

МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего профессионального образования

«Дальневосточный федеральный университет» (ДВФУ)

ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ – ШКОЛА РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

по дисциплине «Иностранный язык (английский)» профессиональная образовательная программа высшего образования по всем направлениям подготовки/профилям Образовательные программы Форма подготовки (очная, заочная)

Владивосток 2015

ПАСПОРТ ФОНДА ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

по дисциплине «Иностранный язык (английский)»

УК-3 - готовность участвовать в работе российских и международных исследовательских коллективов по решению научных и научно- образовательных задач

Планируемые результаты обучения*	Критерии оценивания результатов обучения				
(показатели достижения заданного уровня освоения компетенций)	1	2	3	4	5
Владеет: технологиями оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно-образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке	Отсутствие навыков <a>	Фрагментарное применение технологий оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно-образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке	В целом успешное, но не систематическое применение технологий оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно-образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке	В целом успешное, но сопровожда- ющееся отдельными ошибками применение технологий оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно- образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке	Успешное и систематическое применение технологий оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно-образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке
Шкала оценивания (соотношение с традиционными формами аттестации)	незачтено	незачтено	зачтено	зачтено	зачтено
Шкала оценивания (соотношение с традиционными формами аттестации)	неудовлетвор ительно	неудовлетворительн о	удовлетворительно	хорошо	ОНРИКТО

УК-4 - готовность использовать современные методы и технологии научной коммуникации на государственном и иностранном языках

Планируемые результаты обучения	Критерии оценивания результатов обучения				
(показатели достижения заданного уровня освоения компетенций)	1	2	3	4	5
Знает:	Отсутствие	Фрагментарные	Неполные знания	Сформированные, но	Сформированные и
методы и технологии	знаний	знания методов и	методов и	содержащие	систематические знания
научной коммуникации		технологий научной	технологий	отдельные пробелы	методов и технологий
на государственном и		коммуникации на	научной	знания методов и	научной коммуникации
иностранном языках		государственном и	коммуникации на	технологий научной	на государственном и
		иностранном	государственном	коммуникации на	иностранном языках
		языках	и иностранном	государственном и	_
			языках	иностранном языках	
Знает:	Отсутствие	Фрагментарные	Неполные знания	Сформированные, но	Сформированные
стилистические	знаний	знания	стилистических	содержащие	систематические знания
особенности		стилистических	особенностей	отдельные пробелы	стилистических
представления		особенностей	представления	знания основных	особенностей
результатов научной		представления	результатов	стилистических	представления
деятельности в устной и		результатов	научной	особенностей	результатов научной
письменной форме на		научной	деятельности в	представления	деятельности в устной и
государственном и		деятельности в	устной и	результатов научной	письменной форме на
иностранном языках		устной и	письменной	деятельности в устной	государственном и
		письменной форме	форме на	и письменной форме	иностранном языках
		на государственном	государственном	на государственном и	
		и иностранном	и иностранном	иностранном языках	
		языках	языках		

Умеет: следовать основным нормам, принятым в научном общении на государственном и иностранном языках	Отсутствие умений	Частично освоенное умение следовать основным нормам, принятым в научном общении на государственном и иностранном языках	В целом успешное, но не систематическое умение следовать основным нормам, принятым в научном общении на государственном и иностранном языках	В целом успешное, но содержащее отдельные пробелы умение следовать основным нормам, принятым в научном общении на государственном и иностранном языках	Успешное и систематическое умение следовать основным нормам, принятым в научном общении на государственном и иностранном языках
Владеет: навыками анализа научных текстов на государственном и иностранном языках	Отсутствие навыков	Фрагментарное применение навыков анализа научных текстов на государственном и иностранном языках	В целом успешное, но не систематическое применение навыков анализа научных текстов на государственном и иностранном языках	В целом успешное, но сопровождающееся отдельными ошибками применение навыков анализа научных текстов на государственном и иностранном языках	Успешное и систематическое применение навыков анализа научных текстов на государственном и иностранном языках
Владеет: навыками критической оценки эффективности различных методов и технологий научной коммуникации на государственном и иностранном языках	Отсутствие навыков	Фрагментарное применение навыков критической оценки эффективности различных методов и технологий научной коммуникации на государственном и иностранном языках	В целом успешное, но не систематическое применение навыков критической оценки эффективности различных методов и технологий научной коммуникации на государственном и иностранном языках	В целом успешное, но сопровождающееся отдельными ошибками применение навыков критической оценки эффективности различных методов и технологий научной коммуникации на государственном и	Успешное и систематическое применение навыков критической оценки эффективности различных методов и технологий научной коммуникации на государственном и

				иностранном языках	иностранном языках
Владеет: различными методами, технологиями и типами коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках	Отсутствие навыков <a><a><a>	Фрагментарное применение различных методов, технологий и типов коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках	В целом успешное, но не систематическое применение различных методов, технологий и типов коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках	В целом успешное, но сопровождающееся отдельными ошибками применение различных методов, технологий и типов коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках	Успешное и систематическое применение различных методов, технологий и типов коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках
Шкала оценивания (соотношение с традиционными формами аттестации)	незачтено	незачтено	зачтено	зачтено	зачтено
Шкала оценивания (соотношение с традиционными формами аттестации)	неудовлетворите льно	неудовлетворительн о	удовлетворительн о	хорошо	отлично

Перечень оценочных средств

№	Контролируе	Коды компетенций и планируемые		Оценочные с	редства - наименование
п/п	мые части дисциплины		результаты обучения	текущий контроль	промежуточная аттестация
2	Практическая часть	3 тех ко. рен об ве, УК - Ум 4 пр гос язн Вл тен ин на эф тех на язн раз и осу де:	падеет ехнологиями оценки результатов одлективной деятельности по ещению научных и научно-бразовательных задач, в том числе едущейся на иностранном языке меет следовать основным нормам, оинятым в научном общении на осударственном и иностранном выках падеет навыками анализа научных екстов на государственном и ностранном языках; авыками критической оценки офективности различных методов и ехнологий научной коммуникации и государственном и иностранном выках; азличными методами, технологиями типами коммуникаций при существлении профессиональной еятельности на государственном и ностранном и иностранном и иностранном и иностранном и иностранном языках.	дискурсы контрольная работа; тесты; доклады; сообщения; ролевые игры.	 Чтение, письменный и устный перевод текста по направлению и профилю подготовки. Представление терминологического словаряминимума. Беседа по научной работе аспиранта.

КОМПЛЕКСЫ ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ ДЛЯ ТЕКУЩЕЙ АТТЕСТАЦИИ

Дискурсы:

- 1. Science and Technology.
- 2. Methodology of research.
- 3. Outstanding scientists.
- 4. Innovative Technologies.
- 5. The Role of Experiment in Science.

Тесты:

- 1. Диагностический. (Приложение 1)
- 2. Действительный залог. (Приложение 2)
- 3. Страдательный залог. (Приложение 3)
- 4. Модальные глаголы. (Приложение 4)
- 5. Условные предложения. (Приложение 5)
- 6. Комплексный грамматический. (Приложение 6)

Доклады и сообщения:

по направлениям и профилям подготовки научной работы аспиранта Ролевые игры:

- 1. Laboratory experiment. (Приложение 7)
- 2. International Scientific Conference. (Приложение 8)

ЗАЧЕТНО-ЭКЗАМЕНАЦИОННЫЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ

Задания для зачета

1. Сдача внеаудиторного чтения (устный перевод 100 страниц оригинального текста по направлению и профилю подготовки, письменный перевод 5000 печатных знаков из общего объема материала для индивидуального чтения);

- 2. Наличие терминологического словаря-минимума, включающего 100 терминов, составленного аспирантом по прочитанной литературе на иностранном языке (английском) по направлению и профилю подготовки.
- 3. Беседа с экзаменаторами на иностранном языке (английском) по вопросам, связанным с направлением и профилем подготовки и научной работой аспиранта.

Вопросы для подготовки к зачету

- 1. Represent yourself.
- 2. What is your education background?
- 3. What higher school did you graduate from and when?
- 4. What is your major?
- 5. When did you begin to take interest in research work?
- 6. What have you taken up as the subject of your research?
- 7. What is the topicality, aim, subject, hypothesis of your dissertation?
- 8. What's a plan of your dissertation?

(Introduction, theoretical part, experimental part, conclusion)

- 9. What practical application will your research have?
- 10. What kinds of experiments are you going to make or have you already made?
- 11. Have you got any publications?
- 12. Where and when did you publish your articles?
- 13. Who is your scientific supervisor?
- 14. In what way does he/she help you?
- 15. What is his/her scientific degree?
- 16. What department are you attached?
- 17. Have you ever made scientific reports? Where?
- 18. How do you work at your English?
 - 19. What professional English literature do you read?

Задания для экзамена

- 1. Чтение и письменный перевод со словарем оригинального текста по направлению и профилю подготовки на русский язык. Объем 2700-3000 печатных знаков. Время выполнения работы 45-60 минут. Форма проверки чтение части текста вслух и проверка подготовленного письменного перевода.
- 2. Просмотровое чтение оригинального текста по направлению и профилю подготовки. Объем 1000-1500 печатных знаков. Время выполнения работы 3-5 минут. Форма проверки передача извлеченной информации на русском языке.
- 3. Беглое чтение научно-популярного текста на иностранном языке (английском) по социально-политической тематике. Объем 1500-2000 печатных знаков. Время на подготовку 10 минут. Форма проверки передача извлеченной информации на русском языке и беседа на иностранном языке (английском) по прочитанному тексту.
- 4. Беседа с экзаменаторами на иностранном языке (английском) по вопросам, связанным с направлением и профилем подготовки и научной работой аспиранта. Изложение цели, предмета исследования, теоретического и практического выхода работы, научных планов.

Диагностический тест

I. Fill in the blanks with the proper words.

1. He was suited f	for the of law	v.	
a) work	b) job	c) profession	d) trade
2. He started	a business career	ſ.	
a) to make	b) to do	c) to take	
3. He has a part-ti	me selling in	a jewelry store.	
a)a job	b) work	c) trade	d) craft
4. I want to do sec	cretarial		
a) career	b) work	c) job	d) duties
	did you have i	n mind? on d) employm	nent
6. On no condition	n should per	sonnel use the equi	pment.
a) inexperienced	b) untrained) unemployed	d) unprepared
II. Replace the blanks with prepositions if necessary.			
7. He was very go	ood his hand	s.	
a) with	b) by c) in	d) at	
8. His younger da	ughter goes	nursery school.	

a) at	b) in	c) to	d) into
9. I am the	first child in	my family to	attend college.
		c) at	
_		Ford as a c) with	part-time computer programmer. d) in
11. In June	he'll graduat	eYale	University and then go on to 3-year-law school.
a) from	b) in	c) at	d) with
	_	ior new deve	lopments satellite technology. d) to
III. Replac	e the blanks	with article	s if necessary.
13. Those w		n acaden	nic work usually do equally well afterwards in
		ery two hour ork or private	es of work in classroom there will be about estudy.
15. If you a in your wor		fectively on	your own, you must have sustained interest
16. Those w	vho can sell t	hemselves be	est will get best jobs and best salaries.
17. Job succ	cess in cl	hief wav we	measure our own usefulness, our worth.

18. People need contact with others, although amount of contact they need
varies greatly from one person to another.
19. If you expect full day's pay, you must give full day's work.
IV. Find the mistakes.
20. Ellen <u>will go back</u> (1) to work as soon as she <u>will find</u> (2) a job she likes and <u>feels</u> (3) she <u>can do</u> (4) well.
21. Mark changed job (1) two more times to accept (2) jobs (3) with increasing (4) responsibility.
22. <u>In (1)</u> the production of automobiles management <u>gave</u> (2) directions to <u>workers</u> (3) who <u>do (4)</u> research and development.
23. Many people enjoy <u>working</u> (1) on a college campus where they can be <u>associated</u> (2) with those who are <u>interested</u> (3) in learning and improving <u>themselves</u> (4).
24. It appeared that Jonathan <u>was offered</u> (1) a post <u>as</u> (2) assistant lecturer <u>in</u> (3) English literature in one of the new northern <u>universities</u> (4).
V. Fill in the blanks with the proper verbs.
Dialogue1.
25. A:you any vacancies for full-time staff?
a) has b) have c) has had d) are having

- 26. B: What ... you... in mind?
- a) did have b) will have c) have had d) has had

A: Something in the domestic line.

- 27. B: ... you ... any experience?
 - a) did have b) will have c) are having d) have had

A: No, I'm more or less straight from school.

- 28. B: I can't promise anything, but I ... my best.
 - a) 'll do b) have done c) 'm doing d) had done

Dialogue2.

- 29. A: I ... for a job where I can live in.
 - a) 'm looking b) was looking c) 'll be looking d) 're looking
- 30. B: What exactly ... you ...?
 - a) will want b) did want c) do want d) have wanted

A: I wouldn't mind working in a pub.

- 31. B: ... you ... anything like that before?
 - a) have done b) has done c) will do d) was done
- 32. A: Well, I once ... a bit waiting.
 - a) do b) does c) did
- 33. B: Fill in this form and I'll let you know if anything
 - a) turns up b) turn up c) turned up

VI. Match the words on the left with their definitions on the right.

- 34. success a) knowledge or skill gained from doing
- 35. unemployment a job or activity
- 36. experience b) an academic title or qualification,

37. career usually with a grade, by a university or

- 38. lifestyle
- 39. degree
- 40. advertisement
- 41. vocational
- 42. salary
- 43.earnings

- college to somebody who has successfully completed a course
- c) a public notice offering or asking for goods, services, etc.
- d) the achievement of a desired aim, or of fame, wealth or social position
- e) a job or profession, esp. one with opportunities for progress or promotion
- f) a fixed regular payment, *usually* made every month to employees doing especially professional office work
- g) the state of being without a paid job
- h) the way in which an individual or a group lives
- i) relating to the qualification and preparation needed for a particular job
- j) the money that you receive for the work you do

VII. Match the beginnings on the left with their endings on the right.

- 44. Success in study depends not only on ability and hard work, ...
- 45. In my experience discussion and group work are rare among British students. Americans and Australians seem much readier ...
- 46. It is important that people enjoy their work as much as possible...

- a)... to talk to others about their work and their problems.
- b) ...and enjoying work means choosing the right career in the first place.
- c) ... but also on effective methods of study
- d) ... careful and systematic exploration of the problem is required.

- 47. High motivation speeds the performance of an easy and simple task. But in a difficult task, where alternative methods of attack are possible, ...
- 48. Unfortunately, many older people look back on their lives, and regret that

. . .

49. Russians love education. They adore education to the extent that they will actually jeopardize earnings and career growth by going back into university and earning a second degree.

e) ... they did not obtain some good vocational guidance when they were about sixteen years of age.

VIII. Rearrange the following utterances in the logical order of the text.

- 50. You will have a good idea about what salaries are being offered for what kinds of work. (1)
- 51. If you get into the habit of reading the Help Wanted advertisements in your local newspaper, you will learn quite a bit about the job market. (2)
- 52. It will also give you an idea about what the qualifications are for the kind of work which interests you. (3)
- 53. You should follow up every newspaper ad which looks like it might lead to the job you are seeking. (4)
- 54. There are often not jobs at all, but attempts to sell goods. (5)
- 55. However, you must be careful. Do not apply for a job which requires you to make a deposit of money. (6)

Тест

Времена. Действительный залог

1. Look at the man standing of	over there you him?
a) Do remember	c) Are remembering
b) Did remember	d) Were remembering
2. We our supper an hour a	ngo
a) finish	c) have finished
b) finished	d) had finished
3. I heard the news last night,	, but I it today
a) heard	c) have heard
b) didn't hear	d) haven't heard
4. When I had a dog, I always	s him out for a walk
a) take	c) have taken
b) took	d) was taking
5. I'll come and see you befo	re I for England
a) leave	c) shall leave
b) will leave	d) have left
6. When I to the radio last	night, I heard a loud scream
a) listened	c) was listening
b) have listened	d) have been listening
7. By the end of the year he v	vill more than a million miles

a) fly	c)have flown
b) be flying	d)have been flying
8. He English for three years,	but he can't read even yet
a) learnt	c) has been learning
b) is learning	d) had been learning
	1
9. I can't Have a car until I old	
a) am	c) shall be
b) am not	d) shall not be
10. He took the manay often I	him not to do so
10. He took the money after I	
a) asked	c) had asked
b) have asked	d) Had been asked
11. What's the matter? Why th	ne boy?
a) doescry	c) hascried
b) did cry	d) iscrying
12. While she was cooking dinne	er, Ann the table
a) laid	c) had been laying
b) had laid	d) was laying
13. When did you visit her? - I	. her since September
a) didn't visit	c) hadn't visited
b) haven't visited	d) was not visited
14. Mary looking for a job in l	December
a) begin	c) has begun
b) began	d) had begun

15. I for you at the theatr	e at 7 o' clock
a) will wait	c) shall be waiting
b) shall wait	d) shall have waited
16. Look, a man is running	after bus. He to catch it
a) want	c) is wanting
b) wants	d) was wanting
17. You won't speak Englis	sh well unless you to England
a) go	c) will go
b) goes	d) won't go
18. By the end of summer h	ne us to speak English
a) will teach	c) will be taught
b) will be teaching	d) will have taught
19. When I arrived at his ho	ouse, he to the latest news
a) listened	c) was listening
b) was listened	d) has been listening
20. I at this picture for 5	minutes, but I can't see you in it
a) look	c) have looked
b) am looking	d) have been looking
21. No, he is not here. He	just
a) is going	c) has gone
b) was going	d) has been going

22. I shall not move from here until he ... back.

b) gets	d) won't get
23. Before you go to so	ee them, they the country.
a) leave	c) will leave
b) shall leave	d) will have left
24. Have you seen my	bag? I it.
a) lose	c) have lost
b) lost	d) had lost
25. The boy across t	he bridge when his hat blew off.
a) walked	c) was walking
b) has walked	d) has been walking
26. I shall be able to go	o swimming when it warmer.
a) is	c) will be
b) was	d) will have been
27. My small brother .	all the pie before we got back.
a) ate	c) had eaten
b) has eaten	d) had been eaten
28. Don't disturb her,	she at her essay.
a) work	c) is working
b) works	d) was working
29 you anything?	- I am listening hard but I can't hear anything.
a) do hear	c) is hearing

c) will get

a) get

	b) did hear	d) are hearing
30.	We stilltea in the ga	rden when you came.
	a) have	c) have had
	b) had	d) were having
31.	Nobody to me since i	ny birthday.
	a) writes	c) was written
	b) was writing	d) has written
32.	If you ever to China,	you will see some queer things there.
	a) go	c) will go
	b) goes	d) shall go
33.	She ought to stop worki	ng; she has a headache because she too long
	a) reads	c) has been read
	b) is reading	d) has been reading
34.	By next June he will	his second novel.
	a) write	c) be written
	b) be writing	d) have written
35.	I always a hat when i	t snowed.
	a) wear	c) wore
	b) was wearing	d) had worn
36.	It is the third English no	ovel he this year.
	a) read	c) had read
	b) has read	d) had been read

	a) arrive	c) will arrive
	b) arrives	d) has arrived
• •		
38.	I see that you a new h	nat.
	a) bought	c) had bought
	b) have bought	d) had been bought
39.	We coffee every day	when we were in France
	a) drink	c) have drunk
	b) drank	d) had drunk
40.	Where are the children?	They computer games.
	a) play	c) are playing
	b) plays	d) have been playing
41.	This is the best film I ha	ave seen
	a) still	c) never
	b) ever	d) so far
42.	This shoe to Mr. Bro	wn, I think.
	a) belong	c) belongs
	b) is belonging	d) are belonging
43.	Plants die if you wate	er them.
	a) won't	c) wouldn't
	b) don't	d) haven't
44.	This time tomorrow the	y in the train on their way to Chicago.

37. I don't think he will have phoned before he

	b) are sitting	d) have been sitting
45.]	[hardly speaking w	ith a porter when the phone rang again.
	a) finished	c) had finished
	b) have finished	d) was finished
46.	Γhat morning she went	out after she somebody.
	a) have phoned	c) has phoned
	b) had phoned	d) was phoned
47.]	saw the light in your w	vindow as I by.
	a) passed	c) am passing
	b) have passed	d) was passing
48	it raining yet?	
	a) did stop	c) has stopped
	b) is stopped	d) had stopped
49. l	can't find my umbrella	a. I think somebody it by mistake.
	a) took	c) was taking
	b) takes	d) has taken
50. 1	If you late, I can walk	x with your dog.
	a) will be	c) is
	b) shall be	d) are
51. '	We are going to Antallia	a as soon as we taking our final exams.
	a) are finish	c) 'll finish

c) will be sitting

a) will sit

52.	He rich.	
	a) is not	c) has no
	b) does not	d) has not
53.	My dad has not read the	e newspaper yet,?
	a) isn't he	c) did he
	b) has he	d) hasn't he
54.	Where is Jane? - She	to the shops. She'll be back soon.
	a) went	c) has been
	b) has gone	d) had gone
55.	Your sister used to visit	your parents quite often,?
	a) didn't she	c) doesn't she
	b) wouldn't she	d) hadn't she

d) finish

b) had finish

Тест

Времена. Страдательный залог.

c) were amazed

1. You ... when you see the view.

a) amaze

a) bought

b) amazes	d) will be amazed	
2. The day before yesterday we to the restaurant by Tom Jenkins.		
a) are invited	c) invite	
b) were invited	d) invited	
3. Look! The bridge repa	nired.	
a) is being	c) has being	
b) is been	d) has been	
4. Are you married? Yes, I	·	
a) do	c) was	
b) am	d) are	
5. Will these clothes on Saturday?		
a) make	c) be make	
b) made	d) be made	
6. What the tourist when you passed them?		
a) was shown	c) was being shown	
b) were shown	d) were being shown	
7. Ann such strange shoes lately.		

c) has been bought

8. Jane didn't know about t	he change of plans. She
a) didn't tell	c) wasn't tell
b) hadn't tell	d) hadn't been told
9. What in the Art Muser	um when you visited it?
a) displayed	c) was displayed
b) had displayed	d) was being displayed
10. She hardly the new	vs when she ran out of the room.
a) has told	c) has been told
b) had told	d) had been told
11. We couldn't use the Xe	rox this morning. It
a) repaired	c) has been repaired
b) has repaired	d) was being repaired
12. Why didn't you go to th	ne doctor after you
a) told	c) had told
b) have told	d) had been told
13. The visitors by us at t	he station tomorrow.
a) meet	c) are met
b) are meeting	d) will be met
14. The thief a fair trial a	and sent to prison.
a) gave	c) is given
, 5	

d) had been bought

b) was bought

15. The house up for summer and the old gardener will look after it.		
	a) locks	c) is locked
	b) locked	d) will be locked
16.	All the dinner before	they finished the conversation.
	a) was eaten	c) has been eaten
	b) was being eaten	d) had been eaten
17.	The box for the last h	nundred years.
	a) didn't open	c) has been eaten
	b) wasn't opened	d) had been eaten
1.0	T C 41: T1:1	2. 1
18.	I for something I did	
	a) am punished	c) has been punished
	b) was punished	d) had been punished
19.	He saw that the table	into the corner.
	a) is pushed	c) has been pushed
	b) was pushed	d) had been pushed
20.	I can't bear it. The pian	o far too loudly.
	a) is played	c) is being played
	b) was played	d) has been played
21.	The chickens today.	
	a) was not eaten	c) has not been eaten
	b) were not eaten	d) have not been eaten

d) gives

b) was given

- 22. She said that some ink ... on her carpet.
 - a) was spilled
- c) has been spilled
- b) were spilled
- d) had been spilled
- 23. a) The door has been already shut
 - b) The door already has been shut
 - c) The door has already been shut
 - d) The door has been shut already
- 24. a) The article beautifully has been written
 - b) The article has beautifully been written
 - c) The article has been beautifully written
 - d) The article has been written beautifully
- 25.a) Will be finished the book next month?
 - b) Will be the book finished next month?
 - c) Will the book be finished next month?
 - d) Will the book next month be finished?

Тест

Модальные глаголы

a) had she	c) did she
b) hadn't she	d) didn't she
2. The line is busy. Some	one the telephone now
a) must use	c) must be using
b) must have used	d) must have been using
3. You go out in the rai	n now, you have a headache
a) must	c) don't need
b) needn't	d) haven't need
4. My feet are wet. I'll	to change my stockings.
a) must	c) be
b) have	d) should
5. He had to tell the truth,	?
a) had he	c) did he
b) hadn't he	d) didn't he
6. I don't see Martha any	where; she very early.
a) must be left	c) must have left
b) must be leaving	d) must have been
o) must be rearing	leaving
7. The weather was bad, a	and we walk in the park.

1. She had to get up at half past six, ...?

	a) could	c) were not able
	b) couldn't	d) were allowed to
8. 1	I'm afraid you'll go th	ere alone, darling. I have such a headache.
	a) have	c) be to
	b) have to	d) be allowed
9	Ann work hard to mas	ter the language, didn't she?
	a) must	c) had to
	b) have to	d) could
10.	Where is Tom? - He	in the library now.
	a) must study	c) must be studying
	b) must have studied	d) must have been
		studying
		at & 500, but I get a discount (скидка)
bec	cause of this small mark	in the corner.
	a) could	c) was able
	b) couldn't	d) was able to
12.	. We'll run if we don't	
	a) have	c) be to
	b) have to	d) be allowed to
13.	I go swimming when	it is warmer.
	a) could	c) shall be able to
	b) was able to	d) will be able to

14.	4. You will speak Spanish in another few month.	
	a) can	c) be able to
	b) may	d) be allowed
15.	Little children like book	ss with large print. They read them more easily.
	a) must	c) can
	b) have to	d) should
16.	I speak to Jane, pleas	se?
	a) should	c) must
	b) may	d) ought
17.	It will be dark soon. I th	nink I take a taxi.
	a) must	c) 'll have to
	b) am to	d) 'll need
18.	Everybody will work	hard if they want to pass exams.
	a) must	c) have
	b) must to	d) have to
10		
19.	Ann eat less, she is to	
	a) must to	c) mustn't to
	b) should	d) shouldn't to
20	Ho play abos when h	no was voung
∠U.	He play chess when h	
	a) can	c) was able
	b) could	d) was allowed

21. She ... play the piano when she is better.

	a) can	c) will be able to
	b) will be able	d) will be allowed
22.	He needn't do that, need	d he? - Yes, I'm afraid he
	a) need	c) does
	b) must	d) is
23.	I don't tell my husbar	nd such things; he's a born gentleman.
	a) allowed to	c) have to
	b) ought to	d) able to
24.	My doctor says I eat	meat, but I needn't take his advice if I don't want to.
	a) have not	c) didn't have to
	b) don't have	d) mustn't
25.	When I decided to come	e back to the hotel, I ask a citizen to show.
	a) had to	c) was allowed
	b) was able	d) was allowed to

Тест

Условные предложения

1. If you ... come too, it would be very nice.

a) can	c) was able to
b) could	d) were able to
2. If she the telephone	, she would never have heard the good news
a) answered	c) had answered
b) didn't answered	d) hadn't answered
3. We the play better i	f it had not been so long.
a) enjoyed	c) have enjoyed
b) should enjoy	d) should have enjoyed
4. You speak English	better if you study harder.
a) had to	c) would be able to
b) will be able to	d) would be able
5. If I a ghost, I should	d try to frighten all the people I dislike.
a) am	c) were
b) was	d) shall be
6. If you had done as I to	old you, you
a) succeeded	c) would succeed
b) had succeeded	d) would have
	succeeded
7. If I had lost the specta	cles yesterday, I read the letter now.

b) was not able to	d) should not have been
	able to
8. If men only more re	asonable, there would be no more war.
a) was	c) will be
b) were	d) would be
9. I to meet you at the	station if I had known you wanted me to.
a) should go	c) should have gone
b) would go	d) would have gone
10. I should never have k	nown the answer if you it to me.
a) do not whisper	c) have not whispered
b) did not whisper	d) had not whispered
11. If I had one million d	ollars, I a yacht.
a) shall buy	c) should buy
b) bought	d) would buy
12. I'm sure she will do v	vell if she to the University.
a) go	c) went
b) goes	d) would go
13. If the dog us, we sh	nould have never heard the burglar.
a) would not wake	c) has not woken
b) didn't wake	d) had not woken
14. Blackpool ideal for	a holiday, if there were not so many people there.

c) were not able to

a) could not

	b) will be	d) would have been	
15.	15. The child would have been killed if the train quickly.		
	a) didn't stop	c) wouldn't stop	
	b) hadn't stop	d) wouldn't have	
	•	stopped	
16	If we had some bread	we some bread and cheese if we had some cheese!	
10.	a) could have	c) could have had	
	b) were able to have	d) flad flad	
17. We are going to play tennis this afternoon if it raining.			
	a) stop	c) stopped	
	b) stops	d) will stop	
18.	If you could type, you.	a job easily.	
	a) get	c) should get	
	b) got	d) would get	
19.	I sooner if I had know	wn you were here.	
	a) came	c) should come	
	b) would come	d) should have come.	
20	Tell him he must visit t	he Tower if he ever to London.	
20.	a) go	c) will go	
	b) goes	d) would go	
	0) 5003	a) would go	
21.	My uncle could help us	if he here	

c) would be

a) were

	b) was	d) would be
22.	If they hadn't told us, w	ve the way.
	a) didn't find	c) shouldn't find
	b) hadn't found	d) shouldn't have found
23.	I shall have to buy a thi	ck coat if the weather colder.
_0,	a) get	c) will get
	_	
	b) gets	d) have got
24.	If the weather were nice	e, we go to the country.
	a) could	c) were able
	b) was able to	d) should be able to
25. If he buys a house for \$8,000 and sells it for \$11,000, he a good profit.		8,000 and sells it for \$11,000, he a good profit.
	a) make	c) will make
	b) makes	d) would make

c) were

a) is

Тест

Комплексный грамматический

1. There is ... information about this event.

a) many	1	c) a few	
b) much	1	d) few	
2. Great Bri	tain consist of	. parts.	
a) some	:	c) somebody	
b) any		d) anybody	
3. We'll con	ne if it raining	g.	
a) stop		c) will stop	
b) stops		d) stopped	
4. No news	4. No news good news		
a) is		c) were	
b) are		d) have	
5. This is	bedroom.		
a) Jane	and Mary's	c) Jane's and Mary	
b) Jane'	s and Mary's	d) Jane and Mary	
6. He was invited to pay official visit to Great Britain.			
a) a two	o-day	c) second day	
b) two-o	days	d) two-day's	
7. This girl i	is not old as sl	ne looks.	
a) that		c) such	

b) so	d) this
8. She was busy and coul	d not listen the radio.
a) for	c) to
b) at	d) on
9 you your friend ha	ave made a great progress in English.
a) both and	c) so as
b) as as	d) and and
10. It raining. Put on y	our raincoat.
a) was	c) were
b) is	d) has
11. It will be late when w	ve home.
a) shall come	c) come
b) will come	d) came
12. She didn't know whe	re he his key.
a) had put	c) has put
b) puts	d) is putting
13. Hardly had they left t	he house when the thunderstorm out.
a) broke	c) had broken
b) has broken	d) had been broken
14. Who America?	
a) did discover	c) has discovered
b) discovered	d) had discovered

15.	5. The sun is shining brightly,?		
	a) is it	c) does it	
	b) isn't it	d) doesn't it	
16.	you like a cup of coff	ee?	
	a) can	c) should	
	b) shall	d) would	
17.	The power of knowledg	e placed in the hands of people.	
	a) need	c) has to	
	b) is to	d) should be	
18.	18. I have never heard		
	a) she sing	c) her sing	
	b) she singing	d) her sang	
19.	I expect the delegation.	later.	
	a) arrive	c) shall arrive	
	b) to arrive	d) would arrive	
20. He asked me where going.			
	a) am I	c) I am	
	b) was I	d) I was	
21.	I don't like jokes.		
	a) this	c) her	
	b) hers	d) her's	

22. John has ... finished his work.

	a) still	c) already
	b) often	d) sometimes
23.	We want our exams o	over.
	a) be	c) was
	b) to be	d) were
24.	You play the piano I	do.
	a) much better than	c) more good than
	b) better then	d) more good then
25.	I don't eat butter and	does he.
	a) either	c) also
	b) neither	d) too
26.	clock a hundred ro	ubles.
	a) this, cost	c) these, costs
	b) this, costs	d) these, cost
27.	Mary didn't write any le	etters and Nora.
	a) so did	c) either did
	b) also did	d) neither did
28.	In 1999 the Petrovs L	London.
	a) visited	c) have visited
	b) has visited	d) had visited
29.	I'd like to tell you the n	ews wery interesting.
	a) it is	c) they are
	b) there are	d) these are

	a) snow	c) snowed
	b) snows	d) is snowing
31.	He shown new works	s of this painter last week.
	a) was	c) will be
	b) were	d)
32.	We made his new]	poems at the party.
	a) he read	c) him read
	b) he to read	d) him to read
33.	Mary told me that she	. to Moscow.
	a) goes	c) hadn't gone
	b) hadn't went	d) won't go
34.	She at 7 o'clock ev	very day.
	a) get up usually	c) usually get up
	b) gets up usually	d) usually gets up
35.	I wondered if he jump	p into the river.
	a) is able	c) can
	b) is able to	d) could
36.	I was looking gloves	everywhere but I couldn't find them.
	a) at	c) for
	b) to	d) after
37.	When the civil war	. ?

30. Look out of the window. It ... hard.

c) has, ended
d) had ended
he me.
c) invite
d) will invite
ck tomorrow?
c) will, be doing
d) will, have done
oks, we any place to sleep
c) won't have
d) shan't have
Moscow by noon
c) be left
d) have left
norrow morning
c) have been built
d) have built
ch bus
c) she takes
d) she is taking
c) oneself

b) myself	d) ourselves
45 man has his own	faults
a) Some	c) Every
b) Both	d) Everybody
46. A number of stude	nts present at the meeting yesterday
a) was	c) has been
b) were	d) would be
47. His eyes were as br	right as
a) her	c) mine
b) my	d) our
48. Your institute was	founded in 1948,?
a) didn't	c) did
b) wasn't	d) does
49 money has been	spent for the education this year
a) few	c) a few
b) little	d) many
50. He is often laughed	1
a) on	c) above
b) at	d) about

Деловая (ролевая) игра

по дисциплине «Иностранный язык (английский)

1. Tema "Laboratory experiment"

2. Концепция игры

Цель: закрепление и проверка профессиональных компетенций, накопленных аспирантами за период работы над темой "The Role of Experiment in Science": владеть лексическим материалом по теме, Успешное и систематическое умение следовать основным нормам, принятым в научном общении на государственном и иностранном языках.

Раздаточный материал: карточки с описанием исполняемых ролей.

Подготовительный этап:

- 1. Работа с лексикой по заданной теме.
- 2. Распределение ролей. (Преподаватель представляет перечень ролей и объясняет задачи каждого участника).
- 3. Аспиранты продумывают выступления, в соответствии с избранной ролью, разрабатывают план игры).

Основной этап:

Проведение игры.

3. Роли:

- Scientists;
- Scientific supervisor of the group;

4. Ожидаемый (е) результат (ы)

- овладение лексическим материалом по теме "The Role of Experiment in Science":
- овладение технологиями оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно-образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке;

- овладение различными методами, технологиями и типами коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках.

Деловая (ролевая) игра

по дисциплине Иностранный язык

1. Tema "International Scientific Conference"

2. Концепция игры

Цель: закрепление и проверка профессиональных компетенций, накопленных аспирантами за период работы над темой "Science and Technology": владеть лексическим материалом по теме, успешное и систематическое умение следовать основным нормам, принятым в научном общении на государственном и иностранном языках.

Раздаточный материал: карточки с описанием исполняемых ролей.

Подготовительный этап:

- 1. Работа с лексикой по заданной теме.
- 2. Распределение ролей. (Преподаватель представляет перечень ролей и объясняет задачи каждого участника).
- 3. Аспиранты продумывают выступления, в соответствии с избранной ролью, разрабатывают план игры).

Основной этап:

Проведение игры.

3. Роли:

- Scientists;
- Chair person;
- Guests.

4. Ожидаемый (е) результат (ы)

- овладение лексическим материалом по теме "Science and Technology";
- овладение технологиями оценки результатов коллективной деятельности по решению научных и научно-образовательных задач, в том числе ведущейся на иностранном языке;

- овладение различными методами, технологиями и типами коммуникаций при осуществлении профессиональной деятельности на государственном и иностранном языках.