
Dear Paulo,		
Dear Paulo,	pall I want to learn all about you and your life	
Dear Paulo, It's so great you're my new pen in Brazil. Let me tell you a little about my I live with my mother and brothe because my mother is allergic to	self. I'm a 16-year-old high school student. er. Unfortunately, we don't have any pets o dogs and cats. It's too bad because I really I'm not a big sports fan. I never watch sports	
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Unit 2 Oui Name:	The second secon	Teacher Scoring
Unit 2 Quiz Name:		Section
A Elisten to the conversations about hob	bies. Check (✓) the correct answers.	A 8 points (2 points each)
Conversation 1	Conversation 3	
Jack with his friends on weekends. goes to the gym goes jogging eats lunch	3. Adam is good at things. ☐ fixing ☐ learning ☐ making	1 3
Conversation 2	Conversation 4	
2. Beth listens to jazz CDs on the radio to relax	4. Alice doesn't jewelry. □ collect □ wear □ buy	2 4
B Circle the correct words.		B 4 points (1 point each)
 A So, you and your brother like to watch B Yeah. Actually everyone / no one in my 		1
 A Do you and your friends like country m B Not really. Everybody / Nobody in my 		2
A Connie's a wonderful dancer. B That's true. Everyone / No one can dan		3
A I love to swim in the summer. B Yeah, me too. Almost everybody / nobe.		4
C Complete the conversations with the corr There is more than one correct answer for so		C 10 points
1. A Can you (play)		1.A
B No, but I like (si		B
2. A What do you enjoy		2. //
B Well, I love(pair	nt).	B
3. A Would you like	(take) a carpentry class?	3.4
B Yes, I'm good at	(make) things.	B
4. A I hate (shop) at	the mall.	4. A
B Me too. I prefer		В
5. A Are you interested in		5. A
B Not really. I can't	(swim) at all.	В
D Circle the correct words.		D 4 points (1 point each)
1. Sam plays pool / the piano / tennis really	well. He's in a jazz band.	1
2. Joe loves golfing / cooking / gardening, so		2
3. Tina's good at writing / fixing / baking thi		3
4. Kate likes knitting / carpentry / drawing.		4
	one can make awenters and timigs.	71

	sentences with object pron		E 8 points (2 points each
Example: I like l	Mrs. Roberts. What do you	think of <u>her</u> ?	in Pouris care
 I listen to class 	sical music a lot. Do you lis	ten to, too?	1
2. My wife does p	ohotography. Look, I'm in tl	nis next photo. That's on the right.	2
3. Robbie Willian	ns is a singer from England	. Do you know?	3
4. Bill and Jean a	re in your meditation class	. Do you ever see there?	4
			F 8 points
F Read the ques	tions. Check (✓) the best a	nswer to make the response sound friendly.	(2 points each
1. A Are you into		3. A Do you like to play computer games?	1 3
<u>B</u>		<u>B</u>	
☐ No, I'm not		☐ No, I'm not very mechanical.	
	but I watch soccer on TV.	Um, no. I'm not really into games.	
	good with my hands.	☐ No, not at all.	
A Do you like	jazz?	4. A Can you draw or paint?	2 4
B		B	
	have a lot of free time.	□ No, I don't like to take pictures.	
□ No, I don't.	Latin music.	☐ No, it's boring. ☐ Not really. I'm not very artistic.	
real pieres	Latti IIII	and tempt in the respondence	
What heading sh	ne Welcome learn how new came	Write the correct headings. to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a ra, but need more information? Or do you just	G 8 points (2 points eac
What heading sh	ne Welcome learn how new came want to ta	Write the correct headings. to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a	
What heading sh	ne Welcome learn how new came want to ta these thin	Write the correct headings. to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a ra, but need more information? Or do you just lik with other photography fans? You can do all gs and more here at the Online Photography Club. you interested in doing? Do you like to take	
The Onli	me Weicome learn how new came want to ta these thin What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow	Write the correct headings. to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a ra, but need more information? Or do you just lik with other photography fans? You can do all gs and more here at the Online Photography Club. you interested in doing? Do you like to take	
The Onli Photogra Chat Groups Photograph	welcome learn how new came want to ta these thin What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow Enter our photo competition. Se	Write the correct headings. to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a ra, but need more information? Or do you just lk with other photography fans? You can do all gs and more here at the Online Photography Club. you interested in doing? Do you like to take eers? Join your own chat group.	
The Online Photogra Chat Groups Photograph of the Month Ask Our	welcome learn how new came want to ta these thin What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow Enter our photo competition. So So you think you have a great pask us here.	Write the correct headings. to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a ra, but need more information? Or do you just lk with other photography fans? You can do all gs and more here at the Online Photography Club. you interested in doing? Do you like to take rers? Join your own chat group. end in your best photo, and win a digital camera! shotograph, but you're not sure.	
The Online Photogra Chat Groups Photograph of the Month Ask Our Advice Monthly	weicome learn how mew came want to ta these thin What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow Enter our photo competition. So So you think you have a great p Ask us here. In photography, there's always	Write the correct headings. to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a ra, but need more information? Or do you just lk with other photography fans? You can do all gs and more here at the Online Photography Club. you interested in doing? Do you like to take vers? Join your own chat group. end in your best photo, and win a digital camera! something new to learn. Click here for some great	G 8 points (2 points each
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The Online Photograph of the Monthly Newsletter Shopping Tips Mini-Lessons (For Beginners) 1. Jeffrey is a gree 2. Melissa would 3. Ken is a begin	Welcome learn how new came want to ta these thin What kinds of photography are photos of people? animals? flow Enter our photo competition. Set So you think you have a great pask us here. In photography, there's always ideas and tips from our readers! Get information on prices and to the competition of the competition of the competition of the competition. Set is a great place to start.	Write the correct headings. to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a ra, but need more information? Or do you just lik with other photography fans? You can do all gs and more here at the Online Photography Club. you interested in doing? Do you like to take vers? Join your own chat group. end in your best photo, and win a digital camera! thotograph, but you're not sure. something new to learn. Click here for some great the best places to shop. u don't know much about photography. Ints to learn some new things. to a magazine, She wants an opinion about it.	1 2 3

Unit 3 Quiz	Name:	Teacher Scoring Section
A Listen to Kim and Alex	talk about their health habits. Check (🗸) the correct answe	A 8 points
Alex goes to the gym every day twice a week three or four times a w	3. Kim likes to eat ☐ meat ☐ vegetables	I 3
2. Alex eats a lot of, snacks junk food salads	4. Kim doesn't have time □ to cook □ to exercise □ to see her family	2 4
B Complete the conversatio Use contractions where poss	ons with the simple present or the present continuous.	B 12 points (1 point each)
1. A you ever	(get) colds?	1
	nink I (get) a cold right now.	2
Ayou usually	(take) something when	3
you (ha B No, not usually.	The state of the s	4
2. A What you gene	erally(do) to stay in shape?	5
B Well, for one thing. I	(walk) to work every day.	6
A Uh-huh. you ex	ver (go) to the gym?	7
	(not work out) at all. I'm too busy.	8
3 4 What was	(do) these days to the building	
R Actually 1	(do) these days to stay healthy? (get) a lot of exercise these days.	9
A That's owner	tget) a lot of exercise these days.	10
P. Ob. week Market	u usually (eat) healthy food, too?	11
D On, year, my diet's grea	at because my husband (cook) wonderful meals	s. 12
C Complete the sentences w	with the problems in the box.	C 6 points (1 point each)
a fever a toothache	a headache a stomachache a cough allergies	
A		
1. She has	2. He has 3. He has	123
4. She has	5 Shahas 6 Shahas	

	d. 27	(2 points each)
	you do if you're very tired? myery tired, I take a hot bath	
B what do you do w	/hen you get a sore throat?	1
	you have a high fever? (take some medicine)	2.—
В		
	when you get a headache?	3
В	. (not do anything)	
	f you get an upset stomach?	4
В	. (lie down for a while)	
E Read each statemen continue talking.	t. Check (✓) the best response to encourage the people to	E 8 points (2 points each)
I. A I don't like exercis	se. 3. A Sometimes I have interesting dreams.	1 3
В	B	
☐ Oh, really? How o		
Yeah, exercise is l		
☐ I don't either.	☐ I like my dreams.	
A I have a terrible to	oothache. 4. A I work out about twelve hours a week.	2 4
B	B	
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a toot	Everyone is working out these days. Chache last month. Don't hat's a lot.	
That's too had D	to you have a Vou're kidding! Do you go to a gym?	
☐ That's too bad. D		
☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint		
dentist's appoint	tment?	F 8 points
	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet?	F 8 points (2 points each)
dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class.	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on	
dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on	
F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles!	
F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on	
F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (🗸)	Do you feel tired? Do you avoid exercise? Do you need to improve your diet? Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions:	
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F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (🗸)	Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions: Diet Am I eating the right foods? When I go to the supermarket, what foods do I choose? What meals can I order when I eat out in a restaurant? How can I make quick, healthy meals at home? Exercise Stress Control	
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F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (🗸)	Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions: Diet Am I eating the right foods? When I go to the supermarket, what foods do I choose? What meals can I order when I eat out in a restaurant? How can I make quick, healthy meals at home? Exercise Am I getting enough exercise? What kind of exercise is best? How can I find time to exercise? What can I do about stress in my life?	(2 points each)
dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (🗸) the four things. In this class, you can learn this class, you can learn this class.	Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions: Diet Am I eating the right foods? When I go to the supermarket, what foods do I choose? What meals can I order when I eat out in a restaurant? How can I make quick, healthy meals at home? Exercise Am I getting enough exercise? What kind of exercise is best? How can I find time to exercise? What can I do about stress in my life?	(2 points each)
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dentist's appoint F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (🗸) the four things. In this class, you can learn a better job	Then join our class on Healthy Lifestyles! Why "lifestyles," and not "lifestyle"? Because there are many different ways to have a healthy lifestyle. However, diet, exercise and stress control are the three keys to a healthy life for everyone. In this class, learn answers to these questions: Diet Am I eating the right foods? When I go to the supermarket, what foods do I choose? What meals can I order when I eat out in a restaurant? How can I make quick, healthy meals at home? Exercise Am I getting enough exercise? What kind of exercise is best? How can I find time to exercise? What can I do about stress in my life? Cope with stress make new friends	(2 points each) 1 2 3

Unit 4 Quiz	Name:	Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:	Section
Listen to the convers	actions. Circle the correct answers.	A 8 points
	and Jill are talking about his birthday.	(2 points each)
	k / have a party on his birthday.	1
2. Jill invites him to dinner	[10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10]	2
	Lisa are talking about their parents' anniversary.	
	their 29th / 30th anniversary.	3
	ner at home / in a restaurant.	4

B Complete the conversat	ion with (not) going to. Use contractions where possible.	B 8 points (1 point each)
Rick Howyou and	Marcia celebrate New Year's Eve, Tim?	1
you	go to any parties?	2
Tim No. We	go out for dinner. Our favorite restaurant	3
160	serve a special meal, and our friends	4 5
	stay out late.	6
Rick So, you	be home before midnight, huh?	7
Tim That's right. It	be a quiet celebration.	8
	ndirect object pronouns and the words in parentheses.	C 8 points (2 points each)
Example: A What are you	going to give your Dad for his birthday?	(2 points each,
	give him a watch. (watch)	
	do for your parents' anniversary?	1
	(get / tickets for a trip	
	arents going to give your father for his birthday? (book)	2-
	10.774	
	ng to do for your birthday?	3
	(bake / a cake)	
	give your mother on Mother's Day?	4
В	(box of chocolates)	
Match the special days y	with the activities. Use each expression only once.	D 6 points
. Valentine's Day	a. exchange rings	(1 point each)
. New Year's Eve	b. get a diploma	1.—
3. birthday	c. go out for a romantic dinner	2
. Halloween	d. go trick-or-treating	3
5. graduation day	e. blow out candles on a cake	4
5. wedding		5,
or recounty	f. shout "Happy New Year"	6

0

E Read the pairs of sentences. Which are correct? Circle a, b, o	or both.		E 4 points (1 point each)
Donna is moving into her new house this weekend. Donna is going to move into her new house this weekend.	i.		L
a. It's raining tomorrow. b. It's going to rain tomorrow.			2
a. I'm graduating next month. b. I'm going to graduate next month.			3
4. a. Bill is going to be a great lawyer.b. Bill is being a great lawyer.			4
F What do you think the "vague" expressions mean? Check (✓) two idea	s for each.	F 8 points (2 points each
 Jenna loves to go to cultural events and stuff like that. □ concerts □ festivals □ restaurants 	s		1
 It's going to be a big wedding. There's going to be a band and □ nice decorations □ a big parade □ special foo 		ng.	2
3. Do you like celebrations and things like that? ☐ folk songs ☐ parties ☐ special even	ents		3
4. Anna's going to get lots of presents and stuff at her birthday ☐ flowers ☐ cards ☐ costumes	party.		4
0 0 0 0 0 0	ach senter	ice.	G 8 points (2 points each
G Read the e-mail message. Then check (✓) true or false for each of the second of the	ach senter	oce,	
0 0 0 0 0 0	rnival	ce.	G 8 points (2 points each
Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Car in Quebec City this year, It's at the beginning of February, and we're go	rnival oing to e are ind them.	ce.	
Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Car in Quebec City this year, It's at the beginning of February, and we're go go up and stay for a week. Can you join us? Do you know about the Quebec Winter Carnival? It's a lot of fun. There always exciting things to do and see there. They have night parades at fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do to Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting spec	rnival oing to e are ind them. cial	ce.	
Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Car in Quebec City this year, It's at the beginning of February, and we're go go up and stay for a week. Can you join us? Do you know about the Quebec Winter Carnival? It's a lot of fun. There always exciting things to do and see there. They have night parades at fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do to Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting specievents, too – like an ice-carving contest. And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to vis Quebec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restaur. So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we can	rnival oing to e are ind them. cial	ce.	
Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Car in Quebec City this year, It's at the beginning of February, and we're go go up and stay for a week. Can you join us? Do you know about the Quebec Winter Carnival? It's a lot of fun. There always exciting things to do and see there. They have night parades at fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do to Of course, I'm going to go skiing every dayl) There are interesting specievents, too – like an ice-carving contest. And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to vis Quebec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restaur So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we car you a room at our hotel. Barbara	rnival oing to e are ind them. cial	False	1
Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Car in Quebec City this year, It's at the beginning of February, and we're go up and stay for a week. Can you join us? Do you know about the Quebec Winter Carnival? It's a lot of fun. There always exciting things to do and see there. They have night parades a fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do to Of course, I'm going to go skiing every dayl) There are interesting specievents, too – like an ice-carving contest. And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to vis Quebec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restaur So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we car you a room at our hotel. Barbara	rnival oing to e are nd them. cial sit rants. an get		1 2 3
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Dear Karen, Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Car in Quebec City this year. It's at the beginning of February, and we're go go up and stay for a week. Can you join us? Do you know about the Quebec Winter Carnival? It's a lot of fun. There always exciting things to do and see there. They have night parades a fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do to Of course, I'm going to go skiing every dayl) There are interesting spece events, too – like an ice-carving contest. And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to vis Quebec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restaur So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we car you a room at our hotel. Barbara	rnival oing to e are nd them. cial sit rants. an get		1 2 3

Unit 5 Quiz	Teacher Scoring
QUIZ Date:	Section
Read these incorrect statements. Then listen to four people talk about their	A 8 points
childhood memories. Cross out the incorrect words. Write the correct information.	(2 points each)
Diane's family usually moved every six or seven years when she was a child.	1
2. Greg's grandmother told a lot of stories about her childhood in Texas.	2
3. Jeffrey and a friend had bikes. They rode them around the neighborhood together.	3
4. Liz had three good friends when she was a child. Now she never talks to them.	4
B Read each sentence. Circle the correct determiner.	B 5 points (1 point each)
Some / Some of my friends take evening classes.	1
2. There are a lot / a lot of new students in our school this year.	2
 Most / Most of high school students have to study a language. 	3
Only a few / a few of high school students study calculus.	4
5. Bob has three brothers and sisters. All / All of them are going to college.	5
C Complete the conversation with was, were, or did.	C 6 points (1 point each)
Amyyou born in France, Pierre?	1,
Pierre No, actually, I born in Montreal.	2
Amy you grow up there, too?	3
Pierre Yes, but when I fifteen, we moved to New York.	4
Amy Oh, really? How long you stay in New York?	5
Pierre Until I eighteen. Then I went to college.	
iii eighten Hen Went to conege.	6
Complete the conversations with the words in the box. Use each word only once.	D 8 points (1 point each)
ago when for in long from until then	(a point each)
1. A Did you move here 2001?	1, A
B No. We came here three years	В
. A Were you in Japan many years?	2, A
B No, we didn't live there Only a year and a half.	B
3. A We lived in London 1995 to 2000.	3. A
B Where did you go?	В
A So, you came here you were six, right?	4. A
B No, we lived in Hong Kong I was eight.	

E Match the sentence	es with the corrections. Use ea	ich answer only once.	E 10 points (2 points each
I. I met my best frien		a. No, wait. It was biology.	1
		b. Well, my math teacher was OK.	2
		c. Uh, no, wait. It was five years.	3
	my high school teachers.		4
5. I took dance classe		e. I mean, third grade.	5
5 5		school. Circle the correct words.	F 5 points (1 point each)
		at I was in the choir / orchestra.	1.—
	y good in P.E. I was on the dra		2
	iraw, so I enjoyed my dance / a		3
 Bill I didn't ge physics / I 	t very good grades in science s literature	ubjects. For example, I failed	4
		es were easy for me. I even got an A	5
	Ms. Katy Gutier	rrez	
Job Wanted	Ms. Katy Gutier I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon o	first grade, or second grade	
	I would like to teach kindergarten,	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved	
Job Wanted	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I an	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved n bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland r teaching diploma from the	
Job Wanted Family Background	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I an English. I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I ca	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved n bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school e music and social studies.	
Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I an English. I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I ca subjects. My favorite subjects in school wen	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland r teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school e music and social studies. the guitar. ersity of Oregon, I helped a	
Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I an English. I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I ca subjects. My favorite subjects in school were My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the University-grade teacher for one semester.	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland r teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school e music and social studies. the guitar. ersity of Oregon, I helped a	
Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies Experience	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I an English. I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I ca subjects. My favorite subjects in school were My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the University-grade teacher for one semeste students.	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland r teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school e music and social studies. the guitar. ersity of Oregon, I helped a	1
Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/ Hobbles Experience	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I an English. I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I calculate the subjects. My favorite subjects in school were My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the University-grade teacher for one semeste students.	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland r teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school e music and social studies. the guitar. ersity of Oregon, I helped a er. I taught Spanish to her	2
Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies Experience 1. Where does Katy v. 2. When did Katy's favorite Saty v. 3.	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles with the Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I an English. I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I casubjects. My favorite subjects in school were My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the University-grade teacher for one semeste students.	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in billingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland r teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school e music and social studies. the guitar. ersity of Oregon, I helped a er. I taught Spanish to her	2 3
Job Wanted Family Background Education Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies Experience 1. Where does Katy v. 2. When did Katy's favorite Saty v. 3.	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon of My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I an English. I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I ca subjects. My favorite subjects in school wen My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the University grade teacher for one semeste students.	first grade, or second grade r California. was born in El Salvador, but when I was two. We moved in bilingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland r teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school e music and social studies. the guitar. ersity of Oregon, I helped a er. I taught Spanish to her	2

Init 6 Quiz					Teacher Section	Scoring
QUIL	Date:			-		
Listen to the people a	give directions. Put the	sentences in the co	rrect ord	ler.	A 8 poi	
Conversation 1		Conversation 2			Conv. 1	Conv. 2
Turn left on Market Stre	et, and go two blocks.		s to Birch	Street		
It's the big building beh		Go outside, a				
You're going to see it on					_	-
Go right at the next stre					-	-
GO Fight at the next site	et, and wark a block.	Go three bloc	KS to Na	sn Avenue.	_	-
Circle the correct words	to complete the conver	reation			B 8 poi	
Excuse me. Is there an / a					(1 point	eacn)
Let me think there's o			nice		2	
Can I park there? I mean,	(2)		TERCON .		3	
Yeah, there is / are. It's rip	CII				4	6
Thanks. Oh, by the way, a	The second secon				6	
Sure, there are one / som	AND .	ones neuroy.			7	
It's on Front Street, too, b		's.			8	
	100					
Write the words in the co an offer or a request? Circ	rrect order to make qu cle the correct answers	estions. Is each que	estion		C 10 po	
(help / you / could / me)					1	
		?	Offer	Request		
(can / I / how / help)					2	
		?	Offer	Request		
(recommend / good / you	u / can / hotel / a)				3	
		- 7	Offer	Request		
(airport / to / give / direc	tions / me / can / you	/ the)			4	
			Offer	Request		
(do / I / can / what)					5	_
		?	Offer	Request		

block corner directions make	right straight tell turn	
	and to set to the Dandford Hotel?	1
1. A Excuse me. Can you me ho	bw to get to the bradiord riotes	1
B Sure. Go ahead for three b	locks. Then right and go	2 3
to the end of the You can't	t miss it.	4
2. A Can you give me to the zo	o?	5
B Sure. Go four blocks. Then	a left. Turn left again at the	6
and walk up a block. It's	there, on the right.	7 8
E Read the questions. Then complete the chec	king responses.	E 8 points (2 points each)
Repeat words and/or add a question word.		ta points carry
 A Could you tell me how to get to the stadiu 		1
В	, did you say?	
2. A The art museum is just three blocks away.		2
B Excuse me. It's		
3. A Is there a place to play golf around here?		3
B I'm sorry? A place to		
4. A Are there any jewelry stores in the neighb	orhood?	4
 A Are there any jewelry stores in the neighb B Sorry, what did you say? F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct 		F 8 points
B Sorry, what did you say? F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct		
B Sorry, what did you say? F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct		F 8 points
B Sorry, what did you say? F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct Out	answers.	F 8 points
B Sorry, what did you say? F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct O	answers.	F 8 points
F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct Contact Reply Starty All Streets Front TO: Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to our 20th anniver food is wonderful there, and I know we're going to hav Some of you asked for directions to the restaurant. (Sor we forgot!) Here they are:	answers. rsary celebration at the French Bistro. The re a great time! rry! We didn't send them with the invitation —	F 8 points
F Read the e-mail. Then check () the correct TO: Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to our 20th anniver food is wonderful there, and I know we're going to hav Some of you asked for directions to the restaurant. (Sor we forgot!) Here they are: From the north: Go south on Chase Avenue to First St and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly Way, and go t right, across from Spring Park, just past the movie thea	rsary celebration at the French Bistro. The rea a great time! rry! We didn't send them with the invitation— treet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the ter. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant.	F 8 points
F Read the e-mail. Then check () the correct TO: Our Friends FROM: Mark and Betty Keller We're so happy all of you can come to our 20th anniver food is wonderful there, and I know we're going to have Some of you asked for directions to the restaurant. (Some of you asked for directions to the restaurant.) From the north: Go south on Chase Avenue to First St and drive six blocks. Turn right on Kelly Way, and go to	rsary celebration at the French Bistro. The rea a great time! rry! We didn't send them with the invitation— treet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the ter. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant.	F 8 points
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F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	answers. reary celebration at the French Bistro. The rea a great time! rry! We didn't send them with the invitation — treet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, reached the block. The restaurant is on the restaurant. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. Theret. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue 3. The French Bistro is on Chase Avenue on Kelly Way	F 8 points (2 points each)
F Read the e-mail. Then check () the correct O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	answers. resary celebration at the French Bistro. The read a great time! rry! We didn't send them with the invitation — treet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the restaurant. It is on the restaurant. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. It is treet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue 3. The French Bistro is on Chase Avenue on Kelly Way on First Street	F 8 points (2 points each)
F Read the e-mail. Then check () the correct O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	answers. reary celebration at the French Bistro. The rear a great time! rry! We didn't send them with the invitation — treet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the restaurant. It is on the restaurant. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. It is reet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue 3. The French Bistro is on Chase Avenue on Kelly Way on First Street 4. The restaurant is	F 8 points (2 points each)
F Read the e-mail. Then check () the correct O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	answers. resary celebration at the French Bistro. The read a great time! rry! We didn't send them with the invitation — treet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the restaurant. It is on the restaurant. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. It is treet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue 3. The French Bistro is on Chase Avenue on Kelly Way on First Street	F 8 points (2 points each)

Unit 7 Quiz	Name:		THE STATE OF THE S	Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:	-		Socien
A @ lock and the annual	- II-land - Land - Land - Land			
check (✓) true or false	alking about a trip to Denmark, for each sentence.	. Listen a	nd	A 8 points (2 points each)
		True	False	
Lisa is going to Europe				1
2. Lisa is going to spend				2
It's hard to find bargai It's passessers to know	the language in Denmark.			3
s. its necessary to know	the language in Denmark.			4.—
B Mike is going on a trip to do these things? Fir infinitives.	to Italy, so he wrote the "to do" d the correct reasons in the box	" list belo x. Then v	ow. Why does he need write sentences using	B 10 points (2 points each)
change some money ✓buy a sweater		earn som	e Italian expressions suitcase	
To Do	Example: He needs to go st	hopping !	to buy a sweater .	
go shopping	1		,	1
go to the bank	2.			2
Q to the state of	3			
talk to Al	4.			4
get a guidebook call the airline	5			5
call the airline				
C Complete the converse adjective + to.	ntions. Use the words in the box	x in sente	ences with It's +	C 12 points (2 points each)
good / make reservation important / take comfor	s good / use a guide table shoes nice / travel by trai		ard / get a cheap flight asy / get cash	
1. A Are you going to go	to France in July?			1
B I don't know,		in	the middle of summer.	
2. A How are you going t				2.
B I'm not sure.				
3. A We're going to do a l	ot of walking on this trip.			7
B Yeah.	and our man mile.			3
A Do I need to change	money in a bard?		*	20 1118
	money in a banki			4
B Not really.			from ATMs.	
	bout the interesting places to s	see?		5
В	THE RESERVE OF THE RE		for that.	
	online to find out about hotels?	?		6
B Yeah.			early	

D Write the advice in the correct order. Use capital letters where	necessary.	D 4 points (1 point eac
1. (take / forget / good / a / to / map / don't)		1
2. (need / insect / you / to / have / repellent)	*	2
3. (Spanish / you / don't / learn / some / why)	+	3
4. (take / idea / good / a / kit / first-aid / a / to / it's)		4
Read the situations. Then match the suggestions with the best a. I'd like to, but I already have plans. c. I guess we cou		E 8 points
b. That sounds great. What time? d. I'd like to, but	C. C	
and she's free Thursday night. but this summe Amy Why don't we go to a movie Sam Do you w	packing last summer, r he has a job. vant to go backpacking s summer?	1 3.
Dan went camping when he was a child, and he hated it. Celia loves to go a big test tomor	o shopping, but she has row. shopping after school.	2 4.
F Read the postcard and circle the correct answers.		F 8 points
Dear Carla, I'm having a wonderful time at the famous Treetops, Itotel in Kenya. I'm here on a tour for two days. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops, Itotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They came to the area to divinic the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5° a.m. Today a griole is going, to take us to see an African village. I want to buy some African crafts.	Carla Sancheu 123 First Street Palatino, CA 97792	
I'm having a wonderful time at the famous Treetops, Hotel in Kenya I'm here on a tour for two days. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They came to the area to drink the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5 a.m. Today a guide is going, to take us to see an African village. I want	123 First Street	1
I'm having a wonderful time at the famous Treetops, Hotel in Kenya I'm here on a tour for two days. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They come to the area to drink the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5° am. Today a guide is going, to take us to see an African village. I want to buy some African crafts. See you soon, Jeanne	123 First Street	
I'm having a wonderful time at the famous Treetops, Hotel in Kenya I'm here on a tour for two days. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They come to the area to drink the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5° a.m. Today a guide is going, to take us to see an African village. I want to buy some African crafts. See you soon.	123 First Street Palatino, CA 97792	1 2
I'm having a wonderful time at the famous Treetops, Hotel in Kenya I'm here on a tour for two days. I can't believe it — when I was a child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it. They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They came to the area to drink the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5' am. Today a guide is going, to take us to see an African village. I want to buy some African crafts. See you soon, Jeanne is traveling alone / on a tour.	123 First Street Palatino, CA 97792	1 2

Init 8 Man	e:	Teacher Scoring
Unit 8 Quiz Name Date		Section
Listen to the conversations in	people's homes. Check (✓) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1	Conversation 2	(2 points each)
. What does Katie have to do? ☐ Meet a friend. ☐ Go to the library. ☐ Read a book.	3. How many meetings does Bill have in the morning? □ One. □ Two. □ These	1 3
Mhat's Jane going to do?	☐ Three.	
☐ Stay at home. ☐ Study with a friend. ☐ Get a book from the library.	4. When is Rita going to call the doctor's office? Right away. Between eight-thirty and nine. After nine.	2 4
3 Circle the correct words to comple	te the conversations.	B 8 points (I point each)
. A Which sofa do you like? Do you		1. A
B No, I like the brown large / larg		В
. A I love the big square / square bi		2.A
B I don't. I prefer those round one		B
. A I want to buy a beautiful silk / s	ilk beautiful rug.	3. A
B But you already have two nice o	ne / ones.	B
. A Look at those lamps. Which one	/ ones do you like?	4. A
B I like that cool Russian / Russia		В
Complete the conversations with i	nine, yours, hers, his, ours, or theirs.	C 6 points
. A This is a really nice apartment.	Vow! Is this your TV?	(1 point each)
B No. Everything in the living room	n is Ken's.	
A What about the CD player? Is th	at, too?	1
B Yeah, I have in the	ne kitchen. I like to listen to music while I cook.	2
A Really? We keep	in the kitchen, too	3
. A I've got my tickets. Do you have	(4)	4
B Yes, I do. Do you have Karen's, to		
A No, she has Are	we taking Mom and Dad's car to the theater?	5
B No, we can't take	. They're going to need it. Let's go in my car.	6

	vord in the box only once.	D 8 points (1 point each)
bathtub coffee table dishwasher dre	esser nightstand sofa stove toilet	
1. bathroom: sink, mirror,	+	I
2. bedroom: bed, clock,		2
3. living room: armchair, lamp,		3
4. kitchen: cabinets, oven,		4
E Read each situation. Complete the reque	st. Then circle the polite response.	E 12 points
Example: You need a ride to school tomor		(2 points each answer; 1 poin
A Can you give me a vide to $B(Sure, no problem)/No.$	school tomorrow?	each B answer
1. You're at a friend's house. You would like	to listen to the radio.	
A Do you mind	3	1.4
B Sure. / No, not at all.	The second secon	B
2. You ask a friend to water your plants whi	le you're away for a few days.	
A Could you B No, go ahead. / No problem.	, please?	2. A
B No, go ahead. / No problem.		В
A friend is visiting you in your home. You	need help in the kitchen.	
A Would you mind		3. A
B No, not at all. / Yes.		B
4. You are in a friend's apartment. The wind		
A Can I		4. A
A Can I		4. A
A Can I		4. A B F 8 points
A Can I	ar true statements.	4. A B F 8 points
A Can I B No, you can't. / Sure, go ahead. My Fami By Ste I wonder if your family is like mine. We have a lot of old family photos, but we never organized them in a scrapbook, and they don't have dates on them or anything. My parents keep all of our photos in a box in the closet. Every two or three years, when we're together, we decide to look at them. We talk about the people in the photos and the events. We usually remember a lot about the recent photos, but not about the old Steve's family's photos are in a	ar true statements. Ny's Photos Ve Barry ones. And we have trouble with some of the recent photos, too. For example, all of the Thanksgiving holiday pictures show the family around a big table with lots of food on it. They almost all look the same, and it's difficult to know the exact year, so we argue about that. But it's something we enjoy doing – talking about the family photos. It helps us remember our many good times together.	4. A
A Can I B No, you can't. / Sure, go ahead. My Fami By Ste I wonder if your family is like mine. We have a lot of old family photos, but we never organized them in a scrapbook, and they don't have dates on them or anything. My parents keep all of our photos in a box in the closet. Every two or three years, when we're together, we decide to look at them. We talk about the people in the photos and the events. We usually remember a lot about the recent photos, but not about the old Steve's family's photos are in a scrapbook.	ly's Photos ve Barry ones. And we have trouble with some of the recent photos, too. For example, all of the Thanksgiving holiday pictures show the family around a big table with lots of food on it. They almost all look the same, and it's difficult to know the exact year, so we argue about that. But it's something we enjoy doing – talking about the family photos. It helps us remember our many good times together. They don't remember much about the recent photos.	4. A
A Can I B No, you can't. / Sure, go ahead. My Fami By Ste I wonder if your family is like mine. We have a lot of old family photos, but we never organized them in a scrapbook, and they don't have dates on them or anything. My parents keep all of our photos in a box in the closet. Every two or three years, when we're together, we decide to look at them. We talk about the people in the photos and the events. We usually remember a lot about the recent photos, but not about the old Steve's family's photos are in a	ly's Photos we Barry ones. And we have trouble with some of the recent photos, too. For example, all of the Thanksgiving holiday pictures show the family around a big table with lots of food on it. They almost all look the same, and it's difficult to know the exact year, so we argue about that. But it's something we enjoy doing – talking about the family photos. It helps us remember our many good times together. They don't remember much about the recent photos. Alot of the photos look the same.	4. A

Unit 9 Quiz	Name:			Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:			Juction
A Listen to the conver Check (✓) true or false	sations about things that went wrong			A 8 points (2 points each)
Conversation 1		True	False	
 Tony went hiking with s 				1
	ck when another hiker came by.			2
Conversation 2		True	False	
 Deb was deleting her e- Deb didn't do anything 	mail when she saw a new message.	H		3
4. Deb didn't do anything	after she lost her e-mail.	_		4
B Complete the anecdote	s with the past continuous or the sim	ple past.		B 8 points (1 point each)
1. I(hu	rt) my arm yesterday. I	(look) fo	r something	1 2
in the cabinets in the ki	tchen, I (stand) on a	a chair, and	I	3
(fall)	off the chair.			4
2. Last Sunday, Lee	(drive) in the country, and	l he		5 6
(not notice) a dog in the	middle of the road. Luckily, he		(stop) his	7
		(7)	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY	
car in time, so he	(not hit) it.			8
car in time, so he	m (not hit) it.			8
	ite follow-up questions with the past o		omething	C 8 points (2 points each)
C Read the situations. Wr	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something ✓go fa			C 8 points
C Read the situations, Write to wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my B Oh, no! We	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something /go fastive you going fast ?	st lift s	omething	C 8 points
C Read the situations, Write to wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my B Oh, no! We	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something /go fastive you going fast ?	st lift s	omething	C 8 points (2 points each)
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my l B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something \(\sqrt{go} \) fast bike last weekend. \(\sqrt{ve} \) you going fast \(\sqrt{go} \) ? \(\sqrt{work} \) 3. A I burned my \(\sqrt{go} \) on the stove	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each)
C Read the situations. Write wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my land B Oh, no! We land B That's too bad.	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go far bike last weekend. we you going fast ? work. 3. A I burned my B ? on the stove e garden. 4. A Julie had a contraction of the stove of	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each)
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my l B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go factorise last weekend. we you going fast	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each)
C Read the situations. Write wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my land B Oh, no! We land B That's too bad.	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go factorise last weekend. we you going fast	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each)
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in th B How did that happen	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something \(\sqrt{g} \) go far bike last weekend. \(\text{ve you going fast} \) ? \(\text{work.} \) 3. \(A \) I burned my \(B \) \(\text{on the stove} \) e garden. \(4. \) \(A \) Julie had a cook something \(\text{or fast} \) ? \(B \) \(\text{Really?} \) ?	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my l B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in th B How did that happen	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go fast bike last weekend. we you going fast	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each)
wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in th B How did that happen Complete the conversa: 1. A Did Jeff travel to Eng.	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go fast bike last weekend. we you going fast ? work, 3. A I burned my B on the stove on the stove e garden. 4. A Julie had a con? B Really? ? tions with reflexive pronouns.	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points
wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in th B How did that happen D Complete the conversa 1. A Did Jeff travel to Eng B No, he went with his	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go factorise last weekend. we you going fast	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each) 1
Wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my l B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in th B How did that happen D Complete the conversa 1. A Did Jeff travel to Eng B No, he went with his 2. A I fell down when I wa	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go fast bike last weekend. I work going fast	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each)
wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in th B How did that happen D Complete the conversa 1. A Did Jeff travel to Eng B No, he went with his 2. A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go far bike last weekend. we you going fast	st lift s yself this m	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each) 1 2
wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my l B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in th B How did that happen D Complete the conversal 1. A Did Jeff travel to Eng B No, he went with his 2. A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt 3. A What's wrong with you	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go factorise last weekend. It work going fast	st lift s yself this m ear acciden	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each) 1
wear gloves drive to Example A I fell off my l B Oh, no! We 1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad. 2. A I cut my thumb in th B How did that happen D Complete the conversa 1. A Did Jeff travel to Eng B No, he went with his 2. A I fell down when I wa	ite follow-up questions with the past of work cook something go fast bike last weekend. **ve you going fast	st lift s yself this m ear acciden	omething orning.	C 8 points (2 points each) 1 3 2 4 D 4 points (1 point each) 1 2

ankle eye finger	knee nose	eadings. Use each word only once.	E 6 points (1 point each)
face	hand	leg	
1	3.	5	1 3 5
2	4	6	2 4 6,
F Read each story and check	(✓) the best respon	se.	F 8 points (2 points each)
I was running to a bus stort day, and I wasn't paying at ran into this woman. She is her purse spilled all over the purse. □ I bet that was boring. □ Oh, no! That's terrible. □ Boy, you were lucky.	tention, so I ell down, and	I bought some expensive tickets for a football game, but I forgot about then The day after the game, I remembered them. Oh, that sounds nice. Did you enjoy the game? I bet you were upset.	1 3
2. I saw a friend in a restaura and sat down at her table. to her for about a minute of I didn't know her! She was Wow! How embarrassin I bet she didn't notice.	I was talking when I realized o't my friend!	I took a taxi home from the airport. The driver put one of my bags in the front seat. When I got home, I forgot about the bag, and he drove away with it. Oh, no! Did you get it back? I bet you were really happy. Wow! That's really funny.	
G Read this letter to Nelson	Hunter's column. Th	en check (✓) the correct answers.	G 8 points (2 points each)
Something nice happened I was with my girlfrier expensive restaurant. We we our birthdays – both our birth first week of June. Anyway, looking at the menus, a cell was the guy next to us. When conversation, he and his wif away, paid the bill, and left the few minutes later, the owner of	d in a really free re celebrating at the days are in the while we were phone rang. It nice he finished his ever got up right and e restaurant. A	te to our table. He asked if we wanted a dinner. The meal was from the people he next table. They had to leave because had an emergency, and they didn't trime to eat anything. It was this really big meal for two people – salad, steak, ything. So we had a delicious dinner, we didn't have to pay for it! — Rick Holden	
	thdays 3.	The other customers didn't eat their meal because	1 3
Rick and his girlfriend's bir are ☐ the same day ☐ the same year ☐ the same week		they didn't like it it was too expensive they had to leave	
☐ the same day ☐ the same year	Rick and 4.	☐ they didn't like it ☐ it was too expensive	2 4

nit 10 II II II II Na	me:	Teacher Scoring
nit 10 Quiz Na Da	te:	Section
Listen to the telephone conv	ersations. Check (/) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1	Conversation 2	(2 points each)
. Amy wants her Mom to	3. Peter interrupts to	1 3
come home right now	give dinner to his cat	
☐ go to the supermarket☐ buy something else	☐ open the door for his cat ☐ talk to his cat	
. Amy's Mom interrupts to		2 4
talk to Amy	ask about hotels	2 4
pay for the food	☐ borrow her map	
☐ buy some chocolate	☐ check on guidebooks	
Complete the commentary state	the community forms of the all and the	D 0
(↑= more; ↓= less).	h the comparative forms of the adjectives	B 8 points (1 point each)
. A E-cards are		1.4
B Yeah, but real cards are		В
. A E-mail is	(4 expensive) than regular mail.	2. A
B I know. It's	_ (↑ fast), too.	В
 A I don't like to send text messa phone call. 	ges. It's(† easy) to make a	3.4
B But sometimes it's	(↑ convenient) to just send a message.	B
. A Do you think letters are	(↑ good) than e-mail?	4.A
B Yes. I like them because they's	re (↑ personal).	В
	nces with the words in parentheses.	C 10 points (2 points each)
	messages. I don't get a lot of text messages. (fewer)	
	net gets 15 phone calls a day. (more)	1
Lenend a lot of time on the phor	ne. My brother doesn't spend a lot of time on the	
phone. (less)	is. My brother doesn't spend a lot of time on the	2
. My parents didn't send many e-r	nails two years ago. They send a lot of e-mails now.	3
(more)		
. Last year, I wrote one or two lett year. (fewer)	ers a month. Now I only write one or two letters a	4

υ		hone conversations.		(1 point each)
1.	Can you hear me?	a. You're not easy to get h	nold of, either.	1
	Did you get my message?	b. Sure. Are you at the off		2
	Could I speak to Jack, please?			3
	You're hard to reach	d. Yeah, I think so. When		
	Please leave a message	e. Uh, I'm sorry. You have		
	Call me back, OK?	f. Hi, Josh! This is Marjor	The second second	6
1.		in each conversation from 1 to o a movie tonight? ying? or re's a good one at the Cineples have a minute? It's about Mar	c	E 8 points (1 point each) 1
	Sarah Right. We're planning a surp			F 10 points
F	Uh-oh. Can you excu Sarah Right. We're planning a surp Read the article. Then check (✓) tree INSTANT MESSAGING Instant Messaging (IM) isn't just a hobby bored teenagers anymore. Here are some	ue or false for each statement. GETTING BIGGER of for Almost 30% of IM user important for them the	s say that IM is mo	(2 points each
F	Uh-oh. Can you excusor Sarah Right. We're planning a surple Read the article. Then check (✓) tree INSTANT MESSAGING Instant Messaging (IM) isn't just a hobby	GETTING BIGGER of the important for them the important for them the inted they send more instant e-mails every day. Nearly 25% of IM users to people in the same in a home. For example in they in father in the living roo	s say that IM is mo in e-mail. That is, messages than s send messages location, such as e, a teenager in d a message to his m. ssages regularly to	(2 points each
F	Th-oh. Can you excusor Sarah Right. We're planning a surple Read the article. Then check (✓) true INSTANT MESSAGING Instant Messaging (IM) isn't just a hobby bored teenagers anymore. Here are some interesting facts about IM use in the Unstants today: Young people still use IM much more their parents. However, about 40% of Internet users use IM software. In one survey, 27% of IM users say that send instant messages at work. IM use the workplace is more and more popular.	GETTING BIGGER of or each statement. GETTING BIGGER of or Almost 30% of IM user important for them the ited they send more instant e-mails every day. of Nearly 25% of IM users adult to people in the same in a home. For example in a home. For example in they his bedroom could send in the living roo alar or false for each statement.	s say that IM is mo in e-mail. That is, messages than s send messages location, such as e, a teenager in d a message to his m. ssages regularly to	re 1
1.	— Uh-oh. Can you excusorah Right. We're planning a surple Read the article. Then check (✓) true INSTANT MESSAGING Instant Messaging (IM) isn't just a hobby bored teenagers anymore. Here are sominteresting facts about IM use in the Unstates today: Young people still use IM much more their parents. However, about 40% of Internet users use IM software. In one survey, 27% of IM users say that send instant messages at work. IM use the workplace is more and more popul (up more than 70% last year).	de or false for each statement. GETTING BIGGER of or Almost 30% of IM user important for them the ited they send more instant e-mails every day. Than Nearly 25% of IM users to people in the same in a home. For example his bedroom could sent father in the living roo ollar Most IM users send me only a small group of posers use IM software.	s say that IM is mo an e-mail. That is, messages than s send messages location, such as e, a teenager in d a message to his m. ssages regularly to seople – six or fewe	(2 points each
1. 2.	The Can you excusured a surple of the control of t	de or false for each statement. GETTING BIGGER Almost 30% of IM user important for them the ited they send more instant e-mails every day. Nearly 25% of IM users to people in the same in a home. For example in a home. For example in they his bedroom could send father in the living roo Most IM users send me only a small group of people in the same in a home. For example in a home. For example in a home for example in they have bedroom could send father in the living roo Most IM users send me only a small group of people in the same in the workplace.	s say that IM is mo an e-mail. That is, messages than s send messages location, such as e, a teenager in d a message to his m. ssages regularly to seople – six or fewe	er. 1 e 3 4
1. 2. 3.	Uh-oh, Can you excusorah Right. We're planning a surple Read the article. Then check (✓) true INSTANT MESSAGING Instant Messaging (IM) isn't just a hobby bored teenagers anymore. Here are sominteresting facts about IM use in the Unstates today: • Young people still use IM much more their parents. However, about 40% of Internet users use IM software. • In one survey, 27% of IM users say that send instant messages at work. IM use the workplace is more and more popul (up more than 70% last year). Fewer than half of adult Internet users is becoming more popular All IM users send more IM messagi.	de or false for each statement. GETTING BIGGER I for Almost 30% of IM user important for them the ited they send more instant e-mails every day. Nearly 25% of IM users to people in the same in a home. For example in a home. For example in a home father in the living roo Most IM users send me only a small group of pusers use IM software. In the workplace. es than e-mails every day.	s say that IM is mo an e-mail. That is, messages than s send messages location, such as e, a teenager in d a message to his m. ssages regularly to seople – six or fewe	er. 1 2 3 4 5 5
1. 2. 3. 4.	The Can you excusured a surple of the control of t	e or false for each statement. GETTING BIGGER Year Almost 30% of IM user important for them the ited they send more instant e-mails every day. Nearly 25% of IM users to people in the same in a home. For example his bedroom could send father in the living roo Most IM users send me only a small group of posers use IM software. In the workplace. The service of the same place in the workplace. The service of the same place in the same place.	s say that IM is mo an e-mail. That is, messages than s send messages location, such as e, a teenager in d a message to his m. ssages regularly to seople – six or fewe	er. 1 e 3 4

Unit 11 Quiz Name: —		Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ Date: _		section
A	r friends from high school.	A 8 points (2 points each)
Conversation 1	Conversation 2	
I. In high school, Steve didn't □ play the drums □ wear dark clothes □ have short hair	3. In the photo, Maureen ☐ has short hair ☐ is in a black sweater ☐ is wearing cornrows	1 3
2. These days, Steve has a mustache is weird wears glasses	4. Maureen these days. □ doesn't wear jewelry □ is very fashionable □ wears casual clothes	2 4
B Circle the correct words.		B 4 points (1 point each)
1. A Who's the girl next to / wearing the r	red suit?	1
B That's Gina.		
2. A Who's Jennifer?		2
B She's the woman in / with short red l		
3. A Who's that guy next to Lisa?		3
B You mean the one by / in the blue sh	irt? That's Greg.	
I. A Which one is Dan?		4
B He's over there, by / standing the wir	ndow.	
C Write questions for the answers. Use th	e words in parentheses.	C 8 points
Example: A What color is Jenny's hai B It's black.	? (Jenny's hair)	(2 points each)
1, A	? (your father)	1
B He's five foot eleven inches.		
	? (you and your sister)	2
B No, we look totally different.		
3. A	? (Sally / brown eyes)	3
B No, she has blue eyes.	St. 129-12-0	
1. A	? (Jeff)	4
B He looks like his father.		
Circle the correct words.		D 6 points (1 point each)
 Tom wears his hair in a ponytail / bald. 	Jill wears her hair in braces / braids.	1 4
2. Who's the muscular / long guy in the	5. Who's the woman with tall / curly hair?	2 5
T-shirt?	6. Sandra has pierced / long fingernails.	3 6
Ken has shaved / spiked hair.		

	Write sentences with have got. Use contractions where possible.		E 8 points (2 points each
	Example: _I've got straight hair (I / sti		
	(we /		1
	2? (who		2
	3		3
4	, (he / i	a shaved head)	4
-	F Complete the conversations. Use expressions like those in the box.		F 8 points (2 points each
	what's his / her name what do you call it / them what do you call that	/ those	
1	. A Do you remember when all the boys had –		1
	haircut? You know, the really short one with the flat top?		
	B Oh, do you mean the crew cut? Yeah, everybody had that in the '50s.		
2	2. A Who was that actress with the red hair –	7	2
	She was really funny, and she and her husband had their own TV she	JW.	
-	B You mean Lucille Ball. Yeah, she was funny.	N 1875	
2.0	 A Those pants are back in style. narrow around the knee and wide around the ankle. People wore the 		3
	R Oh. hell-bottoms? No! You're kidding!		
-	B Oh, bell-bottoms? No! You're kidding! A He was a really famous baseball player.	3	4.
4	B Oh, bell-bottoms? No! You're kidding! A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe.		4
4	B Oh, bell-bottoms? No! You're kidding! A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe. B Oh, sure. That's Joe DiMaggio.		4
4	A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe.		4
	A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe.		G 8 points
(I. A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe. B Oh, sure. That's Joe DiMaggio. G Read the e-mail message. Then circle the correct answers.		
-	I. A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe. B Oh, sure. That's Joe DiMaggio. G Read the e-mail message. Then circle the correct answers.		G 8 points
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(A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe. B Oh, sure. That's Joe DiMaggio. G Read the e-mail message. Then circle the correct answers. Delice Rough Reals for Pursued Price Hey Erica, Thanks so much for picking up Brad and Alicia for me at the airport tomorrow. As I said, I'n busy at work until 7:00, at least. You already have the flight information. Just be sure to be on time. You know, the flights so	n going to be metimes arrive	G 8 points
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	A He was a really famous baseball player. You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe. B Oh, sure. That's Joe DiMaggio. G Read the e-mail message. Then circle the correct answers. Hey Erica, Thanks so much for picking up Brad and Alicia for me at the airport tomorrow. As I said, I'n busy at work until 7:00, at least. You already have the flight information. Just be sure to be on time. You know, the flights so early. You don't know Brad and Alicia, so here's a brief description. (Of course, you can always ca with "BRAD AND ALICIA" on it, but you probably don't want to do that.) Anyway, here goes: Brad is about 5 foot 8 inches tall, with short dark hair and a mustache. He's muscular and a Alicia is about 5 foot 10. She's very thin. She has straight brown hair. She sometimes wear braids. Thanks again for your help. I'll see you at my apartment around 8:00. Can you have dinner Carly 1. Erica needs to be on time / get the flight information.	n going to be metimes arrive arry a big sign a little heavy, sher hair in	G 8 points
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OIIII 12	Quiz Name:		Teacher Scoring Section
	QUIZ Date:		Dection
A 49 Lie	ten to the people talk about their plans for the summer.		
	correct answers.		A 8 points (2 points each)
Conversa	tion 1		
1. Pete wa	ants to take it easy / look for a job this summer.		1
	is going to work / take a class this summer.		2
Conversa			
3. Linda i	s going to move / start graduate school in the summer.		3
	wants to live by herself / in a house.		4
	Management and the contract of		
or the	ete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Use the simp future with will. Use contractions where possible.		B 10 points (2 points each)
1. After I	(graduate) in June, I guess I	(look for)	1
a job.			
2. John	(travel) around Asia this summer if he		2
	(not have to) work for the family firm.		
3. If Beth	(not get) excellent grades, she		3
1	(not be able to) go to medical school.		
4. Before	we (have) children, we	(buy) a	4
bigger	house.		
Sandra	thinks she (move) to Florida when she		5
	(retire) next April.		
C Write r	new sentences with a similar meaning. Use the words in par	entheses.	C 10 points
Example:	If I have the money, I might travel around the world next y If I have the money, maybe I'll travel around the w (maybe / will)		(2 points each)
1. Jim is g	oing to be 38 in August.		1
	CALLANTE CONTROL CONTR	(will)	
_	I'll go to graduate school in the fall.		2
2. I guess		(man)	
2. I guess		(Illidy)	
	ns tomorrow, I probably won't go running.	(may)	3
			3
3. If it rain		(might not)	3
3. If it rain	ns tomorrow, I probably won't go running.	(might not)	3. <u> </u>
3. If it rain	ns tomorrow, I probably won't go running.	(might not)	3 4

architect business	executive carpenter doct	or nurse rece	ptionist (1 point es	ach)
helps sick people	works in an office	builds houses	Harrie Harris	
1.	3	5.	13	5
2		_ 6	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Match the comments a promise. Circle the of I really want to go to to beach today, but I can	he a. Don't worry. I w		nn offer or E 8 point (1 point er	ach)
I don't have a car.				
We don't have anythin to drink for the party.			Promise 2	
 Don't forget. Our dinn reservation at the rest is for 8 p.m. 	er c. That's OK. I'll di	rive. Offer	Promise 3	
 If we go on a camping we'll need insect repe and a first-aid kit. 	llent soda.	ome Offer	Promise 4	
be like in the fut exactly, of course that there will be some maj some predictions: There will be more older workplace. Why? There	ure? No one knows but everyone agrees or changes. Here are people in the will be fewer young ation, and older before they People will job, but a c Many coll to school for change job Technology workplace,	y change their careers may stop working. I need an education to ge ollege education won't b ege graduates will have to or more training, especial s. y will continue to change to but it probably won't m	t a good e enough. o go back ly if they	
people in the U.S. popula workers will retire later. • People will change their normal now for people to his groups changes in the	o make one or two need more	sier. Workers in factory j skills because they will l	obs will save to	
workers will retire later. • People will change their normal now for people to big career changes in the	o make one or two need more ir lives. In the future, understand	sier. Workers in factory j skills because they will h I how to use new techno	obs will save to	
workers will retire later. • People will change their normal now for people to big career changes in the Everyone thinks there	o make one or two need more ir lives. In the future, understand	sier. Workers in factory j skills because they will h I how to use new techno	obs will save to	
workers will retire later. • People will change their normal now for people to big career changes in the Everyone thinks there There will be more yo	o make one or two need more in lives. In the future, understand	sier. Workers in factory j skills because they will h I how to use new techno	obs will have to logy.	
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workers will retire later. • People will change their normal now for people to big career changes in the Everyone thinks there There will be more yo Most older people wil These days, people of	will be important changes in the understand the und	sier. Workers in factory j skills because they will h I how to use new techno ne U.S. workplace.	obs will have to logy.	
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workers will retire later. People will change their normal now for people to big career changes in the Everyone thinks there There will be more yo Most older people wil These days, people of A college education w College graduates wil	will be important changes in the sung people in the workplace. If retire sooner. If en change their careers once or will be less important. I probably need to go back to so	sier. Workers in factory j skills because they will i if how to use new techno ne U.S. workplace.	obs will have to logy.	
workers will retire later. People will change their normal now for people to big career changes in the Everyone thinks there There will be more you Most older people will These days, people of A college education will College graduates will Technology will make	o make one or two need more in lives. In the future, understand will be important changes in the ung people in the workplace. Il retire sooner. Iten change their careers once or will be less important.	sier. Workers in factory j skills because they will i if how to use new techno ne U.S. workplace.	1 2 3 4 Total:	of 50

Test 1 Name: _		Teacher Scoring Section
Date: _		Country
A		A 8 points (2 points each)
	True False	
You can go shopping in Old Town.		1
Old Town is within walking distance of	the tourist office.	2
Tim asks for directions to the art muse	um.	3
4. The tourist office is on Beach Street.		4
B Martin and Vicky are talking about the correct answers.	the weekend. Listen and check (🗸)	B 8 points (2 points each)
 How long is the jazz festival on Saturda From 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. From 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. 	y? 3. What's Martin planning to do? Buy sandwiches there. Bring some extra food.	1 3
2. What does Vicky ask about? ☐ The musicians. ☐ The food.	What's Vicky going to do on Saturday?	2 4
C Complete the conversations with the c	orrect form of the verbs in parentheses.	C 6 points (I point each)
I. A Can you (play) bash	ketball?	1.A
B No, but I enjoy (war	tch) basketball games on TV.	B
2. A Would you like (lea	rn) French?	2. A
	(study) another language.	B
3. A Could you (tell) me		3. A
B Sorry. I'm not very good at		В
D Circle the correct responses.		D 4 points (1 point each)
I. A I'm a big soccer fan.		1
B I am too. / Me neither.		
2. A I can't stand game shows.		2
B I can too. / I can't either.		100
3. A I love movies.		3
B I am too. / Me too.		J
4. A I hate vegetables. B I do too. / Me neither.		4
B 1 do too. / Me neither.		

E Complete the conversation with the Use contractions where possible.	simple present or the present continuous.	E 5 points (1 point each)
Dan What you usually	(do) to stay healthy, Kate?	L
ate Well, actually, I usually	(not think) about my health	2
very much, but right now I	(try) to lose some weight.	3
Dan So,you	(eat) a lot of fruit and vegetables these days?	4
Cate Yes, fruit and vegetables, and no	junk food. But it's not easy.	
My husband and I both		5,
Circle the correct words.		F 6 points (1 point each)
	/ fever. I guess I need to go to a dentist.	1
	ice. This year he was the best student in his	2
 I don't like sitcoms or soap operas v go shopping / go to movies / watch 	TV.	3
	make / go / turn a right at the next corner	4
 The kids usually have a lot of fun or They love to wear costumes and go 	n Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. trick-or-treating.	5
 I really like folk / country / rock muther Rolling Stones, Elton John, 	usic from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles,	6
Use indirect object pronouns in the		G 12 points (2 points each
Example: A What are you going t	פאט (you / buy) your son for his graduation? (buy) a watch.	
	(you / give) Paul anything for his birthday?	1. A
B Yes,		В
2. A What	(Anne / cook) you for your birthday?	2. A
B Nothing.	(take) out for dinner.	В
3. A What for their anniversary?	(Tom and Judy / get) their parents	3.A
В	(send) some flowers.	В

H Circle the correct words to complete the conversation.		H 6 points (1 point each)
A Excuse me. Is / Are there any coffee shops around here?		L
B Yes. There are one / some on State Street. I like the Busy I	lee.	2
It's on State, between / next to a big supermarket.		3
Oh, and is there a / any gas station near here?		4
Yes, there's one / any on Randall Road. Just go straight ah	ead for three blocks.	5
It's across / on the corner of Randall and Adams.		6
Write the conversations using the words in parentheses.		I 8 points
Example: A What do you do if you get a bad cough B If I get a bad cough, I take medicine	? (if / get a bad cough) 	(2 points each)
. A	? (when / feel sick)	1.4
В	(go to a doctor)	В
A		2.4
В	(take a nap)	В
Circle the correct determiners.		J 4 points (1 point each)
. All / All of high school students study a foreign language.		1
. A few / A few of my friends are taking French and Spanish	4	2
. A lot / A lot of Bill's classmates are going to college next y	ear.	3
. However, no / none of them did well on their exams.		4
Complete the conversation with was, were, or did. Use ca where necessary.	pital letters	K 6 points (1 point each)
Janet Whereyou born, Mario?		1
Mario I born in Chile.		2
Janet Really? That's cool. How long you live th	ere?	3
Mario Until I 18. Then we came here to Los Ar		4
Janetyou learn English in Chile?		5
Mario Yes, I But just a little.		6

Complete the questions with object pronouns. Complete the answers with everybody or nobody. Use capital letters where necessary.	L 6 points (1 point each
Example: A Listen to this song. Do you know it ?	
B Oh, sure. That's "Daydream Believer." Everybody knows that song.	
 A Listen to this band – the Maniacs. I think they're great. Do you like? 	1. A
B Sure. Almost likes the Maniacs.	В
2. A Listen. This is Garth Brooks. Do you know?	2. A
B Yeah, he's a country singer knows Garth Brooks.	В
3. A I love rap. Do you like, too?	3. A
B Yeah, I do. But in my family likes it very much.	В
M Read the first part of each conversation. Check (✓) the best response to sound friendly and encourage the people to continue talking.	M 5 points (1 point each
1. A So are you a big rock music fan?	1
B	
☐ Yeah, but my sister isn't, ☐ Not really. Are you?	
□ No, I'm not.	
2. A Do you have any hobbies?	2
B	
☐ No. Hobbies are boring. ☐ No, I'm not very mechanical.	
Um, no. I don't have much time for hobbies.	
3. A I don't feel well.	3
В	
☐ I'm sorry. What's wrong? ☐ Yeah, I know. I got a cold yesterday.	
Well, I feel terrible!	
4. A Do you want to go to the Cinco de Mayo celebration on Thursday?	4
B	
☐ No. I don't speak Spanish. ☐ It depends. What is it exactly?	
☐ No. It's going to rain Thursday.	
5. A I'd like to go to that new Italian restaurant tonight.	5
B	
☐ Excuse me. Did you say Italian? ☐ Oh, I can't stand Italian food.	
Yeah? I like French food.	
	Test

N 8 points (2 points each)

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THE STUDENT TIMES

The Student Times interviewed Diana Walker, the new senior class president. We asked her about her studies, her hobbies, and her plans for the coming year. Here's what she said.

Student Times: What are your favorite classes? And what classes don't you like?

Diana Walker: Well, I love history and Mr. Thompson's literature class. Everybody likes his classes, right? And classes I don't like? I guess that's physics — I'm terrible at physics.

ST: Do you have any hobbies?

DW: Yeah, I'm into nature, actually. I like to go hiking and bird-watching with my friends.

ST: What about music? Do you play a musical instrument? DW: Well, not really. I played the piano when I was a kid, but then I stopped. I enjoy listening to music, of course.

ST: Do you have any plans as class president? I mean, are you going to make any changes?

DW: Well, I'm just starting the job now, so I don't know yet. But this is going to be an interesting year. Why don't you come back and interview me again next month? I'll know better then.

1.	Diana Walker is interviewing the senior class president.	True	False	1
2.	Diana Walker likes all of her classes.			2
3.	Diana Walker doesn't play the piano now.			3
4.	Diana Walker is planning to make a lot of changes.			4

O Read the article. Then read about the people and their habits. Which habits are helpful for sleep? Check (✓) the four people with the helpful habits. O 8 points (2 points each)

Are You Getting Enough 2

Everybody sleeps, but many people don't get enough sleep for their health. In recent surveys, 60% of Americans reported problems with their sleep at least one or two nights a week. If you are having problems with your sleep, here are some things you can do.

- Exercise regularly. Regular exercise helps you sleep, but don't exercise right before you go to bed. Your body needs time to slow down.
- Don't read, study, or watch TV in bed. Think about your bed as a place just for sleeping. That way when you go to bed, you will probably fall asleep right away!
- Don't have coffee or tea after 7 p.m. And remember to be careful
 of soda, because many of them will keep you awake, too.
- Control eating late in the day. It's OK to have a light snack, but don't eat a big meal.
- If you feel stressed at bedtime, turn off the lights and listen to relaxing music for a while. Or just lie there and imagine you are in a quiet, peaceful place.

☐ Barbara likes to go jogging at night – around 9 p.m.
☐ Ron doesn't drink coffee or tea after dinner.
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
☐ Jane usually gets home from work late and eats a big dinner.
☐ Jerry often does his homework in bed.
☐ Maria loves soda. She drinks it all day and night.
☐ Jack exercises every afternoon.
Pam has an early dinner, and she usually doesn't eat after that.

-

3.___

Tota

__ out of 100

Test 2	Name:	Teacher Scoring Section
	Date:	Section
Check (✓) the correct	estaurant. Listen to the telephone conve t answers.	ersation. A 8 points (2 points each)
Alice is calling the res talk with Alberto find something make a reservation	□ old □ tall □ thin	
2. Alice feels hungry embarrassed worried	4. The restauran ☐ early ☐ at 7:00 ☐ at 9:00	t is going to close 2 4
B	king a break at work. Listen to their com- se for each sentence.	versation. B 8 points (2 points each)
Bill sometimes takes Liz is going to go run	a bath right after work.	Palse
	ning with Bill.	2
Liz doesn't usually go		□ 3. <u></u> -
going to and the verb	sation. Use the simple present, the present in parentheses. Use contractions when a semester(go), Mo	e possible. (1 point each)
100		
	tually. I (take) five c	lasses this semester. 2
	tually, I (take) five c	
Mona Not very well, act	tually, I (take) five c (not have) time to do all the still (graduate) in J	ne work. 3,
Mona Not very well, act It's a lot. I	(not have) time to do all the	ne work. 3 une? 4
Mona Not very well, act It's a lot. I you Mona No, I	(not have) time to do all the still (graduate) in June (not think) so. Maybe in Septer aping trip, and a friend gives him some a e correct order to make suggestions.	ne work. 3, une? 4 nber. 5,
Mona Not very well, act It's a lot. I you Mona No, I	(not have) time to do all the still (graduate) in Julian (not think) so. Maybe in Septer apping trip, and a friend gives him some a	ne work. 3 4 5 advice. D 3 points
Mona Not very well, act It's a lot. I	(not have) time to do all the still (graduate) in June (not think) so. Maybe in Septer aping trip, and a friend gives him some a e correct order to make suggestions.	ne work. 3, 4 5, advice. D 3 points (1 point each)

Example: A I need to go online to get a hotel room (go online / get a hotel room) B Is it important to make a reservation early (important / make a reservation early) 1. A (call a travel agent / ask about public transportation) B (easy / get around) 2. A (get a phrase book / learn some expressions) B (necessary / understand the language) F Write answers to the questions. Put the adjectives in parentheses in the correct order, and use one or ones. Example: A Which armchair do you like? B I like the large brown one (brown / large) 1. A Which dress do you like? B (green / pretty) 2. A Which curtains would you like? B (green / pretty) 3. A Which table do you want? B (glass / round) G Read the pairs of sentences. Write a sentence with the same meaning	E These people are planning a trip to a foreign country. Write the conversations. Use need + the infinitive for reasons and Is it + adjective for questions.	E 8 points (2 points each)
(go online / get a hotel room) B Stit important / make a reservation early) 1. A (call a travel agent / ask about public transportation) B (easy / get around) 2. A (get a phrase book / learn some expressions) B (necessary / understand the language) F Write answers to the questions. Put the adjectives in parentheses in the correct order, and use one or ones. Example: A Which armchair do you like? B Tike the leage brown one (brown / large) 1. A Which dress do you like? B (green / pretty) 2. A Which curtains would you like? B (green / pretty) 3. A Which table do you want? B (glass / round) G Read the pairs of sentences. Write a sentence with the same meaning using the word in parentheses. Example: I make a lot of calls from my office. I don't make many calls from my home. I wake more phone calls from my office than from my home. I wake more phone calls from my office than from my home. I wake more phone calls from my office than from my home. (more) 2. We don't spend much time online. Our kids spend a lot of time online. 3. You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages. 3. —		
B Is it important to make a reservation early 1. A (call a travel agent / ask about public transportation) 2. A (easy / get around) 2. A (get a phrase book / learn some expressions) 3 2. A (get a phrase book / learn some expressions) 4 2. A (get a phrase book / learn some expressions) 5 6 points (2 points each (2 po		
(important / make a reservation early) 1. A		
1. A		
(call a travel agent / ask about public transportation) B		1.4
Sample: A which curtains would you like? Sample: A which table do you want? Sample: I make a lot of calls from my office. I don't make many calls from my home. I wake were phone calls from my office. I don't make many calls from my home. I wake more phone a lot. Frank doesn't use a lot of text messages. I send a lot of text messages. Sample: Cless) Sample: Sample: Cless) Sample: Cless Cl		11.71
(easy / get around) 2. A	(call a travel agent / ask about public transportation)	
2. A	В?	В
2. A	(easy / get around)	
Second color Seco		2.4
B		
F Write answers to the questions. Put the adjectives in parentheses in the correct order, and use one or ones. Example: A Which armchair do you like? B Like the large brown one (brown / large) 1. A Which dress do you like? B (green / pretty) 2. A Which curtains would you like? B (Chinese / silk) 3. A Which table do you want? B (glass / round) G Read the pairs of sentences. Write a sentence with the same meaning using the word in parentheses. Example: I make a lot of calls from my office. I don't make many calls from my home. I wake wave phone calls from my office than from my home. I wake wave phone calls from my office than from my home. (2 points each call the pairs of sentences. Write a sentence with the same meaning using the word in parentheses. Example: I make a lot of calls from my office than from my home. I wake wave phone calls from my office than from my home. (more) 1. Luse a cell phone a lot. Frank doesn't use a cell phone very much. (more) 2. We don't spend much time online. Our kids spend a lot of time online. (less) 3	(get a phrase book / learn some expressions)	127 100 100
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1. A Which dress do you like? 1. A Which dress do you like? 2. A Which curtains would you like? 3. A Which table do you want? 4. (Chinese / silk) 5. A Which table do you want? 5. (glass / round) 6. Read the pairs of sentences. Write a sentence with the same meaning using the word in parentheses. 6. Example: I make a lot of calls from my office. I don't make many calls from my home. 1. I use a cell phone a lot. Frank doesn't use a cell phone very much. 1. (more) 2. We don't spend much time online. Our kids spend a lot of time online. 2. (less) 3. You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages. 3		
1. A Which dress do you like? B	B I like the large brown one (brown / large)	
2. A Which curtains would you like? B		1
2. A Which curtains would you like? B		
B		
3		2
G Read the pairs of sentences. Write a sentence with the same meaning using the word in parentheses. Example: I make a lot of calls from my office. I don't make many calls from my home. I wake wore phone calls from my office than from my home. (more) 1. I use a cell phone a lot. Frank doesn't use a cell phone very much. 2. We don't spend much time online. Our kids spend a lot of time online. (less) 3. You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages.	B, (Chinese / silk)	
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1. I use a cell phone a lot. Frank doesn't use a cell phone very much. 1. Use a cell phone a lot. Frank doesn't use a cell phone very much. 1. (more) 2. We don't spend much time online. Our kids spend a lot of time online. 2. (less) 3. You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages.		
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3. You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages. 3	(more)	
3. You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages. 3	2. We don't spend much time online. Our kids spend a lot of time online.	2
You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages.		
(fewer)		3

H Maria is asking Judy to describe Steve. Write the questions for the answers.	H 6 points
Example: Maria Do Steve and his brother look alike ?	(2 points each)
Judy No, Steve and his brother look totally different.	
1. Maria ?	1,
Judy He's short and thin, and he has long brown hair.	
2. Maria, exactly?	2
Judy He's five six.	
3. Maria?	3
Judy No, his hair is curly.	
	I 4 points
Circle the correct words.	(1 point each)
 I'll graduate in June if I don't / won't fail any courses. 	1
After I graduate / will graduate, I'll take a trip to Brazil.	2
3. When I come back from my trip, I 'Il look / look for a job.	3,
4. Then I may / 'Il probably move out of my parents' house.	4
	J 3 points
J Complete the conversations. Use reflexive pronouns.	(1 point each)
A Did you go to a movie with Paul?	L
B No, I went by	
2. A What happened to Mark's leg?	2
B He was playing tennis with Liz, and he hurt	
3. A Did you burn?	3
B Yes. I spilled some hot water on my hand.	
V Complete de la Comp	
K Complete the conversations with the verbs in parentheses. Use the simple past or the past continuous.	K 7 points (1 point each)
Ericayou (hurt) your arm, Gary?	1
Gary Yes, I (sprain) it.	2
Erica How? Whatyou (do) when it (happen)?	3 4
Gary I (paint) the house, and I (fall) off a ladder.	5. 6.
Erica Ouch! Well, at least you (not break) anything!	
(not break) anything:	7
L Circle the correct words to complete the conversation.	L 6 points
	(1 point each)
Dave Who's / Whose keys are these? Are they your / yours, Gary?	1 2
Gary No, my / mine are in my / mine pocket. Maybe they're Anna's. She just left.	3 4
Sue Yeah, I think they're her / hers. Don't worry. She'll be right back.	5
She probably needs them to get into her / hers car.	6
(6)	

M Circle the best words to complete the sentences.	M 5 points (1 point each)
Sarah is going on a business trip to Tokyo. She needs to take her	1
tent / makeup / first-aid kit.	
2. We're shopping for some new furniture for the living room. Last weekend,	2
we saw some nice nightstands / dressers / armchairs.	
 The boys were in a fight at school yesterday. Terry got / broke / hurt a black eye. 	3
4. Hello? Josh? I can't hear you. I think we have a bad message / connection / numbe	r. 4
5. Jill is the woman by / standing / wearing the red suit. She's talking to Joe.	.5
N Read the situations and the beginnings of the conversations. Check (✓) the best response for each situation.	N 4 points (1 point each
 You're in the kitchen, and you're making lunch for a friend. Your friend is sitting in the living room next to the telephone. The phone rings. 	1
You Would you mind answering the phone?	
Your friend	
Oh, no. No problem.	
☐ The phone? It's not mine.	
□ No, go ahead.	2
 David helped a friend move some heavy furniture last weekend, and he hurt his back. He's talking with his friend Janice. 	
David I really hurt myself. I could hardly move for a couple of days. Janice	
☐ Oh, I bet he wasn't too happy. ☐ Oh, no! Are you better now? ☐ Wow. That was lucky.	
 Bill loves to go to car races. Matt went with him a few weeks ago, and he had an awful time. 	3
Bill There's another race this Saturday. Do you want to go? Matt	
☐ That sounds great. Let's go! ☐ What time does it start? ☐ Uh, I guess we could, but	
Cathy and Judy are planning a big party at Judy's apartment. Suddenly, Judy thinks of something	4
they forgot. Judy Oh, no! I just realized – there aren't enough places for people to sit. Cathy Don't worry	
☐ I'll sit on the couch. ☐ I'll bring some chairs. ☐ I won't forget. I promise!	
Photocopiable © Cambridge University Press	Tes

Complete the conversation with the comparative forms of the adjectives (↑ = more; ↓ = less).	O 5 points (1 point each)
Rob So, how do you like your new cell phone, Anna?	
Is it(↑ good) than your regular phone?	1
Anna Well, it's a lot († convenient) for me because	2
I travel a lot, and it's (A easy) to make calls anytime	3
Rob Is it(\psi expensive) than your regular phone?	4
Anna Well, I use my cell phone a lot, so it isn't (↑ cheap) for me!	5
Read the article. Then check (✓) the four true statements.	P 8 points (2 points each)
Next Time Try a Slow Trip to Europe Solve Trip to Europe Solve travel is becoming more popular with visitors to Europe these days. A slow traveler doesn't go slowly from place to place. A slow traveler goes to only one place – and stays there for at least a week. Interesting idea, you may say, but where do you stay? Not in a hotel, respond experienced slow travelers. You need to rent a vacation home. This kind of travel has many advantages. Good European rental homes are fairly easy to get, and they are usually cheaper than hotels – especially for large groups. And the trip will be even less expensive because you can cook at home. Of course, slow travel isn't for everyone. If you rent a house, no one will come in to make your bed and clean every day, and you might not have all the modern conveniences. Also, it can take some time to plan the trip and find the	
But best of all, you'll have more time to right rental. But slow travelers say it's the just relax and explore the area. only way to go.	
A slow traveler only visits a few different places.	1
Slow travelers usually stay in hotels.	2
It isn't hard to find a vacation rental in Europe.	3
Rental homes can be inexpensive for large groups.	4
If you slow travel, you won't save money.	
yearson duren you won't save money.	
You'll have more time to learn about one place if you slow travel.	

Read the article. Then check (✓) true or fa	lse for each statement.	Q 8 points (2 points each)
I Hate Moving! by Chris Steiner		
It's getting harder for me to move these days. Why? I'm a pack rat. And I collect a lot of heavy things. For instance, I have lots of books. And I have records. Most of my friends gave away their records when CDs became more popular, but I didn't. Instead, I got theirs. I remember my first move – from my parents' house to college. It was pretty easy. I packed my clothes, my stereo, and a few books into my car – that was it! However, my last move was a nightmare. It took me weeks to pack.	You see, I'm also not very organized. Other people pack related items into neat little boxes and label them carefully, but I don't. When I move, my boxes are all full of different stuff – some clothing, a golf ball, a book, and a bathroom towel, for example – so I can't find things for weeks. I moved here six years ago, and I'll probably move again in a couple of years. Will my next move be easier? I doubt it. You can collect a lot of things in eight years.	
Chris got some of his records from his frie	True False ends.	1
Chris's move to college wasn't hard.	ther \Box	3
Chris packs different kinds of things toge Chris's last move was eight years ago.		4
		Total: out of 100

Критерии оценки выполнения тестов

Критерии оценки выполненных студентами тестов определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки: 85% - 100% правильных ответов – «отлично»;

66% - 84% правильных ответов – «хорошо»;

50% - 65% правильных ответов – «удовлетворительно»;

менее 50% правильных ответов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся в тестах неправильные ответы.

Методические указания к чтению и переводу дополнительных текстов

Прежде чем приступить к чтению и переводу текста необходимо предварительно ознакомиться с пояснениями к тексту.

Затем нужно прочитать внимательно весь текст до конца, чтобы познакомиться с его содержанием. Читая текст, нужно отметить все трудные места, затем разбить текст на абзацы и внимательно по предложениям начать переводить его. Если в абзаце имеются сложные предложения, следует разобраться в каждом отдельно, связывая его затем с последующим.

Предложения следует анализировать так:

а) найти подлежащее и сказуемое; б) разбить все предложение на смысловые элементы; в) перевести дословно; г) не глядя на предложение, рассказать себе простыми словами основной смысл его, д) сделать окончательный перевод, строя русское предложение согласно правилам русского языка.

Переведя предложение, следует выписывать незнакомые слова и одновременно отыскивать в словаре значение, соответствующее данному контексту.

Часто при переводе можно встретить идиомы, которые на русский язык дословно не переводятся, поэтому перевод их надо делать, либо исходя из общего смысла данного предложения, либо прибегать к помощи специального словаря. Переведя все абзацы текста, следует его еще раз прочитать, чтобы установить, хорошо ли читается перевод, понятен ли его смысл, а также обработать встречающиеся шероховатости стиля.

TEXT 1

There is something really unusual about hobbies and interests. They vary from person to person distinguishing one personality from the other. They also bring different people together, taking the mind off the monotony that sets in with the daily routine. The best thing that can happen to you is to be able to live your hobby every day, making a living out of doing what gives you a sense of pleasure and satisfaction.

Did you know that there are so many millionaires in this world, who would never have achieved what they did, if there field of success was not their hobby! Let's take an example of an application that was created as a hobby, and is now a part of everyone's life - Facebook. Do I need to tell you the rewards Mark Zuckerberg has received because of his hobby?

Many of us let go of our interests and hobbies to meet the daily demands of life; don't do that. Life is about being happy, about being able to enjoy what you do, and trust me, there are many things that people enjoy doing!

Hobbies Related to Nature

Let us begin with the activities that remind us of our natural self - hobbies related to the nature in which we live! What makes this category special is that these activities can also contribute to the environmental issues that we are facing globally. Issues, like global warming, deforestation, animal conservation, etc., may be taken care of in our own little way. Have a look at the hobbies that can help you make the earth greener and healthier.

- **♦** Recycling
- **♦** Organic farming
- **♦** Composting
- ◆ Landscape gardening
- **♦** Hydroponic gardening
- → Making birdfeeders/birdhouses
- ◆ Creating art from used material

- ◆ Making recycled paper
- ◆ Animal care (volunteering at an animal shelter)

Hobbies Related to Sports and Adventure

Most people confine hobbies related to sports and adventure to men. I fail to agree. Adventure is something that every human seeks because it gives them a sense of thrill and achievement. There are various activities in this category, and each one is worth a try!

- **♦** Scuba diving
- **♦** River rafting
- **♦** Bungee jumping
- **♦** Skiing
- ◆ Trekking
- **♦** Ice skating
- **♦** Surfing
- **♦** Racing
- **♦** Gymnastics
- **♦** Hunting

TEXT 2

Creativity, to me, is another form of a true blessing! The ability to think and create something beautiful is a true art. If you have the creative spark in you, then there is nothing that can stop you from exploring your inner potential. Below is a list of hobbies that you would love to do!

- ◆ Cook foods in disguise (dishes that look something but are something else)
- **♦** Painting
- **♦** Graffiti art
- ◆ Creative writing
- **♦** Dancing/choreography
- ◆ Singing/composing music

- **♦** Sculpting
- **♦** Model building
- ◆ Interior decorating
- **♦** Jewelry-making

Hobbies Related to Computers and Technology

Almost half of the population today is tech savvy, using technology-based applications for doing half of the routine work, be it sending and receiving e-mails, educating yourself on various topics through search engines, or socializing through Facebook, Twitter, or Skype. Some of the most popular hobbies are those associated with the virtual world. The following are some examples.

- **♦** Computer games
- ◆ Video gaming
- **♦** Social networking
- **♦** Keeping virtual pets
- **♦** Creating software
- ◆ Internet browsing
- **♦** Blogging
- ♦ Building computers and robots

Observational Hobbies

Being observant is a natural skill, and a true observer is the one that notices even the minute details without making it obvious to others. These hobbies teach us a lot of things including patience, perseverance, and appreciation. The world that we live in is a marvel in itself, the beauty of which we seldom notice due to our busy schedule. These hobbies will help you think beyond your usual sphere.

- **♦** Birdwatching
- **♦** Geocaching
- **♦** Photography
- ◆ Cloud watching

- **♦** Stargazing
- **♦** People watching
- ♦ Herping (looking for reptiles)
- **♦** Amateur meteorology
- **♦** Reading

TEXT 3

Outdoor Hobbies

A hobby is something that we enjoy doing, something that relaxes our minds! While the best place to relax is home, there are many people, who define relaxing as something that is done outdoors. Below is a list of hobbies that tend to relax and refresh your mind and body in the midst of nature.

- **♦** Fishing
- **♦** Archery
- **♦** Boating
- **♦** Traveling
- **♦** Camping
- **♦** Kayaking
- **♦** Kart racing
- **♦** Golfing
- **♦** Swimming
- **♦** Skateboarding

Talking about outdoor hobbies reminds me of Ernest Hemingway and his love for fishing! Knowing the popular author and journalist that he was, he always took time out for outdoor fishing trips with his friends. He started fishing at the age of 3, and wrote many write ups, like Tuna Fishing in Spain, Trout Fishing All Across Europe: Spain Has the Best, Then Germany. His first novel published in 1952, The Old Man and the Sea, was also based on the life of an old fisherman.

Indoor Hobbies

Have you come across this situation at home, when your brother wants to play soccer on a Sunday morning but your sister wants to stay at home and play cards? For some people, the ultimate way to refresh their minds and relax, is not by doing something out in the open, but something within the coziness of the indoors. Like I said, not all of us are the same!

- **♦** Playing cards
- **♦** Tarot card reading
- **♦** Playing board games
- **♦** Watching movies
- **♦** Cubing
- **♦** Bowling
- **♦** Billiards
- ◆ Ping pong/table tennis
- **♦** Pottery

TEXT 4

Why I Love New York

By Regis St Louis, Author

I've lived in NY since 2001, and I'm excited about how green the city has become in recent years. The <u>Brooklyn Bridge Park</u> in my neighborhood, the High Line, the <u>Hudson River Park</u>, the growing number of farmers markets around town, the new CitiBike program, Bloomberg's plant-a-million-trees campaign: New York is no longer 'the concrete jungle' of yesteryear. Culturally speaking, it's an exciting time to be in <u>New York</u>, with the arrival of new theaters, cultural centers and sporting arenas (Theatre for a New Audience, BRIC, Barclays Center). I also feel fortunate to be here during the Brooklyn renaissance, when there's so much creativity in the air.

Nexus of the Arts

The Met, the MoMA and the Guggenheim are just the beginning of a dizzying list of art-world icons. You'll find museums devoted to everything from fin de siècle Vienna to immigrant life in the Lower East Side, and sprawling galleries filled with Japanese sculpture, postmodern American painting, Himalayan textiles and New York City lore. For a glimpse of current and future greats, delve into the cutting-edge galleries of Chelsea and the Lower East Side, with their myriad exhibition spaces, and festive opening-night parties (usually Thursday night if you want to join in).

The Night Is Young

When the sun sinks slowly beyond the <u>Hudson</u> and luminous skyscrapers light up the night, New York transforms into one grand stage. Well-known actors take to the legendary theaters of Broadway as world-class soloists, dancers and musicians perform at venues large and small across town. Whether high culture or low, <u>New York</u> embraces it all: in-your-face rock shows at Williamsburg dives, lavish opera productions at the <u>Lincoln Center</u>, and everything in between. This is a city of experimental theater, improv comedy, indie cinema, ballet, poetry readings, burlesque, world music, jazz and so much more. If you can dream it up, it's probably happening in NYC.

Urban Wanderers

With its compact size and streets packed with eye-candy of all sorts – architectural treasures, old-world cafes, atmospheric booksellers and curiosity shops – NYC is an urban wanderer's delight. Crossing continents is as easy as walking over a few avenues in this jumbled city of 200-plus nationalities. You can lose yourself in the crowds of Chinatown amid brightly painted Buddhist temples, steaming noodle shops and fragrant fishmongers, then stroll up to Nolita for enticing boutiques and coffee-tasting among the craft-minded scenesters. Every neighborhood offers a dramatically different version of New York City – from the 100-year-old Jewish delis of the Upper West Side to the meandering cobblestone

lanes of Greenwich Village. And the best way to experience this city is to walk its streets.

TEXT 5

Top 10 Places To Visit in Tokyo

I love Tokyo! I never thought I would say this, but after 10 days spent there, Tokyo became my favorite city in the world (over Paris!!). I always was a city girl, and though I love nature, I could never live too far, nor too long away from the concrete and electric jungle. And I'm afraid I will never again be able to stay away for too long from Tokyo - the most civilized and well-organized jungle of them all. The most famous of Tokyo's attractions can be reached by subway or train, and though huge and a bit intimidating at first, you will get anywhere in no time.

Tokyo was the first city we visited in Asia, and comparing it with all the other places we've visited before (and after), **Tokyo is a different world altogether**. If I were to recommend you only one city to visit in the world (given that you are not Japanese), I would recommend you Tokyo. You get the idea, I'm in love with this city! And this is not only because for me it represents the peak of civilization, law, order and fashion, it is also because from all the places I've visited so far, this is the one that stands out most, in all the good ways.

The following list of *places to visit in Tokyo* is based on our personal experience and organized in no particular order. Please feel free to add your favorite places in Tokyo in the comment section below.

THINGS TO DO & PLACES TO VISIT IN TOKYO

Shibuya 109 & Shibuya Crossing

Shibuya is the point zero of Japanese fashion and the Mecca of chic; and it fascinated me so much, I must be a Shibuya girl in a parallel universe or something. The way these girls dress, the contact lenses that make the eyes look bigger, all that lace, ruffles, colorful socks, and ribbons, make for the most elegant casual outfits I've ever seen. I get goose bumps every time I remember the time I

spent shopping in the trendy boutiques at Shibuya 109. I left part of my heart there, and ever since I got back home all I want is to go back.

The Shibuya Crossing is a couple of minutes from Shibuya 109 and just outside Shibuya Station served by JR Yamanote Line. This crossing, made famous by the 'Lost in Translation' movie, is one of the busiest in the world and the quintessence of organized chaos. The traffic lights from all directions turn red all at the same time and for the next couple of minutes people invade the crossing like spilled beans out of a can.

You can observe the spectacle of lights and people from the Starbucks on the crossing's north side or you can experience the madness for yourself, which in my opinion is far better. My husband and I crossed quite a few times here just for fun and not one single time did we bump into another person or people bumped into us. Everybody matched their peace at the speed of the person in front, walking at unison, on lanes. Now if this is not the ultimate example of civilization, I don't know what is.

Meiji Shrine (traditional Tokyo)

Meiji Shrine is a Shinto shrine located in the Shibuya Ward, in the middle of a beautiful forest with huge Torii gates leading to the main hall and it is accessible from the Harajuku Station on the JR Yamanote Line. Dedicated to the deified spirits of Emperor Meiji and his wife, it is now a favorite place for wedding ceremonies.

We were lucky to witness such a procession. Led by two shrine priests and two shrine maidens, the couple followed under a big red umbrella. Family and friends came next, but we were surprised by both the reduced numbers of participants and by the lack of joy on their faces. Apparently Shinto wedding ceremonies are very solemn and quite unique.

Also there were lots of worshipers ruminating around the shrine's grounds, and many of the ladies and young girls were dressed in gorgeous kimonos. As

opposed to the nearby Yoyogi Park, Meiji Shrine is the place to go contemplate the old Japan and Japanese traditions.

Yoyogi Park on a Sunday

There is no better place for people watching in Tokyo than the Yoyogi Park. The park is very popular with young Japanese people, especially on Sundays, and you can spot the unleashed wackiness of an otherwise reserved nation.

We spotted from shy Lolitas and classy girls drinking red wine from crystal glasses while seated on a picnic cloth, to couples in love, club meetings, teenagers rehearsing plays, and homeless people giving a ride to their cats in supermarket trolleys. Everything goes and nobody feels out of place.

The park is pretty huge and doesn't give the feeling of being crowded at all, but then again, this is part of a special Japanese talent - in spite of Tokyo being the world's most populous metropolis, we never felt overwhelmed by the number of people around us.

Критерии оценки

Критерии оценки выполненных студентами работ определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки:

86 – 100 баллов – «отлично»;

76 - 85 баллов – «хорошо»;

61 - 75 баллов – «удовлетворительно»;

менее 61% баллов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся в переводах недочеты.

Методические указания к подготовке устных сообщений, докладов, презентаций на иностранном языке. Подготовка сообщения, доклада или презентации (далее — Сообщение) на английском языке является важной формой работы, которая расширяет общий кругозор студента за счет использования дополнительных англоязычных источников; учит планировать длительное высказывание на английском языке с логическими переходами от одной мысли к другой, расширяет словарный запас.

1. ВЫБОР ТЕМЫ

- 1.1. При выборе темы Сообщения следует предпочесть тему, которая:
- а. наиболее интересна;
- b. достаточно широко представлена в профессиональной англоязычной прессе и Интернете качественными и доступными материалами;
 - с. актуальна и может заинтересовать аудиторию.
 - 2. РЕГЛАМЕНТ ВЫСТУПЛЕНИЯ И ОБЪЕМ СООБЩЕНИЯ
- 2.1. Объем Сообщения должен соответствовать оговоренному регламенту.
- 2.2. Как правило, длительность звучания устной презентации составляет около 5 минут при следующих параметрах напечатанного текста: текст в объеме 1800 знаков, т.е. одной печатной страницы A4 с использованием шрифта Times New Roman, кегль 14 пт и интервала 1,5.
- 2.3. Если студент не укладывается в регламент, решение о продлении времени выступления будет принято преподавателем в зависимости от качества Сообщения и от оставшегося объема.
- 2.4. Если Сообщение имеет недостаточный объем, возможно снижение оценки.

3. СТАДИИ ПОДГОТОВКИ СООБЩЕНИЯ

Следует иметь в виду, что подготовка Сообщения на английском языке имеет свою специфику и должна включать в себя следующие шаги:

3.1. Поиск англоязычных и русскоязычных материалов по заданной теме.

- 3.2. Составление плана Сообщения, исходя из понимания темы студентом и исходя из найденных материалов;
 - 3.3Составление текста Сообщения, включая:
- а. прочтение найденных материалов и выделение в них отрезков, которые будут использованы в Сообщении;
- b. составление списка неизвестных студенту английских слов и выражений, проверка их значений по словарю;
 - с. проверка по словарю произношения новых английских слов и слов.
 - d. анализ и компоновка готовых отрезков англоязычного текста;
- е. самостоятельное дописывание на английском языке недостающих связок;
 - g. проверка текста.
- 3.4 Проверка текста Сообщения преподавателем и тренировочное проговаривание студентом.

Требования к представлению и оформлению сообщений, докладов, презентаций

ОФОРМЛЕНИЕ СООБЩЕНИЯ

- 1. Сообщение для выступления в группе оформляется в свободной форме, которая, однако, обеспечивала бы преподавателю возможность вносить исправления. В связи с этим такое оформление должно содержать следующие элементы:
 - а. название Сообщения на английском языке;
 - b. имя и фамилия студента;
 - с. название школы, номер группы;
 - d. сквозную нумерацию страниц, включая первую страницу;
- е. выбор шрифта свободный, кегль шрифта не менее 12 пт.; межстрочный интервал не менее 1,15;
 - f. стандартные поля.

СОДЕРЖАНИЕ СООБЩЕНИЯ

- 1. Чрезвычайно важное значение имеет полнота раскрытия темы. Докладчик должен проявить знание основных и некоторых второстепенных вопросов в рамках заданной темы. Количество вопросов зависит как от уровня подготовки студента, так и от его уровня владения иностранным языком.
- 2. Содержание Сообщения должно соответствовать заданной теме. Если значительный объем выступления посвящен вопросам, не относящимся к заданной теме, или если студент, игнорируя формулировку темы, беспорядочно излагает все, что ему известно по данному вопросу, преподаватель может снизить оценку за выступление.

ЯЗЫК СООБЩЕНИЯ

- 1. Язык Сообщения должен быть грамматически правильным, выверенным лексически и стилистически уместным.
- 2. Произношение слов и интонация должны быть правильными и не затруднять понимания.
- 3. Новые для аудитории слова и выражения, а также их перевод должны быть либо выписаны на доске до начала выступления, либо должны присутствовать в специальной области соответствующих слайдов электронной презентации.
- 4. Для обозначения логического перехода от одной мысли к другой, выражения согласия или несогласия, схожести или контраста и т.д., необходимо использовать так называемый функциональный язык, т.е. служебные выражения, используемые для выполнения какой-либо функции.

Критерии оценки выполнения устных работ

Критерии оценки выполненных студентами работ определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки:

86 – 100 баллов – «отлично»;

76 – 85 баллов – «хорошо»;

61 - 75 баллов – «удовлетворительно»;

менее 61 баллов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся недочеты.

Балл	Содержание	Взаимодейств ие с	Лексический запас	Грамматическ ая	Произношен ие
		собеседником		правильность речи	
100- 86	Задание полностью выполнено: цель общения полностью достигнута. Тема раскрыта в заданном объеме и представлен а в виде логичных и связных высказываний.	Демонстрируе т способность начинать и активно поддерживать беседу, соблюдая очередность в обмене репликами: способность быстро реагировать и проявлять инициативу при смене темы.	Имеет большой словарный запас, соответствующ ий поставленной задаче.	Использует разнообразные грамматически е структуры в соответствии с поставленной задачей: в более сложных структурах допускает небольшое количество ошибок, которые не мешают пониманию.	Речь понятна: соблюдает правильный ритм и интонационный рисунок. Все звуки в потоке речи произносятся правильно.
85-76	Задание выполнено: цель общения достигнута; однако, тема раскрыта не в полном объеме; высказывани я в основном логичные и связные.	В большинстве случаев демонстрирует способность начинать при необходимост и и поддерживать беседу, реагировать и проявлять инициативу при смене темы. В некоторых случаях наблюдаются паузы.	Имеет достаточный словарный запас, в основном соответствующ ий поставленной задаче. Однако, наблюдается некоторое затруднение при подборе слов и отдельные неточности в беседе.	Использует структуры, в целом, соответствующ ие поставленной задаче; допускает ошибки как в простых, так и сложных структурах, однако, они не препятствуют пониманию.	В основном, речь понятна: звуки в потоке речи произносятся правильно4 однако, в ритме и интонационно м рисунке прослеживает ся заметное влияние родного языка.
75-50	Задание выполнено частично: цель общения достигнута не	Не стремится начинать и поддерживать беседу; передает наиболее общие идеи в	Имеет ограниченный словарный запас, в некоторых случаях недостаточный	Делает многочисленны е ошибки или допускает ошибки, затрудняющие понимание.	В отдельных случаях понимание речи может быть затруднено из-за

	полностью,	ограниченном	ДЛЯ		неправильног
	тема	контексте; в	выполнения		о ритма,
	раскрыта	значительной	задания.		интонационно
	недостаточн	степени			го рисунка и
	0.	зависит от			неправильног
		помощи со			o
		стороны			произнесения
		собеседника.			отдельных
					звуков;
					требуется
					напряженное
					внимание со
					стороны
					слушающего.
Мене	Задание не	Не может	В целом не	В целом не	Содержание
e 50	выполнено;	поддержать	соответствует	соответствует	высказывания
	цель	беседу.	поставленной	поставленной	не
	общения не		задаче.	задаче.	воспринимает
	достигнута				ся.

Методические указания к написанию эссе

Написание эссе — это вид внеаудиторной самостоятельной работы по написанию сочинения небольшого объема и свободной композиции на частную тему, трактуемую субъективно и обычно неполно.

Эссе (деловом) пишется формальном стиле. В В эссе обучающему требуется выразить свою точку зрения на заданную тему, а так же привести противоположные вашей точки зрения других людей и объяснить, почему он с ними не согласен. Обучающиеся должны подкрепить свое мнение примерами ИЛИ доказательствами. В эссе должны активно использоваться конструкции типа «In my opinion», «I think». Необходимо использование вводных слов и конструкций типа "On the one hand, on the other hand"..., слов - связок (Nevertheless, Moreover, Despite...). Запрещается использование сокращения, типа "I'm", "they're" "don't". Эссе состоит из четырех абзацев:

1) Introduction (вступление)

Во вступлении необходимо четко сформулировать тему-проблему, указав, что существуют две противоположные точки зрения на проблему (Some

people claim that mobile phones are very useful devices while others argue that life could be less stressful without them.) и высказать свое мнение, не используя слишком много личных конструкций. Однако первое предложение не должно слово в слово повторять заданную тему сочинения. Рекомендуемое окончание первого абзаца: Now I would like to express my point of view on the problem of

2) Основная часть

1 абзац. Привести 2-3 аргумента, подтверждающих вашу точку зрения, подкрепляя их примерами или доказательствами. Во втором абзаце вы должны придерживаться только ОДНОЙ точки зрения, например: Mobile phones in my opinion are very useful devices. ИЛИ I consider the mobile harmful phone to he a and useless Необходимо привести 2-3 аргумента с доказательствами в поддержку собственного мнения

2 абзац. Привести противоположные точки зрения (1-2), и объяснить, почему вы с ними НЕ согласны. Пример: However, some people think that mobile phones not only keep you in touch with your relatives and friends but also provide you with a great number of facilities. I can't agree with this statement because...

Ваши контраргументы мнению других людей не должны повторять 2ой абзац.

3) Conclusion (заключение)

Необходимо сделать вывод, обратившись к заданной в 1-м параграфе теме, что существуют 2 точки зрения на проблему, а также подтвердить собственную точку зрения. Например: «There are different points of view on this problem. I think that...» или «Taking everything into consideration, there are two different points of view on this problem. I believe that...

1 абзац.Вводные фразы

• It is popularly believed that....

- People often claim that... Some people argue that...
- A lot of people think that...
- It is often suggested /believed that...
- Many people are in favour of idea that... Many people are convinced that...
 - Some people are against...

2 абзац. Фразы, выражающие свою точку зрения:

- I would like to explain my point of view on this situation.
- I would like to express my opinion on this problem.

Фразы, характеризующие преимущества обсуждаемой

проблемы:

- As already stated I'm in favor of... for a number of reasons...
- There are many things to be said in favour of...
- The best/ thing about..... is...

Фразы, перечисляющие точки зрения:

- Firstly, /First of all....
- In the first place
- To start with, / To begin with,
- Secondly, Thirdly, Finally,
- Last but not least,

Фразы, добавляющие новые аргументы:

- Furthermore, /Moreover, /What is more,
- As well as..../In addition to this/that...
- Besides, /.....also....
- Not only..., but.... as well.
- Apart from this/that....
- not to mention the fact that

3 абзац.

- Some people believe that... however they fail to understand that...
- they fail to consider that... they forget that...

- Some people argue that I can not agree with it as ...
- I disagree with this point of view (statement, opinion) because ...
- It has become fashionable for some people to argue that...
- Contrary to what most people believe, I think that...
- As opposed to the above ideas...I believe that...

4 абзац. Заключительные фразы:

- In conclusion,
- On the whole,
- To conclude,
- To sum up,
- All in all,
- All things considered
- Finally,
- Lastly,
- Taking everything into account,
- Taking everything into consideration

Выражение личного мнения:

- In my opinion this subject is very controversial
- In my view...
- To my mind...
- To my way of thinking...
- Personally I believe that...
- I feel strongly that...
- It seems to me that...
- As far as I am concerned...

Критерии оценки выполнения письменных работ

Письменные работы оцениваются по пятибалльной шкале по пяти критериям:

а) Содержание (соблюдение объема работы, соответствие теме, отражены ли все указанные в задании аспекты, стилевое оформление речи соответствует

типу задания, аргументация на соответствующем уровне, соблюдение норм вежливости).

При неудовлетворительной оценке за содержание остальные критерии не оцениваются и работа получает неудовлетворительную оценку;

- б) Организация работы (логичность высказывания, использование средств логической связи на соответствующем уровне, соблюдение формата высказывания и деление текста на абзацы);
- в) Лексика (словарный запас соответствует поставленной задаче и требованиям данного года обучения языку);
- г) Грамматика (использование разнообразных грамматических конструкций в соответствии с поставленной задачей и требованиям данного года обучения языку);
- д) Орфография и пунктуация (отсутствие орфографических ошибок, соблюдение главных правил пунктуации: предложения начинаются с заглавной буквы, в конце предложения стоит точка, вопросительный или восклицательный знак, а также соблюдение основных правил расстановки запятых)



МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ШКОЛА РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» Направление подготовки 08.03.01 Строительство

Профиль «Промышленное и гражданское строительство» **Форма подготовки: очная/заочная**

Владивосток 2015

Паспорт фонда оценочных средств по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»

Код и формулировка компетенции	Этапы формирования компетенции		
	Знает	грамматический строй английского языка; особенности межкультурной коммуникации	
ОК-7 владением иностранным языком в устной и письменной форме для осуществления межкультурной и	Умеет	воспринимать иноязычную речь на слух в рамках обыденной коммуникации; выражать свои мысли грамотно, употребляя соответствующие грамматические и лексические формы, как устно, так и письменно; употреблять изученные стратегии и технологии, необходимые в различных областях иноязычной коммуникации	
иноязычной коммуникации	Владеет	навыками употребления соответствующих языковых средств в осуществлении речевой деятельности; навыками поиска информации языкового, культурного, страноведческого характера из достоверных источников; навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения	
ОК-12 способностью к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах	Знает	слова и выражения в объеме достаточном для ежедневной коммуникации в устной и письменной формах; стратегии речевой деятельности	
на русском и иностранном языках для решения задач межличностного и	Умеет	уверенно пользоваться языковыми средствами в основных видах речевой деятельности: говорении, восприятии на слух (аудировании), чтении, переводе и письме	
межкультурного взаимодействия	Владеет	навыком восприятия информации на слух; навыками осуществления иноязычной коммуникации в письменной форме	
	Знает	общенаучные термины в объеме достаточном для работы с оригинальными научными текстами профессионального характера	
ОПК-9 владением одним из иностранных языков на уровне профессионального общения и письменного перевода	Умеет	лексически правильно и грамотно, логично и последовательно порождать устные и письменные высказывания в ситуациях межкультурного профессионального общения; употреблять изученные стратегии и технологии, необходимые в различных областях иноязычной коммуникации	
	Владеет	навыками подготовленной и неподготовленной устной и письменной речи в ситуациях межкультурного профессионального общения в пределах изученного языкового материала	

Формы текущего и промежуточного контроля по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»

$N_{\overline{0}}$	Контролируе	Коды и этапы формирования компетенций		Оценочн	ые средства
	мые разделы /			текущий	промежуто
П	темы			контрол	чная
/	дисциплины			Ь	аттестация
П	диединины			D	иттостиция
1	Практическое	ОК-7	знает грамматический строй	Устные	Зачет:
	занятие 1-36		английского языка;- особенности	опросы,	Quiz 1-4; 5-
			межкультурной коммуникации	ПР 1	9; 10-12.
			умеет воспринимать иноязычную	Тесты	(Приложен
			речь на слух в рамках обыденной	ПР-12	ие 2)
			коммуникации; выражать свои		ИС 2)
			мысли грамотно, употребляя	Рабочая	5
			соответствующие грамматические и	тетрадь	Экзамен:
			лексические формы, как устно, так		Test 1, 2.
			и письменно; употреблять		(Приложен
			изученные стратегии и технологии,		ие 2)
			необходимые в различных областях		
			иноязычной коммуникации		
			владеет навыками употребления		
			соответствующих языковых средств		
			в осуществлении речевой		
			деятельности; навыками поиска		
			информации языкового,		
			культурного, страноведческого		
			характера из достоверных		
			источников; навыком		
			просмотрового, поискового и		
			аналитического чтения		
			знает слова и выражения в объеме достаточном для ежедневной		
			коммуникации в устной и письменной формах; стратегии		
			речевой деятельности		
			•		
			J 1		
		ОК -12	языковыми средствами в основных видах речевой деятельности:		
		OK -12	говорении, восприятии на слух		
			(аудировании), чтении, переводе и		
			письме		
			владеет навыком восприятия		
			информации на слух; навыками		
			осуществления иноязычной		
			коммуникации в письменной форме		
			коммуникации в писыменной форме		

ОПК-9	знает общенаучные термины в объеме достаточном для работы с оригинальными научными текстами и текстами профессионального характера умеет лексически правильно и грамотно, логично и последовательно порождать устные и письменные высказывания в ситуациях межкультурного профессионального общения; употреблять изученные стратегии и технологии, необходимые в различных областях иноязычной коммуникации владеет навыками подготовленной и неподготовленной устной и письменной речи в ситуациях межкультурного профессионального общения в пределах изученного языкового материала	
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Шкала оценивания уровня сформированности компетенций

Код и	Этапы формиро	вания компетенции	критерии	показатели
формулиро				
вка				
компетенц				
ИИ				
ОК-7		особенности делового	знание правил	способность
		и научного стилей	профессионально	охарактеризовать
владением	(пороговый	общения; основы	й этики общения и	межкультурные
иностранн	уровень)	публичной речи;	речевого этикета	особенности ведения
ым языком		культуру и традиции		вербальной
в устной и		стран изучаемого		коммуникации;
письменно		языка;		
		использовать	умение делать	способность выделять
й форме		различные формы,	устное сообщение,	в текстах основные
для		виды устной и	доклад;	мысли и факты;
осуществл	(продвинутый	письменной	аннотировать,	находить логические
ения	уровень)	коммуникации на	реферировать	связи,
межкульту		родном и иностранном	тексты по	аргументировать
рной и		языках в учебной и	специальности	факты, доказывающие
онризвени		профессиональной		логику информации
		деятельности		
й		различными	владение	способность
коммуника		способами вербальной	навыками	использовать навыки
ции	(высокий	и невербальной	аудирования и	письменной и устной
	уровень)	коммуникации;	говорения,	речи в пределах
	навыками		которые	изученной тематики;
		коммуникации в	позволяют	навыки
		родной и иноязычной	осуществлять	просмотрового,
		среде;	монологическую,	поискового,

ОК-12	(пороговый	знает особенности	диалогическую речь на обсуждаемые темы на иностранном языке знаниеиспользова	ознакомительного и изучающего чтения. способность
способнос тью к коммуник ации в устной и письменн ой	уровень)	разных стилей общения, культуру публичных выступлений	ть лексические и грамматические способы выражения мысли на иностранном языке	использовать лексические и грамматические формы выражения мыслей на иностранном языке
формах на русском и иностран ном языках	(продвинутый уровень)	умение как в устной, так и в письменной форме осуществить коммуникацию	умение поставить и ответить на вопросы, вступить в диалог	способность грамотно построить коммуникацию
для решения задач межлично стного и межкульт урного взаимоде йствия	(высокий уровень)	владеет навыками межличностного общения, как в устной, так и в письменной формах	владение необходимым лексическим и грамматическим набором для осуществления коммуникации	способность навыками общения, способен решить коммуникативную задачу.
ОПК-9 владение м одним из иностран ных языков на уровне професси	(продвинутый уровень)	знает общенаучные термины в объеме достаточном для работы с оригинальными научными текстами и текстами профессионального характера	знание особенности профессиональн ого общения на иностранном языке	способность сформулировать и построить предложения на иностранном языке
онального общения и письменн ого перевода	(продвинутый уровень)	умеет лексически правильно и грамотно, логично и последовательно порождать устные и письменные высказывания в ситуациях межкультурного профессионального общения; - употреблять изученные стратегии и технологии, необходимые в	умение пользоваться навыками аудирования и говорения на уровне профессиональн ого общения.	способность отвечать на поставленные профессиональные вопросы на иностранном языке

		различных областях иноязычной коммуникации	владение	способность
	(высокий уровень)	владеет навыками подготовленной и	навыками подготовленной и	использовать навыки письменного перевода.
		неподготовленной устной и письменной речи в	неподготовленно й устной и письменной	Профессионально общаться на заданную тему
		ситуациях межкультурного	речи в ситуациях межкультурного	заданную тему
		профессионального общения в пределах изученного	профессиональн ого общения в пределах	
		языкового материала	изученного языкового материала	

Методические рекомендации, определяющие процедуры оценивания результатов освоения дисциплины

Оценочные средства для промежуточной аттестации

Промежуточная аттестация студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в соответствии с локальными нормативными актами ДВФУ и является обязательной. Промежуточный контроль проводится в зачета/экзамена семестрам. виде Объектом ПО контроля являются коммуникативные умения во всех видах речевой деятельности (аудирование, говорение, чтение, письмо), ограниченные тематикой и проблематикой разделов курса. Итоговый контроль проводится в выпускного экзамена за весь курс обучения иностранному языку. Объектом контроля является достижение заданного Программой уровня владения иноязычной коммуникативной компетенцией (Основного/Повышенного).

Критерии выставления оценки студенту на зачете/ экзамене по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»:

Баллы	Оценка	
(рейтингов	зачета/	Троборония и аформироронии и момноточниям
ой оценки)	экзамена	Требования к сформированным компетенциям
	(стандартная	
)	

100-86	«зачтено»/ «отлично»	Оценка «отлично» выставляется студенту, если он глубоко и прочно усвоил программный материал, исчерпывающе, последовательно, четко и логически стройно его излагает, умеет тесно увязывать теорию с практикой, свободно справляется с задачами, вопросами и другими видами применения знаний, причем не затрудняется с ответом при видоизменении заданий, использует в ответе материал монографической литературы, правильно обосновывает принятое решение, владеет разносторонними навыками и приемами выполнения практических задач.
85-76	«зачтено»/ «хорошо»	Оценка «хорошо» выставляется студенту, если он твердо знает материал, грамотно и по существу излагает его, не допуская существенных неточностей в ответе на вопрос, правильно применяет теоретические положения при решении практических вопросов и задач, владеет необходимыми навыками и приемами их выполнения.
75-61	«зачтено»/ «удовлетвор ительно»	Оценка «удовлетворительно» выставляется студенту, если он имеет знания только основного материала, но не усвоил его деталей, допускает неточности, недостаточно правильные формулировки, нарушения логической последовательности в изложении программного материала, испытывает затруднения при выполнении практических работ.
60-50	«не зачтено»/ «неудовлетв орительно»	Оценка «неудовлетворительно» выставляется студенту, который не знает значительной части программного материала, допускает существенные ошибки, неуверенно, с большими затруднениями выполняет практические работы. Как правило, оценка «неудовлетворительно» ставится студентам, которые не могут продолжить обучение без дополнительных занятий по соответствующей дисциплине.

Критерии оценки (письменный ответ)

- ✓ 100-86 баллов если ответ показывает глубокое и систематическое знание всего программного материала и структуры конкретного вопроса, а также основного содержания и новаций лекционного курса по сравнению с учебной литературой. Студент демонстрирует отчетливое и свободное владение концептуально-понятийным аппаратом, научным языком и терминологией соответствующей научной области. Знание основной литературы и знакомство с дополнительно рекомендованной литературой. Логически корректное и убедительное изложение ответа.
- ✓ 85-76 баллов знание узловых проблем программы и основного содержания лекционного курса; умение пользоваться концептуально-

понятийным аппаратом в процессе анализа основных проблем в рамках данной темы; знание важнейших работ из списка рекомендованной литературы. В целом логически корректное, но не всегда точное и аргументированное изложение ответа.

✓ 75-61 - балл — фрагментарные, поверхностные знания важнейших разделов программы и содержания лекционного курса; затруднения с использованием научно-понятийного аппарата и терминологии учебной дисциплины; неполное знакомство с рекомендованной литературой; частичные затруднения с выполнением предусмотренных программой заданий; стремление логически определенно и последовательно изложить ответ.

✓ 60-50 баллов — незнание, либо отрывочное представление о данной проблеме в рамках учебно-программного материала; неумение использовать понятийный аппарат; отсутствие логической связи в ответе.

Критерии оценки (устный ответ)

✓ 100-85 баллов - если ответ показывает прочные знания основных процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличается глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; владение терминологическим аппаратом; умение объяснять сущность, явлений, процессов, событий, делать выводы и обобщения, давать аргументированные ответы, приводить примеры; свободное владение монологической речью, логичность и последовательность ответа; умение приводить примеры современных проблем изучаемой области.

✓ 85-76 - баллов - ответ, обнаруживающий прочные знания основных процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличается глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; владение терминологическим аппаратом; умение объяснять сущность, явлений, процессов, событий, делать выводы и обобщения, давать аргументированные ответы, приводить примеры; свободное владение монологической речью, логичность и последовательность ответа. Однако допускается одна - две неточности в ответе.

✓ 75-61 - балл — оценивается ответ, свидетельствующий в основном о знании процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличающийся недостаточной глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; знанием основных вопросов теории; слабо сформированными навыками анализа явлений, процессов, недостаточным умением давать аргументированные ответы и приводить примеры; недостаточно свободным владением монологической речью, логичностью и последовательностью ответа. Допускается несколько ошибок в содержании ответа; неумение привести пример развития ситуации, провести связь с другими аспектами изучаемой области.

✓ 60-50 баллов — ответ, обнаруживающий незнание процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличающийся неглубоким раскрытием темы; незнанием основных вопросов теории, несформированными навыками анализа явлений, процессов; неумением давать аргументированные ответы, слабым владением монологической речью, отсутствием логичности и последовательности. Допускаются серьезные ошибки в содержании ответа; незнание современной проблематики изучаемой области.

Образец задания для контрольной работы студентов FAMILY BACKGROUND

Vocabulary

to get away with - провернуть какое-нибудь дело

to stay up - не ложиться спать

to be close - быть в близких отношениях

outskirts - пригород

to bury - зарывать

substantial - плотный

chores - домашняя работа

to fetch - принести, сходить за чем-то

to do window - рассматривать витрины

shopping

part – time job - временная работа

regional tournament - районные соревнования

spare time - свободное время

to ask permission - спрашивать разрешение

Further Math - высшая математика

to assure yourself - удостовериться

to change one's mind - изменить решение

shabby - старенький

map of the - карта созвездий

constellations

to stand in awe - испытывать благоговейный трепет

Text A

MY FAMILY

Hi! My name is Thomas (though my friends call me Tom). I'm fifteen. I've got a Mum, a Dad, a brother and two sisters, three aunts and uncles and two grandmothers who live in New Zealand. I'm the youngest. It is pretty dire at times when my alder sisters and brother try to boss me around, but sometimes it's OK because I get away with doing things with them – like going off up to London for the day, staying up really late to watch videos and going off to the pub for a drink (cola, of course, because I'm not 18 yet). I think there are some advantages of being the youngest. I can learn from my sisters' and brother's mistakes, and they've fought some of the battles with my parents for freedom.

My eldest brother Mark is 20 and is studying at the university in York. My sister Laura is 18 and in her last year at school. She is doing Biology, Chemistry, Math and Further Math "A" levels. She wants to become a doctor.

Liz is my other sister. She is 16. My sister Liz was born lucky. She has a beautiful smile. When she does something bad, she smiles and my parents are not angry with her. She eats a lot and does not get fat. Her favorite meal is a double cheeseburger with French fries, a milkshake, and an ice cream sundae. She does not study hard but always gets good marks. After school she does her homework in five minutes while she watches television at the same time.

I'm close to all three but possibly closest to Liz. She sometimes comes to me for advice and I sometimes go to her. But I would have liked to have a younger brother. I'd have liked to have someone to have a laugh with, someone to take out to football with me. My sisters and Mark don't always share my sense of humor.

My Dad is a civil servant and works in central London. Mum is a teacher and works in Croydon, a town on the outskirts of London.

If I go out, my parents like to know where I'm going, who I'm with and what time I'm coming home, but that's fair enough.

Of all my relatives best of all I like my Granny Dotty. She loves adventure. On her sixtieth birthday she went mountain climbing in the Alps. On her seventieth birthday she went on a trip to the North Pole. When she was eighty, she drove, alone, across the United States. She loves to eat chocolate. We all wonder what she will do when she is ninety.

Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) What members of the family do you have? Do you live together?
- 2) Do you think there are some advantages or disadvantages in being the youngest or the eldest? What are they?
 - 3) What do your parents do? Are they busy with their work?
 - 4) Are your parents strict with you?
- 5) Are you close to all members of your family? Who are you closest to?

Write a composition "My family".

Text B

MY WORKING DAY

On week days the alarm-clock wakes me up and my working day begins. It is seven o'clock. If it is spring or summer I jump out of bed, run to the window and open it wide to let the fresh morning air in. In winter I am not so quick to leave my bed, and I bury my head under the pillows pretending not to hear the alarm-clock. But all the same, it is time to get up and I start getting ready for my work.

I make my bed and go to the bathroom where I brush my teeth and have a shower. While I am having breakfast, I turn on my taperecorder and listen to pop-music. Breakfast, as my parents say, must be the most substantial meal of the day. But usually neither my mother nor me have any time to cook it, so I just have a cup of tea or coffee and some sandwiches. I leave my house at ten minutes to eight, and, as I live quite near the bus stop, I am there in five minutes. It takes me about twenty minutes to get to school. I arrive at school at a quarter past eight. On my way to school I often meet my classmates and we go school together.

Our lessons start at half past eight. We usually have seven or even eight lessons a day. It is not easy to study at our school, but it is reputed to be the best in our region. My working day is not over even when the lessons come to the end, because I have a lot of work to do at home. It usually takes me about three hours to get ready for the next working day at school. But when at last my working day is over I feel both tired and satisfied.

Sometimes in the evening my friends come to my place and we talk or play; sometimes we go for a walk, but not very often. I go to bed at about eleven o'clock.

Assignment:

Study the contexts in which the words given below are used: bathroom, substantial, bus stop, classmates, region, satisfied.

Shorten the second paragraph. Make each sentence as short as you can.

Give the information about your own working day.

Text C

DOMESTIC CHORES

A comfortable home makes our everyday life and work easier and more pleasant. And what should you do to make your home comfortable? Perhaps the first thing is to keep it clean and tidy. If you haven't done your room, your mother may say to you, "Go and do your room!"

Domestic chores are numerous. You must air the room, wash or sweep the floor, clean the table after meals. What else can you do about the house? You can polish the floor or the furniture, clean the carpets with the vacuum-cleaner.

Most of the cooking in your family is probably done by your mother or grandmother, but you can help them by laying the table and cleaning it after meals, and washing the dishes up.

On washing – day you can also help your mother. If your washing is sent to the laundry, you can take it there and fetch it when it's ready.

If you have pets at home, you must take care of them.

Here are teenagers' opinions on their attitude to domestic chores.

"I get some week pocket money, but most of my friends get much more. When I ask my Mum and Dad for more, they say I can have more if I help in the house, but I don't see why I should. I think it's not fair. Mum's at home all day, and it's her job to look after the house, not mine. What do you think?"

"On Fridays I usually clean my room which is in terrible mess by the end of a week. It is awfully boring, but it's my duty."

"If you have a dog, it's usually great fun, but you have to take him for a walk twice a day. Besides you have to wash him sometimes. I have pets that are exotic, but easy to keep. They are insects. I feed my insects on leaves which I get in my garden. They are always clean, and I don't have to take them for a walk!"

Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) Do you have any chores at home?
- 2) Who usually does your room? When do you do it?
- 3) Do you have a pet at home? Who takes care of it?
- 4) Who usually cooks in your family? Can you make something to eat if your mother is not at home?
- 5) Do you have younger brother or sisters at home? What do you do to help your mother with them?

Write a composition "My domestic chores".

Text D

MY LEISURE TIME

There's plenty to do after school hours, particularly sport which I enjoy most. My favorite sport is hockey. Almost all my friends are here. We train hard and we play for the school and in various regional youth tournaments.

As most young people I spend my after school hours at home watching TV, or doing domestic chores, or listening to music, or reading. We don't have a computer at home, so I spend a considerable time playing computer games at my friend's. Of course, all these I do when there are no training spells.

I think, it's common with most young people to spend some time outdoors. Street life is important for us. We meet somewhere in streets and talk and then go to town centre to do window shopping and 'see what's going on'.

My friends use some of their spare time to earn money by working in different places. Some of them wash cars for people, others do a part-time job for shops and cafes. As for me I earn my pocket money delivering newspapers three times a week.

I've usually got enough to do the things I want. I can buy the records and CDs I want without asking the permission from my parents.

Assignment:

Give some facts from the text to complete the following sentences:

- 1) We train hard and we play for...
- 2) A most young people...
- 3) We meet somewhere in streets...
- 4) My friends use some of their spare time...
- 5) As for me I earn my pocket money...

Write a short summary of the text.

Text E

MY PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

'What do you want to be after finishing school?' – I have often heard this question. Sometimes it is difficult to answer this question, sometimes not. Little children usually dream of having an extremely unusual profession. Some of them want to become spacemen, others want to discover new lands, yet others-to dive in deep seas. But most of them want to be famous, so they usually want to become a star – a film star, a pop star, a football star and so on. I used to dream of being a film star as well, but changed my mind as the years passed.

There are always some young people who know very well what they are going to do after school. They can tell you lots of interesting things about their future profession and what college or university they should graduate from to get the specialty they've chosen. I think I'm one of them.

So, I want to be a doctor. At the age of 11 I read books about doctors. It was so exciting. Then I was lucky to meet a wonderful surgeon who operated on me. I was deeply impressed. Since then I've been trying to learn as much as possible about this profession, and now I often think about how well I will fit with it. That's why I am always interested in young people's plans for the future and ask them what they are going to do in life. I have found out different people are interested in absolutely different fields of activities. You have an opportunity to assure yourself of it reading the notes below.

Angela Duffy is a schoolgirl from Brighton. She also wants to be a doctor. She is going to medical school next year. It's a long course – about six years – but she is going to work very hard. She thinks that it's a difficult job, but she likes working with people, and she likes the idea of working in a caring profession. She says that later she would like to specialize and perhaps be a pediatrician. "I love children, and looking after them would be wonderful."

Deena Patel is doing Biology, Chemistry, Math and Further Math "A" levels and will sit the exams next summer. "I'd like to train as a dentist when I've finished college. I want to do something medically orientated and decided in favor of dentistry because there aren't so many years studying as there are to become a doctor."

Steve Barnes wants to be a chef. His favorite room in the house is the kitchen, where he spends most of the day. "I love cooking, especially for lots of people. I have over a hundred cook books." He is going to work in a restaurant in Paris, where he hopes to learn how to prepare sauces. One day he'd like to have his own restaurant.

Pippa Wilson is studying marketing at university. She enjoys travelling, and would probably like to work for a tour company. "I'm not sure yet exactly what I want to do. After university, I'm going to have a year off, and I'm going round the world with another girl. We hope to find work on the way."

Nick Watson doesn't know for certain what he will do. He says: "I think the best way to prepare myself for a future job is to get a good education. Jobs are changing and new ones are constantly appearing. In a few years, there will be many more new jobs and nobody knows what they will be. But good education cannot solve the problem alone. It is important to have good health to face difficulties and changes. That's why I pay great attention to sports."

Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) What field would you like to work in?
- 2) What do you know about your future profession?
- 3) Is this profession new or old?
- 4) What do you need to get this profession?
- 5) Is education or training necessary to be successful in life? Find English equivalents in the text:

трудно ответить; самая необычная профессия; открывать новые земли; узнать сколько возможно; абсолютно разные сферы деятельности; иметь свой собственный ресторан; подготовиться к будущей работе; решить проблему; встретить трудности и перемены.

Text F

CAREERS

Careers do not just happen. People train for them. How much training is needed depends on the kind of career chosen. Some jobs take only a few months of training. Others take several years. Certain

careers need college or university graduation. There is a song that says, "People who like people are the luckiest people in the world." So the people who feel like this might like a job that deals with people all the time. It may be hotel or restaurant management, or tourists business. Or maybe a career that helps (to) keep people healthy in mind and body.

ECOLOGISTS

There are some kinds of jobs that deal with the environment we live in. Ecologists, for example, study how living things and the environment are related. They find ways for us to reduce pollution. They tell us which things are harmful either to ourselves or to the plants and animals we depend on for food.

SMALL BUSINESS

There are many different kinds of jobs in a small business. A business must have an owner who makes decisions about the way the business is run. Also two or more people could be responsible for the business and form of partnership. The owner needs other people to help run the store. A clerk helps people find what they want in the store. A stock clerk orders and takes care of the products that the store sells. A bookkeeper or accountant keeps records of sales and expenses.

JOURNALISTS

A person who has a job writing about the news is called a journalist. Journalists work on newspapers and magazines or at radio and television stations. Some journalists have university degrees. Others receive their experience by working at a newspaper office or at a television station. Some journalists write stories about news events that happen anywhere in the world. Others write about sports, entertainment, or business. Journalists must first find the facts before they write news, articles. To gather their facts they ask people questions, use reference works, and observe news stories as they

happen. If you are interested in a career in journalism, you should begin with a school newspaper or a club magazine.

NURSES

Nurses help people keep healthy. They also help people get well when they are sick. Schools, factories, and many offices have nurses. These nurses give first aid when someone is hurt or sick. They also do things to prevent illness. One of these is to give shorts. Another thing nurses do is to take blood pressure. In hospitals, nurses take care of sick people. They assist the doctor in the operating rooms. People who want to be nurses study science in school.

DIETICIANS

People need food for growth and energy. Well-balanced meals help keep people healthy. Dieticians plan meals. They work in hospitals and schools. They make sure that each meal includes food from different groups and is rich enough in vitamins.

Dieticians go to college to study about food. They must know all about four food groups and about the vitamins in food that keep bones, teeth, and skin healthy.

DENTISTS

Teeth are important to people. Without them, eating is hard. People who lose their teeth may have false teeth made. Dentists and their assistants are people who help others to take care of teeth. In their jobs, they try to help others. A person who wants to become a dentist goes to a special medical college.

GEOLOGISTS

Geologists are scientists who study the Earth. They learn how rocks, mountains, and rivers are formed. They know that these things are still forming today. Geologists help to find mineral deposits, such as gold and copper. They also help to find oil and gas. Geologists

study science. If you like to work outdoors, you may want to be a geologist.

Assignment:

Find proofs in the text to support the following statement: "How much training is needed depends on the kind of career chosen".

Translate the following word combinations and use them in situations or sentences of your own:

to keep people healthy; to take care of the products; to have university degree; to receive one's experience; to prevent illness; to find mineral deposits; to work outdoors.

Text G

MY HOLIDAYS WITH PARENTS

Rafting has become my favorite pastime on holidays. My parents first hesitated to take me with them but after a while they agreed that it would be more safe to take me there than to leave me at home. And I would say they were rather wise with their decision. So we set out. After an hour flight, we got straight on a shabby, slow bus with rafting and camping equipment that took us to the starting point. When we arrived at the place, it was a dark night, and the black sky looked like a map of the constellations. As the reward for the day-long journey there were shooting stars we could watch. So we could make any wish at the moment.

We camped that night by the river that rolled with a constant thunder. We spent the next day checking our things and preparing our 'katarafty'. It's a type of the improved catamaran with two long inflated hulls fastened together with a light metal frame. All our belongings were packed in large waterproof bags. During the trip they were tied to the frame in the middle of the boat.

I was excited and a bit nervous. But I fell asleep at last and woke at dawn. We had to start early. We had breakfast, packed up tents, and tied everything down.

Then we started. The first few kilometers were easy. Two of us paddled on each side of the katarafty.

When the river went faster, I felt my heart going crazy. We approached the first rapid. My dad, who had been singing and joking all the way, now changed his tune. He yelled, "Khoood!" and we started to paddle fiercely. At the point when the katarafty came down from the top of an enormous wave, I felt like I was sailing in an ocean. After the rapids came stretches of calmer water, and we rowed lazily. My mum always paid our attention to picturesque views of the forests and rock formations. We saw a few snow-capped peaks in the distance. After three hours of rowing, when everybody was freezing cold, we stopped for a meal. We quickly made a fire so our mum could cook food and we all could dry our clothes.

On one of our later stops, we met a group of travelers whose rubber raft had overturned when passing through a rapid. With their teeth chattering from the cold, they told us a story of another unfortunate team that had all its equipment and food sunk so they were forced to eat snakes until they were found by a local herder.

There were two more days I remembered and enjoyed very much. One of them was the day we spent in a picturesque spot near a village relaxing and enjoying the last days of summer. After we got up in the morning, we climbed a nearby mountain that was covered with pine and birch trees and looked like the head of a bear. We ate red currants and cherries from the trees growing alongside a spring and picked mushrooms. As we were promised, we were shown the legendary edelweiss, which turned out to be a small, unremarkable greenish white flower.

And the last day of our trip, our seven-day trip was coming to its end. That day we spent exploring caves and waterfalls. We entered at the bottom of the mountain and climbed in spirals through the stalactite and stalagmite adorned grottoes to the exit of the top. We ended the outing standing in awe behind a 6-metre-high waterfall.

Now I can see my parents and their friends are not so dull and boring people. And though I'm not going to spend all my holiday with them I admit they've given me a lot and shown me a very nice way of relaxing.

Assignment:

Find and read about the sentences describing the picturesque views of the forests and rock formations.

Give some facts from the text to explain the following statements:

- 1) My parents agreed to take me with them because...
- 2) The black sky looked like a map of the constellations because...
 - 3) I felt my heart going crazy because...
- 4) The travelers were forced to eat snakes because...5) I can see my parents and their friends are not so dull and boring people because...

Лексико-грамматические тесты

Тест 1

Имя существительное

- 1. We haven't had ... in summer.
- a) fruit

c) fruit's

b) fruits

- d) fruits's
- 2. Yesterday we had ... for dinner.
- a) fish

c) fish's

b) fishes

d) fishs

3.	not easy to learn		
a)	physic is	c) physic are	
b)	physics is	d) physics are	
4.	He gave me some good		
a)	advise	c) advices	
b)	advice	d) piece of advice	
5.	Some Australian §	give us very good wool	
a)	sheep	c) sheepes	
b)	sheeps	d) sheepse	
6.	Give me ink to wi	rite letter	
a)	-,-	c) a, a	
b)	some, a	d) a, some	
7.	My slow		
a)	watch are	c) watches is	
b)	watch is	d) watches are	
8.	We have very o	on this subject	
a)	little informations	c) few information	
b)	few informations	d) little information	
9.	Her dark		
a)	hairs are	c) hair are	
b)	hairs is	d) hair is	
10.	Our summer tw	o month	
a)	vacations last	c) vacation last	
b)	vacations lasts	d) vacation lasts	
11.	Look! has stopped	d there is a very beautiful.	
a)	a car, a car	c) a car, the car	
b)	the car, a car	d) the car, the car	
12.	earth is million of	kilometers from sun	
a)	a, a	c) the, a	
b)	a, the	d) the, the	

13. These are those gentle	emen's
a) ladies, wifes	c) ladies, wives
b) ladys, wifes	d) ladys, wives
14. In the farm-yard we coul	ld see
a) oxes, swines and gooses	
b) oxes, swines and geese	
c) oxen, swines and geese	
d) oxen, swine and geese	
15. Why don't you eat?	
a) these potatoes	c) this potatoes
b) these potato	d) these potatos
16. I have hurt my both	
a) foot	c) feet
b) foots	d) feets
17. Put these on the table	
a) knife	c) knives
b) knifes	d) knive
18. My working day begin	ns at 9 o'clock in the morning
a) brother	c) brother'es
b) brothers	d) brother's
19. My library is the riche	est one in the town.
a) brother-in-law	c) brothers's-in-law
b) brother-in-law's	d) brother's-in-law's
20. The of the letter not	t been changed
a) content, has	c) contents has
b) content have	d) contents, have
21 money to him	
a) this, belongs	c) these, belong
b) this, belong	d) these, belongs
22. цены внутреннего рын	ка

a) prices home market	c) home market prices		
b) home prices market	d) market home prices		
23. Уменьшение цены на мяс	00		
a) meat price decrease	c) decrease meat price		
b) decrease price meat	d) meat decrease price		
24. банкнота в десять фунтов	3		
a) ten-pound note	c) a note ten-pound		
b) a ten-pound note	d) note ten-pound		
25. Морковь очень полезна			
a) carrot is very healthy			
b) carrot are very healthy			
c) carrots is very healthy			
d) carrots are very healthy			
TECT 2			
Местоимения			
1. He doesn't like book; it m	nust be		
a) hers, yours	c) my, her		
b) my, yours	b) my, yours d) your, her		
2. Tell me, isn't that old car over there?			
a) you	c) yours		
b) your	d) your's		
3. They have two of houses in this street, and the house on the corner			
is also			
a) their, theirs	c) their, there		
b) theirs, their	d) their, their's		
4. John has come to see me; father and were school friends.			
a) him, my	c) his, my		
b) him, mine	d) his, mine		
5. This book is, I wrote name in it			

a) my, mine,	c) mine, me, myself			
myself				
b) my, me, mine	d) mine, my, myself			
6. Mr. Jones and came last r	night.			
a) he	c) him			
b) his	d) himself			
7. Go with John and to visit				
a) she, they	c) her, them			
b) her, their	d) his, them			
8. She rang me up and asked n	ny friend and to tea.			
a) I	c) mine			
b) my	d) me			
]9. These books don't belong t	to me those.			
a) Either do	c) Neither do			
b) Either don't	d) Neither don't			
10. Although the mountain wa	s high boys were able to climb it.			
a) much	c) this			
b) a few	d) a little			
11 errors are made by forei	gners.			
a) this	c) their			
b) these	d) theirs			
12. I want some sugar, but the	grocer hasn't			
a) any	c) ones			
b) one	d) some			
13. I've lost my pencil. Have you to lend me?				
a) any	c) ones			
b)one	d) some			
14. A chair can't stand on thre	e lags a table			
a) Either can	c) Neither can			

b) Either can't	(d) N	either can't
15. Although the question was difficult students were able to answer it			
a) much	(c) li	ttle
b) a few	(d) a	little
16. Many people lost	. lives at	sea.	
a) this	(c) th	eir
b) these	(d) th	neirs
17. I asked him for son	ne ink, an	nd h	e gave me
a) any	(c) oi	nes
b) one	(d) so	ome
18. So this is your hous	se. It's ve	ery p	oretty
a) any	(c) oi	nes
b) one	(d) so	ome
19. He slept and felt	better		
a) few	(c) m	any
b) a few	(d) a	little
20. The bird has broke	n wing	Ţ .	
a) her	(c) it	S
b) it	(d) it	's
21. I want some flour,	but the gi	roce	r hasn't
a) any	(c) ones	
b) one	(d) so	ome
22. I want some oranges. Give me these big			
a) any	(c) oi	nes
b) one	(d) so	ome
23. Water hasn't any taste this soup.			
a) Either has	(c)	Neither
	has		
b) Either hasn't	;	d)	Neither

hasn't

24. Go and ask for more paper. I haven't in my desk.			
a) any, any	c) any, some		
b) some, some	d) some, any		
25. I've been this summer.	I've had no time.		
a) somewhere	c) nowhere		
b) something	d) nothing		
TECT 3			
There is/are and it is			
1. There a few changes sine	ce you left last year.		
a) was	c) have been		
b) were	d) had been		
2. There a teacher of English	sh and second-year students in the hall.		
a) is	c) has been		
b) are	d) have been		
3. There a lot of visitors today.			
a) is	c) were		
b) was	d) have been		
4. There two museums and	a picture gallery in their town.		
a) is	c) had been		
b) are	d) have been		
5. There no fruit on this tro	ee for many years.		
a) was	c) has been		
b) were	d) have been		
6. There a pear-tree and three apple-trees in their orchard .			
a) is	c) had been		
b) are	d) have been		
7. There a lot of work to do this week.			

a) was	c) has been		
b) are	d) have been		
8. There some chocolates on this plate when I went out			
a) is	c) was		
b) are	d) were		
9. There only a footpath here last year.			
a) is	c) has been		
b) was	d) had been		
10. There mistakes in your	last exercise.		
a) was no	c) was not		
b) were no	d) were not		
11. It very wet last month,	and now it windy		
a) is, is	c) was, was		
b) is, was	d) was, is		
12. It long time since I saw	you.		
a) is	c) has been		
b) was	d) had been		
13 easy for him to find	fault, but it not fair		
a) It is, is	c) There is, is		
b) It is, was	d) There is, was		
14 m far from my house	to the station.		
a) There is no	c) There is not		
b) It is no	d) It is not		
15 true to say that she is my friend.			
a) It is no	c) There is no		
b) It is not	d) There is not		
16 a beautiful park near my home when I was a child.			

a) It is	c) It was		
b) There is	d) There was		
17 a long time since I saw the	hat beautiful sunset.		
a) It was	c) It has been		
b) There was	d) There has been		
18. There still several empty	seats it the plane when I arrived.		
a) was	c) has been		
b)were	d) have been		
19 crowds of people at the	e station waiting to greet the film star.		
a) It was	c) There was		
b)It were	d) There were		
20 very few people at his	lecture yesterday.		
a) It was	c) There was		
b) It were	d) There were		
21. There is snow it the fields this year.			
a) no many	c) no much		
b) not many	d) not much		
22. There three but two boys in their family.			
a) is, no	c) are, not		
b) is, not	d) are no		
23. There anybody in the street while I was going home.			
a) was no	c) was not		
b) were no	d) were not		
24. «Why are you sitting here? high time to go home.»			
a) It is	c) There is		
b) It was	d) There was		
25. There are three members in their family,?			
a) are there	c) are it		
b) aren't there	d) aren't it		

Тест 4

Порядок слов в предложении

1 Choose the corresponding alternative paying attention to the model I often see him.

I have often see him.

You are never to come late again.

He spoke well at the debate this morning.

He went to the station by taxi.

He was born at six o'clock on Christmas morning in the year 1822.

- 2 My mother
 - a) goes often for a walk on Sundays
 - b) goes for a walk often on Sundays
 - c) goes for a walk on Sundays often
 - d) often goes for a walk on Sundays
- 2. The porter
 - a) was able hardly to carry my luggage
 - b) was hardly able to carry my luggage
 - c) was able to carry hardly my luggage
 - d) was able to carry my luggage hardly
- 3. a) We have almost finished this exercise
 - b) We have finished almost this exercise
 - c) We have finished this exercise almost
 - d) We almost have finished this exercise
- 4. a) Generally I drink my tea with milk
 - b) I generally drink my tea with milk
 - c) I drink generally my tea with milk
 - d) I drink my tea generally with milk
- 5. a) Sometimes I forget my homework
 - b) I forget sometimes my homework
 - c) I sometimes forget my homework

- d) I forget my homework sometimes
- 6. a) Usually the buses are full in this town
 - b) the buses usually are full in this town
 - c) the buses are usually full in this town
 - d) the buses are full in this town usually
- 7. a) She knows scarcely what to say about it
 - b) scarcely she knows what to say about it
 - c) She knows what to say scarcely about it
 - d) She scarcely knows what to say about it
- 8. a) The student on the right answers correctly never
 - b) The student never on the right answers correctly
 - c) Never the student on the right answers correctly
 - d) The student on the right never answers correctly
- 9. a) Generally we are very busy
 - b) we are generally very busy
 - c) we generally are very busy
 - d) we are very busy generally
- 10. He was born
 - a) in the year 1923 at 10 a.m. on June 14th
 - b) on June 14th at 10 a.m. in the year 1923
 - c) in the year on June 14th at 10 a.m.
 - d) at 10 a.m. on June 14th in the year 1923
- 11. Our teacher spoke to us
 - a) in class very rudely this morning
 - b) this morning very rudely in class
 - c) in class this morning very rudely
 - d) very rudely in class this morning
- 12. I saw a friend off
 - a) at 6 o'clock this morning at the station
 - b) at the station at 6 o'clock this morning

- c) this morning at the station at 6 o'clock
- d) at 6 o'clock at the station this morning
- 13. Cyril was working
 - a) at his office very hard yesterday
 - b) yesterday at his office very hard
 - c) very hard at his office yesterday
 - d) very hard yesterday at his office
- 14. They stayed
 - a) all day quietly there
 - b) there all day quietly
 - c) quietly there all day
 - d) all day there quietly
- 15. He played
 - a) beautifully in the concert at the Town Hall last night
 - b) last night at the Town Hall beautifully in the concert
 - c) in the concert last night beautifully at the Town Hall
 - d) at the Town Hall last night beautifully in the concert
- 16. We are going
 - a) to Switzerland on Saturday for a week
 - b) for a week on Saturday to Switzerland
 - c) to Switzerland for a week on Saturday
 - d) on Saturday to Switzerland for a week

Тест 5

Степени сравнения прилагательных

- 1. He is ... stupid than I thought
- a) less

c) a little

b) little

- d) the least
- 2. She is ... than I am
 - a) very pretty

c) much pretty

b) more pretty	d) much prettier		
3. Winter days are not	summer days		
a) longer	c) so long as		
b) long as	d) so long than		
4. These grapes are ex	pensive than those		
a) less	c) a little		
b) little	d) the least		
5. She came to school	than I did		
a) last	c) latter		
b) later	d) latest		
6. South winds are not	spring winds		
a) severe as	c) so severe as		
b) severe than	d) so severe than		
7. Scott and Dickens are both excellent writers, but I prefer the			
a) last	c) latter		
b) later	d) latest		
8. Your composition is	than the composition of other students		
a) bad	c) the worse		
b) worse	d) the worst		
9. He is than I am			
a) very strong	c) more strong		
b) much strong	d) much stronger		
10. The temperature in winter in England is not in Siberia			
a) low as	c) so low as		
b) low than	d) so low than		
11. This exercise is not s	o your last one		
a) good as	c) best than		
b) better as	d) good than		
12. The grass is not so	here in our garden		
a) short, as	c) short, than		

	b) shorter, as	d) shorter, than
	13 late than never	
	a) good	c) the best
	b) better	d) the beast
	14 haste, the less speed	
	a) more	c) the most
	b) the more	d) most
	15. Why do Americans say '	I guess so' instead of 'I think so'?
	a) more	c) the most
	b) most	d) most
	16. Let us stop discussion of	this matter
	a) far	c) further
	b) farther	d) furthest
	17. I don't think that your plan	is theirs
	a) good as	c) better than
	b) better as	d) good than
	18 village is three kilometer	s from our house
	a) near c) next
	b) nearer	d) the nearest
	19. Which of the two cities is the	ne from Vladivostok?
	a) far	c) farthest
	b) farther	d) further
	20. She studies much than I	do, though she spends time preparing
	a) good, little	c) better, less
	b) better, little	d) good, less
	21. Heat makes things and co	old makes things
	a) the biggest, the smallest	c) the bigger, the smaller
	b) the biggest, smaller	d) bigger, smaller
	22. Spring is than winter, be	ut summer is the of the four seasons of
the year		

	a) most pleasant, more pleasan	nt c) pleasant, most pleasant		
	b) more pleasant, pleasant	d) more pleasant, most pleasant		
23	. The woods are not the for	rests and not so wild but they are very		
beautiful				
a) larg	ge as	c) so large than		
b) so l	arge as	d) as large than		
24	. My brown dress is not your	green one		
	a) the same quality as	c) the same quality then		
	b) the same quality than	d) so quality as		
25	. The smell of flowers in spring	g is it is in summer		
	a) so sweet as	c) as sweet than		
	b) as sweet as	d) the same sweet than		
Ключ	и:			
Тест1				
1-a		14-d		
2-a		15-a		
3-b		16-c		
4-b		17-c		
5-a		18-d		
6-b		19-b		
7-b		20-d		
8-d		21-a		
9-d		22-c		
10-d		23-a		
11-c		24-b		
12-d		25-d		
13-c				
Тест 2	2			
	1- b	16-c		

2-	b	17-d
3-	a	18-b
4-	d	19-d
5-	d	20-c
6-	a	21-a
7-	c	22-c
8-	d	23-с
9-	c	24-d
10-b		25-с
11-b		
12-a		
13-b		
14-c		
15-b		
Тест 3		
1- c		15-b
2-a		16-d
3-d		17-c
4-b		18-b
5-c		19-d
6-a		20-d
7-c		21-d
8-d		22-c
9-b		23-с
10-b		24-a
11-d		25-b
12-c		
13-a		
14-d		

Тест 5				
1-a	6-b	11-с	16-с	21-a
2-a	7-b	12-d	17-с	22-c
3-b	8-d	13-с	18-d	23-a
4-b	9-d	14-d	19-b	24-b
5-a	10-d	15-a	20-d	25-d

Образец рабочей тетради находится по адресу http://www.cambridgelms.org.

Критерии оценки выполнения тестовых заданий

Процент правильных ответов	Оценка
От 95% до 100%	отлично
От 76% до 95%	хорошо
От 61% до 75%	удовлетворительно
Менее 61 %	неудовлетворительно

Оценочные средства для текущей аттестации

Текущая аттестация студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в соответствии с локальными нормативными актами ДВФУ и является обязательной.

Текущая аттестация по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в форме контрольных мероприятий (устных опросов, выполнения контрольных работ, тестирования, выполнение заданий в рабочей тетради) по оцениванию фактических результатов обучения студентов и осуществляется ведущим преподавателем.

Объектами оценивания выступают:

- учебная дисциплина (активность на занятиях, своевременность выполнения различных видов заданий, посещаемость всех видов занятий по аттестуемой дисциплине);

- степень усвоения теоретических знаний;
- уровень овладения практическими умениями и навыками по всем видам учебной работы;
- результаты самостоятельной работы.

Основными целями обучения иностранным языкам в неязыковом вузе является формирование/совершенствование иноязычных коммуникативных умений студентов на двух уровнях:

Основном (A1 - A2+) и Повышенном (A2+ - B1+) в зависимости от исходного уровня иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции студентов. Исходя из этого, в качестве требований,

предъявляемых к студенту по окончании курса обучения иностранному языку, выдвигаются требования владения именно коммуникативными умениями. При этом минимально-достаточные требования ограничиваются рамками Основного уровня. Таким образом, по окончании курса обучения иностранному языку в неязыковом вузе обучающиеся должны уметь в рамках обозначенной проблематики общения:

- в области аудирования:

воспринимать на слух и понимать основное содержание несложных аутентичных общественно-политических, публицистических (медийных) и прагматических текстов, относящихся к различным типам речи (сообщение, рассказ), а также выделять в них значимую/запрашиваемую информацию - в области чтения:

понимать основное содержание несложных аутентичных общественнопублицистических политических, И прагматических текстов (информационных буклетов, брошюр/проспектов), научно-популярных и научных текстов, блогов/веб-сайтов; детально понимать общественнополитические, публицистические (медийные) тексты, а также письма личного характера; выделять значимую/запрашиваемую информацию из справочно-информационного прагматических текстов И рекламного характера

- в области говорения:

начинать, вести/поддерживать и заканчивать диалог-расспрос об увиденном, прочитанном, диалог-обмен мнениями и диалог-интервью/собеседование при приеме на работу, соблюдая нормы речевого этикета, при необходимости используя стратегии восстановления сбоя в процессе коммуникации (переспрос, перефразирование и др.); расспрашивать собеседника, задавать вопросы и отвечать на них, высказывать свое мнение, просьбу, отвечать на предложение собеседника (принятие предложения или отказ); делать сообщения и выстраивать монолог-описание, монолог-повествование и монолог-рассуждение

- в области письма:

Заполнять формуляры и бланки прагматического характера; вести запись основных мыслей и фактов (из аудиотекстов и текстов для чтения), а также запись тезисов устного выступления/письменного доклада по изучаемой проблематике; поддерживать контакты при помощи электронной почты (писать электронные письма личного характера); оформлять Curriculum Vitae/Resume и сопроводительное письмо, необходимые при приеме на работу, выполнять письменные проектные задания (письменное оформление презентаций, информационных буклетов, рекламных листовок, коллажей, постеров, стенных газет и т.д.