

### МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего профессионального образования

# «Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

# ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ШКОЛА РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

«СОГЛАСОВАНО» Руководитель ОП

(подпись) (Ф.И.О. рук. ОП)

«15» июня 2015 г.

«УТВЕРЖДАЮ» Заведующая кафедрой

Кулешов Е.Л..

(подписы) «15» июня 2015 г.

РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА УЧЕБНОЙ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ Иностранный язык

Направление подготовки 09.03.02 Информационные системы и технологии

профиль «Информационные системы и технологии в связи»

Форма подготовки очная

курс 1- 2 семестр 1-4 лекции 0 час. практические занятия 144 час. лабораторные работы 0 час. в том числе с использованием МАО лек. 0/пр. 144/лаб. 0 час. всего часов аудиторной нагрузки 144 час. в том числе с использованием МАО 144 час. самостоятельная работа 144 час. в том числе на подготовку к экзамену 27 час. контрольные работы (количество) не предусмотрены курсовая работа / курсовой проект не предусмотрена зачет 1, 2, 3 семестр экзамен 4 семестр

Рабочая программа составлена в соответствии с требованиями федерального государственного образовательного стандарта высшего образования по направлению подготовки 09.03.02 Информационные системы и технологии (уровень бакалавриата) утвержденного приказом Минобрнауки №219 от 12.03.2015г.

Рабочая программа обсуждена на заседании кафедры компьютерных систем, протокол № 14 от «18» июня 2015 г.

Составитель (ли): доцент Тараненко О.И., доцент Свиридюк Н.А., старший преподаватель Роговая Н.А., старший преподаватель Михайленко Е.А., старший преподаватель Лебедева Т.В.

### Оборотная сторона титульного листа РПУД

I. Рабочая програ	мма пере	смотрена на заседани	и кафедры:
Протокол от «		20 г.	№
Заведующий кафед	црой		
		(подпись)	(И.О. Фамилия)
II. Рабочая програ	амма перс	есмотрена на заседан	ии кафедры:
Протокол от «	_»	20 г	. No
Заведующий кафед	црой		
-		(подпись)	

# Аннотация к рабочей программе дисциплины «Иностранный язык»

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык» разработана для студентов, обучающихся по направлению подготовки 09.03.02 Информационные системы и технологии и является обязательной дисциплиной базовой части Блока 1 учебного плана (Б1.Б.1).

Трудоемкость дисциплины составляет 8 зачетных единицы (288 часов). Обучение осуществляется на 1 и 2 курсах в 1-4 семестрах. Формы промежуточной аттестации — зачет на 1-3 семестрах, экзамен — после 4 семестра.

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык» логически связана с дисциплиной «Русский язык и культура речи».

Цель изучения дисциплины заключается в формировании у студентов навыков по межкультурному и межличностному общению на английском языке, которые включают в себя лексико-грамматические аспекты, основы межкультурной коммуникации, фоновые знания, стратегии общения на английском языке в устной и письменной формах.

Задачи дисциплины «Иностранный язык» направлены на:

- системное развитие у обучающихся всех видов речевой деятельности на английском языке, которые обеспечивают языковую грамотность;
- формирование средствами иностранного языка межкультурной компетенции как важного условия межличностного, межнационального и международного общения;
- содействие развитию личностных качеств у обучающихся, способствующие выбору релевантных форм и средств коммуникации, которые позволяют выбрать конструктивный формат межкультурного и межличностного взаимодействия;
- получение фоновых знаний, расширяющих кругозор и обеспечивающих успешному общению в интернациональной среде.

В результате изучения данной дисциплины у обучающихся формируются элементы следующих общекультурных компетенций:

Код и	Этапы формирования компетенции
формулировка	

компетенций		
ОК-10, способностью к письменной, устной и электронной коммуникации на государственном языке и необходимое знание иностранного языка	\ 1	основные нормы современного русского языка и систему функциональных стилей русского языка, основные фонетические, лексические и грамматические явления изучаемого иностранного языка, позволяющие использовать его как средство личностной коммуникации  пользоваться основной справочной
	(продвинутый)	литературой, толковыми и нормативными словарями русского языка, понимать и использовать языковой материал в устных и письменных видах речевой деятельности на изучаемом иностранном языке
	владеет (высокий)	навыками создания на русском языке грамотных и логически непротиворечивых письменных и устных текстов учебной и научной тематики реферативного характера в области информационных систем и технологий, иностранным языком в объёме, необходимом для возможности получения информации из зарубежных источников

Для формирования вышеуказанных компетенций в рамках дисциплины «Иностранный язык» на каждом занятии применяются методы активного обучения и интерактивные формы работы, которые включают в себя дебаты, дискуссии, «мозговой» штурм (brainstorming), метод «круглого стола», блицопрос, ролевая игра, парные и командные формы работы.

# І. СТРУКТУРА И СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ТЕОРЕТИЧЕСКОЙ ЧАСТИ КУРСА

Лекции учебным планом не предусмотрены.

# ІІ. СТРУКТУРА И СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ПРАКТИЧЕСКОЙ ЧАСТИ КУРСА

Практические занятия (144 час.)

# Тема 1. Знакомство. Занятие 1-3. September. Unit I. Making Friends (lessonA, LessonB, LessonC, LessonD) – 12 час.

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about getting to know you

Talk about your favorite things

Conversations with people you don't know

Making small talk

#### Лексика:

Using responses with "too" and "either" to show what you have in common Using "actually" to give new or surprising information

#### Грамматика:

Present of Be and Simple Present

#### Чтение:

Read the article "Improve your skills in a Small Talk" and the introduction.

#### Письмо:

Write an article on one of the topics you brainstormed (Improve your friendship, Improve your social life, Improve your English) and give three tips.

# Тема 2. Свободное время. Занятие 4-6. October. Unit II. Interests (Lesson A, lesson B, Lesson C Lesson D)- 12час.

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about your leisure time

Talk about music

Pair work about interesting hobbies

#### Лексика:

Conversation strategy: Saying "no" in friendly way

Using "really" to make statements stronger and to make negative statements

### Грамматика:

Can/ can't +verb (I can play the piano)

Verb+ to+verb (I love to swim)

Verb+verb+ing (I love swimming)

Preposition+ verb+ing (I'm good at drawing people)

Object pronouns; everybody, nobody

#### Чтение:

Read the online forum. What problem dose each person have?

#### Письмо:

Write a question about hobbies to post on a message board

# Тема 3. Здоровье. Занятие 7-9. October. Unit III. Health (lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)-12 час.

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about exercise and how to stay healthy

Discuss common health problem

Commenting and asking follow-up questions to encourage people to say more

#### Лексика:

Using "Really?" "How come?"

#### Грамматика:

Simple Present and present continuous (Use the simple present to talk about "all the time" (usually or generally) and routines; use the present continuous to talk about "now" (these days, this month) and temporary events.

#### Чтение:

Read the article "Rethink Your Way to Great Health"

#### Письмо:

Write your own suggestion how to cope with stress

# Тема 4. Праздники. Занятие 10-12. November. Unit IV. Celebrations (lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about gift giving and birthdays

Talk about how you celebrate special days

Talk about plans

#### Лексика:

Using "be going to" and indirect objects

Using" vague" expressions like and everything

Using "vague" responses like "It depends"

#### Грамматика:

The present continuous or "to be going to"

#### Чтение:

Read an article about traditions around the world

#### Письмо:

Write an invitation to a special event

# Тема 5. Моя семья и я. Занятие 13-15. November. Unit V. Growing Up(Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about growing up and one' childhood and your family background

Talk about school subjects people studied

#### Лексика:

Using most (of), a few (of), I mean; well, actually; no, wait

### Грамматика:

Using Simple Past

#### Чтение:

Read an interview with someone about his teenage years

#### Письмо:

Write answers to interview questions

# Tema 6. Путешествие по городу. Занятие 16-18. December. Unit VI. Around Town (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

## Устно-речевая деятельность:

Ask about neighborhood places

Ask for and give directions

Offer and Ask for help

#### Лексика:

Expressions like "next to"," between", etc.

Help with Can and Could

"Echo" questions like "It's where?" To check information

#### Грамматика:

Is there, are there

Offers and requests with Can and Could

#### Чтение:

Exploring the city

3 Days in Istanbul

#### Письмо:

Write a guide for a walking tour in your city or town.

Write about three different places and explain why they are worth visiting.

Checkpoint Units 4-6

## II Семестр:

Тема 7. Отъезд в отпуск. Занятие 1-3. February. Unit VII. Going Away (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

## Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about getting ready for a trip

Talk about things to take on a trip

#### Лексика:

Give opinions using "It's + adjective + to"

Use "I guess" when you're not sure

That's a great idea; That sounds great; I'd love to

## Грамматика:

Give advice and suggestions with "should", "could"," need to", etc.

#### Чтение:

Read an article about unique hotels experiences

#### Письмо:

Write a message about trip

Write notes about the travelling

# Тема 8. Дома. Занятие 4-6. March. Unit VIII. At home. (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час.

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about where you keep things at home

Talk about items in the home

Say who owns things with mine, yours, ets. And whose

#### Лексика:

Use Do you mind...? Would you mind...?

Agree to requests with expressions like "Go right ahead", "No problem"

Грамматика:

Identify things using adjectives and one and ones

#### Чтение:

Read comments on a website about unusual habits

#### Письмо:

Write an article about your evening routine. Use the expressions in the Help note that order events

# Tema 9. Всегда что-то происходит. Занятие 7-9 . March. Unit IX. Things Happen (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Tell anecdotes about things that went wrong

Talk about accidents

#### Лексика:

Use I bet to show you' re sure or that you understand

#### Грамматика:

Using the past continuous and simple past

Using the past continuous and myself, yourself, etc.

#### Чтение:

Read an article "Every cloud has a silver lining"

#### Письмо:

Write 10 to 12 sentences about the things that went wrong Checkpoint Units 7-9

# Tema 10. Коммуникация. Занятие 10-12. April. Unit X. Communication (Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about how keeping in touch

Talk about kinds of things that can interrupt phone conversations

#### Лексика:

Compare communication habits using "more", "less", and "fewer" Use "just" to soften what you say

#### Грамматика:

Using comparative adjectives

#### Чтение:

Read the article "Why all the interest in texting?"

#### Письмо:

Write a list of advantages and disadvantages of video calling, social Networking, email and texting

# Tema 11. Внешность. Занятие 13-15. April. Unit XI. Appearances ( Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about family traits and features

Talk about people's appearance

#### Лексика:

Using adjectives and have, have got

Using expressions like "What do you call...?"

Using expressions like "You mean...?"

#### Грамматика:

Using verb+ -ing and prepositions

#### Чтение:

Read an article about fashion "Fashion Statements"

#### Письмо:

Describe new trends in fashion

Write true sentences about yourself and people on how you look like

#### Тема 12. Планируем все заранее. Занятие 16-18. May. Unit XII.

### Looking ahead(Lesson A, Lesson B, Lesson C, Lesson D)- 12 час

#### Устно-речевая деятельность:

Talk about making predictions

Discussing future plans

Talk about jobs

#### Лексика:

Discussing future plans with will, may, and might

Agree to something using "All right" and "OK"

#### Грамматика:

Using the simple present in "if" and "time" clauses

Making promises with "will"

#### Чтение:

Read the article "What will life be like in the future?"

#### Письмо:

Write an article about a future invention. Will it make life better or worse?

### Why? Give four reasons

Checkpoint Units 10-12.

### III. УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ САМОСТОЯТЕЛЬНОЙ РАБОТЫ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ

Учебно-методическое обеспечение самостоятельной работы обучающихся по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» представлено в Приложении 1 и включает в себя:

план-график выполнения самостоятельной работы по дисциплине, в том числе примерные нормы времени на выполнение по каждому заданию;

характеристика заданий для самостоятельной работы обучающихся и методические рекомендации по их выполнению;

требования к представлению и оформлению результатов самостоятельной работы;

критерии оценки выполнения самостоятельной работы

## IV. КОНТРОЛЬ ДОСТИЖЕНИЯ ЦЕЛЕЙ КУРСА

No	Контролируемые	Кс	ды и этапы	Оценочні	ые средства
п/п	разделы / темы	фо	рмирования	текущий	промежуточная
	дисциплины	ко	мпетенций	контроль	аттестация
1	Практическое занятие 1-36	OK-10	Знает - грамматически й строй английского языка - особенности	Устные опросы, ПР 1 Тесты ПР-12 Рабочая	Зачет : Quiz 1- 4; 5-9; 10-12. (Приложение 2)
			межкультурной коммуникации Умеет - воспринимать иноязычную речь на слух в рамках обыденной коммуникации - выражать свои мысли грамотно, употребляя соответствующ ие грамматически е и лексические	тетрадь	Экзамен: Test 1, 2. (Приложение 2)

		формы, как	
		устно, так и	
		письменно	
		- употреблять	
		изученные	
		стратегии и	
		технологии,	
		необходимые в	
		различных	
		областях	
		иноязычной	
		коммуникации	
		Владеет -	
		навыками	
		употребления	
		соответствующ	
		их языковых	
		средств в	
		осуществлении	
		речевой	
		деятельности	
		- навыками	
		поиска	
		информации	
		языкового,	
		культурного,	
		страноведческо	
		го характера из	
		достоверных	
		источников	
		- навыком	
		просмотрового,	
		поискового и	
		аналитического	
		чтения	
		Знает - слова и	
		выражения в	
		объеме	
		достаточном	
		для	
		ежедневной	
		коммуникации	
		в устной и	
	ОК-10	письменной	
		формах	
		- стратегии	
		речевой	
		деятельности	
		Умеет	
		уверенно	
		пользоваться	
		языковыми	

средствами в
основных
видах речевой
деятельности:
говорении,
восприятии на
слух
(аудировании),
чтении,
переводе и
письме
Владеет
навыком
восприятия
информации на
слух
- навыками
осуществления
иноязычной
коммуникации
в письменной
форме

Типовые контрольные задания, методические материалы, процедуры оценивания знаний, умений и навыков, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы, представлены в Приложении 2.

Контрольные и методические материалы, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы представлены в Приложении 2.

Типовые контрольные задания, методические материалы, процедуры оценивания знаний, умений и навыков, а также критерии и показатели, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы, представлены в Приложении 2.

# V. СПИСОК УЧЕБНОЙ ЛИТЕРАТУРЫ И ИНФОРМАЦИОННО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

#### Основная литература

(электронные и печатные издания)

- 1. McCarthy M.J., McCarten J., Sandiford H. Touchstone 2: Student's Book. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2014. 151 p. http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:793916&theme=FEFU
- McCarthy M.J., McCarten J., Sandiford H. Touchstone 2: Teacher's Edition.

   Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2014. 197 p.
   <a href="http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:794324&theme=FEFU">http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:794324&theme=FEFU</a>
- 3. Rivers S., Farnoaga G. Touchstone 2: Workbook. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2010. 97 p. http://lib.dvfu.ru:8080/lib/item?id=chamo:734209&theme=FEFU
- 4. Комаров A.C. A Practical Grammar of English for Students. М.: Флинта, 2012. 248 с. http://znanium.com/catalog.php?bookinfo=455224

#### Дополнительная литература

(печатные и электронные издания)

- 1. Hashemi, Louise. English grammar in use. : Supplementary exercises. With answers / Louise Hashemi with Raymond Murphy. Cambridge University Press, 1995. 126 p. https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:318881&theme=FEFU
- 2. Janet Gokay, Marcia Fisk Ong. Touchstone Level 2 Video Resource Book. Cambridge University Press, 2008
- 3. McCarthy, M. English idioms in use / M. McCarthy, F. O' Dell. Cambridge University Press, 2002. 190 p. <a href="https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:340332&theme=FEFU">https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:340332&theme=FEFU</a>
- 4. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use. A reference and practice book for intermediate learners of English: with answers and CD-ROM / Raymond Murphy. 4th ed. Cambridge University Press, 1992. 328 p. https://lib.dvfu.ru:8443/lib/item?id=chamo:708964&theme=FEFU
- 5. Murphy, Raymond. Essential Grammar in USE. A self-study reference and practice book for elementary students of English. With answers / Murphy. 2-е изд.

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- 6. Барышников, Н.В. Основы профессиональной межкультурной коммуникации: Учебник / Н.В. Барышников. М.: Вузовский учебник: НИЦ ИНФРА-М, 2013. 368 с. http://znanium.com/catalog.php?bookinfo=408974
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# Перечень ресурсов информационно-телекоммуникационной сети «Интернет»

- 1. CNN World News <a href="http://www.cnn.com/WORLD">http://www.cnn.com/WORLD</a> (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)
- 2. Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English <a href="http://www.ldoceonline.com/">http://www.ldoceonline.com/</a>
  - 3. Merriam-Webster Dictionary <a href="http://www.merriam-webster.com/">http://www.merriam-webster.com/</a>
  - 4. Oxford Dictionaries http://www.oxforddictionaries.com/
- 5. TED Talks <a href="http://www.ted.com/">http://www.ted.com/</a> частный некоммерческий фонд в США, известный прежде всего своими ежегодными конференциями. Миссия конференции состоит в распространении уникальных идей («ideas worth spreading»), избранные лекции доступны на веб-сайте конференции.
- 6. The Guardian <a href="http://www.guardian.co.uk/">http://www.guardian.co.uk/</a> (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)...
- 7. The New York Times <a href="http://www.nytimes.com">http://www.nytimes.com</a> (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)
- 8. The Washington Times <a href="http://www.washtimes.com/">http://www.washtimes.com/</a> (тематические статьи по избранной тематике)

# VI. МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ПО ОСВОЕНИЮ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Структура изучения курса «Иностранный язык» является практикоориентированной. Основной формой работы при изучении иностранного языка являются практические занятия.

При организации учебной деятельности на практических занятиях широко используются как традиционные, так и современные электронные носители информации, а также возможности информационных и коммуникационных образовательных технологий.

Использование современных образовательных технологий позволяет учитывать уровень учебной готовности каждого обучающегося, предвидеть трудности, которые могут возникнуть при выполнении аудиторной и внеаудиторной учебной деятельности, обеспечить возможность эффективного контроля и самоконтроля.

В системе подготовки студентов практические занятия позволяют приобретать и совершенствовать общекультурные компетенции. Цели практических занятий:

- создать условия для углубления и систематизации знаний по иностранному языку;
- научить студентов использовать иностранный язык для решения задач социально-бытового характера;
- формировать учебные компетенции и познавательную мотивацию, лежащие в основе самообразования, саморазвития и самоконтроля.

Практические занятия проводятся в учебной группе. Для выполнения разнообразных учебных задач создаются условия аутентичного речевого общения.

Работа с оригинальными текстами направлена на подготовку и проведение круглого стола, практического семинара. Для выполнения заданий ситуативного характера используются групповая и парная виды работ. По изученным темам подготавливаются доклады, сообщения с презентациями.

Со стороны преподавателя студентам оказывается помощь в формировании навыков чтения иноязычных текстов, их анализа, правильной подготовки презентации; в овладении умениями писать сообщения личного и официально-делового характера.

Следует учитывать, что основной объем информации студент должен усвоить в ходе систематической самостоятельной работы с информацией на иностранном языке, размещенной как на электронных, так и на традиционных носителях.

Целью работы с грамматикой является структурирование, систематизация и углубление знаний по иностранному языку и, на этой основе, развитие умений результативной работы с иноязычными текстами и формирование коммуникативной компетентности студентов.

Формами текущего контроля результатов работы студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» являются письменные тесты, написание эссе, докладов, дискуссии по материалам изучаемых тем.

Итоговый контроль по дисциплине осуществляется в форме зачета в конце 1,2,3 семестров и экзамена в конце 4 семестра.

# VI. МАТЕРИАЛЬНО-ТЕХНИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Для проведения исследований, связанных с выполнением задания по практике, а также для организации самостоятельной работы студентам доступно следующее лабораторное оборудование и специализированные кабинеты, соответствующие действующим санитарным и противопожарным нормам, а также требованиям техники безопасности при проведении учебных и научно-производственных работ:

Наименование	Перечень основного оборудования
оборудованных	
помещений и помещений	
для самостоятельной	
работы	
г. Владивосток, о.	Мультимедийное оборудование:
Русский, п. Аякс д.10,	Экран проекционный ScreenLine Trim White Ice 50
корпус D, ауд. D 547	см черная кайма сверху, размер рабочей области
учебная аудитория для	236х147 см
проведения занятий	Документ-камера Avervision CP355AF
лекционного типа,	ЖК-панель 47", Full HD, LG M4716 CCBA
занятий семинарского	Мультимедийный проектор Mitsubishi EW33OU,
типа, групповых и	3000 ANSI Lumen, 1280x800
индивидуальных	Сетевая видеокамера Multipix MP-HD718
консультаций, текущего	
контроля и	
промежуточной	

аттестации	
Читальные залы Научной	Моноблок HP РгоОпе 400 All-in-One 19,5
библиотеки ДВФУ с	(1600x900), Core i3-4150T, 4GB DDR3-1600
открытым доступом к	(1x4GB), 1TB HDD 7200 SATA, DVD+/-
фонду (корпус А -	RW,GigEth,Wi-Fi,BT,usb kbd/mse,Win7Pro (64-
уровень 10)	bit)+Win8.1Pro(64-bit),1-1-1 Wty Скорость доступа в
Аудитория для	Интернет 500 Мбит/сек. Рабочие места для людей с
самостоятельной работы	ограниченными возможностями здоровья оснащены
	дисплеями и принтерами Брайля; оборудованы:
	портативными устройствами для чтения
	плоскопечатных текстов, сканирующими и
	читающими машинами видеоувелечителем с
	возможностью регуляции цветовых спектров;
	увеличивающими электронными лупами и
	ультразвуковыми маркировщиками

В целях обеспечения специальных условий обучения инвалидов и лиц с ограниченными возможностями здоровья в ДВФУ все здания оборудованы пандусами, лифтами, подъемниками, специализированными местами, оснащенными туалетными комнатами, табличками информационнонавигационной поддержки.



#### МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего профессионального образования

«Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

# ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ШКОЛА РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

# УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ САМОСТОЯТЕЛЬНОЙ РАБОТЫ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ

по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»
Направление подготовки 09.03.02 Информационные системы и технологии

профиль Информационные системы и технологии в связи **Форма подготовки очная** 

Владивосток 2015

# План-график выполнения самостоятельной работы по дисциплине

<b>№</b> п/п	Дата/сроки выполнения	Вид самостоятельной работы	Примерные нормы времени на выполнение	Форма контроля
1.	первый семестр			
	1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. выполнение теста		тест
		3. подготовка устного сообщения "Making Friends"		устный опрос
2.	7 -12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Interests"		перевод
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка презентации на тему "Various Interests of People"		доклад
3.	13 – 18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме		перевод

		"Health"		
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. написание эссе на тему "Healthy Lifestyle"		эссе
	Итого 1 семестр		36 часов	
	второй семестр			
4.	1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме " Celebrations"		перевод
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка устного сообщения "My Favourite Holiday"		устный опрос
5	7-12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям	12 часов	устный опрос
		2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме " Growing up"		перевод
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. написание эссе на тему "Problems of Youth"		эссе

6.	13-18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме " Around Town" 3. Написание итогового теста	12 часов	устный опрос перевод
	Итого 2 семестр		36 часов	
7.	Третий семестр 1-6неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме " Going away" 3. выполнение теста 4. подготовка устного сообщения "Place of Interest"	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест устный опрос
8.	7-12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных	12 часов	устный опрос

		текстов по теме		перевод
		"At Home"		
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка		
		устного сообщения		устный опрос
		"My Home Habits"		
9.	13-18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным	12 часов	устный опрос
		занятиям		
		2. чтение и перевод		
		дополнительных		перевод
		текстов по теме " Things happen"		
		3. выполнение теста		тест
		4. подготовка		
		устного сообщения		устный опрос
		"An accident from		
	Hanna 2 annama	my life"	26 2222	
	Итого 3 семестр		36 часов	
	Четвертый			
	семестр			
10	1-6 неделя	1. подготовка к	12 часов	устный опрос
		аудиторным занятиям		
		2. чтение и перевод		
		дополнительных		перевод
		текстов по теме "Communication"		
				тест
		3. выполнение теста		
		4. подготовка		

		презентации на тему " Modern Ways of Communication"		доклад
11	7-12 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Appearances" 3. выполнение теста	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест
12.	13-18 неделя	1. подготовка к аудиторным занятиям 2. чтение и перевод дополнительных текстов по теме "Looking ahead" 3. выполнение итогового теста	12 часов	устный опрос перевод тест
	Итого 4 семестр		36 часов	
	Всего		144 часа	

### Рекомендации по самостоятельной работе студентов

Самостоятельная работа студентов является неотъемлемой частью образовательного процесса и рассматривается как организационная форма обучения. Целями СРС являются овладение фундаментальными знаниями, общекультурными, общепрофессиональными, профессиональными И специальными компетенциями, формирование у студентов способности и навыков непрерывного самообразования и профессионального совершенствования.

Самостоятельная работа по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» осуществляется в виде аудиторных и внеаудиторных форм познавательной деятельности. Самостоятельная работа студентов включает в себя:

- Подготовку к аудиторным практическим занятиям;
- Чтение дополнительной литературы;
- Составление плана и тезисов ответа;
- Выполнение переводов;
- Выполнение тестов;
- Компьютерное и Интернет тестирование;
- Подготовка устного сообщения;
- Подготовка докладов;
- Подготовка презентаций;
- Написание эссе;
- Подготовка к участию в деловой игре, конкурсе, творческом соревновании и многое другое.

Далее представлены некоторые задания для самостоятельной работы обучающихся и методические рекомендации по их выполнению.

#### Методические указания к выполнению тестов

Тесты воспринимаются студентами как своеобразная игра. Тем самым снимается целый ряд психологических проблем — страхов, стрессов, которые, к сожалению, характерны для обычных форм контроля знаний студентов.

Основное достоинство тестовой формы контроля – это простота и скорость, с которой осуществляется первая оценка уровня обученности по конкретной теме, позволяющая, к тому же, реально оценить готовность к

итоговому контролю в иных формах и, в случае необходимости, откорректировать те или иные элементы темы.

Предлагаемые тестовые задания разработаны в соответствии с Программой по дисциплине «Иностранный язык». Данные тесты могут использоваться:

- студентами при подготовке к зачету в форме самопроверки знаний;
- преподавателями для проверки знаний в качестве формы промежуточного контроля;
- для проверки остаточных знаний студентов, изучивших данный курс.

Тестовые задания рассчитаны на самостоятельную работу без использования вспомогательных материалов. То есть при их выполнении не следует пользоваться текстами законов, учебниками, литературой и т.д.

Для выполнения тестового задания, прежде всего, следует внимательно прочитать поставленный вопрос. После ознакомления с вопросом следует приступать к прочтению предлагаемых вариантов ответа. Необходимо прочитать все варианты и в качестве ответа следует выбрать лишь один индекс (цифровое обозначение), соответствующий правильному ответу. Тесты составлены таким образом, что в каждом из них правильным является лишь один из вариантов. Выбор должен быть сделан в пользу наиболее правильного ответа.

На выполнение теста отводится ограниченное время. Оно может варьироваться в зависимости от уровня тестируемых, сложности и объема теста. Как правило, время выполнения тестового задания определяется из расчета 30-45 секунд на один вопрос.

nit 1 Quiz	Name:	Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:	
Listen to the two conve	rsations between strangers. Check (🗸) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1: At a bus stop	Conversation 2: At a friend's apartment	(2 points each)
. The man works		1 3
☐ part-time	are at a birthday party	
as a teacher	☐ work together	
in a bookstore	Marine Allegate and Marine and Control of the Contr	
. The woman's job is		2 4
at school	☐ birthday cake	
an hour from school	chocolate	
□ nearby	☐ ice cream	
Put the words in the correct	et order to make questions. Then complete the answers.	R nastate
		B 8 points (1 point each)
B No , it's not	Jack ? (name / your / is / Jack)	
n n	? (student / you / a / are / part-time) I only go to class twice a week.	1. A
		В
	// (your / go out / sister / does / a lot)	2.A
В	She likes to stay home.	В
, A	? (here / do / parents / live / your / near)	3.4
В,	They live nearby.	B
. A	? (have / do / sisters / any / you)	4.A
В,	But I have a brother.	B
	answers. Use the words in parentheses.	C 12 points (2 points each)
Example: A What's your war B It's James.	riddle name)	te points each)
D its james.	? (your parents)	20 11
B They're from Greece.	f (your parents)	1
	? (get to school)	2
B I take the bus.		2
. A	? (do your homework)	3
B In the evenings.	? (do for fun)	
B In the evenings. A	? (do for fun)	4
B In the evenings.  A		
B In the evenings.  A B I play sports.	? (do for fun)  ? (favorite food)	5
B In the evenings.  A		

1. A I love baseball.  B I do too, / Me either.  B Me either. / I'm not either.  2. A I can't speak Russian.  B I can too. / I can't either.  E Read the situations. Check (✓) the best conversation starter for each one.  1. You're in your English class. A new student is sitting next to you.  Are you a teacher?  Do you have a lot of friends?  Hi. What's your name?  Do you like this warm weather?  Do you ome here a lot?  Do you make a lot of money?  How old are you?  F Read the e-mail message, and circle the correct answers.  F I to Barall.  Let me tell you a little about myself. I'm a 16-year-old high school student. I live with my mother and brother. Unfortunately, we don't have any pets because my mother is allergic to dogs and cats. It's too bad because I really love animals. I like to swim, but I'm not a big sports fan.  Oh And I love to cook! Sometimes on weekends, I invite a few friends over for dinner. I make spaghetti or hamburgers — things like that. We all eat too much! I also make a great chocolate cake, even though! don't actually eat dessert. I make it for my brother. He loves cakes and ice cream — anything sweet.  So, Paulo, what about you? What do you like to do? What's your school like? Write soon!  Sincerely, Maria  Maria isn't an animal lover / a sports fan.  Maria watches / doesn't watch a lot of TV.	D 4 point (1 point e
3. A I don't like to shop.  B I do too./ Me either.  B Me either. / P'm not either.  2. A I can't speak Russian.  B I can too./ I can't either.  B Me too./ I do too.  E Read the situations. Check (/) the best conversation starter for each one.  1. You're in your English class. A new student is sitting next to you.  Are you a teacher?  Do you have a lot of friends?  Do you have a lot of friends?  Hi. What's your name?  You're waiting in a line in front of a jazz club. It's a nice evening.  Where do your parents live?  Do you like this warm weather?  Do you like this warm weather?  Do you wank a lot of money?  So, do you know Susan well?  F Read the e-mail message, and circle the correct answers.  F 10 (2 pc)  F Read the e-mail message, and circle the correct answers.  F 10 (2 pc)  ON 1	1 3 2 4
2. A I can't speak Russian.  B I can too. / I can't either.  E Read the situations. Check (/) the best conversation starter for each one.  1. You're in your English class. A new student is sitting next to you.    Are you a teacher?	2 4
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E Read the situations. Check (/) the best conversation starter for each one.  1. You're in your English class. A new student is sitting next to you.    Are you a teacher?   The food's not bad here, huh?   Nice to meet you.   The food's not bad here, huh?   Nice to meet you.   The food's not bad here, huh?   Nice to meet you.   The food's not bad here, huh?   Nice to meet you.   The really tired today.  2. You're waiting in a line in front of a jazz club. It's a nice evening.   Where do your parents live?   Do you like this warm weather?   Do you make a lot of money?   So, do you know Susan well?  F Read the e-mail message, and circle the correct answers.  F read the e-mail message, and circle the correct answers.  F to provide the provide of the	-
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Maria   1	
1	
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2. Maria lives with her mother and brother / parents and brother. 4	
3. Maria isn't an animal lover / a sports fan. 5  4. Maria watches / doesn't watch a lot of TV.	3
4. Maria watches / doesn't watch a lot of TV.	4
Total	5
The state of the s	Total:
5. Maria / Maria's brother loves dessert.	ou
5. Maria / Maria's brother loves dessert.	3 4 5

Unit 2 Quiz Name:		Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ Date:		accuon
A 🕯 Listen to the conversations abou	it hobbies. Check (✓) the correct answers.	A 8 points
Conversation 1	Conversation 3	(2 points each
Jack with his friends on weeke     goes to the gym     goes jogging     eats lunch	nds.  3. Adam is good at things.    fixing   learning   making	1 3
Conversation 2	Conversation 4	
2. Beth listens to jazz  □ CDs □ on the radio □ to relax	4. Alice doesn't jewelry.  □ collect □ wear □ buy	2 4
B Circle the correct words.		B 4 points (1 point each)
<ol> <li>A So, you and your brother like to v</li> <li>B Yeah. Actually everyone / no one</li> </ol>		1
<ol> <li>A Do you and your friends like count</li> <li>B Not really. Everybody / Nobody in</li> </ol>		2
A Connie's a wonderful dancer.     B That's true. Everyone / No one ca	n dance like she does.	3
4. A I love to swim in the summer.	/ nobody enjoys swimming in hot weather.	4
C Complete the conversations with the There is more than one correct answer		C 10 points (1 point each)
I. A Can you(		1.7
B No, but I like		В
2. A What do you enjoy		2. A
B Well, I love		B
3. A Would you like	(take) a carpentry class?	3. A
4. A I hate (she		B
B Me too. I prefer(SIB		4.A
5. A Are you interested in		5. A
B Not really. I can't	(swim) at all.	B
D Circle the correct words.		D 4 points (1 point each)
1. Sam plays pool / the plano / tennis	really well. He's in a jazz band.	1
	ing, so he knows a lot about plants and flowers.	2
3. Tina's good at writing / fixing / baki		3
	wing. She can make sweaters and things.	4
B. Transition of the contract	The same state of the same sta	77

: Complete th	e sentences with object pro-	nouns.	E 8 points (2 points each)
Example: I like	e Mrs. Roberts, What do you	think of <u>ker</u> ?	(a points each)
I. I listen to cla	ssical music a lot. Do you lis	sten to, too?	1
2. My wife does	photography. Look, I'm in t	this next photo. That's on the right.	2
B. Robbie Willia	ams is a singer from England	d. Do you know?	3
4. Bill and Jean	are in your meditation class	s. Do you ever see there?	4
F Read the que	estions. Check (✓) the best a	answer to make the response sound friendly.	F 8 points (2 points each)
1. A Are you in  B  No, I'm n  Not really	ito sports?	3. A Do you like to play computer games?  B No, I'm not very mechanical.	1 3
☐ No, I don	't have a lot of free time.	4. A Can you draw or paint?  B No, I don't like to take pictures.  No, it's boring.  Not really. I'm not very artistic.	2 4
What heading s	Welcome learn hov	Write the correct headings.  to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to w to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a	G 8 points (2 points each)
The Onl Photog	ine Welcome learn how new cam want to the third what kinds of photography are	Write the correct headings.  It to the Online Photography Club! Do you want to we to take better pictures? Are you ready to buy a era, but need more information? Or do you just alk with other photography fans? You can do all nogs and more here at the Online Photography Club, eryou interested in doing? Do you like to take	
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A    Listen to Kim and Alex talk about their health habits. Check (✓) the correct answers.  1. Alex goes to the gym 3. Kim likes to eat  every day meat  twice a week vegetables  three or four times a week dessert  2. Alex eats a lot of 4. Kim doesn't have time	A 8 points (2 points each) 1 3
1. Alex goes to the gym	1 3
□ snacks □ to cook □ junk food □ to exercise □ salads □ to see her family	2 4
<b>B</b> Complete the conversations with the simple present or the present continuous.  Use contractions where possible.	B 12 points (1 point each)
1. Ayou ever(get) colds?	1
B Yeah, I do. Actually, I think I (get) a cold right now.	2
Ayou usually(take) something when	3
you(have) a cold?  B No, not usually.	4
2. A Whatyou generally(do) to stay in shape?	5
B Well, for one thing, I (walk) to work every day.	6
A Uh-huhyou ever(go) to the gym?	7
B Not these days. I (not work out) at all. I'm too busy.	8
	0
3. A Whatyou (do) these days to stay healthy?	9,
B Actually, I (get) a lot of exercise these days.	10
A That's great you usually (eat) healthy food, too?	11
B Oh, yeah. My diet's great because my husband (cook) wonderful meals.	12
C Complete the sentences with the problems in the box.	C 6 points
a fever a toothache a headache a stomachache a cough allergies	(1 point each)
1. She has 2. He has 3. He has	123
4. She has, 5. She has, 6. She has	

D Write answers to the	questions. Use the w	ords in parentl	neses.	D 8 points (2 points each)
Example: A What do				(2 points carry
			. (take a hot bath)	2
A What do you do w     B	hen you get a sore th	roat?		1-
A What do you do if     B	you have a high fever	rî	(take some medicine)	2
3. A What do you do w	hen you get a headac	:he?	. (not do anything)	3
4. A What do you do it  B	you get an upset stor	mach?	. (lie down for a while)	4
E Read each statemen continue talking.				E 8 points (2 points each)
1. A I don't like exercis  B Oh, really? How of			es I have interesting dreams.  ave any dreams.	1 3
Yeah, exercise is l		☐ Really? L ☐ I like my	ike what?	
A I have a terrible to     B	oothache.	B	it about twelve hours a week,	2 4
☐ I'm sorry.	hache last month.		e is working out these days. 's a lot.	
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a too ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint	o you have a tment?	☐ Oh. That☐ You're ki	's a lot. dding! Do you go to a gym?	
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class.	o you have a tment? Do you feel tired? Do yo	Oh. That You're ki	t's a lot. dding! Do you go to a gym? Do you need to improve your diet?	F 8 points (2 points each)
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this	o you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you	☐ Oh. That ☐ You're ki u avoid exercise? Then join our	t's a lot. dding! Do you go to a gym? Do you need to improve your diet?	
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can	Do you feel tired? Do you  Why "lifestyles," and not 'have a healthy lifestyle. H	Oh. That  You're ki  avoid exercise?  Then join our  althy Lif  "lifestyle"? Because lowever, diet, exercise	t's a lot.  dding! Do you go to a gym?  Do you need to improve your diet?  class on  estyles!  there are many different ways to die and stress control are the three	
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you have a healthy lifestyle. He keys to a healthy life for a blet Am I eating	Oh. That You're ki u avoid exercise? Then join our althy Lif "lifestyle"? Because lowever, diet, exerce everyone. In this cla	t's a lot.  dding! Do you go to a gym?  Do you need to improve your diet?  class on  estyles!  e there are many different ways to ise and stress control are the three ss, learn answers to these questions:	
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you have a healthy lifestyle. He keys to a healthy life for a biet - Am I eating - When I go to What meals	Oh. That You're ki u avoid exercise? Then join our althy Lif "lifestyle"? Because lowever, diet, exerc everyone. In this cla the right foods? the supermarket, s can I order when I	The styles!  The styles!  The there are many different ways to sise and stress control are the three ass, learn answers to these questions:  What foods do I choose?  eat out in a restaurant?	
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you have a healthy lifestyle. He keys to a healthy life for a biet - Am I eating - When I go to What meals - How can I make - Am I getting enough ex	Oh. That  You're ki  avoid exercise?  Then join our  althy Lif  "lifestyle"? Because lowever, diet, exercite everyone. In this cla  the right foods? the supermarket, can I order when I make quick, healthy  streecise?  • Is	The stress of the stress always bad?  The stress on the stress control are the three are many different ways to also and stress control are the three are many different ways to also and stress control are the three are many different ways to also and stress control are the three are many different ways to also and stress questions:  The stress always to these questions:	
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓)	Do you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you have a healthy lifestyle. He keys to a healthy life for a biet  Am I eating When I go t What meals How can I r	Oh. That  You're ki  You're ki  Wavoid exercise?  Then join our  althy Lift  "lifestyle"? Because lowever, diet, exerce everyone. In this cla  the right foods? the supermarket, s can I order when I make quick, healthy ercise?  • Is s best?  • Ar	T's a lot.  dding! Do you go to a gym?  Do you need to improve your diet?  class on  CSTYICS!  there are many different ways to ise and stress control are the three ss, learn answers to these questions:  what foods do I choose? eat out in a restaurant? meals at home?	(2 points each)
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓) the four things.	Do you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you have a healthy lifestyle, have a healthy lifestyle, have a healthy life for e Diet  Am I eating When I go to What meals How can I for exercise What kind of exercise is How can I find time to e	Oh. That  You're ki  You're ki  Wavoid exercise?  Then join our  althy Lift  "lifestyle"? Because lowever, diet, exerce everyone. In this cla  the right foods? the supermarket, s can I order when I make quick, healthy ercise?  • Is s best?  • Ar	observed to improve your diet?  Class on  Cstyles!  there are many different ways to sise and stress control are the three sas, learn answers to these questions:  what foods do I choose? eat out in a restaurant? meals at home?  ses Control stress always bad? m I too stressed?	(2 points each)
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓) the four things.	Do you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you have a healthy lifestyle, have a healthy lifestyle, have a healthy life for e Diet  Am I eating When I go to What meals How can I for exercise What kind of exercise is How can I find time to e	Oh. That Vou're king to a void exercise?  Then join our althy Lift "lifestyle"? Because towever, diet, exercise? In this class the right foods? The supermarket, is can I order when I make quick, healthy excise?  Street is supermarket, is can I order when I make quick, healthy excise?  Street is supermarket, is can I order when I make quick, healthy excise?  We will be a void exercise?  We will be a void exercise?	class on class on the second of the second o	(2 points each)
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet about a new class. What can you can learn about in this class? Check (✓) the four things.	Do you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you have a healthy lifestyle, and not have a healthy life for experience with the property of the healthy life for experience with the property of the healthy life for experience with the healthy life for experience of the healthy life for experience	Oh. That  You're ki  You're ki  Wavoid exercise?  Then join our  althy Lift  "lifestyle"? Because lowever, diet, exerce everyone. In this cla  the right foods? the supermarket, s can I order when I make quick, healthy ercise?  • Is s best?  • Ar	The salicity of the salicity o	1 2 3 4
☐ I'm sorry. ☐ Yeah. I had a tool ☐ That's too bad. D ☐ dentist's appoint  F Read the leaflet ☐ about a new class. What can you can ☐ learn about in this ☐ class? Check (✓) The four things.  In this class, you can b ☐ find a better job	Do you have a treent?  Do you feel tired? Do you have a healthy lifestyles," and not have a healthy life for	Oh. That  You're king to a void exercise?  Then join our althy Lift  "lifestyle"? Because to wever, diet, exercite everyone. In this class the right foods? To the supermarket, a can I order when I make quick, healthy exercise?  Streets exercise?  Cope with the make new choose a great control of the supermarket.	The salicity of the salicity o	(2 points each)

Unit 4 Quiz	Name:	Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:	Section
A  Listen to the conver	sations. Circle the correct answers.	A 8 points
	and Jill are talking about his birthday.	(2 points each)
	k / have a party on his birthday.	1
2. Jill invites him to dinner		2
Conversation 2: Brian and	Lisa are talking about their parents' anniversary.	
	their 29th / 30th anniversary.	3
	ner at home / in a restaurant.	4
B Complete the conversat	ion with (not) going to. Use contractions where possible.	B 8 points
	Marcia celebrate New Year's Eve, Tim?	(1 point each)
vou	go to any parties?	1,
Tim No We	go to any parties? go out for dinner. Our favorite restaurant	3
(0)	serve a special meal, and our friends	4 5
The state of the s	The state of the s	
Rick So. you	stay out late.	6
Tim That's right. It	be home before midnight, huh?  on be a quiet celebration.	7 B
C Write the answers. Use i	ndirect object pronouns and the words in parentheses.	C 8 points
	going to give your Dad for his birthday? give him a watch. (watch)	(2 points each)
I. A What are you going to	do for your parents' anniversary?	1
В	(get / tickets for a trip)	
	parents going to give your father for his birthday?	2
	(book)	
	ng to do for your birthday?	3
В	(bake / a cake)	
	give your mother on Mother's Day?	4
B	(box of chocolates)	
	with the activities Has such assessment in the	D 6 points
Match the special days y		
		(1 point each)
. Valentine's Day	a. exchange rings	(1 point each)
. Valentine's Day  . New Year's Eve	a. exchange rings b. get a diploma	(1 point each) 1 2
. Valentine's Day  2. New Year's Eve  3. birthday	<ul><li>a. exchange rings</li><li>b. get a diploma</li><li>c. go out for a romantic dinner</li></ul>	(1 point each) 1 2 3
Match the special days vol. Valentine's Day  New Year's Eve birthday Halloween graduation day	a. exchange rings b. get a diploma	(1 point each) 1 2

0

E Read the pairs of sentences. Which are correct? Circle a, b,	or both.		E 4 points (1 point each)
a. Donna is moving into her new house this weekend.     b. Donna is going to move into her new house this weeken			1
a. It's raining tomorrow.     b. It's going to rain tomorrow.			2
a. I'm graduating next month.     b. I'm going to graduate next month.			3,
<ol> <li>a. Bill is going to be a great lawyer.</li> <li>b. Bill is being a great lawyer.</li> </ol>			4
F What do you think the "vague" expressions mean? Check (	√) two idea	as for each.	F 8 points (2 points each
<ol> <li>Jenna loves to go to cultural events and stuff like that.</li> <li>□ concerts</li> <li>□ festivals</li> <li>□ restauran</li> </ol>	its		1
<ol> <li>It's going to be a big wedding. There's going to be a band an  ☐ nice decorations ☐ a big parade ☐ special for</li> </ol>		ng.	2
3. Do you like celebrations and things like that?  ☐ folk songs ☐ parties ☐ special ev	vents		3
<ol> <li>Anna's going to get lots of presents and stuff at her birthday</li> <li>☐ flowers</li> <li>☐ cards</li> <li>☐ costumes</li> </ol>			4
Sent buy have or former ton			
Dear Karen,  Guess what? My brother, Mike, and I are going to go to the Winter Co			
in Quebec City this year. It's at the beginning of February, and we're go up and stay for a week. Can you join us?	going to		
Do you know about the Quebec Winter Carnival? It's a lot of fun. The			
always exciting things to do and see there. They have night parades fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting spo events, too – like an ice-carving contest.	them.		
fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting spo	o them. ecial isit urants.		
fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting sport events, too – like an ice-carving contest.  And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to violetec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restail So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we come of the context of the conte	o them. ecial isit urants.		
fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting sport events, too – like an ice-carving contest.  And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to vice Quebec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restat So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we do you a room at our hotel.  Barbara	o them. ecial isit urants. can get	False	1
fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting sports, too – like an ice-carving contest.  And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to vi Quebec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restar So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we concern you a room at our hotel.  Barbara	o them. ecial isit urants. can get	False	2 3
fireworks, and lots of winter sports. (You can either watch them or do Of course, I'm going to go skiing every day!) There are interesting sport events, too – like an ice-carving contest.  And we don't have to stay at the Carnival the whole time. I want to vice Quebec City, do some shopping, and go to some of their great restat So, are you interested in coming with us? Let us know soon, so we do you a room at our hotel.  Barbara	o them. ecial isit urants. can get	False	2

Unit 5 Quiz	Teacher Scoring
Date:	Section
Read these incorrect statements. Then listen to four people talk about their childhood memories. Cross out the incorrect words. Write the correct information.	A 8 points (2 points each)
Diane's family usually moved every six or seven years when she was a child.	1
2. Greg's grandmother told a lot of stories about her childhood in Texas.	2
3. Jeffrey and a friend had bikes. They rode them around the neighborhood together.	3
4. Liz had three good friends when she was a child. Now she never talks to them.	4
B Read each sentence. Circle the correct determiner.	B 5 points (1 point each)
Some / Some of my friends take evening classes.	1
2. There are a lot / a lot of new students in our school this year.	2
<ol> <li>Most / Most of high school students have to study a language.</li> </ol>	3
4. Only a few / a few of high school students study calculus.	4
5. Bob has three brothers and sisters. All / All of them are going to college.	5
C Complete the conversation with was, were, or did.	C 6 points (1 point each)
Amy you born in France, Pierre?	1
Pierre No, actually, I born in Montreal.	2
Amy you grow up there, too?	3
Pierre Yes, but when I fifteen, we moved to New York.	4
Amy Oh, really? How long you stay in New York?	5
Pierre Until I eighteen. Then I went to college.	6
D Complete the conversations with the words in the box. Use each word only once.	D 8 points (1 point each)
ago when for in long from until then	
1. A Did you move here 2001?	1.4
B No. We came here three years	В
2. A Were you in Japan many years?	2. A
B No, we didn't live there Only a year and a half.	В
3. A We lived in London 1995 to 2000.	3. A
B Where did you go?	В
4. A So, you came here you were six, right?	4.4
B No, we lived in Hong Kong I was eight.	В

E Match the sentence	es with the corrections. Use ea	ch answer only once.	E 10 points (2 points each
I met my best frier		a. No, wait. It was biology.	L
	7.	b. Well, my math teacher was OK.	2
		c. Uh, no, wait. It was five years.	3
		d. No, actually, I was twelve.	4
5. I took dance class		e. I mean, third grade.	5
F These people are at 1. Wendy I didn't pl 2. Tina I was real 3. Sandra I liked to 4. Bill I didn't ge physics / 5. Jason Most soci in calcult G Katy Gutierrez is I	calking about their subjects in so ay any musical instruments, but by good in P.E. I was on the <b>drar</b> draw, so I enjoyed my <b>dance / a</b> at very good grades in science so literature. al studies / mathematics classe	chool. Circle the correct words.  It I was in the choir / orchestra.  It I was in the choir / orchestra.	F 5 points (1 point each 1 2 3 4 5 G 8 points
Read Her Web site	Ms. Katy Gutier		(2 points eac
Job Wanted	Ms. Katy Gutier  I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon or	first grade, or second grade California.	(2 points eac
	Ms. Katy Gutier	first grade, or second grade California. was born in El Salvador, but hen I was two. We moved	(2 points eac
Job Wanted	Ms. Katy Gutier  I would like to teach kindergarten, in a billingual program in Oregon or  My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I am	first grade, or second grade California. was born in El Salvador, but hen I was two. We moved billingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland teaching diploma from the	(2 points eac
Job Wanted  Family Background	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon or My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I am English.  I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I car	first grade, or second grade California.  was born in El Salvador, but hen I was two. We moved billingual in Spanish and and graduated from Portland teaching diploma from the n teach all elementary school e music and social studies.	(2 points eac
Job Wanted  Family Background  Education  Favorite Subjects/	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon or My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I am English.  I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I car subjects.  My favorite subjects in school were	first grade, or second grade California.  was born in El Salvador, but then I was two. We moved billingual in Spanish and  and graduated from Portland teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school  e music and social studies. the guitar.  ersity of Oregon, I helped a	(2 points eac
Job Wanted  Family Background  Education  Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies  Experience	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon or My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I am English.  I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I car subjects.  My favorite subjects in school were My hobbles are skiing and playing. When I was a student at the University-grade teacher for one semeste students.	first grade, or second grade California.  was born in El Salvador, but then I was two. We moved billingual in Spanish and  and graduated from Portland teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school  e music and social studies. the guitar.  ersity of Oregon, I helped a	tz points eac
Job Wanted  Family Background  Education  Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies  Experience	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon or My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I am English.  I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I car subjects.  My favorite subjects in school were My hobbies are skiling and playing When I was a student at the University-grade teacher for one semeste students.	first grade, or second grade California.  was born in El Salvador, but hen I was two. We moved billingual in Spanish and  and graduated from Portland teaching diploma from the n teach all elementary school  music and social studies. the guitar.  ersity of Oregon, I helped a r, I taught Spanish to her	
Job Wanted  Family Background  Education  Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies  Experience  1. Where does Katy 2. When did Katy's f	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon or My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I am English.  I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I car subjects.  My favorite subjects in school were My hobbies are skiing and playing When I was a student at the University-grade teacher for one semeste students.	first grade, or second grade California.  was born in El Salvador, but then I was two. We moved a bilingual in Spanish and  and graduated from Portland teaching diploma from the in teach all elementary school a music and social studies. the guitar.  ersity of Oregon, I helped a r, I taught Spanish to her	1
Job Wanted  Family Background  Education  Favorite Subjects/ Hobbies  Experience  1. Where does Katy 2. When did Katy's f	I would like to teach kindergarten, in a bilingual program in Oregon or My parents are from El Salvador. I my family moved to Los Angeles w to Portland, Oregon, in 1998. I am English.  I finished high school in Portland a State University in 2002. I got my University of Oregon in 2004. I car subjects.  My favorite subjects in school were My hobbles are skiing and playing. When I was a student at the University-grade teacher for one semeste students.	first grade, or second grade California.  was born in El Salvador, but hen I was two. We moved billingual in Spanish and  and graduated from Portland teaching diploma from the n teach all elementary school  music and social studies. the guitar.  ersity of Oregon, I helped a r, I taught Spanish to her	1

Unit 6 Quiz	Name:			- 2	Teacher Scoring
Quiz	Date:			-	Section
Listen to the people a	give directions. Put the 4.	sentences in the co	orrect ord	ler.	A 8 points (I point each)
Conversation 1		Conversation 2			Conv. 1 Conv.
Turn left on Market Stre	et, and go two blocks.	Go two block	s to Birch	Street.	
It's the big building beh		Go outside, a			
You're going to see it on		Turn right on			
Go right at the next stre					
Circle the correct words	to complete the conver	rention			B 8 points
Excuse me. Is there an / a					(1 point each)
Let me think there's o			and an		1
Can I park there? I mean,	120		onics.		2
					3
Yeah, there is / are. It's rip Thanks. Oh, by the way, a	430				4 5
	161	iones nearby?			6
Sure, there are one / som					7.—
It's on Front Street, too, b	etween / next to Mack	S.			B
Write the words in the co			estion		C 10 points (1 point each)
. (help / you / could / me)					1
		7	Offer	Request	
. (can / I / how / help)		1	Onei	nequest	2
		7	Offer	Request	
. (recommend / good / you	1 / can / hotel / a)		Cite	nequest	3.
0		7	Offer	Request	
. (airport / to / give / direc	tions / me / can / you		Offer	nequest	
the base of the same	sous rine reality you	7	Offer	Doguest	
. (do / I / can / what)		1	Onei	Request	
(do / 1 / can / mat)		?	065	Decrees	5
With the second			Offer	Request	

block corner directions make r	ight straight tell turn	
1. A Excuse me. Can you me ho	w to get to the Bradford Hotel?	L
P. Surn. Co. shead for three bl	ocks Then right and go	2 3
B Sure. Go ahead for three bl to the end of the You can't	miss it.	4
2. A Can you give me to the zoo	92	5,
B Sure. Go four blocks. Then	a left. Turn left again at the	6
and walk up a block. It's _	there, on the right.	7, 0,
E Read the questions. Then complete the check Repeat words and/or add a question word.	king responses.	E 8 points (2 points each)
1. A Could you tell me how to get to the stadius	m?	1
В	, did you say?	
2. A The art museum is just three blocks away.		2
B Excuse me. It's		
3. A Is there a place to play golf around here?		3
B I'm sorry? A place to		
A Are there any jewelry stores in the neighbor		A.
4. A Are there any jewerry stores in the neighbor	amoous	71
B Sorry, what did you say?		
B Sorry, what did you say? F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct and the correct of		F 8 points
F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct a		
F Read the e-mail. Then check (✓) the correct a		
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	answers.	
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	answers.  sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation —	
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation — reet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, o the end of the block. The restaurant is on the er. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant.	
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation — reet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, o the end of the block. The restaurant is on the er. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant.	
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation — reet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, b the end of the block. The restaurant is on the er. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. reet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue	F 8 points (2 points each
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation — reet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the er. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. reet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue  3. The French Bistro is  □ on Chase Avenue	(2 points each
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation — reet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the er. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. reet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue  3. The French Bistro is  □ on Chase Avenue □ on Kelly Way	(2 points each
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation — reet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the er. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. reet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue  3. The French Bistro is  on Chase Avenue on Kelly Way on First Street	(2 points each
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation — reet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the er. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. reet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue  3. The French Bistro is  on Chase Avenue  on Kelly Way on First Street  4. The restaurant is	(2 points each
F Read the e-mail. Then check ( ) the correct of th	sary celebration at the French Bistro. The e a great time! ry! We didn't send them with the invitation — reet. Make a right (go west) on First Street, to the end of the block. The restaurant is on the er. There's a parking lot behind the restaurant. reet. Turn left (west) on First Street. Continue  3. The French Bistro is  on Chase Avenue on Kelly Way on First Street	(2 points each

Unit 7 Quiz	Name:		Teacher Scoring Section
QUIL	Date:		
A	talking about a trip to Denmark. Lister se for each sentence.	ı and	A 8 points (2 points each)
	True	False	
Lisa is going to Europ     Lisa is going to Europ			1
<ol> <li>Lisa is going to spend</li> <li>It's hard to find barga</li> </ol>			2
	v the language in Denmark.		3
	the language in Denmark.	_	4
B Mike is going on a tri to do these things? Fr infinitives.	ip to Italy, so he wrote the "to do" list be ind the correct reasons in the box. The	elow. Why does he need n write sentences using	B 10 points (2 points each)
change some money ✓buy a sweater		ome Italian expressions a suitcase	
To Do	Example: He needs to go shopping	g to buy a sweater .	
go shopping.	1.	,	1
go to the bank	2.		2
take a class	3		3
talk to Al	4		4
get a guidebook call the airline	5		5,
call the airline			
C Complete the conver adjective + to.	sations. Use the words in the box in ser	ntences with It's +	C 12 points (2 points each)
good / make reservatio important / take comfo	ons good / use a guidebook ortable shoes nice / travel by train	hard / get a cheap flight easy / get cash	
1. A Are you going to go	o to France in July?		1
B I don't know.	AN ORD VECTOR IN THE STATE OF T	in the middle of summer.	
	to travel around Europe?		2
B I'm not sure.			
3. A We're going to do a	lot of walking on this trip.		3
B Yeah.			1
A Do I need to chang	ge money in a bank?		4
B Not really.		from ATMs.	
	about the interesting places to see?	Hom At Was	R.
В	burnes to seet	for that.	
	online to find out about hotels?		6
B Yeah.	The same was about notein	early	U

D Write the advice in the correct order. Use capital letters who	ere necessary.	D 4 points (1 point ea	
1. (take / forget / good / a / to / map / don't)		1	
(need / insect / you / to / have / repellent)			
(Spanish / you / don't / learn / some / why)			
4. (take / idea / good / a / kit / first-aid / a / to / it's)		4	
E Read the situations. Then match the suggestions with the b		E 8 points (2 points e	
a. I'd like to, but I already have plans. c. I guess we c b. That sounds great. What time? d. I'd like to, b	ut I'm busy tonight.		
and she's free Thursday night. but this summany Why don't we go to a movie Sam Do you	ackpacking last summer, mer he has a job. u want to go backpacking this summer?	1 3,	
Dan went camping when he was a child, and he hated it.     A. Celia loves to a big test tom	go shopping, but she has norrow. go shopping after school.	2 4.	
F Read the postcard and circle the correct answers.		F 8 points	
Dear Carla, I'm having a wonderful time at the famous Treetops, Hotel in Keni I'm here on a tour for two days. I can't believe it — when I was a	ŋā.		
child, I always wanted to go to Africa to see the wild animals, and now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it.  They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They come to the area to divinic the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5 a.m.  Toolog a guide is going, to take us to see an African village. I wa to buy some African crafts.	Carla Sanchea 123 First Street		
now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it.  They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals.  They come to the area to divinic the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5 a.m.  Today a guide is going, to take us to see an African village. I wa	Carla Sanchea 123 First Street	1	
now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it.  They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They come to the area to divinic the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5° a.m.  Today a goide is going, to take us to see an African village. I wanto buy some African crafts.  See you soon,  Jeanne	Carla Sanchea 123 First Street	1 2 3	
now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it.  They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They come to the area to divinic the water. They're so close! You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5° a.m.  Today a gride is going, to take us to see an African village. I wa to buy some African crafts.  See you soon,	Carla Sanchea 123 First Street Palatino, CA 97792	1 2 3 4	
now I'm really here! I saw this tour online, so I decided to take it.  They call this the Treetops Hotel because the rooms are actually up in the trees. It's a great place to see a lot of different animals. They come to the area to drink the water. They're so closel You can look down on them from your hotel room. This morning, we saw four or five elephants, and a family of lions. The animals usually come very early, so it's a good idea to get up around 5 a.m.  Today a guide is going, to take us to see an African village. I wa to buy some African crafts.  See you soon,  Jeanne is traveling alone / on a tour.	Carla Sanchea 123 First Street Palatino, CA 97792	1 2 3 4 Total:	

J	nit 8 Quiz Nas	ne:	Teacher Scoring Section
	QUIZ Dat	e:	Section
A	Listen to the conversations in	people's homes. Check (✓) the correct answers.	A 8 points
	onversation 1	Conversation 2	(2 points each)
	What does Katie have to do?  Meet a friend.  Go to the library.  Read a book.	3. How many meetings does Bill have in the morning?  One. Two.	1 3
2.	What's Jane going to do?	☐ Three.	
	☐ Stay at home. ☐ Study with a friend. ☐ Get a book from the library.	4. When is Rita going to call the doctor's office?  Right away.  Between eight-thirty and nine.  After nine.	2 4
В	Circle the correct words to comp	lete the conversations.	B 8 points (1 point each)
	A Which sofa do you like? Do yo		1.4
	B No, I like the brown large / lar	ge brown one.	В
2,	A I love the big square / square !	big clocks.	2. A
	B I don't. I prefer those round or	ne / ones.	B
3,	A I want to buy a beautiful silk /	silk beautiful rug.	3. A
	$B\;$ But you already have two nice	one / ones.	B
4.	A Look at those lamps. Which or	ne / ones do you like?	4.A
	B I like that cool Russian / Russi	an cool lamp.	В
С	Complete the conversations with	mine, yours, hers, his, ours, or theirs.	C 6 points
1.	A This is a really nice apartment	Wow! Is this your TV?	(1 point each)
	${\it B}$ No. Everything in the living roo	om is Ken's.	
	A What about the CD player? Is t	hat, too?	1
	B Yeah, I have in	the kitchen. I like to listen to music while I cook.	2
	A Really? We keep	_ in the kitchen, too	3
2.	A I've got my tickets. Do you hav	e ?	4
	B Yes, I do. Do you have Karen's,	too?	
	A No, she has Ar	e we taking Mom and Dad's car to the theater?	5
			6

D Add two items to each group. Use each was bathtub coffee table dishwasher dro		D 8 points (1 point each)
	esser nightstand sofa stove toilet	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
		2
3. Hving room: armchair, lamp,		3
4. kitchen: cabinets, oven,		4
E Read each situation. Complete the reque	est. Then circle the polite response.	E 12 points
Example: You need a ride to school tomor		(2 points each answer; 1 poin
A Can you give me a vide to B Sure, no problem / No.	school tomorrow ?	each B answer
1. You're at a friend's house. You would like	to listen to the radio.	
A Do you mind	3	1. A
B Sure. / No, not at all.		В
2. You ask a friend to water your plants whi	le you're away for a few days.	
A Could you	, please?	2. A
B No, go ahead. / No problem.		B
<ol><li>A friend is visiting you in your home. You</li></ol>		
A Would you mind	7	3.A
B No, not at all. / Yes.	low is once and you feel cold	В
<ol> <li>You are in a friend's apartment. The wind A Can I</li> </ol>	A STATE OF THE STA	
B No, you can't. / Sure, go ahead.	·	4. A B
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
F Read the column. Then check (✓) the for	ur true statements.	F 8 points (2 points each
	ly's Photos ve Barry	
I wonder if your family is like mine.  We have a lot of old family photos, but we never organized them in a scrapbook, and they don't have dates on them or anything. My parents keep all of our photos in a box in the closet. Every two	ones. And we have trouble with some of the recent photos, too. For example, all of the Thanksgiving holiday pictures show the family around a big table with lots of food on it. They almost all look the same, and it's difficult to know the exact year, so we argue about that. But it's	
or three years, when we're together, we decide to look at them. We talk about the people in the photos and the events. We usually remember a lot about the recent photos, but not about the old	something we enjoy doing – talking about the family photos. It helps us remember our many good times together.	1
decide to look at them. We talk about the people in the photos and the events. We usually remember a lot about the	the family photos. It helps us remember	1 2 3
decide to look at them. We talk about the people in the photos and the events. We usually remember a lot about the recent photos, but not about the old  Steve's family's photos are in a	the family photos. It helps us remember our many good times together.   They don't remember much about the	1 2 3 4
decide to look at them. We talk about the people in the photos and the events. We usually remember a lot about the recent photos, but not about the old  Steve's family's photos are in a scrapbook.	the family photos. It helps us remember our many good times together.  ☐ They don't remember much about the recent photos. ☐ A lot of the photos look the same.	1 2 3 4 Total:

Unit 9 Quiz	Name:			Teacher Scoring Section
0,01111	Date:			Suction
A & Listen to the conver	sations about things that went wrong			A 8 points
Check (✓) true or false f				(2 points each)
Conversation 1		True	False	
Tony went hiking with see a see				1
2. Tony was climbing a roc Conversation 2	k when another hiker came by.		7.1	2
	mail when she saw a new message.	True	False	2
4. Deb didn't do anything				4
P. Complete the available	and the state of t			B 8 points
	s with the past continuous or the simp			(I point each)
1. I (hur	t) my arm yesterday. I	(look) fo	r something	1 2
in the cabinets in the kit	tchen. I (stand) on a	chair, and	I	3
(fall) c	off the chair.			4
2. Last Sunday, Lee	(drive) in the country, and	he		5 6
(not notice) a dog in the	middle of the road. Luckily, he	They	(stop) his	7
car in time, so he	(not hit) it.	(7)		8
	(6)			
C Read the situations Wri	te follow-up questions with the past o			
The state of the s	te ronow-up questions with the past of			C Bernton
		A III. I SANTON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		C 8 points (2 points each)
wear gloves drive to		ontinuous. it lift s		
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b	work cook something ✓go fa	A III. I SANTON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b  B Oh, no! Wey	work cook something √go far vike last weekend. re you going fast ?	st lifts	omething	
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b  B Oh, no! Wey	work cook something √go far pike last weekend. re you going fast ?	st lifts	omething	(2 points each)
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West 1. A Tom hurt his back at	work cook something √go factorike last weekend.  re you going fast ?  work. 3. A I burned my	st lift s	omething	(2 points each)
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at a B That's too bad.	work cook something √go factorike last weekend.  re you going fast ?  work. 3. A I burned my  B on the stove	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at a B That's too bad.	work cook something √go factorike last weekend.  re you going fost ?  work. 3. A I burned my  B  on the stove e garden. 4. A Julie had a control of the stove of	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the	work cook something √go factorike last weekend.  re you going fost ?  work. 3. A I burned my  B? on the stove a garden. 4. A Julie had a contract of the store of the	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the	work cook something √go factorike last weekend.  re you going fast ?  work. 3. A I burned my  a garden. ?  B Really?	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)  1 3  2 4
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! West  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen	work cook something √go factorike last weekend.  re you going fast ?  work. 3. A I burned my  a garden. ?  B Really?	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)  1 3  2 4  D 4 points
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen	work cook something √go factorike last weekend.  re you going fost ?  work. 3. A I burned my  a garden. ?  B a garden. 4. A Julie had a cook  Really?  ?	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)  1 3  2 4  D 4 points (1 point each)
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen	work cook something \( \sqrt{go fast} \)  work 3. \( A \) I burned my  work. 3. \( A \) I burned my  a garden. 4. \( A \) Julie had a cook  Really?  ions with reflexive pronouns.  and by?	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)  1 3  2 4  D 4 points
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen  D Complete the conversat  1. A Did Jeff travel to Engli	work cook something √go factorike last weekend.  **e you going fost ?*  work. 3. A I burned my  **on the stove e garden. 4. A Julie had a construction of the stove ?*  **B Really? **  **I ions with reflexive pronouns. **  and by? parents.	st lifts	omething orning.	1 3  2 4  D 4 points (1 point each) 1
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen  D Complete the conversat  1. A Did Jeff travel to Engli B No, he went with his p  2. A I fell down when I wa	work cook something \( \sqrt{go} \) fast weekend.  \( \frac{a}{2} \) you going fast ?  \( \frac{a}{2} \) you going fast ?  \( \frac{a}{2} \) on the stove e garden. 4. A Julie had a construction of the stove ?  \( \frac{a}{2} \) B Really?  \( \frac{a}{2} \) ?  \( \frac{a}{2} \) ions with reflexive pronouns.  \( \frac{a}{2} \) and by?  \( \frac{a}{2} \) parents.  \( \frac{a}{2} \) s playing soccer yesterday.	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)  1 3  2 4  D 4 points (1 point each)
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at a B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen  D Complete the conversat  1. A Did Jeff travel to Engl. B No, he went with his p  2. A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt	work cook something \( \sqrt{go fast} \)  work 3. \( A \) I burned my  work. 3. \( A \) I burned my  a garden. 4. \( A \) Julie had a cook  Really?  ?  ions with reflexive pronouns.  and by?  parents.  s playing soccer yesterday.  ?	st lifts	omething orning.	(2 points each)  1 3  2 4  D 4 points (1 point each)  1  2
Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen  D Complete the conversat  1. A Did Jeff travel to Engle B No, he went with his p  2. A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt  3. A What's wrong with yo	work cook something \( \sqrt{go} \) fast weekend.  \( \frac{a}{a} \to	st lift s yself this m ? ar acciden	omething orning.	1 3  2 4  D 4 points (1 point each) 1
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey  1. A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  2. A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen  D Complete the conversat  1. A Did Jeff travel to Engle B No, he went with his p  2. A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt  3. A What's wrong with yo B I burned	work cook something \( \sqrt{go} \) fast  wike last weekend.  \( \frac{a}{2} \) you going fast  work.  3. \( A \) I burned my  B \( \text{go} \) on the stove  garden.  4. \( A \) Julie had a cook  Really?  ?  ions with reflexive pronouns.  and by \( \text{go} \)?  parents.  s playing soccer yesterday.  \( \text{go} \)  ur hand?  while I was making breakfast	st lift s yself this m ? ar acciden	omething orning.	(2 points each)  1 3  2 4  D 4 points (1 point each)  1   2 3
wear gloves drive to  Example A I fell off my b B Oh, no! Wey A Tom hurt his back at B That's too bad.  A I cut my thumb in the B How did that happen Complete the conversat A Did Jeff travel to Engle B No, he went with his p A I fell down when I wa B Oh, did you hurt A What's wrong with yo	work cook something go factorike last weekend.  re you going fast ?  work. 3. A I burned my  and on the stove a garden. 4. A Julie had a constant and by?  reparents.  s playing soccer yesterday.  yur hand?  while I was making breakfast mer for your anniversary?	st lift s yself this m ? ar acciden	omething orning.	(2 points each)  1 3  2 4  D 4 points (1 point each)  1 2

ankle eye finger	knee nose	eadings. Use each word only once.	E 6 points (1 point each)
face	hand	leg	
1	3.	5	135
2	4	6	2 4 6
F Read each story and check	(✓) the best respor	se.	F 8 points (2 points each)
<ol> <li>I was running to a bus stop day, and I wasn't paying at ran into this woman. She find the purse spilled all over the I bet that was boring.</li> <li>Oh, no! That's terrible.</li> <li>Boy, you were lucky.</li> </ol>	ention, so I ell down, and	I bought some expensive tickets for a football game, but I forgot about them. The day after the game, I remembered them. Oh, that sounds nice. Did you enjoy the game? I bet you were upset.	1 3,
2. I saw a friend in a restaura and sat down at her table, to her for about a minute v I didn't know her! She wasr Wow! How embarrassin I bet she didn't notice.  I hear it's a nice place.	was talking hen I realized 't my friend!	I took a taxi home from the airport. The driver put one of my bags in the front seat. When I got home, I forgot about the bag, and he drove away with it.  Oh, no! Did you get it back?  I bet you were really happy.  Wow! That's really funny.	e 2 4
G Read this letter to Nelson I	lunter's column. Th	en check (✓) the correct answers.	G 8 points (2 points each)
Something nice happened I was with my girlfrien expensive restaurant. We we our birthdays – both our birth first week of June. Anyway, looking at the menus, a cell I was the guy next to us. When conversation, he and his wife away, paid the bill, and left the few minutes later, the owner of	d in a really free re celebrating at the character of the character of the character of the finished his erestaurant. A	ne to our table. He asked if we wanted a dinner. The meal was from the people he next table. They had to leave because y had an emergency, and they didn't e time to eat anything. It was this really big meal for two people – salad, steak, rything. So we had a delicious dinner, we didn't have to pay for it!  — Rick Holden	
1. Rick and his girlfriend's bir are  the same day  the same year  the same week	thdays 3.	The other customers didn't eat their meal because  they didn't like it it was too expensive they had to leave	1 3
When the cell phone rang, bis girlfriand warra	Rick and 4.	Rick and his girlfriend didn't the meal.	2 4
his girlfriend were  leaving the restaurant eating their meal		□ eat	Total:

Conversation 2   Conversation 2   Conversation 2   Conversation 2   Complement of the supermarket   Complement of the superm	it 10 Our Nar	ne:	Teacher Scoring
Conversation 2   Conversation 2   Conversation 2   Conversation 2   Compared to the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Gopen the door for his cat   Got the supermarket   Got the super	QUIZ Dat	e:	Section
Amy wants her Mom to			
Conversation 2	Disten to the telephone conve	ersations, Check (🗸) the correct answers.	
give dinner to his cat go to the supermarket go to the supermarke	onversation 1	Conversation 2	(2 points each)
go to the supermarket	Amy wants her Mom to		1 3
buy something else			
Amy's Mom interrupts to			
talk to Amy	77		
pay for the food   borrow her map   check on guidebooks			2 4
Complete the conversations with the comparative forms of the adjectives  (↑ = more; ↓ = less).  A E-cards are			
Complete the conversations with the comparative forms of the adjectives  (↑ = more; ↓ = less).  A E-cards are		The state of the s	
(† = more; \$\psi\$ = less).  A E-cards are	and some chocolate	in thete on guidebooks	
(† = more; \$\psi\$ = less).  A E-cards are	Complete the conversations with	the comparative forms of the adjectives	B 8 points
B Yeah, but real cards are			(1 point each)
2. A	. A E-cards are	_ († fun) than regular cards.	1.4
B I know. It's			В
A I don't like to send text messages. It's	. A E-mail is	(4 expensive) than regular mail.	2.A
phone call.  B But sometimes it's	B 1 know. It's	_ (↑ fast), too.	В
B But sometimes it's		es. It's († easy) to make a	3. A
A Do you think letters are		(† convenient) to just send a message.	В
B Yes. I like them because they're			
Read the situations. Write sentences with the words in parentheses.  **Cample:* I get a lot of voice-mail messages. I don't get a lot of text messages. (fewer)  — I get fewer text messages than voice-mail messages.  **Judy gets 20 phone calls a day. Janet gets 15 phone calls a day. (more)  I spend a lot of time on the phone. My brother doesn't spend a lot of time on the phone. (less)  **My parents didn't send many e-mails two years ago. They send a lot of e-mails now. (more)  **Last year, I wrote one or two letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a  **Last year, I wrote one or two letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a  **Last year, I wrote one or two letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a			
1 get a lot of voice-mail messages. I don't get a lot of text messages. (fewer)   1 get fewer text messages than voice-mail messages.   Judy gets 20 phone calls a day. Janet gets 15 phone calls a day. (more)   1 spend a lot of time on the phone. My brother doesn't spend a lot of time on the phone. (less)   My parents didn't send many e-mails two years ago. They send a lot of e-mails now. (more)   3		11 particular,	
2 points each   2 points each   2 points each   2 points each   3 pet fewer text messages   1 don't get a lot of text messages. (fewer)   1 get fewer text messages than voice-mail messages.   1 pet fewer text messages than voice-mail messages.   1 pet fewer text messages than voice-mail messages.   1 pet fewer text messages   1 pet fewer text messages   1 pet fewer text messages. (fewer)   1 pet fewer text messages   1 pet fewer text messages. (fewer)   1 pet fewer text messages. (fewe	Read the situations. Write senten	ces with the words in parentheses.	C 10 points
I spend a lot of time on the phone. My brother doesn't spend a lot of time on the phone. (less)  My parents didn't send many e-mails two years ago. They send a lot of e-mails now. (more)  Last year, I wrote one or two letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a			(2 points each)
phone. (less)  My parents didn't send many e-mails two years ago. They send a lot of e-mails now. (more)  Last year, I wrote one or two letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a  4	. Judy gets 20 phone calls a day. Jar	net gets 15 phone calls a day. (more)	1
phone. (less)  My parents didn't send many e-mails two years ago. They send a lot of e-mails now. (more)  Last year, I wrote one or two letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a  4	Lenend a lot of time on the phon	a My brother down't enough a los of time on the	2
(more)  Last year, I wrote one or two letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a 4	[2] [1] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2	e. My brother doesn't spend a lot of time on the	4
Last year, I wrote one or two letters a month. Now I only write one or two letters a 4		nails two years ago. They send a lot of e-mails now.	3,
	(more)	Action 1 - Cale	
year. (fewer)	. Last year, I wrote one or two lette year. (fewer)	ers a month. Now I only write one or two letters a	4
i. Beth talks on the phone a lot. Marie doesn't talk on the phone very much. (less) 5	Beth talks on the phone a lot. Ma	rie doesn't talk on the phone very much (less)	5

	Match the sentences in these telepho	ne conversations.		D 6 points (1 point each)
1.	Can you hear me?	a. You're not easy to get	hold of, either.	1
2.	Did you get my message?	b. Sure. Are you at the of	fice?	2
3.	Could I speak to Jack, please?	c. Not really. We have a b	oad connection.	3
4.	You're hard to reach	d. Yeah, I think so. When	did you leave it?	4
5.	Please leave a message	e. Uh, I'm sorry. You hav	e the wrong number	5
6.	Call me back, OK?	f. Hi, Josh! This is Marjo	rie.	6
E	Number the scrambled sentences in o	each conversation from 1 to	0.4.	E 8 points (1 point each)
	David Hello, Ken? It's David.			1
07.	Ken Oh, hi, David.			
	David Listen. Do you want to go to a			
	Ken So, what were you sayin	g?		2
	That sounds good. Someone's at the door			
	Oh, hold on a second.			
	David About a movie tonight. There's	s a good one at the Cineple	X	
2.	Steve Hello.		THE WIND ALL WATER	-
	Sarah Hi, Steve. It's Sarah. Do you ha		rsha's birthday.	
	Steve I spilled something on r		IV.	
	OK. Where were we?			
	Uh-oh. Can you excuse	me for a second, Sarah?		
	Sarah Right. We're planning a surpris		is year, and	
E		se birthday party for her th		F 10 points
F	Sarah Right. We're planning a surprise.  Read the article. Then check (✓) true	se birthday party for her th		F 10 points (2 points each)
	Read the article. Then check (✔) true	se birthday party for her th or false for each statement		
	Read the article. Then check ( ) true	se birthday party for her th or false for each statement SETTING BIGGER		
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Unit 11 Quiz	Name:	Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ	Date:	Journal
	alk about their friends from high school.	A 8 points
Check (✓) the correct answ	wers,	(2 points each)
Conversation 1	Conversation 2	
<ol> <li>In high school, Steve didn'</li> </ol>		1 3
☐ play the drums ☐ wear dark clothes	☐ has short hair☐ is in a black sweater☐	
☐ have short hair	is wearing cornrows	
2. These days, Steve	4. Maureen these days.	2 4
has a mustache	doesn't wear jewelry	
☐ is weird ☐ wears glasses	☐ is very fashionable ☐ wears casual clothes	
Li wears gausses	wears casual ciotiles	
B Circle the correct words.		B 4 points (1 point each)
<ol> <li>A Who's the girl next to / v</li> </ol>	wearing the red suit?	1
B That's Gina.		
2. A Who's Jennifer?		2
B She's the woman in / wi		
<ol><li>A Who's that guy next to I.</li></ol>		3
	in the blue shirt? That's Greg.	
I. A Which one is Dan?		4
B He's over there, by / star	nding the window.	
C Write questions for the an	iswers. Use the words in parentheses.	C 8 points
	s Jenny's hair ? (Jenny's hair)	(2 points each)
B It's black.	? (your father)	
B He's five foot eleven incl		1
	nes? (you and your sister)	
B No, we look totally diffe		2
	? (Sally / brown eyes)	
B No, she has blue eyes.	(Sany / Glown eyes)	3
4. A	? (Jeff)	
B He looks like his father.		4
- the more time the market.		
Circle the correct words.		D 6 points (1 point each)
1. Tom wears his hair in a po	onytail / bald. 4. Jill wears her hair in braces / braids.	1 4
<ol><li>Who's the muscular / long T-shirt?</li></ol>		2 5
3. Ken has shaved / sniked by	6. Sandra has pierced / long fingernails.	3 6

	Write sentences with have got. Use contractions where possible.	E 8 points (2 points eac
	Example: I've got straight hair . (I / straight hair)	1000
	. (we / freckles)	1
	2? (who / a mustache)	2
	i (you / a nice smile)	3
4	,, (he / a shaved head	4
-	Complete the conversations. Use expressions like those in the box.	F 8 points (2 points eac
	what's his / her name what do you call it / them what do you call that / those	
1	. A Do you remember when all the boys had -	1
	haircut? You know, the really short one with the flat top?	
	B Oh, do you mean the crew cut? Yeah, everybody had that in the '50s.	
2	2. A Who was that actress with the red hair?	2
	She was really funny, and she and her husband had their own TV show.	
	B You mean Lucille Ball. Yeah, she was funny.	
0.0	<ol> <li>A Those pants are back in style? They're narrow around the knee and wide around the ankle. People wore them in the '70s.</li> </ol>	3
	B Oh, bell-bottoms? No! You're kidding!	
		4
-	L. A. He yeas a really famous baseball player 7	4
4	I. A He was a really famous baseball player? You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe?	4
	L. A. He yeas a really famous baseball player 7	4
	I. A He was a really famous baseball player? You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe?	G 8 points
	A He was a really famous baseball player.  You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe.  B Oh, sure. That's Joe DiMaggio.  Read the e-mail message. Then circle the correct answers.	G 8 points (2 points eac
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	You know, he was married to Marilyn Monroe.  B Oh, sure. That's Joe DiMaggio.  G Read the e-mail message. Then circle the correct answers.  Hey Erica, Thanks so much for picking up Brad and Alicia for me at the airport tomorrow. As I said, I'm going to be busy at work until 7:00, at least.  You already have the flight information. Just be sure to be on time. You know, the flights sometimes arrive early.  You don't know Brad and Alicia, so here's a brief description. (Of course, you can always carry a big sign with "BRAD AND ALICIA" on it, but you probably don't want to do that.) Anyway, here goes:  Brad is about 5 foot 8 inches tall, with short dark hair and a mustache. He's muscular and a little heavy. Alicia is about 5 foot 10. She's very thin. She has straight brown hair. She sometimes wears her hair in braids.  Thanks again for your help. I'll see you at my apartment around 8:00. Can you have dinner with us?  Carly	G 8 points (2 points eac

Unit 12 Quiz Name:		Teacher Scoring Section
QUIZ Date:		
A 🐸 Listen to the people talk about their plans for the summer.		A 8 points
Circle the correct answers.		(2 points each)
Conversation 1		
Pete wants to take it easy / look for a job this summer.		1
2. Megan is going to work / take a class this summer.		2
Conversation 2		
3. Linda is going to move / start graduate school in the summer.		3
i. Linda wants to live by herself / in a house.		4
Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Use the simple or the future with will. Use contractions where possible.	NACCOMM.	B 10 points (2 points each)
. After I (graduate) in June, I guess I	(look for)	1
a job.		
2. John (travel) around Asia this summer if he		2
(not have to) work for the family firm.		
3. If Beth (not get) excellent grades, she		3
(not be able to) go to medical school.		
I. Before we (have) children, we	(buy) a	4
bigger house.		
5. Sandra thinks she (move) to Florida when she		5
(retire) next April.		
Write new sentences with a similar meaning. Use the words in pare	nthacae	C 10 points
Example: If I have the money, I might travel around the world next ye If I have the money, maybe I'll travel around the wo (maybe / will)	ear.	(2 points each)
. Jim is going to be 38 in August.		
. Just is going to be 36 in August.	(well)	1.—
2. I guess I'll go to graduate school in the fall.	- (will)	
	(man)	2-
3. If it rains tomorrow, I probably won't go running.	. (may)	
		3
	. (might not)	
. We may have enough money to travel around Europe for a month.	to the terms	4-
Stole not happy at work on the post to be for any to be	. (maybe / will)	
i. Sue's not happy at work, so she may look for another job.		5
	. (will / probably)	

Match the comments with the responses. Then decide if each response is an offer or a promise. Circle the correct answer.  I really want to go to the beach today, but I can't, I don't have a car.  We don't have anything b. No problem. I'll get Offer Promise to drink for the party.  Them at the drugstore.  Don't forget. Our dinner c. That's OK. I'll drive.  There will be some major thanges. Here as some predictions:  Jobs in the Future    Jobs in the Future	architect business	executive carpen	ter doctor	nurse rec	eptionist	(1 point each)
Match the comments with the responses. Then decide if each response is an offer or a promise. Circle the correct answer.  I really want to go to the beach today, but I can't. I don't have a car.  We don't have anything b. No problem. I'll get offer Promise to drink for the party.  them at the drugstore.  Don't forget. Our dinner c. That's OK. I'll drive.  Offer Promise to drink for the party.  If we go on a camping trip.  We'll need insect repellent soda.  If we go on a camping trip.  We'll need insect repellent soda.  If we go on a camping trip.  That will work in the United States be like in the future? No one knows exactly, of course, but everyone agrees that there will be some major changes. Here are some predictions:  I here will be more older people in the workplace. Why? There will be fewer young people in the U.S. population, and older workers will retire later.  People will change their jobs more often. It's normal now for people to make one or two big career changes in their lives. In the future,  Everyone thinks there will be important changes in the U.S. workplace.  There will be more young people in the workplace.  Most older people will retire sooner.  These days, people often change their careers once or twice.  A college graduates will pave to go back to school.  Technology will make it a lot easier to work in a factory.  Tetal:	helps sick people	works in an o	ffice	builds houses		
Match the comments with the responses. Then decide if each response is an offer or a promise. Circle the correct answer.  I really want to go to the beach today, but I can't, be late, I don't have a car.  Learny be late.  I don't have a car.  We don't have anything b. No problem. I'll get offer Promise to drink for the party.  them at the drugstore.  Don't forget. Our dinner c. That's OK. I'll drive.  Offer Promise offer Promise offer reservation at the restaurant is for 8 p.m.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise offer of the states of the like in the future? No one knows exactly, of course, but everyone agrees that there will be some major changes. Here are some predictions:  I here will be more older people in the workplace. Why? There will be fewer young people in the U.S. population, and older workers will retire later.  People will change their jobs more often. It's normal now for people to make one or two big career changes in their lives. In the future,  Everyone thinks there will be important changes in the U.S. workplace.  There will be more young people in the workplace.  Most older people will retire sooner.  These days, people often change their careers once or twice.  A college education will be less important.  College graduates will probably need to go back to school.  Technology will make it a lot easier to work in a factory.  Total:	1	3,		5		135
a promise. Circle the correct answer.  I. I really want to go to the beach today, but I can't. I don't have a car.  I. We don't have a car.  I. We don't have anything b. No problem. I'll get offer Promise to drink for the party them at the drugstore.  I. Don't forget. Our dinner c. That's OK. I'll drive. Offer Promise reservation at the restaurant is for 8 p.m  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, we'll need insect repellent soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll bring some offer Promise soda.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a camping trip, d. OK. I'll drive.  If we go on a campin	2	4		6		2, 4, 6, _
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to drink for the party them at the drugstore.  Don't forget. Our dinner	beach today, but I car	i't. be l		t Offer	Promise	1
reservation at the restaurant is for 8 p.m					Promise	2
we'll need insect repellent and a first-aid kit	<ol> <li>Don't forget, Our dinr reservation at the rest</li> </ol>	ner c. Tha			Promise	3
Jobs in the Future  What will work in the United States be like in the future? No one knows exactly, of course, but everyone agrees that there will be some major changes. Here are some predictions:  There will be more older people in the workplace. Why? There will be fewer young people in the U.S. population, and older workers will retire later.  People will continue to change the workplace, but it probably won't make jobs any easier. Workers in factory jobs will need more skills because they will have to go back to school for more training, especially if they change jobs.  Technology will continue to change the workplace, but it probably won't make jobs any easier. Workers in factory jobs will need more skills because they will have to understand how to use new technology.  Everyone thinks there will be important changes in the U.S. workplace.  There will be more young people in the workplace.  Most older people will retire sooner.  These days, people often change their careers once or twice.  A college education will be less important.  College graduates will probably need to go back to school.  Technology will make it a lot easier to work in a factory.  Total:	we'll need insect repe	llent sod		Offer	Promise	4
that there will be some major changes. Here are some predictions:  There will be more older people in the workplace. Why? There will be fewer young people in the U.S. population, and older workers will retire later.  People will change their jobs more often. It's normal now for people to make one or two big career changes in their lives. In the future,  Everyone thinks there will be important changes in the U.S. workplace.  There will be more young people in the workplace.  Most older people will retire sooner.  These days, people often change their careers once or twice.  A college education won't be enough. Many college education won't be enough. Many college graduates will have to go back to school for more training, especially if they change jobs.  Technology will continue to change the workplace, but it probably won't make jobs any easier. Workers in factory jobs will need more skills because they will have to understand how to use new technology.  Everyone thinks there will be important changes in the U.S. workplace.  There will be more young people in the workplace.  A college education will retire sooner.  College graduates will probably need to go back to school.  Technology will make it a lot easier to work in a factory.  Total:		Iohe in th				(2 points each)
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☐ College graduates will probably need to go back to school. ☐ Technology will make it a lot easier to work in a factory. ☐ Total:	be like in the fut exactly, of course that there will be some masome predictions:  There will be more older workplace. Why? There people in the U.S. popul workers will retire later.  People will change their normal now for people to big career changes in the Everyone thinks there  There will be more you most older people will be more you more will be more you more will be more you more your more will be more you will be will be more you will be more you will be more you will be mo	the United States ure? No one knows e, but everyone agrees jor changes. Here are recipeople in the will be fewer young ation, and older jobs more often. It's o make one or two cir lives. In the future, e will be important coung people in the w ll retire sooner.	people may che before they sto • People will nee job, but a colle Many college of to school for m change jobs. • Technology wi workplace, but jobs any easier need more skil understand ho  changes in the U orkplace.	ange their careers rep working, and an education to ge education won't graduates will have one training, espectal continue to change it probably won't. Workers in factory is because they will we to use new technology.	get a good be enough. to go back ally if they ge the make jobs will I have to	(2 points each)
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A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T	be like in the fut exactly, of course that there will be some masome predictions:  There will be more older workplace. Why? There people in the U.S. popul workers will retire later.  People will change their normal now for people to big career changes in the Everyone thinks there  There will be more you most older people will the more you most older people will these days, people of A college education you	the United States ure? No one knows e, but everyone agrees jor changes. Here are recopile in the will be fewer young ation, and older jobs more often. It's o make one or two oir lives. In the future, e will be important co oung people in the w ll retire sooner. ften change their car will be less important	people may che before they sto  People will nee job, but a colleg to school for me change jobs.  Technology will workplace, but jobs any easier need more skill understand hothanges in the Uorkplace.  Teers once or two.	ange their careers of p working, and an education to ge education won't graduates will have one training, especial continue to changiff probably won't. Workers in factory is because they will we to use new technology. It was not because they will be to use new technology. It was not because they will be to use new technology. It was not because they will be to use new technology. It workplace.	get a good be enough. to go back ally if they ge the make jobs will I have to	(2 points each)
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Test 1	Name:			Teacher Scoring Section
1631 1	Date:			COLION
A    Tim is talking with a Check (✓) true or false f		ce. Listen to the conversati	on.	A 8 points (2 points each)
		True	False	
1. You can go shopping in	Old Town.			1
<ol><li>Old Town is within walk</li></ol>	ing distance of the to	urist office.		2
<ol><li>Tim asks for directions t</li></ol>	o the art museum.			3
4. The tourist office is on E	leach Street.			4
B Martin and Vicky are the correct answers.	talking about the we	eekend. Listen and check (	1	B 8 points (2 points each)
<ol> <li>How long is the jazz fest</li> <li>From 9 a.m. to 6 p.m</li> <li>From 10 a.m. to 4 p.r</li> </ol>		3. What's Martin planning  Buy sandwiches ther  Bring some extra foo	re.	1 3
What does Vicky ask abo     The musicians.     The food.		What's Vicky going to do	on Saturday?	2_ 4_
C Complete the conversat	ions with the correct	form of the verbs in paren	theses.	C 6 points (1 point each)
1. A Can you	(play) basketball	?		1.4
B No, but I enjoy	(watch) ba	asketball games on TV.		B
2. A Would you like	(learn) Fre	ench?		2. A
		(study) another	language.	B
3. A Could you				3.A
B Sorry. I'm not very go				B
				D 4 points
D Circle the correct respon	ises.			(1 point each)
1. A I'm a big soccer fan.				1
B I am too, / Me neithe	r.			
2. A I can't stand game she				2
B I can too. / I can't eith	ier.			
3. A I love movies.				3
B I am too. / Me too.				
4. A I hate vegetables.				4
B I do too. / Me neither				

Use contractions where possi  Dan What you usually		
(1)	(do) to stay nealtny, Kate!	L
Cate Well, actually, I u	sually (not think) about my health	2
very much, but right now !	(try) to lose some weight.	3
Oan Soyou	(eat) a lot of fruit and vegetables these days?	4
ate Yes, fruit and vegetables, a	nd no junk food. But it's not easy.	
My husband and I both		5
Circle the correct words.		F 6 points (1 point each)
. I have a terrible toothache /	cough / fever. I guess I need to go to a dentist.	1
<ol> <li>Rick always does really well in geography / biology / geome</li> </ol>	n science. This year he was the best student in his try class.	2
3. I don't like sitcoms or soap of go shopping / go to movies /	peras very much. Anyway, I almost never watch TV.	3
	. First, make / go / turn a right at the next corner	4
<ol> <li>It's easy to get to the stadium</li> </ol>	and the second of the second o	
<ol><li>The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes a</li></ol>	fun on <b>Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays</b> . and go trick-or-treating.	5
<ol><li>The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes</li></ol>	fun on Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. and go trick-or-treating. ock music from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles,	6
<ol> <li>The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes a</li> <li>I really like folk / country / re the Rolling Stones, Elton Joh</li> <li>G Complete the conversations</li> </ol>	fun on Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. and go trick-or-treating. ock music from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, n, Use going to and the words in parentheses.	
5. The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes at the Rolling Stones, Elton Joh G Complete the conversations Use indirect object pronoun Example: A What are young	fun on Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. and go trick-or-treating. ock music from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, n, Use going to and the words in parentheses.	6
5. The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes at the Rolling Stones, Elton Joh G Complete the conversations Use indirect object pronoun Example: A What are you a B I'm going to but 1. A	fun on Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. and go trick-or-treating. ock music from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, n,  . Use going to and the words in parentheses. s in the answers. s in the answers. young to buy (you / buy) your son for his graduation? y kim (buy) a watch. (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday?	6
5. The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes at the Folk / country / results the Rolling Stones, Elton John G. Complete the conversations. Use indirect object pronount Example: A What are you at B. I'm going to but 1. A.	fun on Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. and go trick-or-treating.  ock music from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, n,  . Use going to and the words in parentheses. s in the answers. s in the answers. y kim (you / buy) your son for his graduation? y kim (buy) a watch.  — (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday? — (get) some CDs.	6  G 12 points (2 points each
5. The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes at the Rolling Stones, Elton John G Complete the conversations. Use indirect object pronoun Example: A What are young B I'm going to but 1. A B Yes,	fun on Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. and go trick-or-treating. ock music from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, in,  . Use going to and the words in parentheses. s in the answers. s in the answers. young to buy (you / buy) your son for his graduation? y kim (buy) a watch.  — (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday? — (get) some CDs.  — (Anne / cook) you for your birthday?	6  G 12 points (2 points each 1. A B 2. A
5. The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes at the Rolling Stones, Elton John G Complete the conversations. Use indirect object pronoun Example: A What are young B I'm going to but 1. A B Yes,	fun on Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. and go trick-or-treating.  ock music from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, n,  . Use going to and the words in parentheses. s in the answers. s in the answers. y kim (you / buy) your son for his graduation? y kim (buy) a watch.  (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday? (get) some CDs.	6 <b>G 12 points</b> (2 points each
5. The kids usually have a lot of They love to wear costumes at the Rolling Stones, Elton John G Complete the conversations. Use indirect object pronoun Example: A What are you a B I'm going to but 1. A B Yes,	fun on Halloween / Valentine's Day / their birthdays. and go trick-or-treating. ock music from the '60s and '70s. You know, the Beatles, in,  . Use going to and the words in parentheses. s in the answers. s in the answers. young to buy (you / buy) your son for his graduation? y kim (buy) a watch.  — (you / give) Paul anything for his birthday? — (get) some CDs.  — (Anne / cook) you for your birthday?	6  G 12 points (2 points each 1. A B 2. A

A Excuse me. Is / Are there any coffee shops around here?  B Yes. There are one / some on State Street. I like the Busy It's on State, between / next to a big supermarket.  A Oh, and is there a / any gas station near here?  B Yes, there's one / any on Randall Road. Just go straight a It's across / on the corner of Randall and Adams.	Bee.	(1 point each) 1 2 3 4 5
It's on State, between / next to a big supermarket.  A Oh, and is there a / any gas station near here?  B Yes, there's one / any on Randall Road. Just go straight a lt's across / on the corner of Randall and Adams.		3 4
A Oh, and is there a / any gas station near here?  B Yes, there's one / any on Randall Road. Just go straight a It's across / on the corner of Randall and Adams.	head for three blocks.	4
A Oh, and is there a / any gas station near here?  B Yes, there's one / any on Randall Road. Just go straight a It's across / on the corner of Randall and Adams.	head for three blocks.	
B Yes, there's one / any on Randall Road. Just go straight a  It's across / on the corner of Randall and Adams.	head for three blocks.	5
10		
		6
Write the conversations using the words in parentheses	. Follow the example.	I 8 points
Example: A what do you do if you get a bad coug B If I get a bad cough, I take medicine	k? (if / get a bad cough)	(2 points each
I. A	? (when / feel sick)	I.A
B	(go to a doctor)	B
2. A	? (if / get really tired)	2.4
B	(take a nap)	В
J Circle the correct determiners.		J 4 points (1 point each)
<ol> <li>All / All of high school students study a foreign language</li> </ol>	1.	1
<ol><li>A few / A few of my friends are taking French and Spanis</li></ol>		2
3. A lot / A lot of Bill's classmates are going to college next	year.	3
However, no / none of them did well on their exams.		4
K Complete the conversation with was, were, or did. Use of where necessary.	apital letters	K 6 points (1 point each)
Janet Whereyou born, Mario?		1
Mario I born in Chile.		2
Janet Really? That's cool. How long you live	there?	3
Mario Until I 18. Then we came here to Los A		4
Janetyou learn English in Chile?		5
Mario Yes, I But just a little.		6

L Complete the questions with object pronouns. Complete the answers with everybody or nobody. Use capital letters where necessary.	L 6 points (1 point each)
Example: A Listen to this song, Do you know it ?	
B Oh, sure. That's "Daydream Believer." Everybody knows that song.	
A Listen to this band – the Maniacs. I think they're great. Do you like?	1.4
B Sure. Almostlikes the Maniacs.	В
2. A Listen. This is Garth Brooks. Do you know?	2.A
B Yeah, he's a country singerknows Garth Brooks.	B
3. A I love rap. Do you like, too?	3. A
B Yeah, I do. But in my family likes it very much.	В
M Read the first part of each conversation. Check (✓) the best response to sound friendly and encourage the people to continue talking.	M 5 points (1 point each
A So are you a big rock music fan?	1
B	
2. A Do you have any hobbies?	2
B No. Hobbies are boring. □ No, I'm not very mechanical. □ Um, no. I don't have much time for hobbies.	
3. A I don't feel well.	3
B	
4. A Do you want to go to the Cinco de Mayo celebration on Thursday?	4
B	
<ol> <li>A I'd like to go to that new Italian restaurant tonight.</li> </ol>	5
B Excuse me. Did you say Italian? ☐ Oh, I can't stand Italian food. ☐ Yeah? I like French food.	
Photocopiable © Cambridge University Press	Test 1

N 8 points (2 points each)

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# THE STUDENT TIMES

The Student Times interviewed Diana Walker, the new senior class president. We asked her about her studies, her hobbies, and her plans for the coming year. Here's what she said.

Student Times: What are your favorite classes? And what classes don't you like?

Diana Walkert Well, I love history and Mr. Thompson's literature class. Everybody likes his classes, right? And classes I don't like? I guess that's physics— I'm terrible at physics.

ST: Do you have any hobbies?

DW: Yeah, I'm into nature, actually. I like to go hiking and bird-watching with my friends.

ST: What about music? Do you play a musical instrument? DW: Well, not really. I played the piano when I was a kid, but then I stopped. I enjoy listening to music, of course.

ST: Do you have any plans as class president? I mean, are you going to make any changes?

DW: Well, I'm just starting the job now, so I don't know yet. But this is going to be an interesting year. Why don't you come back and interview me again next month? I'll know better then.

1.	Diana Walker is interviewing the senior class president.	True	False	1
2.	Diana Walker likes all of her classes.			2
3.	Diana Walker doesn't play the piano now.			3
1.	Diana Walker is planning to make a lot of changes.			4

O Read the article. Then read about the people and their habits. Which habits are helpful for sleep? Check (✓) the four people with the helpful habits. O 8 points (2 points each)

# Are You Getting Enough ?

Everybody sleeps, but many people don't get enough sleep for their health. In recent surveys, 60% of Americans reported problems with their sleep at least one or two nights a week. If you are having problems with your sleep, here are some things you can do.

- Exercise regularly. Regular exercise helps you sleep, but don't exercise right before you go to bed. Your body needs time to slow down.
- Don't read, study, or watch TV in bed. Think about your bed as a place just for sleeping. That way when you go to bed, you will probably fall asleep right away!
- Don't have coffee or tea after 7 p.m. And remember to be careful
  of soda, because many of them will keep you awake, too.
- Control eating late in the day. It's OK to have a light snack, but don't eat a big meal.
- If you feel stressed at bedtime, turn off the lights and listen to relaxing music for a while. Or just lie there and imagine you are in a quiet, peaceful place.

Barbara likes to go jogging at night – around 9 p.m.
Ron doesn't drink coffee or tea after dinner.
At bedtime, Alicia turns off the light and tries to think about nice things.
lane usually gets home from work late and eats a big dinner.
Jerry often does his homework in bed.
Maria loves soda. She drinks it all day and night.
Jack exercises every afternoon.
Dam has an early dinner and she usually doesn't eat after that

2

3.\_\_\_

4.\_

Tota

\_\_ out of 100

Test 2	Name;	the same transmitted	Teacher Scoring Section
1631 2	Date:		section
Alice is calling a re	estaurant. Listen to the tele	onhone gammantles	
Check (✓) the correct	answers.	ephone conversation.	A 8 points (2 points each)
. Alice is calling the res		Rebecca isn't	I 3
☐ find something ☐ make a reservation		tall thin	
2. Alice feels		The restaurant is going to close	. 2 4
☐ hungry ☐ embarrassed		early	
□ worried		□ at 7:00 □ at 9:00	
B	ding a break at work. Lister e for each sentence.	n to their conversation.	B 8 points (2 points each)
		True False	
. Bill sometimes takes a	-		1
<ol><li>Liz is going to go runn</li></ol>	ning with Bill.		2
. Laz is going to go ruin.			
	ewspaper in the evening.	0 0	3
3. Bill likes to read the n	ewspaper in the evening.		3 4
Bill likes to read the not. Liz doesn't usually go	ewspaper in the evening. online in the evening.	0 0	4
Bill likes to read the not. Liz doesn't usually go  Complete the convers	ewspaper in the evening. online in the evening.	sent, the present continuous, or	
<ul> <li>Bill likes to read the not</li> <li>Liz doesn't usually go</li> <li>Complete the convers going to and the verbs</li> </ul>	ewspaper in the evening. online in the evening. sation. Use the simple pres	sent, the present continuous, or ractions where possible.	4 C 5 points
Complete the converse going to and the verbs  Tony How	ewspaper in the evening, online in the evening, sation. Use the simple press in parentheses, Use continues are semester	sent, the present continuous, or ractions where possible.  (go), Mona? (take) five classes this semester.	C 5 points (1 point each)
Description of the second seco	ewspaper in the evening. online in the evening. sation. Use the simple press in parentheses. Use conting the semester	sent, the present continuous, or ractions where possible.  (go), Mona? (take) five classes this semester. me to do all the work.	4 C 5 points (1 point each)
D. Bill likes to read the note. Liz doesn't usually go Complete the convers going to and the verbs Tony How your Mona Not very well, actually a lot. I	ewspaper in the evening. online in the evening. sation. Use the simple press in parentheses. Use conting the semester	sent, the present continuous, or ractions where possible.  (go), Mona? (take) five classes this semester. me to do all the work.	4 C 5 points (1 point each) 1 2
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E These people are planning a trip to a foreign country. Write the conversations. Use need + the infinitive for reasons and Is it + adjective for questions.	E 8 points (2 points each)
Example: A I need to go online to get a hotel room.	
(go online / get a hotel room)	
B Is it important to make a reservation early ?	
(important / make a reservation early)	
1. A	1.4
(call a travel agent / ask about public transportation)	
B?	B
(easy / get around)	
	2.4
2. A	2. A
(get a phrase book / learn some expressions)	
B?	B
(necessary / understand the language)	
F Write answers to the questions. Put the adjectives in parentheses in the	F 6 points
correct order, and use one or ones.	(2 points each
Example: A Which armchair do you like?	
B 1 like the large brown one (brown / large)	
1. A Which dress do you like?	1
	-
B (green / pretty)	
2. A Which curtains would you like?	2
B, (Chinese / silk)	
3. A Which table do you want?	3
B (glass / round)	
D	
G Read the pairs of sentences. Write a sentence with the same meaning	G 6 points (2 points each
using the word in parentheses.	V-000-001000000000000000000000000000000
Example: I make a lot of calls from my office. I don't make many calls from my home.  I make more phone calls from my office than from my home. (more)	
1. I use a cell phone a lot. Frank doesn't use a cell phone very much.	1
, (more)	
2. We don't spend much time online. Our kids spend a lot of time online.	2
	124
, (Jess)	
<ol><li>You don't send many text messages. I send a lot of text messages.</li></ol>	3
(fewer)	

H Maria is asking Judy to describe Steve. Write the questions for the answers.	H 6 points	0
Example: Maria Do Steve and his brother look alike ?	(2 points each)	0
Judy No, Steve and his brother look totally different.		0
1. Maria ?	1	0
Judy He's short and thin, and he has long brown hair.		0
2. Maria, exactly?	2	0
Judy He's five six.		0
3. Maria?	3	0
Judy No, his hair is curly.		0
	I 4 points	0
I Circle the correct words.	(1 point each)	0
I'll graduate in June if I don't / won't fail any courses.	1	0
After I graduate / will graduate, I'll take a trip to Brazil.	2	0
3. When I come back from my trip, I'll look / look for a job.	3,	0
4. Then I may / 'Il probably move out of my parents' house.	4	0
I Complete the appropriate the con-	J 3 points	0
J Complete the conversations. Use reflexive pronouns.	(1 point each)	0
A Did you go to a movie with Paul?  B No, I went by	1	0
2. A What happened to Mark's leg?		0
는 하는 [4] 프로젝트로 프로젝트 등 사람들은 보면 함께 보는 사람들이 되었다.	2	0
B He was playing tennis with Liz, and he hurt  3. A Did you burn ?		0
B Yes. I spilled some hot water on my hand.	3	0
2 res. r spined some not water on my hand.		0
K Complete the conversations with the verbs in parentheses.	V 7	0
Use the simple past or the past continuous.	K 7 points (1 point each)	0
Ericayou (hurt) your arm, Gary?	1	0
Grant Ves I		0
Gary Yes, I (sprain) it.	2	00
Erica How? What	3 4	9
Gary I (paint) the house, and I (fall) off a ladder.	5 6	00
Erica Ouch! Well, at least you (not break) anything!	7	0
(1)		0
L Circle the correct words to complete the conversation.	L 6 points (1 point each)	9
Dave Who's / Whose keys are these? Are they your / yours, Gary?	1. 2.	0
Gary No, my/mine are in my/mine pocket. Maybe they're Anna's. She just left.	2	0
100	5, 4,	ŏ
Sue Yeah, I think they're her / hers. Don't worry. She'll be right back.	5,	0
She probably needs them to get into her / hers car.	6	0
		0

M Circle the best words to complete the sentences.	M 5 points (1 point each)
Sarah is going on a business trip to Tokyo. She needs to take her	1
tent / makeup / first-aid kit.	
We're shopping for some new furniture for the living room. Last weekend,	2
we saw some nice nightstands / dressers / armchairs.	
<ol> <li>The boys were in a fight at school yesterday. Terry got / broke / hurt a black eye.</li> </ol>	3
4. Hello? Josh? I can't hear you. I think we have a bad message / connection / number	er. 4
<ol> <li>Jill is the woman by / standing / wearing the red suit. She's talking to Joe.</li> </ol>	5
N Read the situations and the beginnings of the conversations. Check (✓) the best response for each situation.	N 4 points (1 point each
You're in the kitchen, and you're making lunch for a friend.     Your friend is sitting in the living room next to the telephone.     The phone rings.	1
You Would you mind answering the phone?	
Your friend	
☐ Oh, no. No problem.	
☐ The phone? It's not mine. ☐ No, go ahead.	
<ol> <li>David helped a friend move some heavy furniture last weekend, and he hurt his back. He's talking with his friend Janice.</li> </ol>	2
David I really hurt myself. I could hardly move for a couple of days.  Janice	
☐ Oh, I bet he wasn't too happy. ☐ Oh, no! Are you better now? ☐ Wow. That was lucky.	
<ol><li>Bill loves to go to car races. Matt went with him a few weeks ago, and he had an awful time.</li></ol>	3
Bill There's another race this Saturday. Do you want to go?  Matt	
☐ That sounds great. Let's go! ☐ What time does it start? ☐ Uh, I guess we could, but	
Cathy and Judy are planning a big party at Judy's apartment. Suddenly, Judy thinks of something they forgot.	4
Judy Oh, no! I just realized – there aren't enough places for people to sit.  Cathy Don't worry	
☐ I'll sit on the couch. ☐ I'll bring some chairs. ☐ I won't forget. I promise!	
Photocopiable © Cambridge University Press	Tet

I travel a lot, and it's	Complete the conversation with the comparative forms of the adjectives (↑ = more; ↓ = less).		
I travel a lot, and it's	Rob So, how do you like your new cell phone, Anna?		
I travel a lot, and it's	Is it(† good) than your regular phone?	1	
I travel a lot, and it's	nna Well, it's a lot (A convenient) for me because	2	
Rob Is it	I travel a lot, and it's (A easy) to make calls anytime	3	
P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  P Read the article. Then check (*) the four true statements.  S Low Trip to Europe  S low travel is becoming more popular with visitors to Europe these days. A slow traveler doesn't go slowly from place to place - and stays there for at least a week. Interesting idea, you may say, but where do you stay! Not in a hotel, respond experienced slow travelers. You need to rent a vacation home.  This kind of travel has many advantages. Good European rental homes are fairly easy to get, and they are usually cheaper than hotels – especially for large groups. And the trip will be even less expensive because you can cook at home. But best of all, you'll have more time to		4	
Next Time Try a  Slow Trip to Europe  Solve travel is becoming more popular with visitors to Europe these days. A slow traveler doesn't go slowly from place to place. A slow traveler goes to only one place – and stays there for at least a week. Interesting idea, you may say, but where do you stay? Not in a hotel, respond experienced slow travelers. You need to rent a vacation home.  This kind of travel has many advantages. Good European rental homes are fairly easy to get, and they are usually cheaper than hotels – especially for large groups. And the trip will be even less expensive because you can cook at home.  But best of all, you'll have more time to  (2 points each)  Of course, slow travel isn't for everyone. If you rent a house, no one will come in to make your bed and clean every day, and you might not have all the modern conveniences. Also, it can take some time to plan the trip and find the right rental. But slow travelers say it's the	nna Well, I use my cell phone a lot, so it isn't († cheap) for me!	5	
Next Time Try a  Slow Trip to Europe  Solution	Read the article. Then check (✓) the four true statements.		
	Slow Trip to Europe  Slow travel is becoming more popular with visitors to Europe these days. A slow traveler doesn't go slowly from place to place. A slow traveler goes to only		
	week. Interesting idea, you may say, but where do you stay? Not in a hotel, respond experienced slow travelers. You need to rent a vacation home.  This kind of travel has many advantages. Good European rental homes are fairly easy to get, and they are usually cheaper than hotels — especially for large groups. And the trip will be even less expensive because you can cook at home. But best of all, you'll have more time to just relax and explore the area.  Of course, slow travel isn't for everyone. If you rent a house, no one will come in to make your bed and clean every day, and you might not have all the modern conveniences. Also, it can take some time to plan the trip and find the right rental. But slow travelers say it's the only way to go.	1	
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It isn't hard to find a vacation rental in Europe.  Rental homes can be inexpensive for large groups.  If you slow travel, you won't save money.	week. Interesting idea, you may say, but where do you stay? Not in a hotel, respond experienced slow travelers. You need to rent a vacation home.  This kind of travel has many advantages. Good European rental homes are fairly easy to get, and they are usually cheaper than hotels – especially for large groups. And the trip will be even less expensive because you can cook at home. But best of all, you'll have more time to just relax and explore the area.  A slow traveler only visits a few different places.  Slow travelers usually stay in hotels.  It isn't hard to find a vacation rental in Europe.  Rental homes can be inexpensive for large groups.  If you slow travel, you won't save money.	1 2 3 4	
It isn't hard to find a vacation rental in Europe.  Rental homes can be inexpensive for large groups.  If you slow travel, you won't save money.  You'll have more time to learn about one place if you slow travel.	week. Interesting idea, you may say, but where do you stay? Not in a hotel, respond experienced slow travelers. You need to rent a vacation home.  This kind of travel has many advantages. Good European rental homes are fairly easy to get, and they are usually cheaper than hotels — especially for large groups. And the trip will be even less expensive because you can cook at home. But best of all, you'll have more time to just relax and explore the area.  Of course, slow travel isn't for everyone. If you rent a house, no one will come in to make your bed and clean every day, and you might not have all the modern conveniences. Also, it can take some time to plan the trip and find the right rental. But slow travelers say it's the only way to go.  A slow traveler only visits a few different places. Slow travelers usually stay in hotels. It isn't hard to find a vacation rental in Europe. Rental homes can be inexpensive for large groups. If you slow travel, you won't save money. You'll have more time to learn about one place if you slow travel.	1 2 3 4	
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Read the article. Then check (✓) true or false fo	r each stateme	1114	Q 8 points (2 points each)
I Hate Moving! by Chris Steiner			
days. Why? I'm a pack rat. And I collect a lot of heavy things. For instance, I have lots of books. And I have records. Most of my friends gave away their records when CDs became more popular, but I didn't. Instead, I got theirs.  I remember my first move – from my parents' house to college. It was pretty easy. I packed my clothes, my stereo, and a few books into my car – that was it!  Other little other for wee year	er people pack re to boxes and lab on't. When I mo of different stu f ball, a book, a example – so I teks. moved here si bably move agai I my next move i can collect a	o not very organized. celated items into neat el them carefully, but ove, my boxes are all ff – some clothing, a and a bathroom towel, can't find things for ex years ago, and I'll in in a couple of years. be easier? I doubt it. lot of things in eight	
. Chris got some of his records from his friends.	True	False	1
. Chris's move to college wasn't hard.			
. Chris packs different kinds of things together.			3
. Chris's last move was eight years ago.	i		4
			Total: out of 100

# Критерии оценки выполнения тестов

**Критерии оценки выполненных студентами тестов** определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки: 85% - 100% правильных ответов – «отлично»;

66% - 84% правильных ответов – «хорошо»;

50% - 65% правильных ответов – «удовлетворительно»;

менее 50% правильных ответов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся в тестах неправильные ответы.

## Методические указания к чтению и переводу дополнительных текстов

Прежде чем приступить к чтению и переводу текста необходимо предварительно ознакомиться с пояснениями к тексту.

Затем нужно прочитать внимательно весь текст до конца, чтобы познакомиться с его содержанием. Читая текст, нужно отметить все трудные места, затем разбить текст на абзацы и внимательно по предложениям начать переводить его. Если в абзаце имеются сложные предложения, следует разобраться в каждом отдельно, связывая его затем с последующим.

Предложения следует анализировать так:

а) найти подлежащее и сказуемое; б) разбить все предложение на смысловые элементы; в) перевести дословно; г) не глядя на предложение, рассказать себе простыми словами основной смысл его, д) сделать окончательный перевод, строя русское предложение согласно правилам русского языка.

Переведя предложение, следует выписывать незнакомые слова и одновременно отыскивать в словаре значение, соответствующее данному контексту.

Часто при переводе можно встретить идиомы, которые на русский язык дословно не переводятся, поэтому перевод их надо делать, либо исходя из общего смысла данного предложения, либо прибегать к помощи специального словаря. Переведя все абзацы текста, следует его еще раз прочитать, чтобы установить, хорошо ли читается перевод, понятен ли его смысл, а также обработать встречающиеся шероховатости стиля.

## TEXT 1

There is something really unusual about hobbies and interests. They vary from person to person distinguishing one personality from the other. They also bring different people together, taking the mind off the monotony that sets in with the daily routine. The best thing that can happen to you is to be able to live your hobby every day, making a living out of doing what gives you a sense of pleasure and satisfaction.

Did you know that there are so many millionaires in this world, who would never have achieved what they did, if there field of success was not their hobby! Let's take an example of an application that was created as a hobby, and is now a part of everyone's life - Facebook. Do I need to tell you the rewards Mark Zuckerberg has received because of his hobby?

Many of us let go of our interests and hobbies to meet the daily demands of life; don't do that. Life is about being happy, about being able to enjoy what you do, and trust me, there are many things that people enjoy doing!

#### Hobbies Related to Nature

Let us begin with the activities that remind us of our natural self - hobbies related to the nature in which we live! What makes this category special is that these activities can also contribute to the environmental issues that we are facing globally. Issues, like global warming, deforestation, animal conservation, etc., may be taken care of in our own little way. Have a look at the hobbies that can help you make the earth greener and healthier.

- **♦** Recycling
- ◆ Organic farming
- **♦** Composting
- **♦** Landscape gardening
- ♦ Hydroponic gardening
- ◆ Making birdfeeders/birdhouses

- ◆ Creating art from used material
- ◆ Making recycled paper
- ◆ Animal care (volunteering at an animal shelter)

## Hobbies Related to Sports and Adventure

Most people confine hobbies related to sports and adventure to men. I fail to agree. Adventure is something that every human seeks because it gives them a sense of thrill and achievement. There are various activities in this category, and each one is worth a try!

- ◆ Scuba diving
- **♦** River rafting
- **♦** Bungee jumping
- **♦** Skiing
- **♦** Trekking
- **♦** Ice skating
- **♦** Surfing
- **♦** Racing
- **♦** Gymnastics
- **♦** Hunting

### TEXT 2

Creativity, to me, is another form of a true blessing! The ability to think and create something beautiful is a true art. If you have the creative spark in you, then there is nothing that can stop you from exploring your inner potential. Below is a list of hobbies that you would love to do!

- ◆ Cook foods in disguise (dishes that look something but are something else)
- **♦** Painting
- ♦ Graffiti art

- **♦** Creative writing
- **♦** Dancing/choreography
- ◆ Singing/composing music
- **♦** Sculpting
- ◆ Model building
- ◆ Interior decorating
- **♦** Jewelry-making

## **Hobbies Related to Computers and Technology**

Almost half of the population today is tech savvy, using technology-based applications for doing half of the routine work, be it sending and receiving e-mails, educating yourself on various topics through search engines, or socializing through Facebook, Twitter, or Skype. Some of the most popular hobbies are those associated with the virtual world. The following are some examples.

- ◆ Computer games
- ◆ Video gaming
- ◆ Social networking
- ♦ Keeping virtual pets
- **♦** Creating software
- ◆ Internet browsing
- ◆ Blogging
- ◆ Building computers and robots

#### Observational Hobbies

Being observant is a natural skill, and a true observer is the one that notices even the minute details without making it obvious to others. These hobbies teach us a lot of things including patience, perseverance, and appreciation. The world that we live in is a marvel in itself, the beauty of which we seldom notice due to our busy schedule. These hobbies will help you think beyond your usual sphere.

- **♦** Birdwatching
- **♦** Geocaching
- **♦** Photography
- **♦** Cloud watching
- **♦** Stargazing
- **♦** People watching
- ◆ Herping (looking for reptiles)
- **♦** Amateur meteorology
- **♦** Reading

## **TEXT 3**

## **Outdoor Hobbies**

A hobby is something that we enjoy doing, something that relaxes our minds! While the best place to relax is home, there are many people, who define relaxing as something that is done outdoors. Below is a list of hobbies that tend to relax and refresh your mind and body in the midst of nature.

- **♦** Fishing
- **♦** Archery
- **♦** Boating
- **♦** Traveling
- **♦** Camping
- **♦** Kayaking
- **♦** Kart racing
- **♦** Golfing
- **♦** Swimming
- **♦** Skateboarding

Talking about outdoor hobbies reminds me of Ernest Hemingway and his love for fishing! Knowing the popular author and journalist that he was, he always took time out for outdoor fishing trips with his friends. He started fishing at the age of 3, and wrote many write ups, like Tuna Fishing in Spain, Trout Fishing All Across Europe: Spain Has the Best, Then Germany. His first novel published in 1952, The Old Man and the Sea, was also based on the life of an old fisherman.

## **Indoor Hobbies**

Have you come across this situation at home, when your brother wants to play soccer on a Sunday morning but your sister wants to stay at home and play cards? For some people, the ultimate way to refresh their minds and relax, is not by doing something out in the open, but something within the coziness of the indoors. Like I said, not all of us are the same!

- ◆ Playing cards
- ◆ Tarot card reading
- ◆ Playing board games
- ♦ Watching movies
- **♦** Cubing
- **♦** Bowling
- **♦** Billiards
- ◆ Ping pong/table tennis
- **♦** Pottery

#### **TEXT 4**

Why I Love New York

By Regis St Louis, Author

I've lived in NY since 2001, and I'm excited about how green the city has become in recent years. The <u>Brooklyn Bridge Park</u> in my neighborhood, the High Line, the <u>Hudson River Park</u>, the growing number of farmers markets around town, the new CitiBike program, Bloomberg's plant-a-million-trees campaign: New York is no longer 'the concrete jungle' of yesteryear. Culturally speaking, it's an exciting time to be in <u>New York</u>, with the arrival of new theaters, cultural centers and sporting arenas (Theatre for a New Audience, BRIC, Barclays Center). I also feel fortunate to be here during the Brooklyn renaissance, when there's so much creativity in the air.

## Nexus of the Arts

The Met, the MoMA and the Guggenheim are just the beginning of a dizzying list of art-world icons. You'll find museums devoted to everything from fin de siècle Vienna to immigrant life in the Lower East Side, and sprawling galleries filled with Japanese sculpture, postmodern American painting, Himalayan textiles and New York City lore. For a glimpse of current and future greats, delve into the cutting-edge galleries of Chelsea and the Lower East Side, with their myriad exhibition spaces, and festive opening-night parties (usually Thursday night if you want to join in).

## The Night Is Young

When the sun sinks slowly beyond the <u>Hudson</u> and luminous skyscrapers light up the night, New York transforms into one grand stage. Well-known actors take to the legendary theaters of Broadway as world-class soloists, dancers and musicians perform at venues large and small across town. Whether high culture or low, <u>New York</u> embraces it all: in-your-face rock shows at Williamsburg dives, lavish opera productions at the <u>Lincoln Center</u>, and everything in between. This is a city of experimental theater, improv comedy, indie cinema, ballet, poetry readings, burlesque, world music, jazz and so much more. If you can dream it up, it's probably happening in NYC.

#### **Urban Wanderers**

With its compact size and streets packed with eye-candy of all sorts – architectural treasures, old-world cafes, atmospheric booksellers and curiosity shops – NYC is an urban wanderer's delight. Crossing continents is as easy as walking over a few avenues in this jumbled city of 200-plus nationalities. You can lose yourself in the crowds of Chinatown amid brightly painted Buddhist temples, steaming noodle shops and fragrant fishmongers, then stroll up to Nolita for enticing boutiques and coffee-tasting among the craft-minded scenesters. Every neighborhood offers a dramatically different version of New York City – from the 100-year-old Jewish delis of the Upper West Side to the meandering cobblestone lanes of Greenwich Village. And the best way to experience this city is to walk its streets.

#### **TEXT 5**

#### Top 10 Places To Visit in Tokyo

I love Tokyo! I never thought I would say this, but after 10 days spent there, Tokyo became my favorite city in the world (over Paris!!). I always was a city girl, and though I love nature, I could never live too far, nor too long away from the concrete and electric jungle. And I'm afraid I will never again be able to stay away for too long from Tokyo - the most civilized and well-organized jungle of them all. The most famous of Tokyo's attractions can be reached by subway or train, and though huge and a bit intimidating at first, you will get anywhere in no time.

Tokyo was the first city we visited in Asia, and comparing it with all the other places we've visited before (and after), **Tokyo is a different world altogether**. If I were to recommend you only one city to visit in the world (given that you are not Japanese), I would recommend you Tokyo. You get the idea, I'm in love with this city! And this is not only because for me it represents the peak of civilization, law, order and fashion, it is also because from all the places I've visited so far, this is the one that stands out most, in all the good ways.

The following list of *places to visit in Tokyo* is based on our personal experience and organized in no particular order. Please feel free to add your favorite places in Tokyo in the comment section below.

#### THINGS TO DO & PLACES TO VISIT IN TOKYO

Shibuya 109 & Shibuya Crossing

Shibuya is the point zero of Japanese fashion and the Mecca of chic; and it fascinated me so much, I must be a Shibuya girl in a parallel universe or something. The way these girls dress, the contact lenses that make the eyes look bigger, all that lace, ruffles, colorful socks, and ribbons, make for the most elegant casual outfits I've ever seen. I get goose bumps every time I remember the time I spent shopping in the trendy boutiques at Shibuya 109. I left part of my heart there, and ever since I got back home all I want is to go back.

The Shibuya Crossing is a couple of minutes from Shibuya 109 and just outside Shibuya Station served by JR Yamanote Line. This crossing, made famous by the 'Lost in Translation' movie, is one of the busiest in the world and the quintessence of organized chaos. The traffic lights from all directions turn red all at the same time and for the next couple of minutes people invade the crossing like spilled beans out of a can.

You can observe the spectacle of lights and people from the Starbucks on the crossing's north side or you can experience the madness for yourself, which in my opinion is far better. My husband and I crossed quite a few times here just for fun and not one single time did we bump into another person or people bumped into us. Everybody matched their peace at the speed of the person in front, walking at unison, on lanes. Now if this is not the ultimate example of civilization, I don't know what is.

#### Meiji Shrine (traditional Tokyo)

Meiji Shrine is a Shinto shrine located in the Shibuya Ward, in the middle of a beautiful forest with huge Torii gates leading to the main hall and it is accessible from the Harajuku Station on the JR Yamanote Line. Dedicated to the deified spirits of Emperor Meiji and his wife, it is now a favorite place for wedding ceremonies.

We were lucky to witness such a procession. Led by two shrine priests and two shrine maidens, the couple followed under a big red umbrella. Family and friends came next, but we were surprised by both the reduced numbers of participants and by the lack of joy on their faces. Apparently Shinto wedding ceremonies are very solemn and quite unique.

Also there were lots of worshipers ruminating around the shrine's grounds, and many of the ladies and young girls were dressed in gorgeous kimonos. As opposed to the nearby Yoyogi Park, Meiji Shrine is the place to go contemplate the old Japan and Japanese traditions.

#### Yoyogi Park on a Sunday

There is no better place for people watching in Tokyo than the Yoyogi Park. The park is very popular with young Japanese people, especially on Sundays, and you can spot the unleashed wackiness of an otherwise reserved nation.

We spotted from shy Lolitas and classy girls drinking red wine from crystal glasses while seated on a picnic cloth, to couples in love, club meetings, teenagers rehearsing plays, and homeless people giving a ride to their cats in supermarket trolleys. Everything goes and nobody feels out of place.

The park is pretty huge and doesn't give the feeling of being crowded at all, but then again, this is part of a special Japanese talent - in spite of Tokyo being the world's most populous metropolis, we never felt overwhelmed by the number of people around us.

#### Критерии оценки

Критерии оценки выполненных студентами работ определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки:

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86 - 100 баллов – «отлично»;
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76 - 85 баллов – «хорошо»;

61 – 75 баллов – «удовлетворительно»; менее 61% баллов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся в переводах недочеты.

### Методические указания к подготовке устных сообщений, докладов, презентаций на иностранном языке.

Подготовка сообщения, доклада или презентации (далее – Сообщение) на английском языке является важной формой работы, которая расширяет общий кругозор студента за счет использования дополнительных англоязычных источников; учит планировать длительное высказывание на английском языке с логическими переходами от одной мысли к другой, расширяет словарный запас.

#### 1. ВЫБОР ТЕМЫ

- 1.1. При выборе темы Сообщения следует предпочесть тему, которая:
- а. наиболее интересна;
- b. достаточно широко представлена в профессиональной англоязычной прессе и Интернете качественными и доступными материалами;
  - с. актуальна и может заинтересовать аудиторию.
  - 2. РЕГЛАМЕНТ ВЫСТУПЛЕНИЯ И ОБЪЕМ СООБЩЕНИЯ
- 2.1. Объем Сообщения должен соответствовать оговоренному регламенту.
- 2.2. Как правило, длительность звучания устной презентации составляет около 5 минут при следующих параметрах напечатанного текста: текст в объеме 1800 знаков, т.е. одной печатной страницы A4 с использованием шрифта Times New Roman, кегль 14 пт и интервала 1,5.

- 2.3. Если студент не укладывается в регламент, решение о продлении времени выступления будет принято преподавателем в зависимости от качества Сообщения и от оставшегося объема.
- 2.4. Если Сообщение имеет недостаточный объем, возможно снижение оценки.

#### 3. СТАДИИ ПОДГОТОВКИ СООБЩЕНИЯ

Следует иметь в виду, что подготовка Сообщения на английском языке имеет свою специфику и должна включать в себя следующие шаги:

- 3.1. Поиск англоязычных и русскоязычных материалов по заданной теме.
- 3.2. Составление плана Сообщения, исходя из понимания темы студентом и исходя из найденных материалов;
  - 3.3Составление текста Сообщения, включая:
- а. прочтение найденных материалов и выделение в них отрезков, которые будут использованы в Сообщении;
- b. составление списка неизвестных студенту английских слов и выражений, проверка их значений по словарю;
  - с. проверка по словарю произношения новых английских слов и слов.
  - d. анализ и компоновка готовых отрезков англоязычного текста;
- е. самостоятельное дописывание на английском языке недостающих связок;
  - g. проверка текста.
- 3.4 Проверка текста Сообщения преподавателем и тренировочное проговаривание студентом.

#### Требования к представлению и оформлению сообщений, докладов, презентаций

#### ОФОРМЛЕНИЕ СООБЩЕНИЯ

1. Сообщение для выступления в группе оформляется в свободной форме, которая, однако, обеспечивала бы преподавателю возможность

вносить исправления. В связи с этим такое оформление должно содержать следующие элементы:

- а. название Сообщения на английском языке;
- b. имя и фамилия студента;
- с. название школы, номер группы;
- d. сквозную нумерацию страниц, включая первую страницу;
- е. выбор шрифта свободный, кегль шрифта не менее 12 пт.; межстрочный интервал не менее 1,15;
  - f. стандартные поля.

#### СОДЕРЖАНИЕ СООБЩЕНИЯ

- 1. Чрезвычайно важное значение имеет полнота раскрытия темы. Докладчик должен проявить знание основных и некоторых второстепенных вопросов в рамках заданной темы. Количество вопросов зависит как от уровня подготовки студента, так и от его уровня владения иностранным языком.
- 2. Содержание Сообщения должно соответствовать заданной теме. Если значительный объем выступления посвящен вопросам, не относящимся к заданной теме, или если студент, игнорируя формулировку темы, беспорядочно излагает все, что ему известно по данному вопросу, преподаватель может снизить оценку за выступление.

#### ЯЗЫК СООБЩЕНИЯ

- 1. Язык Сообщения должен быть грамматически правильным, выверенным лексически и стилистически уместным.
- 2. Произношение слов и интонация должны быть правильными и не затруднять понимания.
- 3. Новые для аудитории слова и выражения, а также их перевод должны быть либо выписаны на доске до начала выступления, либо должны присутствовать в специальной области соответствующих слайдов электронной презентации.

4. Для обозначения логического перехода от одной мысли к другой, выражения согласия или несогласия, схожести или контраста и т.д., необходимо использовать так называемый функциональный язык, т.е. служебные выражения, используемые для выполнения какой-либо функции.

#### Критерии оценки выполнения устных работ

Критерии оценки выполненных студентами работ определяются преподавателем самостоятельно. Рекомендуются следующие критерии оценки:

86 - 100 баллов – «отлично»;

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менее 61 баллов – «неудовлетворительно».

При подведении итогов по выполненной работе рекомендуется проанализировать допущенные ошибки, прокомментировать имеющиеся недочеты.

Балл	Содержание	Взаимодейств	Лексический	Грамматическ	Произношен
Ы		ие с	запас	ая	ие
		собеседником		правильность	
				речи	
100-	Задание	Демонстрируе	Имеет большой	Использует	Речь понятна:
86	полностью	т способность	словарный	разнообразные	соблюдает
	выполнено:	начинать и	запас,	грамматически	правильный
	цель	активно	соответствующ	е структуры в	ритм и
	общения	поддерживать	ий	соответствии с	интонационн
	полностью	беседу,	поставленной	поставленной	ый рисунок.
	достигнута.	соблюдая	задаче.	задачей: в	Все звуки в
	Тема	очередность в		более сложных	потоке речи
	раскрыта в	обмене		структурах	произносятся
	заданном	репликами:		допускает	правильно.
	объеме и	способность		небольшое	
	представлен	быстро		количество	
	а в виде	реагировать и		ошибок,	
	логичных и	проявлять		которые не	
	связных	инициативу		мешают	
	высказывани	при смене		пониманию.	
	й.	темы.			
85-76	Задание	В	Имеет	Использует	В основном,
	выполнено:	большинстве	достаточный	структуры, в	речь понятна:
	цель	случаев	словарный	целом,	звуки в потоке
	общения	демонстрирует	запас, в	соответствующ	речи
	достигнута;	способность	основном	ие	произносятся
	однако, тема	начинать при	соответствующ	поставленной	правильно4
	раскрыта не	необходимост	ий	задаче;	однако, в

	в полном объеме; высказывани я в основном логичные и связные.	и и поддерживать беседу, реагировать и проявлять инициативу при смене темы. В некоторых случаях наблюдаются	поставленной задаче. Однако, наблюдается некоторое затруднение при подборе слов и отдельные неточности в беседе.	допускает ошибки как в простых, так и сложных структурах, однако, они не препятствуют пониманию.	ритме и интонационно м рисунке прослеживает ся заметное влияние родного языка.
75-50	Задание выполнено частично: цель общения достигнута не полностью, тема раскрыта недостаточн о.	паузы.  Не стремится начинать и поддерживать беседу; передает наиболее общие идеи в ограниченном контексте; в значительной степени зависит от помощи со стороны собеседника.	Имеет ограниченный словарный запас, в некоторых случаях недостаточный для выполнения задания.	Делает многочисленны е ошибки или допускает ошибки, затрудняющие понимание.	В отдельных случаях понимание речи может быть затруднено из-за неправильног о ритма, интонационно го рисунка и неправильног о произнесения отдельных звуков; требуется напряженное внимание со стороны
Мене е 50	Задание не выполнено; цель общения не достигнута	Не может поддержать беседу.	В целом не соответствует поставленной задаче.	В целом не соответствует поставленной задаче.	слушающего. Содержание высказывания не воспринимает ся.

#### Методические указания к написанию эссе

Написание эссе — это вид внеаудиторной самостоятельной работы по написанию сочинения небольшого объема и свободной композиции на частную тему, трактуемую субъективно и обычно неполно.

Эссе пишется в формальном (деловом) стиле. В эссе обучающему требуется выразить свою точку зрения на заданную

тему, а так же привести противоположные вашей точки зрения других людей и объяснить, почему он с ними не согласен. Обучающиеся должны подкрепить свое мнение примерами или доказательствами. В эссе должны активно использоваться конструкции типа «In my opinion», «I think». Необходимо использование вводных слов и конструкций типа "On the one hand, on the other hand"..., слов - связок (Nevertheless, Moreover, Despite...). Запрещается использование сокращения, типа "I'm", "they're" "don't". Эссе состоит из четырех абзацев:

#### **1) Introduction** (вступление)

Во вступлении необходимо четко сформулировать тему-проблему, указав, что существуют две противоположные точки зрения на проблему (Some people claim that mobile phones are very useful devices while others argue that life could be less stressful without them.) и высказать свое мнение, не используя слишком много личных конструкций. Однако первое предложение не должно слово в слово повторять заданную тему сочинения. Рекомендуемое окончание первого абзаца: Now I would like to express my point of view on the problem of ....

#### 2) Основная часть

1 абзац. Привести 2-3 аргумента, подтверждающих вашу точку зрения, подкрепляя ИХ примерами ИЛИ доказательствами. Во втором абзаце вы должны придерживаться только ОДНОЙ точки зрения, например: Mobile phones in my opinion are very useful devices. ИЛИ I consider mobile harmful the phone to be a and useless invention. Необходимо привести 2-3 аргумента с доказательствами в поддержку собственного мнения

**2 абзац.** Привести противоположные точки зрения (1-2), и объяснить, почему вы с ними НЕ согласны. Пример: However, some people think that mobile phones not only keep you in touch with your relatives and friends but also provide you with a great number of facilities. I can't agree with this statement because...

Ваши контраргументы мнению других людей не должны повторять 2ой абзап.

#### 3) Conclusion (заключение)

Необходимо сделать вывод, обратившись к заданной в 1-м параграфе теме, что существуют 2 точки зрения на проблему, а также подтвердить собственную точку зрения.

Например: «There are different points of view on this problem. I think that...» или «Taking everything into consideration, there are two different points of view on this problem. I believe that...

#### 1 абзац.Вводные фразы

- It is popularly believed that....
- People often claim that... Some people argue that...
- A lot of people think that...
- It is often suggested /believed that...
- Many people are in favour of idea that... Many people are convinced that...
  - Some people are against...

#### 2 абзац. Фразы, выражающие свою точку зрения:

- I would like to explain my point of view on this situation.
- I would like to express my opinion on this problem.

### Фразы, характеризующие преимущества обсуждаемой

#### проблемы:

- As already stated I'm in favor of... for a number of reasons...
- There are many things to be said in favour of...
- The best/ thing about..... is...

#### Фразы, перечисляющие точки зрения:

- Firstly, /First of all....
- In the first place
- To start with, / To begin with,
- Secondly, Thirdly, Finally,

• Last but not least,

#### Фразы, добавляющие новые аргументы:

- Furthermore, /Moreover, /What is more,
- As well as..../In addition to this/that...
- Besides, /.....also....
- Not only..., but..... as well.
- Apart from this/that....
- not to mention the fact that

#### 3 абзац.

- Some people believe that... however they fail to understand that...
- they fail to consider that... they forget that...
- Some people argue that .... I can not agree with it as ...
- I disagree with this point of view (statement, opinion) because ...
- It has become fashionable for some people to argue that...
- Contrary to what most people believe, I think that...
- As opposed to the above ideas...I believe that...

#### 4 абзац. Заключительные фразы:

- In conclusion,
- On the whole,
- To conclude,
- To sum up,
- All in all,
- All things considered
- Finally,
- Lastly,
- Taking everything into account,
- Taking everything into consideration

#### Выражение личного мнения:

- In my opinion this subject is very controversial
- In my view...

- To my mind...
- To my way of thinking...
- Personally I believe that...
- I feel strongly that...
- It seems to me that...
- As far as I am concerned...

#### Критерии оценки выполнения письменных работ

Письменные работы оцениваются по пятибалльной шкале по пяти критериям:

а) Содержание (соблюдение объема работы, соответствие теме, отражены ли все указанные в задании аспекты, стилевое оформление речи соответствует типу задания, аргументация на соответствующем уровне, соблюдение норм вежливости).

При неудовлетворительной оценке за содержание остальные критерии не оцениваются и работа получает неудовлетворительную оценку;

- б) Организация работы (логичность высказывания, использование средств логической связи на соответствующем уровне, соблюдение формата высказывания и деление текста на абзацы);
- в) Лексика (словарный запас соответствует поставленной задаче и требованиям данного года обучения языку);
- г) Грамматика (использование разнообразных грамматических конструкций в соответствии с поставленной задачей и требованиям данного года обучения языку);
- д) Орфография и пунктуация (отсутствие орфографических ошибок, соблюдение главных правил пунктуации: предложения начинаются с заглавной буквы, в конце предложения стоит точка, вопросительный или восклицательный знак, а также соблюдение основных правил расстановки запятых)



# МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

# ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ШКОЛА РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

#### ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»
Направление подготовки 09.03.02 Информационные системы и технологии

профиль Информационные системы и технологии в связи **Форма подготовки очная** 

Владивосток 2015

# Паспорт ФОС

Код и формулировка компетенции	Этап	ы формирования компетенции
ОК-10, способностью к письменной, устной и электронной коммуникации на государственном языке и необходимое знание иностранного языка	знает (пороговый уровень)	основные нормы современного русского языка и систему функциональных стилей русского языка, основные фонетические, лексические и грамматические явления изучаемого иностранного языка, позволяющие использовать его как средство личностной коммуникации
	умеет (продвинутый)	пользоваться основной справочной литературой, толковыми и нормативными словарями русского языка, понимать и использовать языковой материал в устных и письменных видах речевой деятельности на изучаемом иностранном языке
	владеет (высокий)	навыками создания на русском языке грамотных и логически непротиворечивых письменных и устных текстов учебной и научной тематики реферативного характера в области информационных систем и технологий, иностранным языком в объёме, необходимом для возможности получения информации из зарубежных источников

№	Контролируемые	Ко	ды и этапы	Оценочн	ые средства
	разделы / темы	фој	рмирования	текущий	промежуточная
п/	дисциплины	ко	мпетенций	контроль	аттестация
П					
1	Практическое	ОК-10	Знает	Устные	Зачет : Quiz 1-
	занятие 1-36		-	опросы,	4; 5-9; 10-12.
			грамматически	ПР 1 Тесты	(Приложение
			й строй	ПР-12	2)
			английского языка	Рабочая	
			- особенности	тетрадь	Экзамен : Test
			межкультурной		1, 2.
			коммуникации		(Приложение
			Умеет		2)
			- воспринимать		
			иноязычную		
			речь на слух в		
			рамках		

обыденной коммуникации - выражать свои мысли грамотно, употребляя соответствующ ие грамматически е и лексические формы, как устно, так и письменно - употреблять изученные стратегии и технологии, необходимые в различных областях иноззычной коммуникации Владеет - навыками употребления соответствующ их языковых средств в осуществлении речевой деятельности - навыками поиска информации языкового, культурного, страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения Знает	I	٠ ٢
- выражать свои мысли грамотпо, употребляя соответствующ ие грамматически е и лексические формы, как устно, так и письменно - употреблять изученные стратегии и технологии, необходимые в различных областях иноязычной коммуникации Владеет - навыками употребления соответствующ их языковых средств в осуществлении речевой деятельности - навыками поиска информации языкового, культурного, страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		
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- навыками употребления соответствующ их языковых средств в осуществлении речевой деятельности - навыками поиска информации языкового, культурного, страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		коммуникации
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- навыками поиска информации языкового, культурного, страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		речевой
поиска информации языкового, культурного, страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		деятельности
информации языкового, культурного, страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		- навыками
языкового, культурного, страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		поиска
культурного, страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		информации
страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		языкового,
страноведческо го характера из достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		культурного,
достоверных источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		страноведческо
источников - навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		го характера из
- навыком просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		достоверных
просмотрового, поискового и аналитического чтения		источников
поискового и аналитического чтения		- навыком
поискового и аналитического чтения		просмотрового,
чтения		
		аналитического
Знает		чтения
		Знает
- слова и		
выражения в		
ОК-10 объеме	OK-10	
достаточном		
для		
ежедневной		

	коммуникации	
	в устной и	
	письменной	
	формах	
	- стратегии	
	речевой	
	деятельности	
	Умеет	
	уверенно	
	пользоваться	
	языковыми	
	средствами в	
	основных	
	видах речевой	
	деятельности:	
	говорении,	
	восприятии на	
	слух	
	(аудировании),	
	чтении,	
	переводе и	
	письме	
	Владеет	
	- навыком	
	восприятия	
	информации на	
	слух	
	- навыками	
	осуществления	
	иноязычной	
	коммуникации	
	в письменной	
	форме	
	I T T T I	

# Шкала оценивания уровня сформированности компетенций

Код и формулировка компетенции	Этапы формиро	вания компетенции	критерии	показатели
ОК-10, способностью к письменной, устной и электронной коммуникаци и на государственн ом языке и необходимое	знает (пороговый уровень)	основные нормы современного русского языка и систему функциональных стилей русского языка, основные фонетические, лексические и грамматические явления	воспроизводить и объяснять учебный материал с требуемой степенью научной точности и полноты	знает на элементарном уровне основные нормы современного русского языка и систему функциональны х стилей русского языка,

знание		изущаемого		основные
		изучаемого		
иностранного		иностранного языка,		фонетические,
языка		позволяющие		лексические и
		использовать его		грамматические
		как средство		явления
		личностной		изучаемого
		коммуникации		иностранного
		,		языка,
				позволяющие
				использовать его
				как средство
				личностной
				коммуникации,
				наиболее
				употребительну
				ю лексику
				общего языка и
				терминологичес
				кого характера
	умеет	пользоваться	выполнять	умеет
	(продвинуты	основной	типичные задачи	пользоваться
	й)	справочной	на основе	основной
		литературой,	воспроизведения	справочной
		толковыми и	стандартных	литературой,
		нормативными	алгоритмов	толковыми и
		словарями	решения	нормативными
		русского языка,		словарями
		понимать и		русского языка,
		использовать		понимать и
		языковой		использовать
		материал в		языковой
		устных и письменных		материал в
		видах речевой		устных и письменных
		деятельности на		видах речевой
		изучаемом		деятельности на
		иностранном		изучаемом
		языке		иностранном
				языке,
				осуществлять
				поиск
				необходимой
				информации в
				глобальной
				компьютерной
				сети
	владеет	навыками	решать	владеет
	(высокий)	создания на	усложненные	навыками
		русском языке	задачи в	создания на

грамотных и	нетипичных	русском языке
логически	ситуациях на	грамотных и
непротиворечивы	основе	логически
х письменных и	приобретенных	непротиворечив
устных текстов	знаний, умений	ых письменных
учебной и	и навыков	и устных текстов
научной тематики		учебной и
реферативного		научной
характера в		тематики
области		реферативного
информационных		характера в
систем и		области
технологий,		информационны
иностранным		х систем и
языком в объёме,		технологий,
необходимом для		иностранным
возможности		языком в
получения		объёме,
информации из		необходимом
зарубежных		для возможности
источников		получения
		информации из
		зарубежных
		источников

# Методические рекомендации, определяющие процедуры оценивания результатов освоения дисциплины

#### Оценочные средства для промежуточной аттестации

Промежуточная аттестация студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в соответствии с локальными нормативными актами ДВФУ и является обязательной. Промежуточный контроль проводится в виде зачета/экзамена Объектом ПО семестрам. контроля являются коммуникативные умения во всех видах речевой деятельности (аудирование, говорение, чтение, письмо), ограниченные тематикой и проблематикой изучаемых разделов курса. Итоговый контроль проводится в виде выпускного экзамена за весь курс обучения иностранному языку. Объектом контроля является достижение заданного Программой уровня владения иноязычной коммуникативной компетенцией (Основного/Повышенного).

# Критерии выставления оценки студенту на зачете/ экзамене по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»:

<b>Баллы</b> (рейтингов ой оценки)	Оценка зачета/ экзамена (стандартная )	Требования к сформированным компетенциям
100-86	«зачтено»/ «отлично»	Оценка «отлично» выставляется студенту, если он глубоко и прочно усвоил программный материал, исчерпывающе, последовательно, четко и логически стройно его излагает, умеет тесно увязывать теорию с практикой, свободно справляется с задачами, вопросами и другими видами применения знаний, причем не затрудняется с ответом при видоизменении заданий, использует в ответе материал монографической литературы, правильно обосновывает принятое решение, владеет разносторонними навыками и приемами выполнения практических задач.
85-76	«зачтено»/ «хорошо»	Оценка «хорошо» выставляется студенту, если он твердо знает материал, грамотно и по существу излагает его, не допуская существенных неточностей в ответе на вопрос, правильно применяет теоретические положения при решении практических вопросов и задач, владеет необходимыми навыками и приемами их выполнения.
75-61	«зачтено»/ «удовлетвор ительно»	Оценка «удовлетворительно» выставляется студенту, если он имеет знания только основного материала, но не усвоил его деталей, допускает неточности, недостаточно правильные формулировки, нарушения логической последовательности в изложении программного материала, испытывает затруднения при выполнении практических работ.
60-50	«не зачтено»/ «неудовлетв орительно»	Оценка «неудовлетворительно» выставляется студенту, который не знает значительной части программного материала, допускает существенные ошибки, неуверенно, с большими затруднениями выполняет практические работы. Как правило, оценка «неудовлетворительно» ставится студентам, которые не могут продолжить обучение без дополнительных занятий по соответствующей дисциплине.

#### Критерии оценки (письменный ответ)

✓ 100-86 баллов - если ответ показывает глубокое и систематическое знание всего программного материала и структуры конкретного вопроса, а также основного содержания и новаций лекционного курса по сравнению с учебной литературой. Студент демонстрирует отчетливое и свободное

владение концептуально-понятийным аппаратом, научным языком и терминологией соответствующей научной области. Знание основной литературы и знакомство с дополнительно рекомендованной литературой. Логически корректное и убедительное изложение ответа.

✓ 85-76 - баллов - знание узловых проблем программы и основного содержания лекционного курса; умение пользоваться концептуальнопонятийным аппаратом в процессе анализа основных проблем в рамках данной темы; знание важнейших работ из списка рекомендованной литературы. В целом логически корректное, но не всегда точное и аргументированное изложение ответа.

✓ 75-61 - балл — фрагментарные, поверхностные знания важнейших разделов программы и содержания лекционного курса; затруднения с использованием научно-понятийного аппарата и терминологии учебной дисциплины; неполное знакомство с рекомендованной литературой; частичные затруднения с выполнением предусмотренных программой заданий; стремление логически определенно и последовательно изложить ответ.

✓ 60-50 баллов — незнание, либо отрывочное представление о данной проблеме в рамках учебно-программного материала; неумение использовать понятийный аппарат; отсутствие логической связи в ответе.

#### Критерии оценки (устный ответ)

✓ 100-85 баллов - если ответ показывает прочные знания основных процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличается глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; владение терминологическим аппаратом; умение объяснять сущность, явлений, процессов, событий, делать выводы и обобщения, давать аргументированные ответы, приводить примеры; свободное владение монологической речью, логичность и последовательность ответа; умение приводить примеры современных проблем изучаемой области.

✓ 85-76 - баллов - ответ, обнаруживающий прочные знания основных процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличается глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; владение терминологическим аппаратом; умение объяснять сущность, явлений, процессов, событий, делать выводы и обобщения, давать аргументированные ответы, приводить примеры; свободное владение монологической речью, логичность и последовательность ответа. Однако допускается одна - две неточности в ответе.

✓ 75-61 - балл — оценивается ответ, свидетельствующий в основном о знании процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличающийся недостаточной глубиной и полнотой раскрытия темы; знанием основных вопросов теории; слабо сформированными навыками анализа явлений, процессов, недостаточным умением давать аргументированные ответы и приводить примеры; недостаточно свободным владением монологической речью, логичностью и последовательностью ответа. Допускается несколько ошибок в содержании ответа; неумение привести пример развития ситуации, провести связь с другими аспектами изучаемой области.

✓ 60-50 баллов — ответ, обнаруживающий незнание процессов изучаемой предметной области, отличающийся неглубоким раскрытием темы; незнанием основных вопросов теории, несформированными навыками анализа явлений, процессов; неумением давать аргументированные ответы, слабым владением монологической речью, отсутствием логичности и последовательности. Допускаются серьезные ошибки в содержании ответа; незнание современной проблематики изучаемой области.

### Образец задания для контрольной работы студентов

#### FAMILY BACKGROUND

Vocabulary

to get away with

- провернуть какое-нибудь дело

to stay up

- не ложиться спать

to be close - быть в близких отношениях

outskirts - пригород

to bury - зарывать

substantial - плотный

chores - домашняя работа

to fetch - принести, сходить за чем-то

to do window - рассматривать витрины

shopping

part – time job - временная работа

regional tournament - районные соревнования

spare time - свободное время

to ask permission - спрашивать разрешение

Further Math - высшая математика

to assure yourself - удостовериться

to change one's mind - изменить решение

shabby - старенький

map of the - карта созвездий

constellations

to stand in awe - испытывать благоговейный трепет

#### Text A

#### MY FAMILY

Hi! My name is Thomas (though my friends call me Tom). I'm fifteen. I've got a Mum, a Dad, a brother and two sisters, three aunts and uncles and two grandmothers who live in New Zealand. I'm the youngest. It is pretty dire at times when my alder sisters and brother try to boss me around, but sometimes it's OK because I get away with doing things with them – like going off up to London for the day, staying up really late to watch videos and going off to the pub for a drink (cola, of course, because I'm not 18 yet). I think there are some

advantages of being the youngest. I can learn from my sisters' and brother's mistakes, and they've fought some of the battles with my parents for freedom.

My eldest brother Mark is 20 and is studying at the university in York. My sister Laura is 18 and in her last year at school. She is doing Biology, Chemistry, Math and Further Math "A" levels. She wants to become a doctor.

Liz is my other sister. She is 16. My sister Liz was born lucky. She has a beautiful smile. When she does something bad, she smiles and my parents are not angry with her. She eats a lot and does not get fat. Her favorite meal is a double cheeseburger with French fries, a milkshake, and an ice cream sundae. She does not study hard but always gets good marks. After school she does her homework in five minutes while she watches television at the same time.

I'm close to all three but possibly closest to Liz. She sometimes comes to me for advice and I sometimes go to her. But I would have liked to have a younger brother. I'd have liked to have someone to have a laugh with, someone to take out to football with me. My sisters and Mark don't always share my sense of humor.

My Dad is a civil servant and works in central London. Mum is a teacher and works in Croydon, a town on the outskirts of London.

If I go out, my parents like to know where I'm going, who I'm with and what time I'm coming home, but that's fair enough.

Of all my relatives best of all I like my Granny Dotty. She loves adventure. On her sixtieth birthday she went mountain climbing in the Alps. On her seventieth birthday she went on a trip to the North Pole. When she was eighty, she drove, alone, across the United States. She loves to eat chocolate. We all wonder what she will do when she is ninety.

#### Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) What members of the family do you have? Do you live together?
- 2) Do you think there are some advantages or disadvantages in being the youngest or the eldest? What are they?
  - 3) What do your parents do? Are they busy with their work?
  - 4) Are your parents strict with you?
- 5) Are you close to all members of your family? Who are you closest to?

Write a composition "My family".

#### Text B

#### MY WORKING DAY

On week days the alarm-clock wakes me up and my working day begins. It is seven o'clock. If it is spring or summer I jump out of bed, run to the window and open it wide to let the fresh morning air in. In winter I am not so quick to leave my bed, and I bury my head under the pillows pretending not to hear the alarm-clock. But all the same, it is time to get up and I start getting ready for my work.

I make my bed and go to the bathroom where I brush my teeth and have a shower. While I am having breakfast, I turn on my taperecorder and listen to pop-music. Breakfast, as my parents say, must be the most substantial meal of the day. But usually neither my mother nor me have any time to cook it, so I just have a cup of tea or coffee and some sandwiches. I leave my house at ten minutes to eight, and, as I live quite near the bus stop, I am there in five minutes. It takes me about twenty minutes to get to school. I arrive at school at a quarter past eight. On my way to school I often meet my classmates and we go school together.

Our lessons start at half past eight. We usually have seven or even eight lessons a day. It is not easy to study at our school, but it is reputed to be the best in our region. My working day is not over even when the lessons come to the end, because I have a lot of work to do at home. It usually takes me about three hours to get ready for the next working day at school. But when at last my working day is over I feel both tired and satisfied.

Sometimes in the evening my friends come to my place and we talk or play; sometimes we go for a walk, but not very often. I go to bed at about eleven o'clock.

#### Assignment:

Study the contexts in which the words given below are used: bathroom, substantial, bus stop, classmates, region, satisfied.

Shorten the second paragraph. Make each sentence as short as you can.

Give the information about your own working day.

#### Text C

#### **DOMESTIC CHORES**

A comfortable home makes our everyday life and work easier and more pleasant. And what should you do to make your home comfortable? Perhaps the first thing is to keep it clean and tidy. If you haven't done your room, your mother may say to you, "Go and do your room!"

Domestic chores are numerous. You must air the room, wash or sweep the floor, clean the table after meals. What else can you do about the house? You can polish the floor or the furniture, clean the carpets with the vacuum-cleaner.

Most of the cooking in your family is probably done by your mother or grandmother, but you can help them by laying the table and cleaning it after meals, and washing the dishes up. On washing – day you can also help your mother. If your washing is sent to the laundry, you can take it there and fetch it when it's ready.

If you have pets at home, you must take care of them.

Here are teenagers' opinions on their attitude to domestic chores.

"I get some week pocket money, but most of my friends get much more. When I ask my Mum and Dad for more, they say I can have more if I help in the house, but I don't see why I should. I think it's not fair. Mum's at home all day, and it's her job to look after the house, not mine. What do you think?"

"On Fridays I usually clean my room which is in terrible mess by the end of a week. It is awfully boring, but it's my duty."

"If you have a dog, it's usually great fun, but you have to take him for a walk twice a day. Besides you have to wash him sometimes. I have pets that are exotic, but easy to keep. They are insects. I feed my insects on leaves which I get in my garden. They are always clean, and I don't have to take them for a walk!"

#### Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) Do you have any chores at home?
- 2) Who usually does your room? When do you do it?
- 3) Do you have a pet at home? Who takes care of it?
- 4) Who usually cooks in your family? Can you make something to eat if your mother is not at home?
- 5) Do you have younger brother or sisters at home? What do you do to help your mother with them?

Write a composition "My domestic chores".

# Text D MY LEISURE TIME

There's plenty to do after school hours, particularly sport which I enjoy most. My favorite sport is hockey. Almost all my friends are here. We train hard and we play for the school and in various regional youth tournaments.

As most young people I spend my after school hours at home watching TV, or doing domestic chores, or listening to music, or reading. We don't have a computer at home, so I spend a considerable time playing computer games at my friend's. Of course, all these I do when there are no training spells.

I think, it's common with most young people to spend some time outdoors. Street life is important for us. We meet somewhere in streets and talk and then go to town centre to do window shopping and 'see what's going on'.

My friends use some of their spare time to earn money by working in different places. Some of them wash cars for people, others do a part-time job for shops and cafes. As for me I earn my pocket money delivering newspapers three times a week.

I've usually got enough to do the things I want. I can buy the records and CDs I want without asking the permission from my parents.

#### Assignment:

Give some facts from the text to complete the following sentences:

- 1) We train hard and we play for...
- 2) A most young people...
- 3) We meet somewhere in streets...
- 4) My friends use some of their spare time...
- 5) As for me I earn my pocket money...

Write a short summary of the text.

#### Text E

#### MY PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

'What do you want to be after finishing school?' – I have often heard this question. Sometimes it is difficult to answer this question, sometimes not. Little children usually dream of having an extremely unusual profession. Some of them want to become spacemen, others want to discover new lands, yet others-to dive in deep seas. But most of them want to be famous, so they usually want to become a star – a film star, a pop star, a football star and so on. I used to dream of being a film star as well, but changed my mind as the years passed.

There are always some young people who know very well what they are going to do after school. They can tell you lots of interesting things about their future profession and what college or university they should graduate from to get the specialty they've chosen. I think I'm one of them.

So, I want to be a doctor. At the age of 11 I read books about doctors. It was so exciting. Then I was lucky to meet a wonderful surgeon who operated on me. I was deeply impressed. Since then I've been trying to learn as much as possible about this profession, and now I often think about how well I will fit with it. That's why I am always interested in young people's plans for the future and ask them what they are going to do in life. I have found out different people are interested in absolutely different fields of activities. You have an opportunity to assure yourself of it reading the notes below.

Angela Duffy is a schoolgirl from Brighton. She also wants to be a doctor. She is going to medical school next year. It's a long course – about six years – but she is going to work very hard. She thinks that it's a difficult job, but she likes working with people, and she likes the idea of working in a caring profession. She says that later she would like to specialize and perhaps be a pediatrician. "I love children, and looking after them would be wonderful."

Deena Patel is doing Biology, Chemistry, Math and Further Math "A" levels and will sit the exams next summer. "I'd like to train as a dentist when I've finished college. I want to do something medically orientated and decided in favor of dentistry because there aren't so many years studying as there are to become a doctor."

Steve Barnes wants to be a chef. His favorite room in the house is the kitchen, where he spends most of the day. "I love cooking, especially for lots of people. I have over a hundred cook books." He is going to work in a restaurant in Paris, where he hopes to learn how to prepare sauces. One day he'd like to have his own restaurant.

Pippa Wilson is studying marketing at university. She enjoys travelling, and would probably like to work for a tour company. "I'm not sure yet exactly what I want to do. After university, I'm going to have a year off, and I'm going round the world with another girl. We hope to find work on the way."

Nick Watson doesn't know for certain what he will do. He says: "I think the best way to prepare myself for a future job is to get a good education. Jobs are changing and new ones are constantly appearing. In a few years, there will be many more new jobs and nobody knows what they will be. But good education cannot solve the problem alone. It is important to have good health to face difficulties and changes. That's why I pay great attention to sports."

#### Assignment:

Answer the following questions:

- 1) What field would you like to work in?
- 2) What do you know about your future profession?
- 3) Is this profession new or old?
- 4) What do you need to get this profession?
- 5) Is education or training necessary to be successful in life? Find English equivalents in the text:

трудно ответить; самая необычная профессия; открывать новые земли; узнать сколько возможно; абсолютно разные сферы деятельности; иметь свой собственный ресторан; подготовиться к будущей работе; решить проблему; встретить трудности и перемены.

# Text F CAREERS

Careers do not just happen. People train for them. How much training is needed depends on the kind of career chosen. Some jobs take only a few months of training. Others take several years. Certain careers need college or university graduation. There is a song that says, "People who like people are the luckiest people in the world." So the people who feel like this might like a job that deals with people all the time. It may be hotel or restaurant management, or tourists business. Or maybe a career that helps (to) keep people healthy in mind and body.

#### **ECOLOGISTS**

There are some kinds of jobs that deal with the environment we live in. Ecologists, for example, study how living things and the environment are related. They find ways for us to reduce pollution. They tell us which things are harmful either to ourselves or to the plants and animals we depend on for food.

#### SMALL BUSINESS

There are many different kinds of jobs in a small business. A business must have an owner who makes decisions about the way the business is run. Also two or more people could be responsible for the business and form of partnership. The owner needs other people to help run the store. A clerk helps people find what they want in the store. A stock clerk orders and takes care of the products that the store sells. A bookkeeper or accountant keeps records of sales and expenses.

#### **JOURNALISTS**

A person who has a job writing about the news is called a journalist. Journalists work on newspapers and magazines or at radio and television stations. Some journalists have university degrees. Others receive their experience by working at a newspaper office or at a television station. Some journalists write stories about news events that happen anywhere in the world. Others write about sports, entertainment, or business. Journalists must first find the facts before they write news, articles. To gather their facts they ask people questions, use reference works, and observe news stories as they happen. If you are interested in a career in journalism, you should begin with a school newspaper or a club magazine.

#### NURSES

Nurses help people keep healthy. They also help people get well when they are sick. Schools, factories, and many offices have nurses. These nurses give first aid when someone is hurt or sick. They also do things to prevent illness. One of these is to give shorts. Another thing nurses do is to take blood pressure. In hospitals, nurses take care of sick people. They assist the doctor in the operating rooms. People who want to be nurses study science in school.

#### **DIETICIANS**

People need food for growth and energy. Well-balanced meals help keep people healthy. Dieticians plan meals. They work in hospitals and schools. They make sure that each meal includes food from different groups and is rich enough in vitamins.

Dieticians go to college to study about food. They must know all about four food groups and about the vitamins in food that keep bones, teeth, and skin healthy.

#### **DENTISTS**

Teeth are important to people. Without them, eating is hard. People who lose their teeth may have false teeth made. Dentists and their assistants are people who help others to take care of teeth. In their jobs, they try to help others. A person who wants to become a dentist goes to a special medical college.

#### **GEOLOGISTS**

Geologists are scientists who study the Earth. They learn how rocks, mountains, and rivers are formed. They know that these things are still forming today. Geologists help to find mineral deposits, such as gold and copper. They also help to find oil and gas. Geologists study science. If you like to work outdoors, you may want to be a geologist.

#### Assignment:

Find proofs in the text to support the following statement: "How much training is needed depends on the kind of career chosen".

Translate the following word combinations and use them in situations or sentences of your own:

to keep people healthy; to take care of the products; to have university degree; to receive one's experience; to prevent illness; to find mineral deposits; to work outdoors.

#### Text G

#### MY HOLIDAYS WITH PARENTS

Rafting has become my favorite pastime on holidays. My parents first hesitated to take me with them but after a while they agreed that it would be more safe to take me there than to leave me at home. And I would say they were rather wise with their decision. So we set out. After an hour flight, we got straight on a shabby, slow bus with rafting and camping equipment that took us to the starting point. When we arrived at the place, it was a dark night, and the black sky looked like a map of the constellations. As the reward for the day-long journey

there were shooting stars we could watch. So we could make any wish at the moment.

We camped that night by the river that rolled with a constant thunder. We spent the next day checking our things and preparing our 'katarafty'. It's a type of the improved catamaran with two long inflated hulls fastened together with a light metal frame. All our belongings were packed in large waterproof bags. During the trip they were tied to the frame in the middle of the boat.

I was excited and a bit nervous. But I fell asleep at last and woke at dawn. We had to start early. We had breakfast, packed up tents, and tied everything down.

Then we started. The first few kilometers were easy. Two of us paddled on each side of the katarafty.

When the river went faster, I felt my heart going crazy. We approached the first rapid. My dad, who had been singing and joking all the way, now changed his tune. He yelled, "Khoood!" and we started to paddle fiercely. At the point when the katarafty came down from the top of an enormous wave, I felt like I was sailing in an ocean. After the rapids came stretches of calmer water, and we rowed lazily. My mum always paid our attention to picturesque views of the forests and rock formations. We saw a few snow-capped peaks in the distance. After three hours of rowing, when everybody was freezing cold, we stopped for a meal. We quickly made a fire so our mum could cook food and we all could dry our clothes.

On one of our later stops, we met a group of travelers whose rubber raft had overturned when passing through a rapid. With their teeth chattering from the cold, they told us a story of another unfortunate team that had all its equipment and food sunk so they were forced to eat snakes until they were found by a local herder.

There were two more days I remembered and enjoyed very much. One of them was the day we spent in a picturesque spot near a village relaxing and enjoying the last days of summer. After we got up in the morning, we climbed a nearby mountain that was covered with pine and birch trees and looked like the head of a bear. We ate red currants and cherries from the trees growing alongside a spring and picked mushrooms. As we were promised, we were shown the legendary edelweiss, which turned out to be a small, unremarkable greenish white flower.

And the last day of our trip, our seven-day trip was coming to its end. That day we spent exploring caves and waterfalls. We entered at the bottom of the mountain and climbed in spirals through the stalactite and stalagmite adorned grottoes to the exit of the top. We ended the outing standing in awe behind a 6-metre-high waterfall.

Now I can see my parents and their friends are not so dull and boring people. And though I'm not going to spend all my holiday with them I admit they've given me a lot and shown me a very nice way of relaxing.

#### Assignment:

Find and read about the sentences describing the picturesque views of the forests and rock formations.

Give some facts from the text to explain the following statements:

- 1) My parents agreed to take me with them because...
- 2) The black sky looked like a map of the constellations because...
  - 3) I felt my heart going crazy because...
- 4) The travelers were forced to eat snakes because...5) I can see my parents and their friends are not so dull and boring people because...

## Лексико-грамматические тесты

1. We haven't had ... in summer.

### Тест 1

## Имя существительное

a)	fruit	c) fruit's
b)	fruits	d) fruits's
2.	Yesterday we had	. for dinner.
a)	fish	c) fish's
b)	fishes	d) fishs
3.	not easy to learn	
a)	physic is	c) physic are
b)	physics is	d) physics are
4.	He gave me some g	good
a)	advise	c) advices
b)	advice	d) piece of advice
5.	Some Australian	give us very good wool
a)	sheep	c) sheepes
b)	sheeps	d) sheepse
6.	Give me ink to w	rite letter
a)	-,-	c) a, a
b)	some, a	d) a, some
7.	My slow	
a)	watch are	c) watches is
b)	watch is	d) watches are
8.	We have very	on this subject
a)	little informations	c) few information
b)	few informations	d) little information
9.	Her dark	
a)	hairs are	c) hair are

b) h	nairs is	d) hair is
10. 0	Our summer two m	onth
a) v	vacations last	c) vacation last
b) v	vacations lasts	d) vacation lasts
11. I	Look! has stopped the	re is a very beautiful.
a) a	car, a car	c) a car, the car
b) tl	he car, a car	d) the car, the car
12	earth is million of kilo	meters from sun
a) a	ı, a	c) the, a
b) a	, the	d) the, the
13. T	These are those gentle	emen's
a) la	adies, wifes	c) ladies, wives
b) la	adys, wifes	d) ladys, wives
14. I	n the farm-yard we coul	d see
a) o	oxes, swines and gooses	
b) o	exes,swines and geese	
c) o	exen, swines and geese	
d) o	exen, swine and geese	
15. V	Why don't you eat?	,
a) t	hese potatoes	c) this potatoes
b) tl	hese potato	d) these potatos
16. I	have hurt my both	
a) f	oot	c) feet
b) f	Coots	d) feets
17. P	Put these on the table	
a) k	xnife	c) knives
b) k	xnifes	d) knive
18. N	My working day begii	ns at 9 o'clock in the morning
a) b	prother	c) brother'es
b) b	orothers	d) brother's

19.	19. My library is the richest one in the town.		
a)	brother-in-law c) brothers's-in-law		
b)	brother-in-law's d) brother's-in-law's		
20.	The of the letter not be	een changed	
a)	content, has	c) contents has	
b)	content have	d) contents, have	
21.	money to him		
a)	this, belongs	c) these, belong	
b)	this, belong	d) these, belongs	
22.	цены внутреннего рынка		
a)	prices home market	c) home market prices	
b)	home prices market	d) market home prices	
23.	Уменьшение цены на мяс	0	
a)	meat price decrease	c) decrease meat price	
b)	decrease price meat	d) meat decrease price	
24.	банкнота в десять фунтов	3	
a)	ten-pound note	c) a note ten-pound	
b)	a ten-pound note	d) note ten-pound	
25.	Морковь очень полезна		
a)	carrot is very healthy		
b)	carrot are very healthy		
c)	carrots is very healthy		
d)	carrots are very healthy		
TE	CT 2		
Местоимения			
1. He doesn't like book; it must be			
	a) hers, yours	c) my, her	
	b) my, yours	d) your, her	

2. Tell me, isn't that ... old car over there?

	a) you	c) yours
	b) your	d) your's
3. The	y have two of houses	in this street, and the house on the corner
is a	ılso	
	a) their, theirs	c) their, there
	b) theirs, their	d) their, their's
4. John	n has come to see me;	father and were school friends.
	a) him, my	c) his, my
	b) him, mine	d) his, mine
5. This	s book is, I wrote n	ame in it
	a) my, mine,	c) mine, me, myself
myse	lf	
	b) my, me, mine	d) mine, my, myself
6. Mr.	Jones and came last r	night.
	a) he	c) him
	b) his	d) himself
7. Go with John and to visit		
	a) she, they	c) her, them
	b) her, their	d) his, them
8. She rang me up and asked my friend and to tea.		
	a) I	c) mine
	b) my	d) me
]9. Th	ese books don't belong t	o me those.
	a) Either do	c) Neither do
	b) Either don't	d) Neither don't
10. Although the mountain was high boys were able to climb it.		
	a) much	c) this
	b) a few	d) a little
11	errors are made by foreig	gners.

a) this	c) their	
b) these	d) theirs	
12. I want some sugar, but the grocer hasn't		
a) any	c) ones	
b) one	d) some	
13. I've lost my pencil. Have	you to lend me?	
a) any	c) ones	
b)one	d) some	
14. A chair can't stand on thr	ree lags a table	
a) Either can	c) Neither can	
b) Either can't	d) Neither can't	
15. Although the question wa	as difficult students were able to answer it	
a) much	c) little	
b) a few	d) a little	
16. Many people lost lives	at sea.	
a) this	c) their	
b) these	d) theirs	
17. I asked him for some ink, and he gave me		
a) any	c) ones	
b) one	d) some	
18. So this is your house. It's very pretty		
a) any	c) ones	
b) one	d) some	
19. He slept and felt better		
a) few	c) many	
b) a few	d) a little	
20. The bird has broken wi	ing.	
a) her	c) its	
b) it	d) it's	

21. I want some flour, but the grocer hasn't		
a) any c) or	c) ones	
b) one d) so	ome	
22. I want some oranges. Give me th	hese big	
a) any c) or	nes	
b) one d) so	ome	
23. Water hasn't any taste this s	soup.	
a) Either has c)	Neither	
has		
b) Either hasn't d)	Neither	
hasn't		
24. Go and ask for more paper. I	haven't in my desk.	
a) any, any c) ar	ny, some	
b) some, some d) so	ome, any	
25. I've been this summer. I've ha	ad no time.	
a) somewhere c) no	owhere	
b) something d) no	othing	
TECT 3		
There is/are and it is		
1. There a few changes since you	left last year.	
a) was c) ha	ave been	
b) were d) ha	ad been	
2. There a teacher of English and second-year students in the hall.		
a) is c) ha	as been	
b) are d) ha	ave been	
3. There a lot of visitors today.		
a) is c) w	ere	
b) was d) ha	ave been	
4. There two museums and a picto	ure gallery in their town.	

a) is	c) had been	
b) are	d) have been	
5. There no fruit on this t	ree for many years.	
a) was	c) has been	
b) were	d) have been	
6. There a pear-tree and the	nree apple-trees in their orchard.	
a) is	c) had been	
b) are	d) have been	
7. There a lot of work to	do this week.	
a) was	c) has been	
b) are	d) have been	
8. There some chocolates	on this plate when I went out	
a) is	c) was	
b) are	d) were	
9. There only a footpath h	ere last year.	
a) is	c) has been	
b) was	d) had been	
10. There mistakes in your last exercise.		
a) was no	c) was not	
b) were no	d) were not	
11. It very wet last month, and now it windy		
a) is, is	c) was, was	
b) is, was	d) was, is	
12. It long time since I saw you.		
a) is	c) has been	
b) was	d) had been	

13 easy for him to find fault, but it not fair		
a) It is, is	c) There is, is	
b) It is, was	d) There is, was	
14 far from my house	to the station.	
a) There is no	c) There is not	
b) It is no	d) It is not	
15 true to say that she	is my friend.	
a) It is no	c) There is no	
b) It is not	d) There is not	
16 a beautiful park near	my home when I was a child.	
a) It is	c) It was	
b) There is	d) There was	
17 a long time since I saw	that beautiful sunset.	
a) It was	c) It has been	
b) There was	d) There has been	
18. There still several empt	y seats it the plane when I arrived.	
a) was	c) has been	
b)were	d) have been	
19 crowds of people at the station waiting to greet the film star.		
a) It was	c) There was	
b)It were	d) There were	
20 very few people at his lecture yesterday.		
a) It was	c) There was	
b) It were	d) There were	
21. There is snow it the	fields this year.	
a) no many	c) no much	
b) not many	d) not much	

22. There ... ... three but two boys in their family.

a) is, no	c	) are, not
b) is, not	d	are no
23. There anyb	ody in the stree	et while I was going home.
a) was no	c	) was not
b) were no	o d	) were not
24. «Why are you	sitting here?	high time to go home.»
a) It is	c	) There is
b) It was	d	) There was
25. There are three	e members in t	heir family,?
a) are ther	re c	) are it
b) aren't t	here d	aren't it
Тест 4		
Порядок слов в	предложени	А
1 Choose the cor	responding alte	ernative paying attention to the model
I often see him.		
I have often see	him.	
You are never t	o come late aga	in.
He spoke well at	the debate this	morning.
He went to the sta	ation by taxi.	
He was born at si	x o'clock on Cl	hristmas morning in the year 1822.
235 4		
2 My mother		
a) goes often fo	or a walk on Su	ndays
b) goes for a w	alk often on Su	indays
c) goes for a w	alk on Sundays	often
d) often goes for	or a walk on Su	ndays
2. The porter		
P		

a) was able hardly to carry my luggage

- b) was hardly able to carry my luggage
- c) was able to carry hardly my luggage
- d) was able to carry my luggage hardly
- 3. a) We have almost finished this exercise
  - b) We have finished almost this exercise
  - c) We have finished this exercise almost
  - d) We almost have finished this exercise
- 4. a) Generally I drink my tea with milk
  - b) I generally drink my tea with milk
  - c) I drink generally my tea with milk
  - d) I drink my tea generally with milk
- 5. a) Sometimes I forget my homework
  - b) I forget sometimes my homework
  - c) I sometimes forget my homework
  - d) I forget my homework sometimes
- 6. a) Usually the buses are full in this town
  - b) the buses usually are full in this town
  - c) the buses are usually full in this town
  - d) the buses are full in this town usually
- 7. a) She knows scarcely what to say about it
  - b) scarcely she knows what to say about it
  - c) She knows what to say scarcely about it
  - d) She scarcely knows what to say about it
- 8. a) The student on the right answers correctly never

- b) The student never on the right answers correctly
- c) Never the student on the right answers correctly
- d) The student on the right never answers correctly

### 9. a) Generally we are very busy

- b) we are generally very busy
- c) we generally are very busy
- d) we are very busy generally

#### 10. He was born ....

- a) in the year 1923 at 10 a.m. on June 14th
- b) on June 14th at 10 a.m. in the year 1923
- c) in the year on June 14th at 10 a.m.
- d) at 10 a.m. on June 14th in the year 1923

### 11. Our teacher spoke to us ....

- a) in class very rudely this morning
- b) this morning very rudely in class
- c) in class this morning very rudely
- d) very rudely in class this morning

#### 12. I saw a friend off ....

- a) at 6 o'clock this morning at the station
- b) at the station at 6 o'clock this morning
- c) this morning at the station at 6 o'clock
- d) at 6 o'clock at the station this morning

### 13. Cyril was working ... .

- a) at his office very hard yesterday
- b) yesterday at his office very hard
- c) very hard at his office yesterday

d) very hard yester	day at his office
14. They stayed	
a) all day quietly th	nere
b) there all day qui	etly
c) quietly there all	day
d) all day there qui	etly
15. He played	
a) beautifully in the	e concert at the Town Hall last night
b) last night at the	Town Hall beautifully in the concert
c) in the concert las	st night beautifully at the Town Hall
d) at the Town Hal	l last night beautifully in the concert
16. We are going	
a) to Switzerland o	n Saturday for a week
b) for a week on Sa	aturday to Switzerland
c) to Switzerland for	or a week on Saturday
d) on Saturday to S	witzerland for a week
Тест 5	
Степени сравнения	прилагательных
1. He is s	tupid than I thought
a) less	c) a little
b) little	d) the least
2. She is than I a	ım
a) very pretty	c) much pretty
b) more pretty	d) much prettier
3 Winter days are	not summer davs

a) 1 <i>c</i>	onger	c) so long as
	_	·
U) R	ong as	d) so long than
	4. These grapes are e	xpensive than those
	a) less	c) a little
	b) little	d) the least
	5. She came to school	. than I did
	a) last	c) latter
	b) later	d) latest
	6. South winds are not.	spring winds
	a) severe as	c) so severe as
	b) severe than	d) so severe than
7	7. Scott and Dickens are	both excellent writers, but I prefer the
	a) last	c) latter
	b) later	d) latest
8	3. Your composition is .	than the composition of other students
	a) bad	c) the worse
	b) worse	d) the worst
	9. He is than I am	
	a) very strong	c) more strong
	b) much strong	d) much stronger
	10. The temperature in	winter in England is not in Siberia
	a) low as	c) so low as
	b) low than	d) so low than

11. This exercise is not so your last one		
a) good as	c) best than	
b) better as	d) good than	
12. The grass is not so h	nere in our garden	
a) short, as	c) short, than	
b) shorter, as	d) shorter, than	
13 late than never		
a) good	c) the best	
b) better	d) the beast	
14 haste, the less speed		
a) more	c) the most	
b) the more	d) most	
15. Why do Americans	say 'I guess so' instead of 'I think so'?	
a) more	c) the most	
b) most	d) most	
16. Let us stop discussion	on of this matter	
a) far	c) further	
b) farther	d) furthest	
17. I don't think that your	plan is theirs	
a) good as	c) better than	
b) better as	d) good than	
18 village is three kilor	neters from our house	
a) near	c) next	

	9. Which of the two cities is the from Vladivostok?		
	a) far	c) farthest	
	b) farther	d) further	
	20 She studies much than Lo	do, though she spends time preparing	
	a) good, little	c) better, less	
	b) better, little	d) good, less	
	b) better, fittle	d) good, less	
	21. Heat makes things and co	old makes things	
	a) the biggest, the smallest	c) the bigger, the smaller	
	b) the biggest, smaller	d) bigger, smaller	
	22. Spring is than winter, but	ut summer is the of the four seasons of	
the year			
	a) most pleasant, more plea	sant c) pleasant, most pleasant	
	b) more pleasant, pleasant	d) more pleasant, most pleasant	
beautiful	23. The woods are not the	forests and not so wild but they are very	
	large as	c) so large than	
ŕ	so large as	d) as large than	
	24. My brown dress is not yo		
	a) the same quality as	c) the same quality then	
	b) the same quality than	d) so quality as	
	25. The smell of flowers in spri	ing is it is in summer	
	a) so sweet as	c) as sweet than	

d) the nearest

b) nearer

# b) as sweet as

# d) the same sweet than

25-с

Ключи:		
Тест1		
1-a		14-d
2-a		15-a
3-b		16-c
4-b		17-c
5-a		18-d
6-b		19-b
7-b		20-d
8-d		21-a
9-d		22-c
10-d		23-a
11-c		24-b
12-d		25-d
13-с		
Тест 2		
1-	b	16-c
2-	b	17-d
3-	a	18-b
4-	d	19-d
5-	d	20-с
6-	a	21-a
7-	c	22-c
8-	d	23-с
9-	c	24-d

10-b

11-b

12-a					
13-b					
14-c					
15-b					
Тест 3					
1- c			15-b		
2-a			16-d		
3-d			17-c		
4-b			18-b		
5-c			19-d		
6-a			20-d		
7-c			21-d		
8-d			22-c		
9-b			23-с		
10-b			24-a		
11-d			25-b		
12-c					
13-a					
14-d					
Тест 5					
1-a	6-b	11-c	16-c		21-a
2-a	7-b	12-d	17-c		22-с
3-b	8-d	13-с	18-d		23-a
4-b	9-d	14-d	19-b		24-b
5-a	10-d	15-a	20-d		25-d
Образе	ц рабочей	тетради	находится	по	адресу
http://www.ca	mbridgelms.org.				

# Примеры вариантов тестовых заданий с ответами

## 1 вариант

No	Вопрос	Ответ
1	Выберите лишние слово:	Д
	a) the news;	
	б) talk shows;	
	в) cartoons;	
	г) documentaries	
	д) fish	
2	Каков перевод фразы «i'm so tired» :	a
	а) Я очень устал;	
	б) Я не голоден;	
	в) Мы счастливы;	

## 2 вариант

$N_{\underline{0}}$	Вопрос	Ответ
1	Какой перевод слова «тётя»:	a
	a) aunt	
	б) dog	
	в) brother	
2	Выберите глаголы:	в, е, ж
	a) history	
	б) green	
	в) до	
	г) swam away	
	д) a pen	
	e) improve	
	ж)improved	

# Критерии оценки выполнения тестовых заданий

Процент правильных ответов	Оценка
От 95% до 100%	онрилто

От 76% до 95%	хорошо
От 61% до 75%	удовлетворительно
Менее 61 %	неудовлетворительно

#### Оценочные средства для текущей аттестации

Текущая аттестация студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в соответствии с локальными нормативными актами ДВФУ и является обязательной.

Текущая аттестация по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» проводится в форме контрольных мероприятий (устных опросов, выполнения контрольных работ, тестирования, выполнение заданий в рабочей тетради) по оцениванию фактических результатов обучения студентов и осуществляется ведущим преподавателем.

Объектами оценивания выступают:

- учебная дисциплина (активность на занятиях, своевременность выполнения различных видов заданий, посещаемость всех видов занятий по аттестуемой дисциплине);
- степень усвоения теоретических знаний;
- уровень овладения практическими умениями и навыками по всем видам учебной работы;
- результаты самостоятельной работы.

Основными целями обучения иностранным языкам в неязыковом вузе является формирование/совершенствование иноязычных коммуникативных умений студентов на двух уровнях:

Основном (A1 - A2+) и Повышенном (A2+ - B1+) в зависимости от исходного уровня иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции студентов. Исходя из этого, в качестве требований,

предъявляемых к студенту по окончании курса обучения иностранному языку, выдвигаются требования владения именно коммуникативными умениями. При этом минимально-достаточные требования ограничиваются

рамками Основного уровня. Таким образом, по окончании курса обучения иностранному языку в неязыковом вузе обучающиеся должны уметь в рамках обозначенной проблематики общения:

#### - в области аудирования:

воспринимать на слух и понимать основное содержание несложных аутентичных общественно-политических, публицистических (медийных) и прагматических текстов, относящихся к различным типам речи (сообщение, рассказ), а также выделять в них значимую/запрашиваемую информацию

#### - в области чтения:

понимать основное содержание несложных аутентичных общественнополитических, публицистических И прагматических текстов (информационных буклетов, брошюр/проспектов), научно-популярных и научных текстов, блогов/веб-сайтов; детально понимать общественнополитические, публицистические (медийные) тексты, а также письма личного характера; выделять значимую/запрашиваемую информацию из прагматических текстов справочно-информационного И рекламного характера

#### - в области говорения:

начинать, вести/поддерживать и заканчивать диалог-расспрос об увиденном, прочитанном, диалог-обмен мнениями и диалог-интервью/собеседование при приеме на работу, соблюдая нормы речевого этикета, при необходимости используя стратегии восстановления сбоя в процессе коммуникации (переспрос, перефразирование и др.); расспрашивать собеседника, задавать вопросы и отвечать на них, высказывать свое мнение, просьбу, отвечать на предложение собеседника (принятие предложения или отказ); делать сообщения и выстраивать монолог-описание, монолог-повествование и монолог-рассуждение

#### - в области письма:

Заполнять формуляры и бланки прагматического характера; вести запись основных мыслей и фактов (из аудиотекстов и текстов для чтения), а также

запись тезисов устного выступления/письменного доклада по изучаемой проблематике; поддерживать контакты при помощи электронной почты (писать электронные письма личного характера); оформлять Curriculum Vitae/Resume и сопроводительное письмо, необходимые при приеме на работу, выполнять письменные проектные задания (письменное оформление презентаций, информационных буклетов, рекламных листовок, коллажей, постеров, стенных газет и т.д.